"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and slightly cooler today; Sunday, fair; moderate to fresh northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXX....No. 22,918. NEW YORK, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1920. TWO CENTS In Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

COX AGAIN ASKS ROOT TO RETRACT 'UNTRUE' STATEMENT

Declares Reply to First Request Only Repeats Misleading Assertions of Governor's Stand.

SEEKS PLAIN "YES" OR "NO"

Wants Root to Say Whether He Does Not Know His Charge Was False.

GOVERNOR TOURS JERSEY

Democratic Leaders Tell Him He Has a Fighting Chance to Carry the State.

Governor James M. Cox, in the midst of a busy day in New Jersey yesterday, found time to send a telegram to Elihu Root, again calling upon him to retract his statement in his New York address that Mr. Cox had declared he would insist upon the treaty "just as Mr. Wilson negotiated it." Governor Cox charged that Mr. Root was endeavoring to misrepresent his position on the League of Nations. His telegram follows:

"Hon. Elihu Root, New York City.

"I have your telegram of Oct. 21 in reply to mine of Oct. 20, in which I called attention to your misstatement in your address in New York City when you said: 'Mr. Cox declared he will insist upon the Treaty just as Mr. Wilson negotiated it.' I respectfully ask of you a retraction of your untrue statement.

"You have apparently mistaken the purpose of my message, which was to give you the opportunity to correct a possible error or to admit the deliberateness of intent in its presentation. Permit me, therefore, to renew in terms that cannot be misunderstood the request, which can be answered with an unequivocal 'yes' or 'no': Did you or did you not make the statement as quoted, and do you not know now that it was false; and do you not recognize that, in justice to yourself and in justice to the American people who have honored you, you should publicly acknowledge it?

"In your reply to me you have entered upon a long dissertation upon the subject of Article X., in which again, by inference, you are endeavoring, either deliberately or through misunderstanding and lack of information concerning my speeches, to misrepresent my position on the League of Nations. Accepting the fact that your misstatement was based on lack of information, I referred you to the daily reports of my speeches in the newspapers in which I have invariably said that I favored the Hitchcock reservations and also that I would accept reservations from any source offered in sincerity and with a desire to help.

"Simply that you may be further informed, let me call your attention to the fourth of the Hitchcock reservations in reference to Article X.—'That the advice mentioned in Article X. of the Covenant of the League which the Council may give to the member nations as to the employment of their naval and military forces is merely advice which each member nation is free to accept or reject, according to the conscience and judgment of its then existing Government, and in the United States this advice can only be accepted by action of the Congress at the time in being, Congress alone, under the Constitution of the United States, having the power to declare war.'

"Now, Mr. Root, I have asked you a plain question. We are both assumed to understand the meaning of words; the American people likewise understand the meaning of words. You have been given the opportunity to correct your misstatement, and this correction you have failed to make. JAMES M. COX."

Cox Tours New Jersey.

Governor Cox made a vigorous campaign in New Jersey yesterday despite the reports he had heard that the State surely would go Republican, and it all ended in the belief that he has a fighting chance to win the State. Governor Edward I. Edwards traveled with him during the day and expressed complete satisfaction with the style of fight that is being put up. In Newark Governor Cox was joined by James R. Nugent, who said last night that every effort on his part would be used in bringing about the election of Governor Cox.

The manner in which the New Jersey Democratic leaders rallied about Governor Cox and gave him their promise of working from this time until the end of the campaign, was more significant than any statement which Governor Cox could have made when he faced the great meetings at Newark and Jersey City last night.

It meant that in New Jersey, as in many other States, the Democratic leaders were awakened to the chance that Governor Cox has of winning the election, and that they were fighting for him. It meant also that the Democratic leaders who had been willing to admit that the fight was hopeless, have undergone an entire change of heart and now believe that in the last days of the campaign there is a chance of putting Governor Cox across.

Men like Nugent were slapping Governor Cox on the back yesterday and telling him that the League of Nations was the big issue in the campaign. They had forgotten all about the fact that Governor Cox had not met all of

Continued on Page Three.

Could eat here every day and not tire of it. WENNING'S, 121 West 45th.—Advt.

Burleson to Urge Again 1-Cent Local Letter Rate

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22. — Postal estimates to be submitted to the coming session of Congress, Postmaster General Burleson said today, would not recommend an increase in the 2-cent first-class letter rate, in connection with any plan of tax revision, and would renew the Department's previous recommendation for a 1-cent local delivery rate.

The Postmaster General estimates that a reduction of the local delivery rate from 2 cents to 1 would probably increase postal revenue rather than decrease it.

$3,160,451 SPENT BY THE REPUBLICANS

This Was Up to Oct. 18—On Basis of Previous Years, Total May Be $12,000,000.

BIG EXPENSES ARE TO COME

Only Sixteen Contributions Exceeded $1,000—Five Men Gave $5,000 Each.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The Republican political campaign committees, including the National, Senatorial and Congressional Committees, expended in the campaign from June 14 to Oct. 18 $3,160,451.76, according to a sworn statement of receipts and expenditures, filed with the Clerk of the House of Representatives today in compliance with the Corrupt Practices act. The time for filing these statements expired at midnight tonight, but accounts of the Democratic committee had not been received when the office closed.

The Republican National Committee has expended $2,741,503.34 and received $2,466,019.54. It borrowed $333,500 for the Senatorial and Congressional Committees. The Congressional Committee has expended $418,527.42 and has a balance of $90,527.42.

There were only sixteen contributions in excess of $1,000, aggregating $38,750. The largest contribution was from the Hamilton Club of Chicago, whose members subscribed $6,120.50. Other contributions range from 25 cents to $1,000.

The pre-election expenditures usually amount to about one-fourth of the amount expended in the ten days preceding election and on election day. If this average is reached this year the Republican campaign will have expended about $12,000,000 when the final report is made after the election.

Money for the Republican Party was collected this year under the auspices of the National Committee, and this report purports to be the amount collected in the entire country with the exception of $160,000 raised by the Congressional Committee. Before this, State committees, and Senatorial and Congressional committees have collected funds, but this year it is collected by the National Committee and distributed. Fred W. Upham, Treasurer of the National Committee, reported that contributions for State committees were received to the amount of $1,015,618.64 and transmitted by him as agent to those committees.

Among the largest contributors to the National Committee's fund were W. H. R. Hillard, Pittsburgh, $2,000; H. H. and R. M. McFarlin, $1,250 each; S. G. Kennedy, $5,000; William Sacks, $2,500, all of Tulsa, Okla.; C. E. Backus, Norfolk, $2,000; Philip J. and Albert E. Goodharry, New York, $2,000 each, and Ledyard Cogwell, Albany County, New York, $2,000; John D. Rockefeller and John D. Rockefeller, Jr., of New York, each contributed $1,000.

The largest contributors to the Congressional Fund were four who gave $5,000 each: William H. Childs, New York; Anderson Gratz, St. Louis; George A. Draper, Hopedale, Mass., and Henry Hornblower, Boston. Other large contributors were: F. B. Walker, Minneapolis, $2,500, and H. M. Hanna, Thomasville, Ga., $2,000.

Those who contributed $1,000 each were:

A. K. Macomber, San Francisco.
James Cousens, Detroit.
W. A. Roebling, Trenton.
John D. Rockefeller, Jr., New York.
John D. Rockefeller, New York.
G. Harton Singer, Sewickley, Pa.
John Bindley, Pittsburgh.
W. N. Ballard, Pittsburgh.
Frank J. Lanahan, Pittsburgh.
Karl G. Roebling, Trenton.
O. H. Kahn, New York.
Henry Dearborn, New York.
John H. Meyer, Canton, Mass.
W. Harry Brown, Pittsburgh.
George W. Crawford, Pittsburgh.
George S. Oliver, Pittsburgh.
Robert A. Bole, Pittsburgh.
P. J. White, New York.
G. W. McGarrah, New York.

The contributors of $500 were:

Irene Du Pont, Wilmington.
Robert L. Ireland, Cleveland.
Eugene Meyer, Jr., New York.
E. H. Leurken, Cincinnati.
John Barnson, San Francisco.
C. R. Manville, Milwaukee.
John T. King, Bridgeport.
James A. Patten, Chicago.
George H. Prince, St. Paul.
Henry C. Stifel, Wheeling, W. Va.
Charles Vogtel, New Ulm, Minn.
E. R. Grossili, Cleveland.
E. F. Bishop, Honolulu.
Harry Wardham, Washington.
H. P. Foye, Honolulu.
W. S. George, East Palestine, Ohio.
A. M. Marshall, Duluth.
O. H. Brewer, Norwich, Conn.
Edward E. Poor, Passaic, N. J.
C. L. Anderson, Bristol, Pa.
B. Eastwood, Jr., Paterson, N. J.
Finley J. Shepard, New York.
W. A. Ramsey, Minneapolis.
S. E. Hutchinson, Philadelphia.
Henry F. Lippitt, Providence, R. I.
E. H. Hair, Edgewood, Pa.
W. B. Rhodes, Pittsburgh.
Post & Flagg, New York.
Frank McNeal, Kane, Pa.
George H. H. Allen, New Bedford, Mass.
C. Pardee, Philadelphia.
Cordelia S. Hepburn, New York.
Thomas Evans, Pittsburgh.
Horace B. Cheney, South Manchester, Conn.
J. G. White, New York.

PALL MALL Rounds the cigarette with a free and easy draught. —Advt.

PREMIER STRIVES TO SETTLE STRIKE; SEES MINE LEADERS

Latter Summon Their Union Executives, and New Conferences Are Forecast.

URGE RAILMEN TO DELAY

Preparations to Meet Emergency Proceed, However—Enroll Volunteer Workers.

CALL THEM "WHITE GUARDS"

Transport Leader Resents Their Employment—Russia and Germany Show Keen Interest.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Informal conversations which went on today in various quarters showed that a serious attempt was being made to clear the ground for fresh formal discussions between the Government and the striking miners to bring a settlement and prevent an extension of the strike to railway and transport men. Summarized, the events of the day were:

The Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Unions Congress summoned a conference of executives of the various affiliated unions for Wednesday next "for the purpose of considering how best to give such help as would insure success in their efforts for a settlement of the dispute." At the same time the committee expressed a desire "that no action be taken by separate bodies which would have the effect of defeating unity in their efforts to insure settlement."

The Executive of the Miners' Federation has been summoned to meet in London Saturday afternoon, and after its meetings it is expected to accept an invitation of the Executive of the National Union of Railwaymen to meet it in conference.

Although the railwaymen for the moment have ignored the suggestion of the Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress for a postponement of the railway strike, it is thought possible that they may decide upon such a postponement after the meeting with the miners' executive tomorrow. If a postponement is decided upon it would probably be until next Wednesday at least, when the conference of the trades union executives meets in London.

It is said that Thomas's efforts toward peace were only defeated by ten votes at the delegates' meeting.

The Associated Locomotive Enginemen and Firemen have decided to postpone consideration of any action to help the miners until Monday.

South Wales has asked for a national conference to decide upon a policy of calling out all men now in the mines engaged in pumping and ventilation.

Doubt That All Rail Men Would Quit.

All these developments are regarded as hopeful signs, and it is said that even if the Miners' Executive and the Railwaymen's Executive should, as a result of their joint conference, favor immediate action by the railwaymen, not more than 50 per cent. of the latter would obey orders to strike on Sunday night.

J. H. Thomas has now come out openly against a strike, and it is believed that his authority with the rank and file will go far to offset official orders, evidently inspired by the extremists. Moreover, the railroad men's rememberance is keen on how the Government met their strike, preventing an absolute stoppage last year, and they know that this year its task would be much easier on account of the present intention of the engineers and firemen to defer a vote on the strike issue.

The Prime Minister, at breakfast today with prominent Welsh Methodists, stated that the coal struggle might peacefully be ended within a day or two, but, on the other hand, it might develop into one of the greatest struggles the country had experienced.

Bonar Law, when questioned in the Commons today, replied that he was sorry he had absolutely nothing to add to what Lloyd George had said in the House last night. "The position," he said, "is a very grave one still."

When asked if that meant that negotiations had been broken off or that the Government was continuing them, Bonar Law pointed out that Lloyd George had carefully excluded the use of the word negotiations.

Miners Say No Solution Is Offered.

The miners' representatives state that in their informal conversations with the Ministers yesterday no plan was discussed that could be accepted as a solution by the delegates. The miners' leaders who took part will report their conversations to their executives.

The Daily Chronicle's political correspondent says:

"Tomorrow's meeting of the railwaymen's executives may lead to a further conference between the Government and the miners. The Government is ready to invite a further conference at once if a useful discussion can be initiated, but there are obstacles in the way. One of them is that the miners will not agree to any output figure, but," adds the correspondent, "the difficulties may be overcome yet." The same correspondent gathers that it is not correct to say that further exchanges took place today between the Ministers and the miners, but the Government and some of the miners' leaders are each severally exploring the situation.

Although the South Wales coalfield delegate conference today indorsed a

Continued on Page Three.

ALKALINE is a Little HUT Water for INDIGESTION. Quick relief.—Advt.

$51.06 of Money Per Capita; $13.18 Increase in Three Years

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22. — The distribution of the money in the country outside of the amount held in the Treasury and Federal Reserve system was estimated at $51.06 per capita in September, an increase of $13.18 over July 1, 1917, by the Federal Reserve Board tonight in its monthly bulletin.

The board put the general stock of money in the country on Sept. 1 at $7,997,080,820, the amount held in the Treasury at $485,884,277, the amount held by Federal Reserve banks at $2,031,514,938, and the amount held outside these Government agencies at $5,479,681,605.

MISHA APPELBAUM AND WIFE POISONED

Humanitarian Cult Leader and Singer, Mercury Victims, Taken to Hospital.

MISTAKE, HUSBAND SAYS

His Telephone Call for Help Brings Policeman and Physicians to Apartment.

Misha Appelbaum, founder and leader of the Humanitarian Cult, and his wife, Helen Yorke, the singer, were taken from their apartments at 131 West Seventy-fourth Street to Knickerbocker Hospital last evening, suffering from bichloride of mercury poisoning. Each had taken four 7½ grain tablets. To a policeman, the first to answer a call for help, and later to the hospital surgeon, Mr. Appelbaum said that they had taken the poison by mistake. The case was entered on the blotter of the West Sixty-eighth Street station as poisoning without stating how administered.

The leader of the cult and his wife moved to the Seventy-fourth Street apartment about two weeks ago. About a year ago they moved from West End Avenue and had lived in Seventieth Street until they removed to their present address. They occupy a three-room apartment on the third floor. The first that was known that they had taken poison was when, about 5 o'clock, Mr. Appelbaum telephoned to the hallman that he and his wife had accidentally taken poison. "Hurry and get a doctor," he said.

The hallman called two physicians, who resided nearby, and then ran in search of a policeman. At Broadway and Seventy-fourth Street he found Policeman Harry Singer, and the latter sent a call for an ambulance before he went to the house. When he got there he found the physicians working over the couple. Mrs. Appelbaum was lying on the bed and her husband was in the bathroom.

Feared He Was Dying.

"We have taken poison by mistake," Mr. Appelbaum told the policeman. He was very pale. Later he turned to Singer, whom he knew, and said: "My God, I think we are going to die."

"I think not," said Singer, encouragingly. "We got to it first."

During all this time, the policeman said, Mrs. Appelbaum said nothing.

The ambulance brought Dr. Robert Leddy of 120 West Seventieth Street, a visiting surgeon at Knickerbocker Hospital, who had volunteered to answer the call. He found that copious doses of milk and eggs had been administered. The doctors were still working with the couple. In reply to a question Mr. Appelbaum said briefly that he and his wife had taken poison by mistake. He did not volunteer further information. It was decided to remove the couple to the hospital, and Mr. Appelbaum was led out into the hall but he refused to go down in the elevator unless his wife went with him. Mrs. Appelbaum was placed in a chair and carried to the elevator.

Dr. Leddy said Appelbaum and his wife apparently had just dressed for dinner. The rooms were in no disorder. On a dresser in the bedroom a bottle containing bichlorine tablets was found. This was plainly marked "poison."

Dr. Leddy said that it was impossible to tell whether Appelbaum and his wife were in a serious condition. That, he said, would not be known until two or three days when the poison would have had a chance to act on the kidneys. He added that there was hope in the fact that both had taken a large quantity of the poison, as this made it easier to remove it from the stomach before it was absorbed into the system.

Had Said He Was in Debt.

The police record shows that Appelbaum is 40 years old, a native of Russia and an artist. His wife's age is given at 26 years and her occupation as musician.

In last November Appelbaum told the members of his cult that at the age of 40 he found himself without funds and in debt. The necessity for self-preservation, he told them, made it necessary for him "to transfer his thoughts to other things." When he finished speaking many members of the organization pledged themselves to subscribe to his support.

The Humanitarian leader met with much criticism when in 1917 it became known that he had received $13,700 from the Mitchel Fusion Campaign Committee to circulate his magazine in the campaign.

Mrs. Appelbaum, who was married about a year ago, was Helen Yorke of Maine and has attained some prominence on the concert stage. Two weeks ago Sunday night she sang with Alessandro Bonci in the Lexington Opera House.

Appelbaum's first wife, Mrs. Ima Appelbaum, obtained a divorce in Reno in October, 1917, on the grounds of mental cruelty.

When you think of writing Think of WHITING—Advt.

HUNGRY SING SING FUGITIVES, TRAPPED IN REFUGE, GIVE UP

Surprised When Munching Apples on Abandoned Farm, They Surrender Without Resistance.

TELL OF THRILLING FLIGHT

Stivers and Bassett Directed by Policeman and Searched by Five Guardsmen.

ZIGZAG OVER FOUR STATES

Then in New Hampshire, They Become Lost in Forest and Are Routed by Rifles.

George Stivers and Marcus Bassett, escaped Sing Sing convicts, were captured near Warner, N. H., at noon yesterday after a chase that had led their pursuers into four States in six days. Quietly munching apples under a tree near an abandoned farmhouse on Torey Hill, they were taken by surprise by two members of the posses of 300 police, deputies and farmers who had surrounded them the night before in a forest two miles north of town. They offered no resistance.

Immediately after their capture the prisoners were turned over to Warden Lewis E. Lawes of Sing Sing, who telephoned the prison authorities at Ossining last night that he was on his way back with the fugitives.

Hunger and lack of sleep played an important part in the capture. Short rations and bare snatches of rest had marked the entire flight of the fugitives. And on the last night of their liberty, rebuffed at every farmhouse, they were kept on constant guard against the vigil of the waiting posses. They seemed to view their capture with relief. It brought them food and sleep.

Their Story of the Flight.

Narrating the story of their flight, the two convicts talked freely to both Warden Lawes and their captors. They attributed their failure solely to the exhaustion of their gasoline supply. Breathless incidents of their escape, from the time they felled three keepers early Saturday night and fled in a stolen auto, they told with nonchalance.

Near Port Chester, N. Y., during the first stage of their dash from Sing Sing, they ran short of gasoline. A policeman directed them to a road station in the village. There they were held up at bayonets' points by five New York State guardsmen. The guardsmen said they were looking for two escaped Sing Sing convicts and the leader of the troop searched their motor car, failing to notice their prison garb, only half concealed under coats they had taken from a motorist. After completing their search the guardsmen withdrew with an apology. The convicts continued on their way, headed for Canada.

All day Sunday they speeded back and forth over the highways of Connecticut, and on Tuesday they entered eastern Massachusetts. Without attracting attention they passed through both Springfield and Worcester and, from the latter place, headed northward again and proceeded to Keene, N. H., thence to Jaffrey, thence to Concord through Henniker and Hopkinton. They related the details of their visit to Concord, and Warner on Wednesday with but a few additions to those already published, and told how they had finally sought refuge in the woods.

Refuge Turned Into a Trap.

Then the posses came. The refuge was turned into a trap. All night long they tried to find an outlet through the armed cordon. They knew no woodcraft. They became lost and wandered hopelessly around in a circle.

Meanwhile Sheriff Wooster himself had spent a sleepless night, shifting his forces every hour to strategic points around the mountain, and urging them not to relax for a moment their watchfulness. When morning arrived about 150 fresh recruits were added to the posses. They came from the country all around, led by deputy sheriffs and other officers of the law.

Sheriff Cass brought a large party from Suncook, and Arthur Clark was in charge of another big party of armed citizens from Potter Place. The spirits of the posses who had remained on duty all night were greatly increased by the arrival of Constable Dow of Henniker with six motor cars filled with armed men from his town, where the two convicts had held up a storekeeper Monday night.

The entire countryside for miles around was aroused and joined determinedly in the manhunt. But for the arms the arriving groups might have been gathering for a holiday.

Warden Lawes Assumes Command.

At daybreak Sheriff George A. Wooster of Merrimac County, who had directed the posses surrounding the fugitives' forest refuge, turned the command over to Warden Lawes. The Warden immediately began a methodical organization of his heterogeneous force. The posses were divided into squads and each had its definite instructions.

A local man who was familiar with every peculiarity of the country and knew each trail and possible hiding place was assigned to duty with each squad as it went in search of the fugitives. Others were ordered to string out along the borders of the wood for a distance of ten miles, while others again were sent into the forest where they beat among the bushes and kept up a constant fire in all direction in the hope of driving the two fugitives into the open where they could be taken.

The capture was almost as dramatic as the flight. On instructions from Sher-

Continued on Page Five.

CONTRACTOR IN TERROR OF LABOR BOSS; CITY CANCELS COURT HOUSE CONTRACTS; SPECIAL JURY ASKED ON BUILDING GRAFT

Housing Investigators To Ask for Jury To Go After Grafters in Building Industry

The Joint Legislative Housing Committee which is investigating the alleged building material trust decided yesterday to ask Governor Smith to appoint Attorney General Charles D. Newton special prosecutor in a criminal action before an Extraordinary Grand Jury against those implicated in evidence given before the committee.

The committee decided to draw up a letter to Governor Smith at an executive meeting held after yesterday's session. Senator Abraham Kaplan, Democrat, a member of the committee, sought to have the evidence turned over to District Attorney Swann, who was indorsed several days ago by Brindell's Building Trades Council. He met strenuous objection from other members of the committee, and finally agreed to consult with Mr. Swann and ask him if he had any objection to the committee calling for an Extraordinary Grand Jury to handle the evidence, in view of the fact that Mr. Swann had offered the committee his hearty co-operation. Mr. Kaplan called on the District Attorney, who said the step met with his approval. The letter was signed yesterday by Chairman Charles O. Lockwood, and awaited the signature of Attorney General Charles D. Newton.

SLAIN WOMAN'S BODY FOUND IN A THICKET

Rope Tied in Hangman's Knot Around Her Neck Adds to Staten Island Mystery.

SIGNS OF VIOLENT STRUGGLE

New Brighton Police Find No Clue to Identity of Victim, Who Was 25 Years Old.

The body of an unidentified woman who had apparently died in a long and frantic fight with an assailant was found yesterday in dense underbrush on a knoll near Oakland Avenue, West New Brighton, S. I. Indications of the terrific struggle and of violent death convinced the police that a short hemp rope tied about the woman's neck in a "hangman's knot" had not been placed there by the woman with intent to commit suicide, but had been used by a murderer.

Stumbling through the heavy brush on the knoll, which overlooks New York Bay and Staten Island Sound, two hunters at dusk last night came upon the body in the centre of an area of trampled grass and broken twigs. Their attention had been directed to the spot by their dogs, which refused to leave the wood and circled round the knoll, barking and growling ominously.

Expecting to find game in this remote spot, more than a half mile from the nearest road and house, the hunters stumbled about in the brush. When they saw the body in the semi-darkness they ran out of the thicket without marking the spot and hurried to West New Brighton to notify the police.

Accompanied by the police, Dr. George D. Mord, assistant medical examiner, and Assistant District Attorney Norton of Richmond, the hunters went back to the knoll, but found they had run away in such excitement that they were unable to recognize the exact spot in the darkness. Some of the members of the party went to the nearest house for lanterns, but were able to get only a small table lamp, and with this uncertain light the men continued their stumbling search through the thickets, a policeman holding the lamp high over his head.

Probably Strangled to Death.

After an hour's search, the police were beginning to chide the hunters and were about to abandon the quest when one of the party suddenly came upon the body in its trodden area. Part of the woman's clothing had been torn off, and ragged bits were strewn over the ground, with the scattered beads of a strand that had been ripped from her neck.

Looking carefully at the clinched hands, the bruised face and deep scratches, the Medical Examiner dismissed the police theory that the case was suicide, and declared it was undoubtedly murder. He pointed out that there were no low tree limbs in the vicinity to which the woman could have hanged herself, and advanced the theory that she had been strangled to death with a small piece of new hemp rope that seemed fresh from a hardware store and had never been picked up at random in the midst of underbrush.

With no road leading into the thickets, the party had difficulty getting the body out over the stony, winding paths, and it was late at night before they were able to get it to the New Springville morgue for closer examination. There the Medical Examiner found signs to strengthen his murder theory and announced that he would seek new evidence in an autopsy today.

Description Fits No Missing Woman.

Accepting the murder theory, Acting Captain Ernest Van Wagner of the Staten Island Detective Bureau last night assigned every available man to the case in the hope of establishing the woman's identity at once. The police said they believed the woman had been lured to this secluded spot and then slain by some rejected suitor. Persons living in Forest and Oakland Avenues, the streets nearest the knoll, said the paths had rarely been used except by strolling couples.

It is the belief of the Medical Examiner that the woman was killed on

Continued on Page Six.

REVOKE CONTRACTS FOR COURT HOUSE

Board of Estimate Acts Upon Hylan Resolution Following Building Expose.

SCHOOL INQUIRY IS ORDERED

Mayor Says All Public Works Will Cease if There Is Reason to Suspect Anything.

The exposures before the Lockwood Committee resulted yesterday in the revocation by the Board of Estimate of all contracts for work on the new Court House, except excavating, which is already nearly completed.

Four contracts calling for expenditures in the neighborhood of $4,000,000 on the building, whose total cost is estimated between $15,000,000 and $20,000,000, were canceled. The board rejected the suggestion that new bids be advertised for, and the whole Court House project may be held up for several years.

The exposure of the alleged methods of John T. Hettrick in controlling bidders and of President Robert P. Brindell of the Building Trades Council in controlling and calling off strikes had a decisive bearing on the Court House situation and caused Mayor Hylan to change his mind overnight. Two of the big contractors are alleged "clients" of Hettrick. Charges were repeatedly made that the bidding for some of the Court House contracts was prearranged to compel the city to accept excessive bids.

Assurance from Labor Leaders.

In view of the exposure of peculiar relations between leaders of labor organizations and combinations of builders, another chapter in the Court House negotiations became interesting. This was the assurance from labor leaders that, if the bid of Hanlein & Son, a member of the Hettrick group, were accepted, the work on the Court House would proceed without any labor trouble. In urging the acceptance of the Hanlein bid, Alderman William P. Kenneally, who is a member of the Building Trades Council, said to the Board of Estimate on Aug. 12:

"If at any time any labor disputes crop up, we can take care of them."

Mayor Hylan, who had been one of the most ardent in urging immediate work on Court House building, was so impressed by the exposures that he not only introduced the resolution canceling the Court House contracts, but added:

"We will stop not only the Court House, but every other public work that is contemplated in the city, if there is reason to suspect anything. If this action means that we stop all public work in this city, I am ready to stop it right now. I want the people to know that they will be protected against men who are seeking by means of combinations and unfair practices to mulct the public."

Contracts That Were Canceled.

The four contracts which were canceled were the following:

Hanlein & Son, limestone, $2,372,000.

Wells & Newton, drainage and plumbing, $166,030.

Bethlehem Steel Bridge Corporation, steel framework, $1,277,000.

Herman & Grace Company, superstructure and roofing, $218,300.

Hanlein & Son and Wells & Newton are the two firms alleged to be involved in the Hettrick system of bidding control. The Hanlein bid had been a particular subject of attack, various experts asserting that it was too high by $500,000.

During the controversy over these bids, Mayor Hylan issued statement after statement asserting that the limestone bid was just and proper and that the criticism of it was inspired by granite interests. One charge was made that a man heavily interested in the limestone bid had had a private conference with Mayor Hylan on the subject, but this was indignantly denied by the Mayor. Mayor Hylan had been vehement in assailing President LaGuardia of the

Continued on Page Two.

NEWTON TO PROSECUTE

Committee Hears of Trust in Building Materials.

$520,000 FUND RAISED

Iron Pipe Combine Indicated by Witness, Also One on Porcelain Ware.

UNTERMYER OUTLINES CASE

Promises Proof of Unlawful Combinations in Building Materials.

Yesterday brought the following developments in connection with the investigation of the Joint Legislative Committee on Housing into the alleged building material trust, life insurance companies and savings banks:

Decision to ask Governor Smith to appoint Attorney General Charles D. Newton special prosecutor in a criminal action before an extraordinary grand jury against those implicated by the evidence before the committee.

Refusal by Robert P. Brindell, President of the Building Trades Council, to avail himself of the opportunity offered by the committee to answer Ephriam E. Levy's testimony that he paid George Backer, his building superintendent, $25,000 for Brindell to make certain that the union men employed on Levy's $2,000,000 construction job be ordered back to work after Brindell had ordered them out on strike.

A plea by Milton Schnaier, head of Milton Schnaier & Co., Inc., contracting plumbers, doing an annual business of $1,000,000, that he did not want to have his doors closed and become a sacrifice to the cause of the investigation for telling the truth about conditions in his business. When Samuel Untermyer, associate counsel of the committee, said it was Brindell's doors that would be closed, Schnaier made a hopeless gesture and exclaimed that "there will be somebody else in Mr. Brindell's place, the same as he is the successor of Sam Parks."

What Untermyer Promises.

Announcement by Mr. Untermyer that he would show that in thirty-two lines building material men were, first, banded together in separate associations, from the manufacturer to the retailer; second, that they were gathered into different associations under the Building Trades Employers' Association and, third, that employers were forced into certain associations while labor also was "dragnetted" into Brindell's organization, the Building Trades Council. He intends to expose, punish and eject from the councils of organized labor "the wolves and vultures that have been fattening on its vitals," and he said the $25,000 mentioned by Levy was "small change" in the organized raid on the building industry, "and that it is so widespread that until it has been checked and punished building operations in the City of New York are simply impossible."

Testimony tending to show that more than 400 members of the Master Plumbers doing a business of more than $100,000,000 annually, were expected to file with John T. Hettrick, a lawyer of 165 Broadway, all bids on contracts, on which they were expected to pay 4 per cent. to an "insurance fund." The total amount that would accrue in such a fund was estimated by Mr. Untermyer as about $520,000.

Assertion by a witness that cast iron pipe manufacturers fixed absolutely uniform prices to plumbing contractors amounting to "a cast iron arrangement among the cast iron people" which was "steel bound, steel ribbed and reinforced."

Confession by Schnaier that an innocent purchaser of a property on which the previous owner had defaulted in his plumbing bill could not get any plumbing work done by the Master Plumbers' Association until he paid the bill he did not incur.

An unexpected avalanche of testimony pouring in on the committee from many sources in the building industry, causing an adjournment until Thursday, Nov. 4, to permit the evidence to be sifted and collated.

A vast amount of material from many sources has been received by the committee, Mr. Untermyer announced, and he asked that information that might aid the inquiry should be sent to Leonard Wallstein, associated with him as counsel on the committee, at 233 Broadway. He promised that the people furnishing the information would be communicated with and protected.

Brindell Asserts Innocence.

In a statement which J. J. O'Connor, his lawyer, tried unsuccessfully to read into the record of the committee, Brindell challenged any one to prove that he ever took a dollar in his life from an employer of labor, directly or indirectly. He charged that employers of labor, the builders and real estate interests were taking this method of discrediting organized labor by attacking it through him.

Brindell took part of Mr. Levy's testimony and said that portion of it con-

cerning the $25,000 supposed to have been given by Levy to Backer, who was supposed to turn it over to him, Brindell, was "hearsay evidence" made by "self-confessed violators of the law."

When the session opened yesterday morning in the Aldermanic Chamber, with a crowd of spectators on the floor and in the gallery, Mr. Untermyer called the name of Mr. Brindell. There was no response. Mr. Untermyer said the invitation extended to the labor leader was still open. He then made a statement of the purposes of the committee, in the course of which he denounced as "a tissue of wicked falsehoods, cunningly calculated to mislead the public," the published statement reporting Brindell's lawyer as saying that the investigation was part of a propaganda to discredit organized labor. He added:

"One of these statements amounts to a flagrant contempt of the authority and dignity of the committee, and I hope will result in the exclusion of the perpetrator of this offense from future recognition or from the privileges of participating in the proceeding.

Aimed at Labor Grafters.

"In point of fact no greater service to the cause of legitimate organized labor has ever been rendered than that of exposing, punishing and ejecting from its councils the wolves and vultures who have been fattening upon its vitals, have given comfort to its enemies, and have sought to discredit and destroy it in the home of its friends. It will indeed be a sorry day for organized labor when every exposed crook operating under the shield of the great cause of organized labor can cover his tracks and rally the ranks of labor to his support by the hypocritical cry that the exposure of his stabs in the back of labor are an attack on the institution that we are trying to rescue from his sordid clutches.

"These men may as well know now, and the public will, I am sure, be glad to know, that the legitimate elements of organized labor are actively supporting, encouraging and assisting us in our efforts to bring out the facts. It will be cheerful news to the workingman to learn that the oppression of these corrupt despots has reached its limits and that relief is at hand.

"But, Mr. Chairman, it was not intended that this branch of the subject should play so prominent a part in your proceedings. That it has taken this course is due to an unexpected current of events.

"Perhaps I should briefly outline at this stage the general trend of the proof that will be offered on the branch of the inquiry covering the relation of unlawful combinations among manufacturers of and dealers in building materials and supplies and of labor unions affiliated with them so that you will have in your minds a proper prospectus and will be the better able to understand the logical sequence of the evidence as it is presented.

Two Combinations Cited.

"Now, what we intend to show is a banding together among the material men, first, in separate associations in each line of thirty-two lines engaged in building materials from the manufacturer down to the retailer; and then banding together of the different associations under the head of the Building Materials Employers' Association; and then we purpose to show that not only has labor been dragnetted into the Building Trades Council in many instances, but that employers have been dragnetted and forced into certain of these associations by the relation that exists between the Building Trades Council and the Building Trades Employers' Association, so that if an employer and building materials man does not happen to be a member of the association that agrees on prices, and distributes orders, he may, although he is employing only union labor, wake up in the morning to find his men one by one pulled away from his job. So that it is a case of you tickle me and I tickle you, as between these organizations, each one strengthening the other, all at the expense of organized labor.

"You will find as you go on that men are drawn away from building enterprises in this city without knowing what it is about; the workingmen never being able to find out; no question of wages, no question of hours of labor, no question of union labor, which most of us, in these enlightened days, believe in, but some question or other outside that they know nothing about. I think you will find that, as we go on, the little small change that was referred to yesterday is a very small and trifling item in this organized raid upon the building industry, and that it is so widespread that until it has been checked and punished building operations in the City of New York are simply impossible."

Brindell's Lawyer Silenced.

When Mr. Untermyer again called for Mr. Brindell, O'Connor stepped up to the desk in front of Chairman Lockwood and attempted to make a statement. He was not permitted to do so, as statements in writing were not under oath. Mr. Untermyer explained that the course of procedure adopted by the committee was far more generous than had ever been adopted by any other investigating committee, recalling the Money Trust and Armstrong committees, and declared that the committee had gone to the limit of liberality when it permitted a witness to appear without waiting until the end of the hearing when the advance testimony had crystallized in the public mind.

O'Connor said Brindell did not appear "because of these methods" and asserted that the letter sent to him had been purposely delayed. The Chairman made a vigorous denial and said Mr. Brindell could be heard then and there. Mr. Untermyer suggested that O'Connor be recalled to take the stand. He refused, and said he would test the right of the committee to subpoena him. Mr. Untermyer announced he desired O'Connor to testify for the purpose of being examined on his allegations that the proceeding was an attack on organized labor and also the threat he made that "newspapers have had their labor troubles before," implying, according to Mr. Untermyer, that if they told the truth about the proceeding they "might have trouble with the big muck-a-muck again."

Brindell's lawyer refused to testify and called Mr. Untermyer's statement false and malicious, and declared he would stand on his constitutional rights "against any Russian Inquisition, such as is being practiced by counsel for the committee toward the witnesses who are on the stand."

Mr. Untermyer asked that O'Connor be adjudged in contempt, and asked whether he waived the formal service of a subpoena. "I waive nothing—to you," O'Connor replied. Chairman Lockwood then invited O'Connor to take the stand, and the storm blew over after another argument between the investigating attorney and the labor lawyer, in which the latter disavowed any intention of criticising the committee, saying he meant counsel for the committee when he made his derogatory remarks.

Plumber Gives Up 4 Per Cent.

Schnaier told Mr. Untermyer that he gave up 4 per cent. of his gross business very reluctantly to Hettrick, the lawyer who was in charge of the working of the code of practice of the plumbing contractors under which he received all bids on jobs made by those who worked under the code. He said that "to a certain extent" he was not a free agent in the matter and confessed that Hettrick had something to do with his inability to stop paying the 4 per cent.

"To what extent were you not a free agent?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"You brought it out yourself here—with Mr. Brindell," was the answer.

Here Mr. Untermyer asked him whether, even though he had a union shop and did not belong to the association, "Brindell would pull off his men."

The witness became deathly pale. He made an effort to speak and swallowed hard several times. Tears came to his eyes and he gasped in piteous accents, "Mr. Untermeyer, you don't want me to have my doors closed with a million dollars' worth of business by answering you those questions here?"

Q.—No, but we will close Mr. Brindell's doors. A.—Then there will be somebody else step in Mr. Brindell's place the same as he is the successor of Sam Parks.

Q.—Now, Mr. Schnaier, take your courage in your hand and let us try to see— A.—I have courage, but I have all I have in this world at stake, Mr. Untermyer.

Q.—I appreciate your position perfectly, but we have got to break up this sort of thing, and you have got to help. A.—But you are not going to sacrifice me in the breaking of it up?

Q.—Well, I am going to sacrifice all the people in it if necessary. A.—I will answer you truthfully, so far as the plaster falls from the roof of my mouth, but I ask in all fairness, as man to man, not to sacrifice me on the altar.

Q.—What plaster do you mean removed from your mouth? A.—I don't want to be—

Q.—You say you will tell the truth so far as the plaster Mr. removed— A.—You ask me questions and I will answer you as free as I can and answer truthfully.

Q.—Can you explain about this plaster? A.—I will answer you truthfully.

Q.—And understand your position, Mr. Schnaier, and I want to be as considerate of it as I can. A.—Thonk you; thank you.

Q.—You joined this association of Hettrick's because of a pressure? A.—No, sir. I want to be honest in that.

Q.—Well, all right. A.—I didn't join it with any pressure at the time.

Q.—But you stayed in it because of the pressure? A.—I remained in it.

Q.—Because of the pressure, yes. In other words, you were not a free agent? A.—I was, when I joined it.

Q.—Yes, but you were not when you continued to give up your money? A.—Well, I don't like to answer that question.

Q.—Why? Why not, Mr. Schnaier? A.—Well, that will lead to more questions, and that will lead to—

Q.—It certainly will, but the trouble is it is going to lead to more questions whether they are answered or not. A.—I would rather you get somebody else. I think I have given you a good enough lead. Don't put it all on one man's shoulders.

Q.—No, we have not them all here, Mr. Schnaier. A.—Thank you; I hope you will get the same from them.

Q.—We are going to question them all. A.—I am glad to see this thing go through, and I am willing to help you all I can.

Q.—What is that; you want it broken up, don't you? A.—I do.

Q.—But you don't want to be sacrificed on the altar of righteousness, is that it, in doing it up? A.—Now, let us get the thing you want broken up, as I understand it, is this, is it not, that you do not want, if you are a union shop, and obey the union regulations, as to the hours and wages and treatment of your men and other things, you do not want some super-union authority pulling your men off because you don't belong to a given association; isn't that right? A.—Well, you have answered it.

Q.—Isn't that right? A.—You have answered it.

Schnaier told of the uniformity in the price of cast-iron pipe when he was questioned concerning the Plumbers' Supply Association.

Q.—There is a cast iron arrangement among the cast iron people; is there not? A.—I should say steel bound.

Q.—Steel bound and steel ribbed? A.—Yes; reinforced.

Schnaier was led to talk of his acquaintance with Hettrick, which began in April, 1919, when he said he was called on the phone by Mr. Knight, a contracting plumber. He said that he was summoned to a meeting of plumbers at Hettrick's office to learn from the lawyer how to assess in their business might be overcome.

The close questioning concerning his relations with Hettrick and the service rendered by Hettrick was designed by Mr. Untermyer to break down the defense set up by the lawyer for his association, with which building material men, whom he claimed as his clients. Hettrick testified on the previous day that he received notification of jobs on which the plumbers operating under his Code of Practice wanted to bid and also their bids in order to serve them as a sort of credit agency and clearing house for information concerning their prospective customers. He maintained that his relation was that of an attorney to a client.

Schnaier contradicted Hettrick's testimony. He said he did not need another lawyer and did not communicate with Hettrick to get legal advice. He said Hettrick promised to show him how to get rid of some of the abuses in his trade "legally" and admitted he had never asked his own lawyer as to this matter. He said there were about twenty plumbing contractors at the meeting and Hettrick made an address.

The testimony that followed showed that there was an organization known as the Associated Plumbers' Association of the City of New York with forty-one members, thirty-six of whom were in Hettrick's organization. This organization was affiliated with the Building Trades Employers' Association. There was also the Master Plumbers' Association, known as the "Fifty-eighth Street Organization," because its office was on that street. This had a membership of about 425, and included all the members of the smaller organization.

The membership embraced small jobbers and small plumbers. The witness said meetings were held for the purpose of protecting "the smaller men in making their collections." On being pressed for further explanation as to how such protection was afforded, Schnaier explained that if one member complained that a building owner had not paid him, the other members refused to do any work in the house until the member who did the work was paid. If the owner or architect desired to bring his side of the case to the attention of the Arbitration Board of the committee, he said, he might do so and justice would be done.

Innocent Purchasers Suffer.

It took half a dozen questions to elicit from the witness the admission that if an innocent purchaser of a house wanted to have some plumbing work done he could not get the improvements made in the event that the previous owner had not settled his bill with a member of the Master Plumbers' Association.

The statement thatt he master plumbers' organization and the smaller plumbing contractors' association were affiliated was the next admission made by Schnaier. The real purpose of the new Hettrick organization, he said, was to bring to an end evils in his business and had it done so it would have cut down every contractor's overhead by 20 per cent.

Q.—If that had been the real purpose, if that could have been accomplished? A.—It was a good purpose.

Q.—Yes, but you knew perfectly well that that could not have been accomplished and that that was not the real purpose? A.—Well, so far as it was told to me at the time, I want to assure you ——

Q.—You found out pretty soon? A.—I thought it was the real purpose.

Q.—At the moment, you did? A.—Yes, sir.

Q.—But you soon found out it was not? A.—Well, after it got working a while, yes.

According to a resolution adopted by the Master Plumbers' Association all members were supposed to file their bids with Hettrick, he said. Of the more than 400 members of the association he did not know how many paid the 4 per cent. "insurance" to the trustee's fund, or what the 4 per cent. went to Hettrick. So far as he was concerned he said he still owed a good deal of "insurance," and would not pay it because the whole scheme was a detriment to his business rather than a benefit.

$130,000 for Hettrick.

If all the members paid their dues it meant a business of $100,000,000 a year, Mr. Untermyer asked, and the witness replied that it was easy to make the mathematical calculation. He admitted that under the code of practice of the smaller association of thirty-two men, $520,000 was paid into the insurance fund, and this would mean $130,000 for Hettrick. Mr. Untermyer sought to learn what became of the $390,000 remaining and what it insured the members against.

Q.—What becomes of the other 3 per cent.—Brindell anywhere in that? A.—I have no means of knowing. I can only have a suspicion.

Q.—All that you can do is to suspect? A.—I can suspect.

Mr. Untermyer—That doesn't go.

The first witness of the day was Maurice Jarcho of 50 West 111th Street, a plumbing contractor doing business at 358 West Thirty-first Street, doing a business of between $300,000 and $400,000 a year. He exhibited the same reluctance to testify unreservedly to details of his relations with Hettrick that Schnaier did, although he also said he wanted to furnish the committee with all the evidence in his possession.

Jarcho said the plumbing supplies dealers had their own association. It appeared that the plumbing business was divided up into associations of manufacturers of materials, plumbing supplies dealers and plumbing contractors. Jarcho belonged to the latter class.

Q.—You pay a uniform price? A.—It is usually uniform.

Q.—Whether you go to a supply man in Oshkosh or Rondout or New York, the price of cast iron pipe, for instance, is the same, isn't it? A.—Yes.

Q.—Delivered in New York? A.—Yes.

Q.—That's true of the price of every other article that is bought by the plumbing contractor from the plumbing supply man? A.—Generally it is. I couldn't say it is all the way through.

Q.—Do you know of any case in which it isn't true? A.—Porcelain ware, for instance.

Q.—Don't you know there is an arrangement between the manufacturers of porcelain ware in the plumbing business? A.—I could not say that I know.

Q. You know it is pretty hard and fast too, don't you? A. Well.

Q. Do you know of any variation in the prices even in porcelain ware? A. It does vary, Mr. Untermyer.

Q. You mean the uniform price varies—sometimes it advances but never goes down? A. Well, it used to go down before the war.

Porcelain Ware Goes Up, Not Down.

Q. But now it goes up all the time, doesn't it, very uniformly. A. Yes.

Q. Did it ever strike you as peculiar that all these people should have uniform prices? A. Well, this is the fact.

Jarcho testified to attending the meeting held in April, 1919, in Hettrick's office, having been invited by Mr. Knight of J. M. Knight & Son. He said Knight told him the meeting was to be held with Hettrick so that the lawyer might explain how his plumbing contractors might "better their conditions."

Q.—Mr. Knight is your competitor, isn't he? A.—Yes.

Q.—Used to be? A.—Not very much; we aren't competing against—

Q.—No, you are not competing now, are you? A.—No, we never crossed any ground with Mr. Knight.

Q.—You never crossed ground—you mean you never put in an estimate on a job on which he put in an estimate? A.—I don't think I did.

Q.—Well, would you know? A.—Well, no; he is doing a different class of work than I do.

Q.—Isn't he estimating on new buildings? A.—He does, yes.

Q.—Don't you? A.—I do; not on all.

Q.—But you do on some? A.—I do on some.

Q.—And he does on all, doesn't he? (No answer).

Q.—Yes? A.—I can't say he does on all.

Q.—He does plumbing work on all classes of new construction, doesn't he? A.—Well, I presume.

Q.—And you do on some classes of new construction? A.—Yes.

Q.—So that you and he do compete, don't you? A.—Well, probably.

Q.—And if things were run in their normal way and competition was allowed its legitimate sway, you would not know whether he was competing on jobs against you or whether he wasn't, would you? A.—Well, probably not, unless we do.

The witness admitted that he was not in need of a credit agency and generally collected his bills himself. He said he resigned from the Code of Practice on Oct. 1.

Resigned from Code of Practice.

Q.—That is after things began to get hot? A.—That was not the reason.

Q.—After the Legislature had passed this legislation for an investigation? A.—That was not the reason.

Q.—I didn't ask you that, Mr. Jarcho; please don't answer anything except what you are asked? A.—I thought you did.

Q.—You knew the Legislature had ordered this investigation, didn't you? A.—I knew.

Q.—There was quite a stampede of resignations from the Hettrick Code of Practice after that, wasn't there? A.—No, there was not.

Q.—How do you know? A.—I understand there were seven that resigned.

Jarcho's testimony as to his business contradicted that given by Hettrick as the reason for rendering his "clients" service. Jarcho said he would not go to Hettrick or any other lawyer to find out the standing of any man in the trade.

He said he paid 4 per cent. of his gross business, amounting to between $12,000 and $16,000, to Hettrick's "insurance" fund. He admitted his number in the Code of Practice was 139, and that the number appeared on all his cards.

Q.—There were thirty-two of them, were there not? A.—I don't know how many of them there were.

Q.—You don't know? Didn't you get the reports? A.—No.

Q.—No kinds of reports? A.—Not a thing.

Q.—Didn't get anything, and all you did was to pay money? A.—That is it.

Q.—That is about it, and that you did from April, 1919, to October, 1920? A.—I have not paid any money until October, 1920. I gave up before that.

Q.—When about did you start? A.—Some time, I guess, in June, if I am not mistaken.

Q.—You paid 4 per cent. on your gross sales, didn't you? A.—I paid in approximately, I think, about $5,000 or $6,000.

Q.—Didn't you pay 4 per cent. on your gross sales? A.—I was supposed to.

Q.—And you say your business was from $800,000 to $400,000? —Mr. Untermyer, to give you the exact figures I would have to look into the papers which I am willing for you to have.

"Welched" on His Bargain.

Q.—You did not "welch" on your bargain, did you? A.—Well, I did.

Q.—You did "welch"? A.—I did.

Q.—I see. A.—If you put it that way.

Q.—Didn't you have to make monthly reports of your gross business? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And then you paid on the basis of these monthly reports, didn't you? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did you "welch" on the monthly reports? A.—Yes, I did.

Q.—You did not honestly report what the sales were? A.—I did not send in any reports at all.

Q.—Don't you think that was unfair to your associates? A.—Well, I consider it was fair to me.

Q.—But wasn't that very unfair to your associates? A.—That is up to you to decide.

Q.—No, it is up to you to answer. A.—I do not believe it was.

Q.—Well, didn't your associates play fair with you? A.—Well, I did not have anything against my associates. They didn't do me any good, that is all I can tell you.

Q.—Why didn't you get out sooner? A.—It takes a little time to make up your mind.

Q.—And, meantime, you thought you ought not to pay your share? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—That is the way you reason it out? A.—Yes, Sir.

Jarcho said he met Hettrick twice since the beginning of the investigation, first in the rooms of the Building Trades Employers' Association on West Thirty-third Street and later at Mr. Hettrick's office, where he met Herbert Smith, Mr. Knight, Mr. Schnaig and Mr. Conklin, with whom he had been associated in the Code of Practice. He said Hettrick told the plumbers they were "not in trouble" and that he, too, was in no trouble.

When he entered the Code of Practice he received a bundle of green cards from Hettrick and paid $250 as an initiation fee, he said.

Q.—When you paid the $250 and got the green cards, did he tell you how many other people had paid $250 and got the green cards? A.—No.

Q.—You did not know how many were in the game with you? A.—No.

Q.—You were not going into it alone, were you? A.—I knew there were some other people, but I did not know how many.

Q.—You did not ask. The usefulness of this thing depended a good deal upon how many were in it, didn't it? A.—I presumeso.

What Hettrick Did.

Q.—What did Mr. Hettrick tell you he could do for you with these green and pink cards if you gave him over 4 per cent. of your gross receipts? A.—He told me he could alter my bids so that he could prevent any leaks in my business.

Q.—Will you explain what you mean by that? A.—Yes. We have got estimators who estimated our work. You asked me about prices, and it is something——

Q.—What did he tell you, that is the question? A.—He told me he would be able to tell me whether my bid is right or wrong.

Q.—You mean whether it was high enough? A.—Whether I have not made a mistake in my bid.

Q.—Whether it was too low or too high? A.—Yes.

Q.—Have you been in court while he was testifying? A.—I have been, yesterday; yes.

Q.—I thought so. Now, we will sift that a little. Did you ask Mr. Hettrick whether he was a plumber? A.—I knew he was not.

Q.—Did you ask him whether he had ever been a plumber? A.—I knew he was not.

Q.—Did you ask him whether he had ever seen the inside of a plumbing shop, or whether he knew anything about plumbing materials; you knew he did not? A.—I did not.

Q.—Did you ask him whether he had any accountants in his employ? A.—He said we will have them.

Q.—Now, did he have any engineers in his employ? A.—I don't know.

Plumber Hired His own Estimator.

Jarcho said he employed an estimator at $75 a week to estimate on proposed contracts and told Mr. Untermyer he would not engage a lawyer to do such work. Hettrick testified he estimated contracts for the plumbing men. He said the business was a very technical one, involving all sorts of detailed knowledge and he would not intrust any lawyer with the work.

Q.—Now, when you sent the green card did you wait for a pink card? A.—After we put the estimate in.

Q.—You didn't get a pink card until you sent Hettrick the estimate? A.—Yes.

Q.—And when you sent Hettrick the estimate you didn't know how many other of your associates in this Code of Practice were estimating, did you? A.—No.

Q.—But he knew, didn't he? A.—I presume he did.

Q.—Now, why did you send him your estimate before you put it in? A.—In order to see whether I have made any mistakes.

Q.—How could he tell if you had made a mistake; will you tell me that? A.—I don't know.

Q.—But you were paying 4 per cent. of the whole amount you were getting on the job? A.—That is why I stopped paying.

Q.—You started paying for that; what did he tell you he could do in the way of finding out if you had made mistakes in your estimates; you didn't send even the plans and specifications to him, did you? A.—No.

Q.—As a business man and a fair-minded man don't you know if you send me or Hettrick an estimate to say you will do a certain job for a certain price that he could not tell from the ace of spades whether that estimate was right or wrong, could he; now don't you know it? A.—I don't know. You may know about plumbing as much as I do.

Q.—If you don't know then I know a good deal more than you do. A.—I suppose so.

Q.—But you will have to answer that question; you know very well, don't you, that when you send that estimate down there without plans or specifications that the man does not know and has no idea what is required and cannot say whether your estimate is too high or too low, could he? A.—No.

Q.—Then how could he discover any mistakes? A.—That I don't know, that is for him to say.

Why He Stopped Paying.

Q.—And that is the reason you pay him 4 per cent.? A.—That is why I stopped.

Q.—But you stopped after a year or more, or sixteen months, didn't you? A.—Yes.

Q.—From April, 1919, to June, 1920? A.—I think about that time.

Q.—And you did not resign until 1920, until the storm came and all that time you were paying him 4 per cent. and you didn't know what he was paying for it, did you? A.—This is a fact.

The witness admitted he would have been guilty of breaking the rule of the Code of Practice if he sent in his estimate before he got the pink card. He said 1 per cent. of the gross business went to Hettrick and 3 per cent. to the insurance fund, but could not tell where the 3 per cent. actually went. Asked why he paid it, he said it was because he was a fool.

Q.—Well, but thirty-two fools in the plumbing business? A.—I don't know whether all of them were. I am talking for myself now.

Q.—That is your only answer, is it? A.—That's my only answer.

Q.—So, as I understand you, the only thing that Hettrick did was when you put in your estimate, without any plans or specifications, he, as you say, not knowing anything about the business and not knowing what the estimate should be, he was to find out if you had made any mistake in your estimate? A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And that is what you paid for? A.—Yes.

The witness was excused. Following Jarcho's testimony Mr. Levy appeared and said that the $25,000 he gave George Backer for Brindell was entered under the item of "expedition and overtime" on his books and that this term was used merely to "cover" the transaction.

Following Jarcho's testimony Mr. Untermyer again called for Brindell and it was then that his tilt occurred with Mr. O'Connor.

At the conclusion of the session Mr. Untermyer announced that material had accumulated so rapidly that it was necessary to sift and collate it, and for this purpose an adjournment was necessary until Tuesday, November 2, at 10:30 A. M., in spite of the fact that most of the members of the committee were ready to sacrifice their time just before election to continue with the inquiry.

TAX EXEMPTION DISCUSSED.

Aldermanic Committee Considers Relief for Housing Property.

Ordinances exempting all apartment houses, private homes costing less than $10,000, and two-story family houses from taxation were considered yesterday at the meeting of the Aldermanic Committee on General Welfare at the City Hall.

Drafts of ordinances exempting various types of buildings and comprising expedients for promoting building were advocated by some speakers and opposed as unconstitutional by others. President LaGuardia of the Board urged that objections on constitutional grounds should be set aside and an ordinance agreed upon at once so that it could be enacted and its constitutionality tested without delay. If unconstitutional, the measure could be redrawn and adopted by the coming Legislature, he said.

Commissioner of Health Copeland, who appeared before the committee, said that everything possible should be done to stimulate housing, because health was menaced by the present congestion. He said that visiting nurses of the department had found ten persons living in one room.

REVOKE CONTRACTS FOR COURT HOUSE

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

Board of Aldermen and President Curran of the Borough of Manhattan because of their opposition to the whole Court House procedure, and his prompt change of attitude yesterday aroused considerable interest.

"I admire the Mayor for his prompt change in this matter. It shows how big a man he is," said Commissioner of Accounts Hirshfield, who has been investigating the limestone bids and other matters and has reported verbally to the Mayor on suspicious features which came to his attention.

Not content with stopping the Court House work, Mayor Hylan directed Commissioner Hirshfield to begin an investigation at once into the cost and other circumstances of the building of the new schools, in which prices have tripled and quadrupled in the last three years. Commissioner Hirshfield will begin hearings on this subject next week. He refused to say whether any indications of crooked combination practices had come to his attention in connection with school building.

All of the members of the Board of Estimate voted in favor of the Mayor's resolution cancelling the contracts, with the exception of Controller Craig and Commissioner Flynn. The reversal on this subject was regarded as a victory for the two minority members of the Board—LaGuardia and Curran—who fought against every move in the Court House project.

The argument of these two was that this was the worst possible time to proceed with the Court house project and because prices were at their peak and because, in the housing crisis, labor and materials should be concentrated on home building. They argued that the Mayor's stand in favor of spending approximately $20,000,000 for a court house at this time was equivalent to withdrawing labor and materials to that extent from apartment house construction. The enormous expense to the city at a time when the budget was swollen to unparalleled proportions also was urged. On the other hand, the Mayor and his Tammany colleagues argued that putting $20,000,000 into the building would save the money the city was now paying in rent for offices and would prove an economy in the long run.

Labor's Influence Exerted.

One of the big influences, if not the biggest, in pushing forward the project was the Building Trades Council, of which Brindell is the president. This organization and labor generally had been credited with a considerable part in the overwhelming victory of Mayor Hylan at the polls and had been strong with the Hylan Administration. The only interest of the Council was supposed to be that of furthering a big job employing thousands of workmen in order to keep up the shortage of men in the building trades and maintain wages at the highest possible level.

The alleged crooked combination of certain labor leaders and building interests, exposed by the Lockwood Committee, offered a further explanation for the great political pressure brought to bear by representatives of labor on Mayor Hylan and some of his associates to push the court house through. It was reported that, on the strength of the tight labor market due to the court house contracts, large demands for increases in pay were to be made by building trades unions on the first of the year.

Resolution Comes as Surprise.

Mayor Hylan's resolution was sprung as a surprise on the Board of Estimate. After naming the contractors and reciting the bids, the resolution calls attention to a declaration by the bidder "that this bid or proposal is made without any connection with any other person, firm or corporation making a bid or proposal for the same purpose, and it is in all respects fair and without collusion or fraud."

The resolution then recites that it had been called to the attention of the Chairman of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment that a combination existed between the successful bidders and other firms, persons and corporations, to eliminate and prevent open competition, at the time the bids were made. It concludes in these terms:

"Therefore, be it resolved, that the resolution adopted by this board at its meeting of Aug. 12, 1920, awarding said contract be, and the same is hereby, rescinded and annulled."

As soon as it was read President LaGuardia turned to the Mayor and said:

"I congratulate you, Mr. Mayor. This is the best day's work you have done since you have been in office."

Controller Craig, one of the most zealous proponents of immediate Court House construction, urged postponement of action, saying the disclosures so far were not sufficient to warrant action by the board. He said that if it were right to revoke the Court House contracts every contract with the city should be investigated. He referred specifically to the schools.

"I have already instructed the Commissioner of Accounts to investigate the school contracts," the Mayor replied.

"Act Now," Insists LaGuardia.

"We ought to act on this now," said President LaGuardia. "I believe that such action will have a sobering influence upon bidders for city work who would mulct the city by making unfair bids in collusion."

President Curran said he would be much better satisfied if the resolution put an entire stop to work on the Court House. Mr. Curran had been repeatedly scored by the Mayor at previous meetings for "petty, peanut politics" in opposing the spending of $20,000,000 at this time on the Court House.

Leonard M. Wallstein, counsel for the Citizens Union, said:

"It is a cause for public congratulation that the Mayor has been convinced that the contracts for the construction of the new Court House should not be executed. The City of New York has been the victim of the same combinations to suppress bidding and raise prices as every other builder. When the bids were submitted in this matter they bore upon their face unmistakable evidence that the whole thing had been rigged. The Mayor has accordingly performed one of the best acts of his administration in taking action to save the city from the clutches of the forces that prey."

JOHNSON REBUKES THE 31 SIGNERS

Declares Harding Bars League Even if They 'Say the Reverse of What I Contend.'

BALTIMORE, Oct. 22.—Senator Harding is opposed unequivocally to the League of Nations, and, if elected, will not lead the United States into it, Senator Hiram Johnson of California told a large audience at the Lyric here tonight.

"Men and newspapers who pretend to be friends of Senator Harding and who assert that he is to take this country into the League of Nations do him a distinct disservice and pay him a sorry compliment," he declared.

"I do not care," he said, referring to the statement given out recently by 31 prominent pro-League Republicans, including Elihu Root, "if 31 gentlemen in New York, or 310,000 gentlemen in New York say the reverse of what I contend. Here are the words of Warren Harding, and upon those words, he is entitled to the support of every red-blooded American."

Turning to a direct attack of the League, Senator Johnson characterized it as the "overshadowing pall of the Republic," and denounced it as a "military alliance," and "one made in accordance with secret treaties." Quoting copiously from the Harding speeches, he declared that the candidate had, without ambiguity, put the League behind him and had made it plain that he would not make the United States a party to the present League in any form.

"For reasons of their own," he said, "certain interested individuals and newspapers may misrepresent and misinterpret Senator Harding's words. I resent these imputations upon the sincerity of the utterances of the candidate, and the manifest endeavor in some quarters to distort his plain language.

"There is nothing ambiguous or uncertain in our candidate's declaration. He has courageously taken his stand. He has put the League behind him. He wants neither interpretations nor reservations, but outright rejection.

"I speak, of course, solely from the public utterances of our candidate, and these utterances make it plain beyond cavil that when Senator Harding is President he will not take the United States into the League.

"He characterized the League as 'a military alliance which menaces peace and threatens all freedom.' He called it the 'supreme blunder,' and asserted that he would leave 'America free, independent and self-reliant, but offering friendship to all the world.'

"I am unable to understand the intellectual processes which can misinterpret or misconstrue these words and do not appreciate the friendship of individuals who still insist that the words are meaningless and that Senator Harding intends something else than he says."

THREATEN NATIONAL STRIKE

Chicago Postal Operators' Claims Denied by Officials Here.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Threats of a nation-wide walkout of Postal Telegraph operators were made today by 200 striking operators who quit the Chicago general offices because two of their number were discharged for protesting, it is alleged, against a reduction of wages.

An order issued by J. J. Whalen, General Traffic Manager at New York, abolishing the bonus system for excess messages is said to be the real cause of the trouble. According to the strikers, the company is three days behind in sending messages. San Francisco and Dallas operators are out in sympathy with them.

Edward Reynolds, general manager and vice president of the Postal Telegraph Company, said at his home in New Rochelle last night that he had heard nothing of a threat of a nation-wide strike and called the statement from Chicago the idle talk of two disgruntled operators who had been discharged "for good and sufficient reasons." He denied that 200 were out, saying there were only 15, and that many of these had applied yesterday for their old places. He also denied that there had been trouble in San Francisco, Dallas or that there was any delay in handling messages. There had been no reduction in wages, he said, the form of the bonus system merely being changed.

J. J. Whalen, general traffic manager, who issued the order complained of, said at his home in Brooklyn that the change in system really meant an increase in wages for the operators.

HARDING IMPRESSED BY PARTY PROSPECTS

Returns to Marion Encouraged by Campaign Managers' Reports on Outlook.

THINKS HARMONY IN SIGHT

Pleased by Developments from Root and Johnson—To Prepare for Ohio Speeches.

Special to The New York Times.

MARION, Ohio, Oct. 22.—Senator Harding returned to Marion today and will rest for five days before undertaking his last speaking activity of the campaign in Ohio. His rest will be interspersed with working in his office, preparing addresses and advising with his lieutenants. The Senator conveyed quiet satisfaction today over the situation as revealed to him in his western New York trip and in the reports received from national headquarters as to the sentiment throughout the country.

Despite the confidence expressed by the Senator and his managers over the situation in his home State, it is noted that a great speaking and organization campaign has been arranged for the State next week. Many men of national reputation will be here, and the Republican State headquarters are working as if the election depended on Ohio. A poll in Marion made public today gives Harding 1,139 and Cox 504.

Senator Harding is not worried over the League of Nations situation. He thinks that his patient attitude toward the members of his own party who have taken opposing sides in the great controversy has borne fruit and that harmony is in sight.

What especially pleased him today was the assurance from Senator Johnson that he will stand for an association of nations along the lines suggested by the Senator. It is not felt here that Senator Borah will join in this harmony movement, but he may find himself in a lonely corner.

Another development which pleased the Senator was the statement of Elihu Root that the League of Nations was subject to modifications which would make it acceptable to the American people. He pointed out that in the early part of the controversy Mr. Root, Mr. Taft, Mr. Wickersham and others did not feel this way, but stood for the original League. Now, he thinks, they have come to feel the force of public opinion on the matter fostered by the anti-League men and are ready to go ahead with any association cutting out Article X. or any similar compact, and leaving America free to make its own decisions.

The Senator especially rejects one statement which Governor Cox has been making during the last two days. That is that Senator Harding voted for the mild reservations to the treaty and covenant. He did not vote that way, he says. He made a speech in the Senate on the mild reservations, saying that he stood on the mild reservations than he did for mild Americanism.

Senator Edge of New Jersey was a caller at Harding headquarters today. He had just come from a speaking tour of Indiana and said that so far as he could learn at this time in that State the favored Harding and that Senator Watson would be re-elected. He was asked about New Jersey.

"We would not have left there if we had not felt sure that it was safely Republican," he said. "I think it will go at least 100,000 for Harding. Ever since the wet and dry issue blew up in that State there has been no question of its Republicanism."

Senator Harding has received a copy of a letter written by Dr. W. P. Burris, Dean of the College for Teachers, University of Cincinnati. It is addressed to Professor Irving Fisher of Yale, and is a reply to a request from Professor Fisher, who had suggested that Dr. Burris might take pleasure in permitting the addition of his name to the list of pro-League independents.

Dr. Burris's answer reads:

Dr. Irving Fisher, New Haven, Conn.

Dear Dr. Fisher: I cannot take pleasure in permitting the addition of my name to the Pro-League Independents for promoting the election of Cox and Roosevelt or Senators who favor entering the League of Nations, and in doing all I can to help, without waiting for further instructions, as requested in your postcard appeal. Indeed, I cannot do these things at all, and I regret that you have lent your name and influence in this field instead of sticking to the field of economics, in which you are an acknowledged master. Your excellent work on "Stabilizing the Dollar" appeals to me strongly, and I should like to see your theory put to a test. A more urgent task for the moment, however, is "stabilizing our Government," and I am sorry that my mind cannot go along with yours in this matter.

Locally I have not discovered that "there is a growing drift of Independents and Independent Republicans toward Cox and Roosevelt," due to causes which you name. Such "drift" in this direction as I have noticed is the result of influences with which I would be ashamed to be identified. The most significant "drift" toward Cox and Roosevelt which I have been able to discover is one of glacial characteristics and proportions, and I am therefore much more disposed to give you a word of warning instead of one of encouragement. Respectfully yours,

W. P. BURRIS,
Dean, College for Teachers.

The Senator will receive small delegations during the next few days, and will leave here next Wednesday for a tour of Ohio cities. He will speak in Cleveland, Akron, Cincinnati and Columbus.

FIRST WIFE WINS $200,000.

Jury Finds Against Hunter Wilson's Second Wife in Alienation Suit.

A Sheriff's jury gave a verdict yesterday for $200,000 against Mrs. Bertha Lobit Wilson for alienating the affections of Hunter L. Wilson, an insurance man of Houston, Texas, who is now her husband. She was sued in the Supreme Court by Mrs. Laura Cave Wilson of 270 Madison Avenue, who alleged that Wilson obtained a divorce from the plaintiff in Texas on the ground of abandonment, and then married the defendant. The first Mrs. Wilson contended that the decree was void here.

The defendant did not answer the suit, and for that reason the case was sent to Sheriff Knott's court to have the plaintiff's damages assessed. The highest previous verdict in a similar case was $150,000.

Mrs. Laura Cave Wilson, daughter of Major Cave of Dallas, a wealthy railroad man and former Secretary of State of Texas, married Wilson in Houston in 1910. She testified that she lent her husband between $35,000 and $40,000 to get him out of financial difficulties. They came to New York, and she alleged that he left her stranded here and went back to Texas and sued her for abandonment. She said that in July 1919, she heard that her husband had married a wealthy Texas woman and was living with her here. She telephoned Wilson, who told her he had married again because he had divorced her in Texas.

Orders More Bus Lines in Brooklyn.

The Board of Estimate yesterday directed Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, to begin the operation of bus lines in Brooklyn over surface lines of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, on which service has not been restored followwing the strike. The Board ordered that a meeting be held on Nov. 12 to consider appropriating money for two new ferry lines between Manhattan and Staten Island.

LANDIS IS THREATENED; HE REPLIES DEFIANTLY

Judge Is Warned in a Note to Cease His Attacks on Radicals.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 22.—A few minutes prior to his address here today before the Indiana State

'INVERSION OF TRUTH' COLBY TELLS ROOT

Secretary Accuses Ex-Senator of Misstatement of Fact in His Carnegie Hall Speech.

TAKES ISSUE ON ARTICLE X.

Declares Root Is Wrong and Cites Cases Where Court or People Has Not Upheld Him.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Secretary Colby issued tonight a statement in reply to Elihu Root's Carnegie Hall speech on the League of Nations. It challenged some of the statements made by the ex-Senator, especially about Article X.

Mr. Colby styled "a plain misstatement of fact" and "inversion of the truth" the assertion of Mr. Root that Article X. was an attempt to carry over and continue for all time, as part of the organization to preserve peace, the exercise of power by the conquering nations in closing the war,' is a plain misstatement of fact. Indeed, it is a complete inversion of the truth. His further objection to the substitution in any event of physical or armed force for the moral force which is relied upon in the other provisions of the Covenant indicates a complete insensibility to the instruction of events and the lessons of the world's recent and harrowing experience.

"The idea of an international court of justice, which Mr. Root has just contributed his enthusiastic labors, has admittedly been a lifeless thing, hopelessly beyond realization, conceded by its sponsors to be impotent and impracticable until the success of the League of Nations effected a political organization of the world powers, which for the first time gave the court a background and a promise that its decrees will be effective.

Praises Article X.

"If there is one thing which the war has taught the nations of the world, it is that the projects, discussed at the two Hague conferences for restraining war and the peaceful regulation of international conduct, were utterly valueless and illusory. It is Article X. which for the first time has given vitality and significance to the project of a League of Nations. It is this underlying and ultimate sanction of a joint force, susceptible of being invoked in the final analysis by the nations charged with the preservation of world peace, that makes the League a real thing instead of an academic theme.

"Roosevelt, when his mind was functioning at mind and not as an instrumentality of party service, openly advocated the underlying sanction of force to maintain world peace, and this was true of Taft and also of Lodge, and of every man who had devoted himself seriously to the study of this greatest of all problems.

"Not that force will be employed; indeed, it is the hope of the sponsors of the League and its adherents that the practical unanimity of the world in the acceptance of the new Covenant will give to the provisions it contains, a moral pressure of such weight as to obviate the recourse under any conceivable conditions to force, and yet the fact that the mechanism of the force is present in the League as a means of final and conclusive assertion of its will becomes in itself an element in the moral strength of the Covenant.

"Mr. Root brings to his strictly professional performance the agile powers of his ductile understanding. He makes a case which has some of the externals of demonstration. But it will only deceive, if it has any effect. It will not serve the truth. It is aimed at the truth.

"I fear that the only point in Mr. Root's mind was to serve his party. But it will not really do this. It will only serve its animosities and its meaner purposes.

"Mr. Root is wrong. What he says is wrong. What he seeks to do is wrong. I half suspect Mr. Root knows this."

FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT CALLS ROOT A SOPHIST

Says Gov. Cox's Stand on Article X. Is That Our Constitutional Rights Remain What They Are.

ELMIRA, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Elihu Root's position on the League of Nations issue, as set forth in his recent speech and reply to Governor Cox, "is that of a sophist," Franklin D. Roosevelt declared in an address here. "American voters everywhere," he said, "are heartily sick of the continued discussion by men like Mr. Root of the details of words and phrases in connection with the covenant of the League of Nations.

* * * They know that Mr. Harding has said that he wants the League rejected. They know that Mr. Cox wants us to join the League, with every American right preserved.

"In regard to Article X., the average voter knows that there is a great difference of opinion among experts as to the exact amount of the obligation by which the United States Congress would be bound in case we entered the League without any reservations or amendments. The average man and woman will accept Mr. Cox's declaration that he wants it made clear before we go in that our constitutional and Congressional rights shall remain just what they are today.

"In view of the simple, plain English statement of broad purpose, such as the above, any argument like that of Mr. Root which tries to assume positions which he declares to be analogous, such as that of a money obligation under a treaty, falls to the ground. He passes over with a shrug of the shoulders the suggestion of Mr. Cox that the language and phraseology can be worked out by constitutional lawyers like Mr. Taft and himself. He continues to keep his eyes on the individual sentence and forgets the chapter as a whole.

"It is time all of this study of grammar and rhetoric should cease and give way to old-fashioned American common sense. The election will be decided by those who are sick of endless discussions and who have made up their minds that the United States must and shall carry out great purposes in common with other nations. In other words, Mr. Root's continued quibbling will not becloud the real issue of the campaign."

Speaking before the students of Elmira College this morning, Mr. Roosevelt declared that the best argument in favor of the League is the fact that forty-one civilized nations are already members, that it is a going concern and that it has the support of "a large majority of the clergymen and educators of the country—men and women of intelligence who have had an opportunity to make a careful study of it."

Mr. Roosevelt spoke here in the Regent Theatre, and then left for Binghamton, where he spoke tonight.

JULIAN S. MYRICK COMES OUT FOR COX

Lifelong Republican Who Sought Hoover's Nomination Rejects Harding's League Policy.

Julian S. Myrick, a strong supporter of Herbert Hoover for the Republican nomination for President and a lifelong Republican, announced yesterday that he would vote for Governor James M. Cox, the Democratic nominee. Mr. Myrick and Miss Mabel Choate were the Hoover candidates for delegates to the Republican National Convention in opposition to Herbert Parsons and Albert J. Berwind, then the "regular" Republican candidates for delegates. Miss Choate and Mr. Parsons already have come out for Governor Cox on the League of Nations issue.

In a letter to Mr. Parsons, Mr. Myrick said he had become convinced that a vote for Cox was the only solution for an "ordinary pro-League Republican," however it might be with "prominent" Republicans who were preserving their party regularity for the sake of influence they might be able to exert on Senator Harding.

"Much as I admire your courageous action," Mr. Myrick wrote, "I have hesitated a long time before deciding to join you in voting for Governor Cox in the coming election. I wanted very much to vote for the Republican candidate, but I cannot honestly do so.

"As you will recollect, when we had the primary dispute in the Seventeenth Congressional District, I stood for Herbert Hoover, on the grounds that he was for the League of Nations and that he was the type of man whom the Republican Party and the country needed to carry it through its reconstruction period.

"Both the League plank and the candidate of the Chicago Convention were bitterly disappointing. But I cherished the hope that Senator Harding would ultimately state that he would accept the League with the Lodge reservations, so that I could conscientiously support him. This hope is dead. If his straddling campaign can be said to have led anywhere, it has been toward Johnson and Borah. He has shown himself utterly lacking in the fearless character which he would need to accomplish anything with the two bitterly hostile elements in his own party. If elected, he will realise that any positive action on the League question may split the party and rather than run that risk he may be counted upon to continue to do nothing. He believes in party at any price.

"Something may be said for the position of prominent Republicans—sincere League advocates—in preserving their party regularity for the sake of what influence they may thus exert on Harding if he is elected. But it seems to me that for the ordinary pro-League Republican, whose only means of influence is his vote, a vote for Cox is the sole solution. A vote for Harding means absolutely nothing on the League issue. To vote for him condemns one to silence on the supreme issue of our generation. As a pro-League Republican, I shall therefore vote for Governor Cox and for Mr. Walker."

WANTS BANNERS REMOVED.

Head of Trade Service Calls Club's Harding Signs Untruthful.

Fred S. Clark, manager of the Trade Bulletin Service, 17 State Street, sent a letter to the House Committee of the Advertising Club of New York, 47 East Twenty-fifth Street, yesterday, asking for the removal of Republican banners and notices from the clubhouse, on the ground that "truth" is the club's slogan and that the utterances and advertising of the Republican candidate for President and some of his supporters have not been truthful.

Mr. Clark said that the Republicans seemed to have lost sight of the necessity for truth, that Senator Harding, their nominee for President, had sought to make it appear that France had asked him to form a new League of Nations and that Senator Root had declared that Governor Cox, if elected, would insist upon the Treaty just as President Wilson had negotiated. Mr. Clark said these statements had been shown to be false.

Fear Spread of Strikes in Belgium.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 22. — The strike movement among the Charleroi coal miners, where 2,000 men went out yesterday, will probably be followed by the railway Post Office men, street car employes and metal and gas workers, it was predicted in labor circles today. The movement is one of protest against the payment of an income tax.

COX DENIES LEAGUE WAS 'BRITISH MADE'

Points to List of 150 Men of Various Nationalities Who Aided In Framing It.

NOT WILSON'S WORK ALONE

Effort to Assure World Peace Produced Through the Labor of Many Minds.

Denying the assertions by the Republicans that the covenant of the League of Nations was "British made," or that it is purely a "Wilson League," Governor Cox, in a statement yesterday to The St. Louis Post Dispatch, declared that the League, far from being the product only of British minds, was the result of work of committees appointed by the French, Italian and British Governments and of proposals by General Smuts, William H. Taft, A. Lawrence Lowell, Oscar S. Straus, Theodore Marburg, Elihu Root and other prominent Americans. Governor Cox's statement follows:

"For any person or newspaper to discover a contradiction between President Wilson's explanation of the origin of the League covenant, as given to the Senators at the White House in August, 1919, and the explanation I give in all my addresses, is to discover what doesn't exist. There is no contradition whatever. A great French scientist once warned his students to be on their guard or they would find what they were looking for. The same admonition is even more pertinent in political controversy.

"During this campaign, and, in fact, ever since the conspiracy to defeat the treaty was begun in the United States Senate, falsehoods have been scattered like Autumn leaves. Perhaps none has been more brazen and persistent than the statement that the League is first 'a British League' and then—in the same breath—the contradictory statement that it is a 'Wilson League.' These two assertions are mutually exclusive and both cannot be true. I have resolved the riddle by clearly stating that the League is a world League, and that the main idea, as well as the final form and phrasing, is the work of many minds.

150 or More Worked on League.

"I have said, over and over again, that during the years of the war, while some were serving their country by fighting in the trenches to win this particular war, one hundred and fifty or more who, for one reason or another, could not actually join the fighting forces worked just as patriotically day and night for a period of nearly four years to evolve a plan to limit the likelihood of future wars. And this is absolutely and categorically correct. It is undeniably true. Some of these men were members of official study groups; others were members of unofficial study groups. The exact date when each separate suggestion was made is not so important as the fact that many publicists, scholars and jurists contributed the results of their labors toward the final form of the covenant.

"Even if it were argued that the covenant, as first presented to the plenary session of the Peace Conference on February 14, 1919, is based on a Wilson draft, plus the draft of a committee headed by Lord Phillimore, plus the proposals of General Smuts, plus the proposals of committees appointed by the French and Italian Governments, plus the League of Nations Committee of the Peace Conference, that would make half a hundred persons. The truth of the matter, of course, is that the official Committee of Nineteen, with Mr. Wilson's chairmanship, appointed by the Peace Conference, did not and could not have completed its labors in the course of the ten meetings between January 25 and February 14, 1919, if these men had not builded on a foundation that others had been constructing for a period of more than three years.

List of Those Who Aided.

"That there may be no further question on this score I am appending a list that is, while not exhaustive, sufficiently complete to justify the figure I have used—one hundred and fifty:

Peace Conference Official Commission—President Woodrow Wilson, Chairman; Edward M. House, Lord Robert Cecil, General Smuts, Leon Bourgeois, Professor Larnaude, Mr. Orlando, M. Scialoja, Baron Makino, Viscount Chinda, M. Matsui, Dr. Pessoa, Wellington Koo, Jame Batalha-Reis, M. Vesnitch, Eleutherios Venizelos, Roman Dmowski, M. Diamandy, Charles Kramar.

British Government Official Commission—Lord Phillimore, Chairman; Professor A. F. Pollard, Sir Julian Corbett, J. Holland Rose, Sir Eyre Crowe, Sir William Tyrrell, C. J. B. Hurst, A. Percy Kennedy. Report presented March 20, 1918.

French Government Official Commission—Leon Bourgeois, Chairman; Jean Jules Jusserand, Vice Admiral Lacaze, Gabriel Hanotaux, Ernest Lavisse, Paul Henry Brown, John Bates Clark, William Dwight Whitney, Samuel T. Dutton, John Finley, Harry Garfield, Franklin Giddings, Robert Goldsmith, George Holt, Jeremiah Jenks, Leo Rowe, William H. Wadhams, Eugene Wambaugh, Everett Wheeler, Thomas Raeburn White, George Grafton Wilson.

League to Enforce Peace, Study Group—William Howard Taft, A. Lawrence Lowell, Oscar S. Straus, Theodore Marburg, Hamilton Holt, Talcott Williams, William Short, George Grafton Wilson, Glenn Frank et al. Report presented June 8, 1918.

English League of Nations Society Group—W. H. Dickinson, Lord Parmoor, Sir Francis Younghusband, Raymond Unwin, G. Lowes Dickinson, F. N. Keen, Noel Buxton, Ernest Rhys, Aneurin Williams, Sir Edwin Fears, Sir George Gibbs et al.

French Association for a Society of Nations Group—A. Millerand, Albert Thomas, Marcel Prevost, Paul Renaudel, A. Fontaine et al.

Viscount Bryce unofficial study group of twelve or more.

Swiss study group of at least a dozen.

Other Experts Contributed.

"This makes one hundred actually named. In addition there were perhaps fifty experts appointed by the Central Organization for a Durable Peace in the Netherlands to develop separate phases, such as disarmament, etc. Add to these the specialists connected with the so-called Colonel House Inquiry, who worked on the League of Nations problem under the section headed by Professor James T. Shotwell, and the names of scores of prominent publicists and jurists whose advice was sought, and in many cases accepted. I refer to such men in this country as Justice Hughes, Elihu Root and the members of both the Senate and House Committees on foreign matters, and such eminent English scholars as Sir Frederick Pollock.

"If to the above be added the names of those who labored for many months to the exclusion of almost everything else under the distinguished leadership of Mr. H. G. Wells, the number would certainly be nearer two hundred than one hundred and fifty. And the half has not been told."

Predicts Republican Landslide.

Medill McCormick, United States Senator from Illinois, who spoke last night in Prospect Hall, Brooklyn, predicted an overwhelming victory for Harding and Coolidge at Republican National Headquarters. Senator McCormick said Senator Harding would receive at least 200,000 plurality in Illinois and that it might go much higher. "The feeling is the same everywhere, in the West and in New England," he said. "Every indication is for a Republican landslide."

ROOT WRONG ON WAR, WHEELER ASSERTS

His Interpretation of Article X. Disputed by Arbitration Chairman of Bar Association.

QUOTES NATIONAL LEADERS

League Council's Decision Must Be Unanimous and United States Would Have a Vote.

Elihu Root's interpretation of Article X. of the League of Nations covenant, as given in his Carnegie Hall speech, was attacked yesterday by Everett P. Wheeler, Chairman of the Committee on International Arbitration of the New York State Bar Association, and formerly Chairman of a similar committee of the American Bar Association. Mr. Wheeler flatly disputed the contention of Mr. Root that American troops would have to be sent abroad under Article X.

"Everything that Mr. Root says is entitled to very respectful consideration," said Mr. Wheeler. "In his speech at Carnegie Hall he argues that the principal objection against the covenant of the League of Nations is that to Article X. This does undoubtedly contain an undertaking by the members of the League 'to respect and preserve, as against external aggression, the territorial integrity and existing political independence of all members of the League.' But Mr. Root omits to quote the rest of the article, which reads as follows: 'In case of any such aggression, the Council shall advise upon the means by which this obligation shall be fulfilled.'

"To say, therefore, that the United States, if it should become a party to the League, would be bound under all circumstances to send an armed force to maintain the integrity and independence of the other members is unwarranted. The Council of the League is a deliberative body. The United States would have a vote. Under Article V. of the League the decision must be unanimous.

Congress Would Decide.

"Under Article XV., 'if the Council fails to reach a report which is unanimously agreed to by the members thereof other than the representatives of one or more of the parties to the dispute, the members of the League reserve to themselves the right to take such action as they shall consider necessary for the maintenance of right and justice.' In the case of the United States, the limitations of our Constitution are perfectly well known; Congress alone has the power to declare war, and any advice given by the Council of the League would necessarily be subject to the approval of the Congress. To say, therefore, that the United States, by joining the League, would bind itself to go to war whenever requested by the League or whenever there should be aggression against a member of the League, is not justified.

"The real question is, whether the machinery for the peaceable settlement of international disputes shall have any force behind it. We became parties to the Hague Conventions. These established an international court, they are full of friendly declarations and declare against war as a means of settling disputes. But when Germany was tempted to go to war against friendly nations without provocation there was no power behind the Convention.

"Had there been a League of Nations in existence at that time, with covenants similar to those now under consideration, it is clear there would have been no war. But Germany calculated that Belgium would submit to overpowering force and that England would not come to the rescue. Her plan was to crush France.

"Then she found that England was loyal to her allies and was ready to maintain by force the guarantees of the Hague Convention, Germany calculated that the United States would not intervene. We waited for three years before we decided. Had the pending covenant been then in force we should undoubtedly have intervened at the beginning. But Germany never would have dared to face the Concert of Powers and there would have been no war. It is to prevent the recurrence of such an attack that the League is framed, and that Article X. is included in it."

Mr. Wheeler recalled that when Mr. Root was Secretary of State he welcomed a National Arbitration and Peace Congress, held in New York, with the assurance that the American Government sympathized heartily with every appeal "in behalf of liberty, of peace with justice and of human brotherhood" the world over, and he said he could find no such expression in Mr. Root's speech at Carnegie Hall. He quoted Mr. Root as saying that any use of force to compel obedience "is in negation of the opinions held, without exception, by the rulers and statesmen who have led the policies of the United States for generations," and declared that nothing but the heat of a political battle makes it possible for Mr. Root to present such a statement.

Mr. Wheeler said that Theodore Roosevelt in 1915 declared in favor of a League of Peace and that ex-President Taft argued for an international tribunal or Council of Conciliation and the use of military force against any nation that did not abide by its decision. He said, George W. Wickersham in April, 1919, presented a resolution to the New York Bar Association which declared that the covenant for a League of Nations "in the main constitutes a step of immeasurable value in preserving the victory which has been won by the powers which united in the overthrow of the German and Austrian Empires." Mr. Wheeler continued:

"The New York State Bar Association, of which Mr. Root was formerly President and of which he is still a member, has a Committee on International Arbitration, of which I have had the honor to be Chairman for eight years. That committee reported to the association in January, 1915, the following resolution, which was adopted by the association:

Resolved, That there shall be established an international police force which shall have power to enforce the judgments of the International Court of Arbitration at The Hague, and which may be called upon by that court, at the instance of any party to such treaty, to intervene in case of a threatened violation of any treaty existing between the nations who are parties to the Congress, and to prevent such violation.

"The same recommendation was adopted by the association in January, 1915."

"The war itself, which has just closed, was really conducted by a great League of Nations," Mr. Wheeler continued. "More than a year ago Judge Charles E. Hughes said of this situation:

The present relations of the Allies, sharing the victory won by their united effort, furnished a basis for their future co-operation, and this is an opportunity which it would be folly to neglect.

"Thus we see that Article X. is in line with the best thought of our ablest men.

"Mr. Root repeats the allegation contained in the statement recently published that Mr. Wilson 'insisted upon the treaty absolutely unchanged.' In point of fact, on the 10th of December last, Senator Hitchcock made public in New York City certain reservations or interpretative declarations to which the President was willing to agree. In my judgment, these declarations removed all reasonable objections to the treaty as it stands, but in any case they were offered as an olive branch by the Democratic leader in the Senate and were refused by the Republican leaders. The country must now decide between them."

CONFIRMS PETER'S DYNASTY

Jugoslav Council Declares the State a Hereditary Monarchy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Oct. 21.—Jugoslavia is now declared to be a constitutional hereditary monarchy, with the Karageorgevitch family still the reigning dynasty. According to a report reaching here from Belgrade, this decision was taken yesterday at a Ministerial Council held there.

The Council also decided that the royal arms should be a double-headed white eagle with the arms of Croatia and Slovenia on its breast, while the national flag should be blue, white and red. The Council expressed itself in favor of a unified State, with a single legislative Parliament, but advocated broadly based non-legislative local autonomy throughout the monarchy.

WATKINS TO STAY IN FIGHT.

Too Late for Prohibition Nominee to Quit, Hinshaw Says.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Virgil G. Hinshaw, chairman of the Prohibition National Committee, in a statement tonight denied reports which he said were "flooding his office" that Aaron S. Watkins, the Prohibition Presidential candidate, planned to withdraw from the race.

"Early in the campaign," he said, "we told both Mr. Cox and Mr. Harding that Mr. Watkins would withdraw if either would make an open and specific pledge to oppose legislation which would weaken the Volstead act, but neither responded with such a pledge. An eleventh hour declaration by either candidate would not now result in the withdrawal of the Prohibition candidates, who are in the fight to the finish."

COX AGAIN ASKS ROOT TO RETRACT

Continued from Page 1, Column 1.

their expectations as a "wet," and were working for him despite that.

Believe He May Carry State.

It was admitted that with Waru and Nugent and their forces doing their best for the Governor there was a very good chance of carrying New Jersey for him. A few weeks ago, when the Democratic leaders believed that Cox was beaten beyond a doubt, there was little work done for him in New Jersey.

Now members of Governor Cox's party count this as one of the signs of victory. There can be no doubt that Edwards and Nugent are working to the limit for Governor Cox. Governor Edwards met him at Trenton yesterday and accompanied him to Newark. There Mr. Nugent and his followers called upon Governor Cox, promised their support and told him their present belief that New Jersey would go Democratic.

This may or may not be true, but the change in sentiment within the last week or ten days has been one of the remarkable features of the campaign. It simply adds evidence to the belief of the Governor and his party that the turn has come. At the meeting in Newark Governor Cox received a splendid reception and this added to his confidence.

About ten thousand persons were jammed into the First Regiment Armory at Newark to hear him. The crowd jumped to its feet with a resounding cheer when Governor Cox was introduced by Mr. Nugent. Miss Grace O'Rourke acted as temporary chairman and presented Mr. Nugent.

Repeat Convention Roll Call.

A roll call of the San Francisco convention was in part repeated at the request of Mr. Nugent. From a gallery one man called the States just before New Jersey in the alphabetical list. Another man across the hall replied with the votes for the various candidates. A great cheer came when, in answer to New Jersey's call, the reply came: "Twenty-eight votes for James M. Cox."

Pronounced hisses and "booes" greeted mention of the name of Senator Henry Cabot Lodge by Governor Cox in his address.

The crowd was on its feet in a second when Governor Cox, attacking the signers of Senator Lodge's "round robin" against the Peace Treaty, declared that he "had traveled from coast to coast and unless I miss my guess Senator Harding, particularly since the soul of America has been aroused within the last two weeks, will enjoy the scenery of Ohio during the next four years."

The Governor talked about the many wabbles by Senator Harding and received a round after round of applause.

Before going to Newark and Jersey City Governor Cox delivered addresses at Trenton, Lawrenceville and Princeton.

At Trenton, a Republican city, he passed through streets crowded with men and women who cheered him. At Lawrenceville he talked to the boys who are preparing for college, and was greeted with hearty applause.

At Princeton the meeting was held in Alexander Hall and Dr. Henry van Dyke presided. Governor Cox was cheered heartily. There was a demonstration rivalling that at a college football match when Governor Cox left Princeton.

Talks to 4,000 in High School.

Winding up his campaign in New Jersey by two big meetings in Jersey City and Hoboken, Governor Cox arrived in the city early this morning. At Jersey City he spoke to about 4,000 persons in the Dickinson High School. Two-thirds of those present were women, and they cheered his remarks concerning the League of Nations.

Governor Cox in his speeches last night covered much of the ground he went over during the day at Trenton, Princeton and Newark. He declared that the League of Nations would prevent future wars and ridiculed the charge that Article X. of the League meant that America must send her soldiers to fight the battles of Europe.

When he referred to Senator Lodge as a base conspirator and the leader of the signers of the "infamous round robin," there was a storm of hisses. One man in the centre of the hall shouted:

"Three cheers for Lodge."

"I have traveled from the Atlantic to the Pacific and back again," shouted Governor Cox, pointing to the interrupter, "but you are the first man I've met who cheered the basest conspirator of all history. You ought to exhibit yourself in vaudeville. But you are as much entitled to your opinion as I am to mine."

The crowd laughed and cheered and there were no more interruptions.

LITTLE REST FOR COX IN HIS NEW YORK DAY

Governor to Make Several Short Talks Before Speaking at Tonight's Mass Meeting.

Final arrangements have been completed for the mass meeting in Madison Square Garden tonight under the direction of the Nonpartisan Citizens' Committee, at which Governor Cox is to be the principal speaker. In addition to Governor Cox, the speakers will be ex-Mayor James M. Curley of Boston, Rabbi Stephen Wise and Harriet May Mills, candidate for Secretary of State on the Democratic ticket.

Governor Cox's schedule for the day is as follows:

9:30 A. M.—Reception and short talk to college men and women at the Waldorf.

10 A. M. to 1 P. M.—Conference with political managers at the Waldorf.

1:30 P. M.—Short address at a luncheon to women at Hotel Astor.

2.15 P. M.—Short address to the Marquette Club at the Waldorf.

3:15 P. M.—Short address to the school teachers of New York City at Washington Irving School, 40 Irving Place.

3:45 P. M.—Visit Public School Athletic League (Sunday World championship games), 22d Regiment Armory, 168th Street and Broadway.

Returns to the Waldorf from the armory and will rest until about 8:30, when he will go to Madison Square Garden, stopping at the Hippodrome for five minutes to view the grand finale of the first act.

Governor Cox will begin speaking at Madison Square Garden immediately after his arrival there.

MRS. COX ARRIVES TO GREET HUSBAND

Thrilled, She Says, by First Visit to New York in a Political Campaign.

BELIEVES IN HOME MAKING

Declares That Is Best Way for a Candidate's Wife to Serve His Interests.

Mrs. James M. Cox, wife of the Democratic presidential nominee, who arrived in New York yesterday to join her husband, believes that the wife of a candidate for public office best serves his interests by making home comfortable and happy. To prove her theories, she has been remaining at the Cox home in Dayton while her husband has been campaigning, joining him only three times in the last six weeks. When he leaves tomorrow for West Virginia, she will return to Ohio.

"I am rather old fashioned," Mrs. Cox told reporters before dining last evening with Mrs. George Bass, Chairman of the Woman's Bureau of the Democratic National Committee, who entertained heads of the bureau in honor of Mrs. Cox.

"I believe that I can best care for my husband in this difficult campaign by taking the responsibility of the household details which always pile up with homemakers in the Fall of the year," she added. "This is the first time I ever have seen New York during a presidential campaign and it is thrilling to see the bustle and hear the political talk."

Mrs. Cox, following her custom established immediately after her husband's nomination, declined to discuss the campaign issues.

"Of course, I am tremendously interested," she said, "and I'm glad to have people like him. That's natural, isn't it? But please excuse me from talking politics. Anne is very well, thank you." Baby Anne was born last Winter.

Reports of Mrs. Cox having done the housework all Summer having filtered Eastward, she was asked to confirm newspaper stories of her success in jelly-making.

"I always do the jellies and jams for the Winter table. The woman who relegates those happy tasks to others misses more than she knows. I don't say that woman's place is always in the home without a woman who isn't home at all. Oh, yes, I am an Episcopalian; my church affiliations sometimes worry people."

Mrs. Cox, who has not passed out of the twenties, is of medium height, slender and gracious in manner; her eyes are brown and her brown hair has an overlay of bronze. Last evening she wore seal brown georgette crepe with bands and a narrow twisted girdle of henna toned beads with a soft brown velvet turban having a three-inch drop of brown lace. She wore a necklet of pearls and a diamond brooch.

Later in the evening Mrs. Cox accompanied Mrs. Bass to a reception of Brooklyn women held at the Hotel Bossert in honor of Miss Harriet May Mills. The women sprang to their feet and cheered as Mrs. Cox entered the ballroom. She did not speak.

Mrs. Bass discussed campaign issues and reviewed Governor Cox's record on industrial, social and educational questions.

Mrs. Cox and Mrs. Daniel J. Mahoney, Governor Cox's daughter, arrived yesterday at midday from Dayton. They will be at the Waldorf until tomorrow. They will attend the luncheon this noon in the Hotel Astor given by local Democratic women, for which 4,300 tickets have been sold, making it the largest women's political luncheon ever held in Greater New York. Mrs. Cox and Mrs. Mahoney will occupy a box this evening at the mass meeting in Madison Square Garden which the Presidential nominee will address.

PREMIER STRIVES TO SETTLE STRIKE

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

recommendation of their executives in favor of withdrawing all labor from the mines on Oct. 31, should the strike go on, there was stronger opposition than had been anticipated, not a few of the delegates representing some of the most important districts in the federation resisted it on the ground that it would be fatal not only to the interests of the community, but mimical to the best interests of the miners themselves, as it simply embodied a policy of mutilating one's nose to spite one's face.

There was, however, a substantial majority in favor of the recommendation.

A Syndicalist resolution that the miners should, in effect, lock out the owners and work the mines as national property was promptly ruled out of order.

Tram and Bus Men Against Strike.

As far as the local situation in London is concerned, a good deal of relief is felt today as a result of the apparent disinclination of the tram and bus drivers to join in the prospective transport walkout. If there should be a railroad strike the subways would of course stop, but it would be still possible for millions of office workers to travel by street car and bus. The motormen and conductors on these services belong to a union which is part of the Transport Workers' Federation, but they are at present satisfied and show no disposition to endanger their positions by joining an unpopular sympathetic strike.

The Star, which cannot be accused of lack of consideration for labor, indeed, warns the railroaders tonight that a stoppage on their part would be a "gigantic gamble."

They are contemplating, it is believed, on the ground that since the coal strike will inevitably throw thousands of them out of work they had better go out altogether and get it over, but The Star tells them that "if they won they would find the price ruinous. If they lost it would be disastrous."

The Government has ample labor at its disposal, The Star says, as Monday's parade of unemployed proved, and continues:

"We repeat with all plainness that general public opinion of London is not going to allow the miners or railwaymen, or anybody else, to starve it if it can help it. It may not love this Government, but it will not starve while food can be brought, and there will be found men who can break any blockade that may be attempted against the food supplies of the people."

Labor M. P.'s Put on Brakes.

The attitude of the Parliamentary Committee of the Trade Union Congress is interpreted now in well-informed circles as being much more favorable to a settlement than was feared yesterday. There have, indeed, been suggestions that, representing as it does 6,000,000 workers, it might set up an organization such as the "Council of Action," which could theoretically plunge the country into the miseries of a general strike, but today C. W. Bowerman, M. P., its Secretary, explained that the letter it addressed to the Premier yesterday, so far from presenting an ultimatum and demanding a reply by midday, merely informed him that the Parliamentary Committee had received reports which showed that if the dispute was prolonged it would extend seriously, and urged that the miners and Government should resume negotiations. Moreover, a reference by the Parliamentary Committee in an announcement it issued this afternoon to "action by separate bodies" is believed to be a semi-official deprecation of sympathetic strikes by the railroaders or transport men.

One hundred thousand workers in skilled trades had been already thrown out of work by the coal strike and 35,-016 more have been put on short time. Many firms connected with the docks have also discharged their employes. No vessels are sailing, so none can come in, and there is no work to be done.

Calls Volunteers "White Guards."

LONDON, Oct. 22 (Associated Press).

There is division among the railroad men with regard to a strike, a large section of them opposing it. J. H. Thomas, General Secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen, has authorized the statement that he is against the strike.

This has brought about the very general opinion that there will not, in any case, be a rail strike before Wednesday, but should it transpire, the Ministry of Transport has an emergency plan in readiness for immediate operation of the railways by volunteers and all machinery created for the purpose during last year's strike will be utilized.

Robert Williams, General Secretary of the transport workers, announced in their behalf, with regard to the enrollment of volunteers by the Government, that the transport men "look upon the danger of the enrollment of volunteers, especially from the middle class and white guards of the community, as of more provocation than the use of troops."

Consequently, continued the announcement, the transport men are considering the granting of permits, in the event of an extension of the coal strike, by which the appropriate trade unions would provide the necessary food for the community.

In the House of Commons this afternoon Edward Shortt, the Home Secretary, gave notice of the presentation of a bill to make exceptional provision for the protection of the community in cases of emergency. The contents of the bill have not yet been divulged, but the announcement is interpreted by the press as meaning that the measure is intended to bear upon the strike situation.

It was said this afternoon that the measure was mainly a revival of the war-time emergency regulations for a period of emergency, and that it was to be pushed forward immediately.

The desirability for a session of the House of Commons on Saturday to pass the Emergency bill was considered this afternoon. It is understood that at first the intention was to take this course, but the proposal was abandoned, it being decided that the House should take a recess over Saturday and Sunday and consider the bill on Monday.

From this understanding the Parliamentary writers have assumed that the strike outlook was regarded as somewhat less menacing.

NEWSPAPERS SEE CHALLENGE.

Question Whether It Would Not Be Better to Fight It Out Now.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The newspapers deplore what Premier Lloyd George described yesterday as the "precipitate action" of the railwaymen's executive, especially as the railwaymen had not been asked by the miners to intervene. The Times says: "It would be a betrayal of weighty national interests to allow the country to drift into the worst economic conflict it has known while there is still a possibility of averting it, but if the responsibility of the Government be heavy and its duty imperative, the responsibility of the miners and railwaymen's leaders is little lighter. They are threatening to let loose forces and passions which they may be powerless to control, and are risking the whole position which the trade unions of the country have built up for organized labor during the last half century."

The Morning Post says: "Mr. Thomas says that unless negotiations are resumed he will call out the National Union of Railwaymen, and that would be blood-curdling if we did not know that negotiations already are going on. But when we do know that fact, then the railwaymen's resolution is seen to be full of sound and fury, signifying very little. It might be amusing if the matter were not too serious, to call that bluff of the National Union of Railwaymen, and see if they really would strike. Supposing negotiations were broken off, we doubt if they would, but we hope as good citizens that we shall not have the opportunity of testing the point."

The paper accuses the railwaymen of deserting their duty without any grievance at all, but simply because another body of workers say they have a grievance," and it concludes: "Terrible as the consequences of resistance may be, and we appreciate that a revolution is threatened as one of these consequences, it would seem to us to be better on merely prudential grounds to make a stand against this sort of thing and suffer the worst that can befall us, for otherwise these threats and stoppages will go on until British industry is completely destroyed and the people of this country prey upon one another among the ruins."

The Daily Telegraph says: "It is evident that a resumption of negotiations now will be hailed by the militant section of trade unionism as a victory for the sort of tactics which they prefer in the conduct of industrial disputes. It is, in our judgment, no use troubling ourselves about that. The vital thing in the present circumstances is to get the path to settlement opened again at once. If by any effort it can be done, and if any section is desirous of snatching an illegitimate advantage out of that state of affairs, let it do so. The suspension of the coal mining industry is far too serious a matter for the nation to concern itself with such manoeuvres. It desires a settlement of this dispute much more earnestly than it is desired by the advocates of aggressive strike action in the railwaymen's or any other trade union."

The paper concludes: "Let us at any rate be honest with ourselves and with one another, and admit that if the battle were really to be joined it would not be upon the merits of this wage dispute, but upon a far greater question, that of the survival or extinction of democratic government."

VOLUNTEERS RUSH TO ENROLL.

Thousands Offer Their Services in Case Strikes Spread.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—So great has been the rush in London of volunteer workers to enroll to maintain essential services in the event of extension of the strike that additional offices have been opened for their registration.

More than 10,000 have registered at the Food Ministry. They include all classes, but the majority are working men.

RUSSIANS URGE MINERS TO FIGHT TO A FINISH

Germans Also Are Keenly Interested—Miners Deny They Have Appealed to Internationale.

BERLIN, Oct. 22.—The Vorwärts, the Socialist organ, in one of its issues of today, asserted that the British coal miners had applied to the Miners' Internationale for assistance. In a later edition, however, the newspaper made a correction of this, declaring that no appeal for assistance had been made.

The newspaper adds that German miners are watching the British strike with intense interest and have sent a message to the British coal diggers, wishing them speedy success.

All the world, especially Russia, is taking a keen interest in the conflict begun by the miners of Great Britain says the manifesto, "your struggle by MM. Losowsky and Anzelovitch, Soviet Russian" delegates here, and printed in the Rote Fahne, a radical organ.

"We are watching with deep feeling," says th emanifesto, "your struggle against the whole force of employers and the British State, a struggle in which everybody who lives by exploiting others opposes the miners and the world of the oppressed and wretched with them. The miners have a fight ahead, and their enemies, armed to the teeth, will do their utmost to break the men's solidarity and penalize them, but they must carry on the gigantic battle to the end. The Russian proletariat has experienced how hard it is to fight against the bourgeoisie of the whole world, but that experience has proved that the latter's power of resistance has limits and the proletariat can conquer. Remember, victory depends upon energy, unity and endurance. Be as steel and you will win."

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Frank Hodges, Secretary of the Miners' Union, today denied that any appeal for assistance has been made to the international organization of miners. No efforts had been made to approach Americans in connection with the miners' strike, he added.

Cunarder to Coal at Halifax.

HALIFAX, N. S., Oct. 22.—The Captain of the Cunard liner Saxonia, on her way from Liverpool to New York, sent a wireless message here today stating that he would stop here to take aboard 600 tons of bunker coal. This is in accordance with instructions from the British Government, allowing steamships to bunker their coal wherever possible because of the British coal miners' strike, he explained.

LONDON SEES HOPE IN ROOT'S SPEECH

Editors Regard His League Views as More Encouraging Than Harding's.

"WEIGHTY PROMISE" HEARD

Chronicle Writer Finds Relief in Root's Suggestion of Negotiating "Necessary Changes."

Special Cable to THE NE

SMITH ASKS MILLER TO BREAK 'SILENCE'

Wants His Opinion on Housing Situation, Prisons and Care of Insane.

PRESSES HIS STATE ISSUES

Charges Republican Press and Candidate with Avoiding Their Platform on Primary.

JAMESTOWN, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Governor Alfred E. Smith in a speech here tonight called upon his Republican opponent, ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller, to define his position on three important matters of State government—housing, the conduct of the State prisons and the care of the insane. The Governor said that housing is one of the great questions before the people, and that, although definite proposals to remedy the crisis have been placed before the Legislature, Mr. Miller remains silent on the subject.

"The conduct of the prisons," said the Governor, "is a great question upon which the Governor has to pass. For over a year this has been the subject of study by a commission appointed by me, and great and definite reforms have already been accomplished. On this subject we have had from Judge Miller only silence.

"I have pointed out that frightful conditions existed in the State hospitals for the insane and have indicated to the Legislature the way to correct this disgraceful condition. Apparently this, too, is a subject of no importance to Judge Miller.

Wants Better Care of Insane.

"The State is not doing a good job in the care of its insane. When my attention was called to conditions in the Brooklyn State Hospital I at first thought there must be exaggeration, but I learned through Dr. Riggs that there had not been. Instead of having one attendant for every twelve patients, there was only one for every forty, and the consequence was that many of them were suffering from the most frightful things. At Central Islip, because of lack of attendants, patients were kept indoors all through the hot months, although the State owned great stretches of lawn all around the hospital.

"The reason the attendants are so few is that salaries are too low. You can't get a nurse for $50 a month or an intelligent attendant for $40, which we are paying. If the people of New York State are going to carry out this sacred trust of caring for the insane, they will have to do it right, not just cage up these poor unfortunates and wait for them to die, as we are largely doing now, because of the lack of proper appropriation for salaries.

"I asked one doctor what class of help he could get for $40 a month to take care of mentally deficient boys. He replied:

"'Governor, to tell you the truth, they are just a little better than the inmates.'

"I appreciate the added cost, but we might as well do the job right or not at all.

Demands Issues Be Discussed.

"The people are entitled to have these great issues discussed and settled. You cannot settle them by talking League of Nations or national prohibition. I stand on my record on these great issues, which is one of constructive action. Judge Miller has not even criticism to offer. He offers only silence.

"It has been strongly suggested that the independent attitude of some of the women of the State toward the nomination of the Republican candidate for Senator has been one of the moving forces behind the reactionary group who seek, by the repeal of the direct primary law, to lessen women's influence in the management of party affairs.

"There is a strange silence about the direct primary question on the part of the Republican press and by the Republican candidate. I put the question to Judge Miller in his own city, and he replied the next night by an attack on Governor Cox of Ohio and by declaring that Governor Smith wanted the people to read the covenant of the League of Nations on Sunday instead of the Bible. Let us have no misunderstanding about it. Judge Miller is very keen to know from day to day where I stand. There is no trouble about that. I answer the minute I am asked. But I ask again, where does Judge Miller stand on direct primaries?"

MRS. J. W. GERARD GIVES $100.

Steady Stream of Contributions to Democratic Campaign Fund.

In a letter yesterday to Wilbur W. Marsh, Treasurer of the Democratic National Committee, inclosing a contribution of $50, T. Wallace of 241 West Twenty-third Street characterized Senator Harding as a "human weathervane." The committee announced that contributions continue to flow into headquarters.

Religious fervor was expressed in many of the letters received by the Women's Bureau. "Praise ye the Lord, sing O ye heavens, for the Lord hath done it," quoted Minnie D. Louis. The day's gifts include $200 from Mrs. Daniel O'Day, $5 from Janet L. Ditto, Washington, D. C., and $261.50 from women living in the Canal Zone, collected by Mrs. Reeder. Susanna P. S. Grigsby, Field Secretary of the Hindman Settlement School, Hindman, Ky., inclosing $25, wrote that as her work prevented her return to Kentucky to vote, the gift represented her railroad fare. Eva Raymond Hughes, Philadelphia, sent $5, and Mrs. James W. Gerard $100.

AID WATSON IN GEORGIA.

Republicans Have Placed His Name on Their Official Ticket.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 22.—Despite the formal declaration of Thomas E. Watson, Democratic nominee for United States Senator from Georgia, that he "could not accept the nomination or official support of any other party," the official Republican ticket for the November election has the name of Watson listed with that of Harry S. Edwards as the party candidate for the Senate.

G. H. Williams of Dublin, the regular Republican nominee, recently withdrew from the contest and urged the Republican State Committee to place the name of Watson on the party ticket, declaring the latter's attitude on the leading issues to be similar to that of the Republican Party.

Edwaards was nominated by the Progressive Republicans, but since has severed his connection with the Progressive faction and is making the race as an independent.

TAXES COX WITH FALSIFYING

Fordney Says Candidate Misrepresented His Stand on Tariff.

Congressman J. W. Fordney of Michigan, Chairman of the Ways and Means Committee, charged Governor James M. Cox with having falsified his record in Congress in a bid for votes in a recent speech in California, in a telegram received yesterday by the Republican National Committee. Congressman Fordney quoted Governor Cox as saying he favored protection for lemons in 1909 and that he favored it now.

"I served on the Ways and Means Committee in 1909 and closely followed all tariff debates," said the telegram. "I have searched the records, I have reread Governor Cox's speeches delivered at that time and I have searched my memory, and cannot find that Cox ever mentioned lemons or the lemon industry during the entire period of tariff revision."

CANDIDATES INDORSED BY CITIZENS UNION

Nine Democrats, Eight Republicans and Three Fusionists Approved for Assemblymen.

The Citizens Union gave out yesterday its records of candidates for the Assembly from Manhattan and the Bronx, together with the candidates receiving its indorsement. All candidates were asked if they believed that any Socialist elected to the Legislature should be denied a seat because of his party, or if they would decide each case on the basis of individual fitness, irrespective of party. Another question was: "Do you believe in the enactment of legislation to prevent the Socialist Party nominating candidates for public office?"

The stand the Union took regarding the matter was set forth as follows:

"We were emphatically opposed to the original ouster proceedings as an un-American blow at representative government. We believe that the trial failed to disclose sufficient grounds for expulsion. The attitude of members as expressed in the replies to this questionnaire was considered by the committee in making indorsements and has been set forth in the directory.

"The Citizens Union has not indorsed any Socialist candidate this year. Such indorsement is not withheld on the ground that they are Socialists, but because they have, in the belief of the Citizens Union, indicated in other years their undesirability by failing to take a stand for fundamental principles of law and order in the community and against the right of policemen and firemen to strike."

The candidates indorsed by the Union are: Charles D. Donohue, Democrat, Fifth District; Solomon Ullman, Fusion, Sixth District; Edward R. Rayher, Republican, Ninth District; Bernard Aronson, Republican, Tenth District; John J. O'Connor, Democrat, Twelfth District; James J. Wilson, Democrat, Thirteenth District; Frederick L. Hackenburg, Democrat, Fourteenth District; Joseph Steinberg, Republican, Fifteenth District; Maurice Bloch, Democrat, Sixteenth District; Daniel J. Naughtin, Republican, Eighteenth District; Martin J. Healy, Democrat, Nineteenth District; Mario G. Di Pirro, Republican, Twentieth District; John C. Hawkins, Republican, Twenty-first District; Michael E. Reburn, Democrat, Twenty-second District; George N. Jesse, Republican, Twenty-third District; William Lyman, Fusion, Fifth District, Bronx; Thomas J. McDonald, Democrat, Sixth District, Bronx; Joseph V. McKee, Democrat, Seventh District, Bronx, and Charles A. Connor, Republican, Eighth District, Bronx.

Altogether nine Democrats, eight Republicans and three Fusionists are indorsed.

TEACHERS' FUND CALLED OFF

Glynn Hears Subscriptions to Aid Smith Are Being Returned.

George A. Glynn, Chairman of the Republican State Committee, said yesterday he had received information that a stop had been put to efforts to collect $1 each from 50,000 school teachers of the State to promote the re-election of Governor Smith.

"My information is that the promoters of this scheme are returning the subscriptions and are telling the contributors that it is illegal to collect money in this way," said Mr. Glynn. "But I also am informed that these solicitors are telling the contributors they can make a contribution in another way. Of course, any contribution of this nature is in direct violation of the law."

The Republican State Committee made public a statement by Nathan L. Miller, candidate for Governor, declaring it to be the duty of the State to provide by legislation that the pay shall be sufficient to attract and retain competent teachers and that existing salaries must not be reduced.

"The effectiveness of the public school depends upon the teacher," Judge Miller said. "Successful teachers must be specially trained. They must give time and thought to matters which will tend to increase their efficiency. They must so live that they will prove a beneficial influence to children, both in and out of school. To accomplish this they must be paid an adequate compensation.

"The future safety of our State depends upon the enlightment and intelligence of our citizens. Our public school system must be maintained with the highest possible degree of efficiency. Liberal public expenditures will be demanded by the people and no complaint will be made if effective results are obtained."

WANTS ALL TO READ LEAGUE.

Democratic Chairman Asks Voters to Study Text of Covenant.

An appeal to the people to see to it as individuals that the text of the covenant of the League of Nations becomes generally known during the coming week by urging everybody to read it was issued last night by George White, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee:

"The great issue before the American people," said the appeal, is: "Shall the United States join the League of Nations with such reservations as are deemed necessary to stress the League's sole purpose to insure peace and to emphasize the supremacy of the Constitution?

"Governor Cox and the Democratic Party are for going in on that basis. Senator Harding, if he stands for anything, committed his party at Des Moines for total rejection of the League, a league and any clarifying reservations or modifications.

"The Democratic candidates, the Democratic National Committee and the party have done all in their power to see that the voters of the United States acquaint themselves with the text of the covenant. The Republican Party has done its best to prevent this. We printed it in our campaign text-book. The Republicans omitted it from theirs. Newspapers friendly to our cause have distributed thousands of copies of the covenant. Many Republican newspapers have declined to print it. This committee has distributed millions of copies. The truth, crushed to earth, has risen again."

MILLER DECLARES PRIMARY A FRAUD

Promises if Elected to Try to End It in State and Judicial Nominations.

HECKLERS BRING OUT POLICY

Hoover Urges a Governor of New York in "Tune" with a Republican Administration.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Oct. 22.—Predicting a period of "enhanced economic difficulty," Herbert C. Hoover called upon 4,000 persons in Convention Hall tonight to vote ex-Judge Nathan L. Miller into the Governorship of New York State, declaring the Judge's counsel was needed in the high councils of Republicanism.

"There can be no question as to the victory of the Republican ticket," he declared as he launched into a tribute to the Republican candidate, which ended with the statement that New York should "be represented by a Governor in tune with the policies of the national administration."

"Any student of the distribution of food supplies in the City of New York will realize," he said, "that a very large measure of the high cost of living is due to faulty distribution within the limits of that city.

"If there could be developed adequate distribution in New York City there would be the greatest fundamental relief to the cost of living that can be constructively produced. New York City is fed by many States. Its transportation comes from many quarters. The solution of railroad, harbor developments, transport problems, generally, cannot be carried out solely by the State itself. It must have co-operation with the Federal Government."

In addition to Mr. Hoover and Judge Miller the speakers at the rally included Frederick Hale Parkhurst, Governor-elect of Maine; Henry J. Ryan of Boston, Elon H. Hooker and Lieut. Col. Theodore Roosevelt.

Invades Thompson Territory.

The day's big meetings were at Lockport and Middleport, in the heart of the hostile territory of Senator George F. Thompson, who is also a candidate for Governor. At both gatherings the Judge was heckled by men represented as Thompson emissaries, who sought his views on the direct primary law.

At Lockport, Schuyler Beattie, a Thompson lieutenant, was posted in the first row, and Judge Miller had scarcely been introduced when Beattie was on his feet.

"Judge Miller," he said, "will you kindly state your position on the direct primaries during your talk?"

"I will," was the answer. "Who asked you to ask me that question?"

"No one," was the response. "I do it of my own volition."

"All right," said the Judge. "There is no issue I am evading, but let me tell you that there are a great many more issues in this campaign more vital than the question of primaries, and one of them, Sir, is the preservation of our America from foreign domination. Another one is the restoration of economical and business administration in both the State and the nation and the rescue of the Government and the people of our country from the gross extravagance from which we are now suffering. And another one, Sir, is the putting an end to one-man domination in this country and the restoration of representative democratic government of the people.

"But I will answer your question, lest I forget it, right at the start. I think, Sir, that the direct primary system which we have got was inaugurated in the interest of Tammany Hall, in order to enable Tammany Hall to control the Democracy of the State of New York, as it has done. Tammany Hall has found, with its great vote in New York City, that the Tammany Hall delegation can Tammanyize the Democracy of the State of New York, and so Governor Smith is now strong for the direct primary.

Calls Primary a Fraud.

"I think, Sir, that a Statewide direct primary has proved to be a delusion and a snare, a fraud. I think that it has offered opportunity for two things, for the demagogue and the man with money, and I am in favor of restoring, as far as the election of State and judicial candidates is concerned, a representative party system. That is where I stand, Sir. I have not been talking about it because we are concerned with graver issues."

"That's right," shouted a voice.

"Of course," continued the Judge, "it is all right. The people of this State know a fraud when they have seen it. They have seen how the direct primary has operated in the selection of judicial candidates; they have seen how it operates in the selection of State candidates, and they are ready to quit on it, and I promise you that, so far as my influence goes after Jan. 1, we will get rid of the direct primary, so far as it applies to either State or judicial office."

At the meeting in Senator Thompson's home town, the judge was handed a note written by a man who signed himself either McDugall or McDonald. The note sought enlightenment on the primary question. Judge Miller reiterated the Lockport reply, but added:

"It is utterly impossible in this country to have mass action in any unit as large as the State. The effect of the direct primary law on the selection of our candidates has been to cause deterioration. The effect of the direct primary law as applied to the State at large has been bad. I believe in the representative party system. This is a representative government. It is not a pure democracy, and people who say it is deceive you."

The next snag in the day's progress came at Albion where the Albion Post of the American Legion requested the judge to say where he stood on the proposal to give a bonus to war veterans. The candidate failed to register himself one way or the other. He ducked the matter and said the people would decide at the election. After contending that Governor Smith had no part in putting the matter where the voters could ballot on it, he said it was up to him to say how the vote should go.

"You will find," he said, "on Election Day that you have a resolution to vote on. If you are in favor of the proposal you will vote yes; and if you are not, you will vote no. All I have to say about it is this: America is not ungrateful."

COOLIDGE EXPRESSES SYMPATHY FOR WILSON

Tells Virginia Audience He Hopes for President's Speedy Recovery —Urges 'Americanism.'

RICHMOND, Va., Oct. 22.—In a speech here tonight, after a day's tour of the State, Governor Coolidge reviewed the records of Massachusetts and Virginia as the "Mother of Presidents" and added:

"Allow me here, in the State that gave him birth and that has added his name as the eighth of her sons to attain the Presidency, to express the sympathy of Massachusetts and the sympathy of the party of which I am a member, to President Wilson in his illness, and to express the hope of his speedy and complete recovery."

Speaking at an indoor meeting at Danville, Governor Coolidge appealed for "the support of all those who believe in Americanism."

"American institutions have been threatened in the North," he said. "We will do what we can to combat the menace, but we need your help in the common cause. The issues require that the voters of the South and of the North go to the polls as Americans, not as partisans."

Governor Coolidge, in a rear platform speech at South Boston, Virginia, said it was useless to have free institutions; useless to have a Constitution unless "Government is administered at a price the people can pay."

The Governor called for a return to the principles of the Government under the Constitution, and reiterated his plea for Americanism, declaring he wanted "a Government that will look after America first."

Governor Morrow of Kentucky continued his attack on the League of Nations and was applauded when he denounced Article X. in reply to a heckler who shouted: "What about Root and Article X.?"

$3.65 MILK PRICE AGREED TO

Distributers Meet Demand of Producers for November Product.

The milk distributors agreed yesterday afternoon to pay the producers' price of $3.65 a hundred pounds for 3 per cent. milk for November.

The distributers have not yet made a new agreement with the Milk Drivers' Union for the year beginning Nov. 1 and it was said yesterday that until this matter has been disposed of the distributers cannot determine the November price of milk to consumers.

INDICTS THREE MORE IN BASEBALL FIXING

Chicago Grand Jury Returns Bills Against Hal Chase, Abe Attell and Burns.

HEARS OF HUGE BETS MADE

Chase Was Chief Instigator in Alleged Plot, It Is Said, and Got Gamblers Interested.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Indictments against thirteen persons believed to have been implicated in the "throwing" of games in the 1919 world's series by Chicago American League players were returned today by a Special Cook County Grand Jury which has been investigating the baseball scandal for more than a month. The indictments charged conspiracy to commit an illegal act. Further indictments are expected when the jury reconvenes next week, the State Attorney's office said.

Indictments against ten of the men named today had previously been voted, but were revoted to overcome legal technicalities. The other three, Abe Attell, Hal Chase and William Burns, had only been unofficially mentioned in connection with the investigation.

Chase and Burns, former major league players, and Attell, once the featherweight boxing champion of the world, have been accused by witnesses of being three of a clique which "framed" the world's series and arranged to bribe White Sox players for sums said to range from $2,000 to $10,000 to try to lose games in the contests for the world's baseball championship.

According to testimony presented, "at least several hundred thousand dollars" was bet and won on the world's series. Chase was the first man to suggest "throwing" the series, it was said, and called in the others to help him. Harry Long, a Chicago man, told the jury he alone placed $27,000 in bets on Cincinnati for Sport Sullivan of Boston. Testimony has been received concerning many other large bets, it was said.

Two Alleged Gamblers Also Indicted.

Besides Chase, Attell and Burns, today's indictments covered two alleged gamblers, Sullivan and a man known to the jury only as "Brown," and the eight players owned by the Chicago American League club against whom true bills previously had been voted. They were Joe Jackson and Oscar Felsch, outfielders; Eddie Cicotte and Claude Williams, pitchers; "Swede" Risberg, shortstop; "Chick" Gandil, first baseman in 1919, but who was not in the big leagues this year; Fred McMullin, utility infielder, and "Buck" Weaver, third baseman.

Williams, Jackson and Cicotte had previously made sworn confessions before the jury. Cicotte said he received $10,000, while Williams said he received $10,000, which he split with Jackson, who confirmed the statements of the two pitchers. Weaver, McMullin and Risberg have announced that they will fight the case and contest the suspension placed on all eight players by owner Charles A. Comiskey.

Officials of the State's Attorney's office today said testimony had been given that Chase, who was expelled from the major leagues and barred from league parks in the West for alleged gambling, was one of the chief instigators of the game selling.

The jury was said to have received more testimony concerning Chase than any of the others. President Heydler of the National League; Garry Herrmann, owner of the Cincinnati Reds; Manager John McGraw, President Stoneham, Fred Toney, and Benny Kauff of the New York Giants, and others, testified concerning the man who during his major league career was known as the "Prince of first basemen."

Chase, It Is Said, Got Attell Interested.

This testimony was said to show that Chase approached Abe Attell before the 1919 world's series and asked him if he could raise $100,000 with which to bribe the Chicago players and if he then could place large sums in bets. Attell was said to have gone to a New York gambler who has been mentioned in connection with the jury investigation and also to have approached "Sport" Sullivan on the proposition. Chase, according to the testimony, was also said to have approached Sullivan, telephoning him from the room in New York occupied by Jean Dubuc, former Detroit pitcher. Through the activities of Chase and Attell, officials said, the testimony indicated the deal which "threw" the world's series and wrecked the championship Chicago club, was arranged.

Burns, former pitcher for the Chicago Americans, Cincinnati Reds and Philadelphia Nationals, was brought into the deal by Chase, it was said, his work, according to State officials, being primarily to superintend the placing of bets. Dubuc testified some time ago that Chase telegraphed him that the series had been fixed, and Rube Benton, New York National pitcher, testified he was present when the telegram was received. Working with these men, the testimony was said to show, were "Chick" Gandil and another player, who were said to have represented some of the Sox players in the deal.

The name of "Sport" Sullivan of Boston, also was mentioned by witnesses who told of Chase's activities in connection with the series "fixing," the State's official said. Sullivan was approached by Chase and his clique for financial support, he said. Claude Williams, White Sox pitcher, in his confession of accepting a bribe to throw games said he and other White Sox players were approached by men named "Sullivan" and "Brown," and the jury voted indictments against these men, although it could not identify them further.

HE DECLINES APPOINTMENT.

Gavin McNab of San Francisco Refuses to Serve on Shipping Board.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 22.—A telegram declining appointment to the United States Shipping Board on the ground that his professional duties would prevent his serving was sent today to President Wilson by Gavin McNab.

McNab, who is an attorney, said in the telegram that "while I appreciate the courtesy which prompts the appointment, I am so situated at this time that my service on the board would not be possible."

McNab was given a recess appointment yesterday by President Wilson.

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The lines are youthful and particularly conducive to slenderness. The collars are of various kinds of Fur. Stitching, narrow belts and odd buttons are their only means of adornment. Many lovely new shades.

(Fourth Floor)

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There are a number of handsome models from which to choose in a wide variety of soft, neutral shades.

Some have massive collars of Fur—others large, crushable collars of self-material.

All are lined throughout with Silk of excellent quality.

(Fourth Floor)

If Present Telephone Rates Were Continued—

1920—A return of less than 2%
1921—A deficit estimated at $1,182,000

The following figures showing the New York Telephone Company's estimated operating revenues and expenses for 1920 and 1921 in New York City under present rates were presented at the first hearing before the Public Service Commission, Second District, on the Telephone Company's petition for increased rates.

	1920*	1921
Revenues	$49,011,000	$53,118,500
Expenses	46,607,800	54,300,800
Net telephone revenue	$2,403,200	Deficit $1,182,300

*Eight months actual and four months estimated.

To build the physical plant now in public use in New York City cost approximately $123,000,000. On this amount at present rates the Company would earn this year less than 2%.

Without increased revenue from higher rates it is estimated that in 1921 the Company will fail to meet its bare operating expenses by over a million dollars.

The work of increasing the facilities and the organization sufficiently to meet New York City's abnormal demand for service is far from finished. New plant and equipment costing millions of dollars must be bought and installed. A large number of new employees must be secured, trained and paid.

The Company cannot provide the service New York City needs unless it has sufficient revenue to meet the requirements of the business.

Adequate service depends upon adequate revenue and adequate revenue upon adequate rates.

NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY

During the

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McCreery Victrola Offer

Victrola XI *Illustrated*	150.00
Records to amount of	15.00
Total	165.00

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POLITICAL.

COX! COX!

MASS MEETING

Madison Square Garden

TO-NIGHT

Hon. JAMES M. COX

RABBI STEPHEN S. WISE

HON. HARRIET MAY MILLS

HON. JAMES M. CURLEY of Boston

and other eminent men and women will speak under the auspices of the

NON-PARTISAN CITIZENS' COMMITTEE

HON. GEO. FOSTER PEABODY, Chairman **HON. NATHAN STRAUS, Presiding Officer**

Music by Ridgely's 69th Regiment Band

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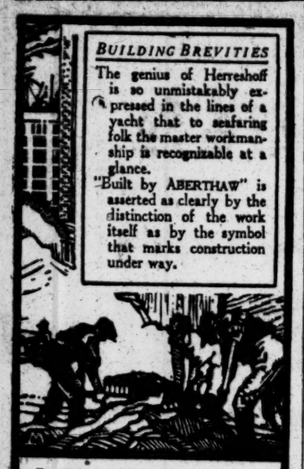

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Wear "SUPERIORS." Fellows who fare forth after fame and fortune, who hang on and never hang back, the ready, heady, steady workers, who do their level best—and always on the level—love living in

Superior THE PERFECT UNION SUIT

Superiors can't gap in the seat, can't bunch or bind in the crotch; they're knit to fit. The quality is always the same, whether in the famous buttonless locked crotch, or button seat closed crotch. All fabrics, priced to please. Say "Superiors" to your dealer, or send for catalogue.

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Largest organization for tree planting.
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SAYS GREEK KING IS VICTIM OF PLOT

French Surgeon Asserts Monkey Which Attacked Him Was Inoculated with Rabies.

MONARCH'S CONDITION BAD

Constantine Refuses to Discuss Proposal to Give Up Claims to Throne in Favor of Paul.

ROME, Oct. 22.—Injuries inflicted upon King Alexander of Greece by a monkey were the result of a plot to assassinate the young monarch, according to Dr. Georges Fernand Vidal of Paris, who has been attending the King and was interviewed by the Messagero while passing through Rome on his way home from Athens.

"While the story of the monkey biting King Alexander is true," Dr. Vidal is quoted as saying, "the monkey was suffering from rabies, with which it had been artificially inoculated. Hence, a veritable attempt against the King's life was committed."

Professor Delbet, an eminent French surgeon, passed through Italy yesterday on his way to Athens, where he hopes to arrive in time to operate on King Alexander in an endeavor to save the monarch's life. The surgeon traveled from the French frontier to Rome on a special train, the railway line being cleared for its progress.

Arriving here dispatches from Greece were delivered to Dr. Delbet by the Hellenic Legation. He then left by another special train for Taranto, where a Greek torpedoboat destroyer was awaiting to carry him at full speed to Athens.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—An Athens message received at the Greek Legation at 10 o'clock tonight reported little change in the condition of King Alexander. It said hope was still entertained, however.

King's Condition Unsatisfactory.

ATHENS, Oct. 22.—King Alexander of Greece was resting easily shortly before midnight last night, according to a bulletin issued by his physicians at 11 P. M. The King at that hour was in a calm sleep. His temperature was 39.2 centigrade (102.56 Fahrenheit).

The reports regarding the King's condition, however, were not considered at all satisfactory. His temperature, it was stated, had shown disquieting fluctuations.

The bulletin issued at 7 o'clock last evening said the King had spent a restless day and that his temperature was then 104, with pulse of 136 to 150 and respiration 40 to 48. The day had brought about no improvement in his condition, it was added.

At 1 o'clock this morning the bulletin from the sick room said the King was restless constantly and his temperature was fluctuating between 100.4 and 104. The dressing on his wound caused intense pain, the bulletin stated.

Constantine Silent on His Plans.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

GENEVA, Oct. 22.—Ex-King Constantine, who is still in Switzerland, refuses to make any statement regarding his attitude toward Greece. Still less will he say anything about the proposals that he and Prince George should abandon all claims to the Greek throne in favor of Prince Paul. He is not concerned with the question of who is to succeed Alexander should the King die. If the Greek people want a republic that is their business.

Nevertheless, I learn privately that Constantine and particularly ex-Queen Sophia, sister of the ex-German Emperor, have not abandoned hope of ultimately regaining the throne. The report that the Swiss Government would not allow Constantine to leave Switzerland is incorrect, for as he is not interned it cannot prevent his leaving, provided his papers are in order. Should he leave, however, he would not be allowed to return.

What the people here wonder is where the money comes from that he spends royally on royalist propaganda and also for his heavy personal expenditure, for he still lives luxuriously and still writes and telegraphs as "His Majesty, King Constantine." He willingly accepts invitations to dine with the new rich, even bringing with him a host of uninvited guests, but the next day, should he meet his hostess in the street, he does not condescend to recognize her. He is very unpopular in Switzerland, and the Government and people alike, except perhaps the proprietor of the hotel where he stays, would gladly be rid of him.

CHINA HONORS GEN. MARCH.

Gives Him Grand Cordon of the Golden Grain for His War Work.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The Chinese Government, acting through the State Department, conferred today upon Major General March, Chief of Staff, the Grand Cordon of the Order of Chia-ho (Golden Grain,) The presentation was made without formality due to the absence of the Chinese minister, Dr. Wellington Koo, who has left for his new station at London.

The Grand Cordon of the Chia-ho will also be presented to General Pershing and Major General Tasker H. Bliss. The decoration is conferred for distinguished military or civil service.

Major Generals William S. Graves, George W. Goethals and Frank McIntyre will be presented with the Grand Cordon of the Order of Wen-hu (Striped Tiger), which is given for deeds of merit in the naval or military service.

HUNGRY SING SING FUGITIVES TRAPPED

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

iff Wooster, C. W. Rowe of Henniker, N. H., and Edward L. Forsaith of Warner went to a point on the road near the abandoned house on Tory Hill. They were there not longer than ten minutes before they caught sight of Stivers and Bassett lying in the shade of an apple tree near the road. The two deputies crept forward behind a stone wall, and when they were within a few yards of the fugitives they straightened up, with their rifles ready.

Assuming that the two members of the posse were hunters, one of the escaped convicts asked the way to Bradford, a nearby town. In reply Rowe and Forsaith covered the convicts with their rifles.

Stivers and Bassett threw up their hands, and the deputies approached them. Search revealed that Stivers had an automatic pistol, loaded with three cartridges, and jointly the fugitives had in their possession about twenty cartridges. Rowe and Forsaith trussed up their prisoners, and after they were made secure against another attempt to escape, Rowe stood guard, while Forsaith went to the nearest house and advised Sheriff Wooster by telephone of the capture.

In a short while both the Sheriff and Warden Lawes arrived at the abandoned farmhouse. As he approached Rowe, standing guard over the two prisoners, the warden shouted:

"You've got them all right. They're the fellows."

The warden later announced that the reward of $250 would be paid to Rowe and Forsaith. The news of the capture was passed quickly around among all the members of the posse who were still guarding the woods, and the posses were dispersed. The convicts were then taken by Warden Lawes in automobiles to Concord, where they started on their return to Sing Sing by train.

Fugitives Face Seven Charges.

Amer keepers with the Warden who saw Stivers soon after his capture said he seemed to have lost five or six pounds during his flight from Sing Sing, but otherwise the two convicts were not so nearly exhausted physically as might have been expected.

When the news of their capture was received at Sing Sing there was great rejoicing among the keepers. The prisoners merely laughed, for a prisoner who can make good his escape is hailed as a hero by his fellows, while he who fails falls into disgrace.

At Sing Sing it was said that Warden Lawes, immediately upon his return, intended to have the two fugitives indicted on four charges, including jail breaking, felonious assault, carrying concealed weapons and grand larceny, these crimes all having been committed in the State of New York. The convicts also will face three additional charges, including one for highway robbery in Connecticut and grand larceny and highway robbery in New Hampshire. Many years are expected to be added to the term of twenty years that Stivers was serving at Sing Sing and to the two-year term of which Bassett had served all but a few weeks.

Is Toothless Old Age Inevitable?

If some of the teeth have started to go, the rest will surely follow unless a way can be found to check the *real* cause of so much tooth destruction. In 95 in every 100 cases—according to authoritative belief—that cause is "Acid-Mouth."

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TOOTH PASTE
Counteracts "Acid-Mouth"

Teeth that are sound and whole now will have an excellent chance to remain so, if their possessor will use Pebeco Tooth Paste every night and morning, and have a dentist go over them twice a year. Pebeco counteracts "Acid-Mouth" by encouraging the saliva to do its normal work of protecting the teeth, gums and entire oral cavity from acids and other harmful secretions and deposits.

Pebeco is sold by druggists everywhere

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MANY NEW EFFECTS IN
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With trimmings of metal beads, chenille, silk embroidery, metallic laces and other real laces—

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Charming New Blouses

of embroidered Georgette and chiffon, crepe satin and Georgette combinations with trimmings of new bead embroidery, in shades to match one's suit—at $22.

Fashionable Blouses

Of heavy silk crepe with metal, chenille and silk embroidery—and beaded Georgette styles in the new suit shades at $35.

Macy's Macy's

Eve of All Saints or Hallowe'en

Celtic tradition avers that on the evening of October 31st, or Hallowe'en, the witches, the fairies, the ghosts and the elves wander over the country-side.

Nowadays grown-ups, as well as children, make this night one of laughter and fun. It is an evening of games and frolics, an evening of high spirits.

We have a collection of books containing games, puzzles and fun makers appropriate for Hallowe'en

Ice Breakers; Games and Stunts—*Edna Geister*..... $1.24
"Breaking the Ice" is the hostess's problem. This is a book of tried and true "Ice Breakers."

The Mary Dawson Game Book—*Mary Dawson*..... $1.34
Games and guessing contests for entertainments of every description.

Games for All Occasions—*Mary E. Blain*..... 89c
Games for children and games for their elders for all kinds of parties.

Games for Hallowe'en—*Mary E. Blain*..... 54c
Many new and novel games for Hallowe'en, with suggestions for decorating the home.

Your Fortune Told Under Your Lucky Star—*C. W. Walker*..... 84c
An explanation of the characteristics and possibilities of people born under the various stars. Makes interesting reading at Hallowe'en parties.

White Magic—*John Le Breton*..... 89c

The Ghosts of My Friends—*C. Henland*..... 89c
Ghosts made while you wait.

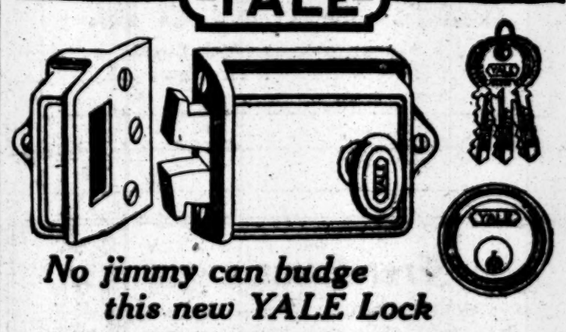
Revelations of My Friends..... 89c
Some surprising discoveries in store for you.

Chi-Chi, the Chinese Fortune Telling Game..... 47c

Macy's—Main Floor, 35th Street, Rear.

R. H. Macy & Co.
HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

YALE



No jimmy can budge this new YALE Lock

THE new Yale No. 92 Cylinder Guard Lock defies *any* attempt to break in. Its heavy *hooked* bolts of hardened bronze hold your door shut with the *grip* of a bear trap.

Ask for it at any good hardware store. Examine it—see how strong it is. Buy one for your home, your garage.

The Yale & Towne Mfg. Co. (Makers of the Yale Locks) Stamford, Conn.

Yale Made Is Yale Marked.

ANNIVERSARY SALE

Young Men's Suits

$28.50 at

Regularly $45

$45 was a low price for these suits. The men who have purchased them of us knew this only too well. Any one would be pardoned for mistaking them for garments much higher priced. To tell the truth, everything about their appearance readily conveys that impression. The splendid assortment assures every man of finding more than one to please him on very short notice.

Single and double breasters; one, two and three button effects; quarter, half and full lined; patch, slant and slash pockets; peak, soft roll and conservative lapels. 34 to 40.

250 Men's and Young Men's
Winter Overcoats
One-quarter satin trimmed, belts in back and all around
$46
Sizes 35 to 46
Plenty of smart patterns, colors and fabrics

Extra Special 400 Men's
Dinner Vests
Peaked and plain lapels
$6.75
Formerly $10, $12.50, $15
Inc. Tax
Sizes—Regulars 33 to 46 Longs 34 to 42 Stouts 38 to 46

Men's
High Shoes & Oxfords
At Less Than Wholesale Cost
High Shoes in Russia Tan Tan Viking Norwegian Grain
$7.75
Regularly $14, $14.50, $15.50, $16
Low Shoes in Black Kid Russia Tan Tan Cordovan with plain tips Tan Brogues Tan Cordovan Brogues
Particularly Good Assortments in Narrow Widths

James McCreery & Co.
5th Ave. and 35th Street
Entrance—Fifth Avenue Arcade

Stern Brothers
West 42nd Street (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd Street

Noteworthy Offerings for Today in
WOMEN'S TRIMMED HATS

DISTINCTIVE Fall and Winter models, fashioned of Lyons Velvet, Panne Velvet and Duvetyne; many are combined with Metal Cloth. Other smart effects are produced through the use of Fur trimmings.

Special Values at $9.75 THIRD FLOOR.

Flower and Feather Trimmings

Imported and domestic novelties, suitable for Millinery Corsage, Hair Ornamentation or other decorative purposes

at Unusually Moderate Prices.

All college men and women invited to
Dinner in Honor of
Franklin D. Roosevelt
Harvard '04 Columbia '07
Hotel Commodore
Monday, Oct. 25, 7 P. M.
Five dollars payable before October 23, 2 P. M., Room 95, Murray Hill Hotel. Checks to order of Whiter R. Kuhn (Cornell 1912). Treasurer.
Cox-Roosevelt College Men's League of New York
DINNER COMMITTEE
Walter R. Herrick, Prin. '98 Chairman
David C. Bennett, Jr., Columbia '98
Peter B. Olney, Jr., Harvard '02
John T. McGovern, Cornell '00

Removal Sale
SUITS & O'COATS
$23.35 to $48.35
Regularly $35 to $85
Matthews
1163-5 Broadway, N'r 27th St.

GLOVES
White Washable Antelope, 2-clasp, $3.75
6-inch Strap wrist, $4.75
CROSS
The World's Greatest Leather Store
404 Fifth Ave., New York; 253 B'way.
Boston—145 Tremont Street.
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ALL BOOKS ALL LANGUAGES

A great BIG story of a great BIG man in the very BIGGEST of our great modern industries
STEEL PREFERRED
An absorbing tale for the superficial reader, a profound study in human economics for the more thoughtful.
BY HERSCHEL S. HALL
Price $2 at all booksellers.
E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Av., N. Y.

Ask For and Get Horlick's The ORIGINAL Malted Milk
Safe Milk For Infants & Invalids
NO COOKING
The "Food-Drink" for All Ages. Quick Lunch at Home, Office, and Fountains. Ask for HORLICK'S.
Avoid Imitations & Substitutes

GOVERNOR COX AT SUSAN B. ANTHONY'S GRAVE.

A photograph which will be reproduced in The New York Times Rotogravure-Picture Section tomorrow shows the Democratic nominee for President placing a wreath on the grave of the pioneer woman suffragist.—Advt.

MACSWINEY REMAINS IN DELIRIOUS STATE

Attacks Are Very Violent, Though He Rallies Occasionally, Says Bulletin.

DOCTORS STILL FEED HIM

He Asks Whether the "Irish Republic" Has Yet Received Complete Recognition.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Lord Mayor MacSwiney, says the night bulletin of the Irish Self-Determination League, had a violent but short attack of delirium at 7 o'clock this evening, after which he slept.

Mrs. MacSwiney was with him all day, but was not recognized. This was the seventy-first day since MacSwiney began his hunger strike, though the strike has now been partially broken by the food administered on Wednesday, yesterday and today.

While MacSwiney was delirious this morning the prison authorities continued to force food into his mouth, in spite of his protests, according to an early bulletin issued by the league.

The Lord Mayor becomes conscious at intervals, the bulletin said, but is unable to recognize relatives or his surroundings. For a short time last night his delirium again became violent.

"He went to sleep for about an hour," continued the bulletin. "At about 4:45 o'clock he seemed to be rallying to his senses, but relapsed almost immediately. This occurred again between 7 and 8 o'clock, when his sister Annie was with him. He suddenly asked what were the month and the year, where he was, and was the Irish Republic established and recognized.

"It seemed as if he might recognize his sister, but he became delirious again, muttering: 'We did some grand marching during the night; they were marching as well, but we beat them; it's glorious.'

"The prison authorities continue to force food into his mouth. About 8:30 this morning a nurse held a spoon of meat juice to his lips, but he muttered, 'No, no, take it away,' and closed his lips firmly. The performance was repeated twice, when his head fell back from exhaustion and the spoon was inserted in his mouth."

The Central News says that MacSwiney was only partially conscious this morning, having passed a very bad night. It declares that a doctor again administered liquid food and that subsequently the Lord Mayor became violently ill and was thrown into an exhausted condition.

The League's mid-afternoon bulletin stated that MacSwiney had been in a more or less semi-conscious condition all morning.

"He recognized his sister Mary, but no one else," the bulletin added. "The delirium continues at intervals in a more extreme form. He now is calm."

PARLIAMENT RESUMES HOME RULE DEBATE

Committee Takes Up Finances—Restore Devlin to Seat—Five Killed in Ambuscades.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—The Irish Home Rule bill is again under consideration in the House of Commons. The bill was taken up today when the House went into committee on the financial clauses of the measure. There was a very small attendance of the members.

The House, on motion of Andrew Bonar Law, the Government leader, had previously voted for the immediate termination of the suspension from the House of Joseph Devlin, Nationalist member from the Falls Division of Belfast. Mr. Devlin was suspended on Aug. 6, during the debate preceding the final passage of the Irish Coercion bill, when he defied the Chair to silence him upon objection to some of his remarks.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

CORK, Oct. 22.—An attack on a military lorry today between Innishannon and Ballinhassig resulted in Lieutenant Dickson of the Essex Regiment and two private soldiers being killed and three wounded. It is the biggest military casualty list yet caused by the ambushing of lorries.

Important dispatches were being carried from Bandon to Cork in a motor car and the escorting lorry was about 200 yards behind when fire was opened from behind fences. The soldiers returned the fire and the car got through the ambush. A Corporal jumped out to cover the retreat and opened fire at a spot from which men were shooting.

Four of the attacking party advanced along the side of the road and the Corporal fell with a bullet through the knee. The four men then rejoined their comrades, who were now firing on the lorry.

The latter was attacked from the front and both sides, and a bullet from the first volley put the engine out of action and killed the Lieutenant and a private soldier. The survivors returned the fire, but they could see no one, and they were picked off one by one until only one private, 17 years old, remained unhurt.

Then forty of the attackers, armed with service rifles and fixed bayonets, went to the lorry and took away the arms and ammunition. They did not interfere with the young private beyond seizing his rifle, but they took the equipment off the bodies of the dead men, and also searched the pockets of the officer. It is believed that none of the attackers was killed.

An official report says that the attacking party consisted of thirty to forty men, dressed in civilian clothes, and adds: "No assistance was given to the wounded, but, on the contrary, both dead and wounded were searched for loot. The leading car, in accordance with previous instruction, continued on its way. One officer and one soldier were killed and another soldier died later. Three others were wounded."

CORK, Oct. 22 (Associated Press).—According to A. H. Roberts, whose farm faces the road where the ambuscade was laid, the attacking party exploded a mine in the roadway by an electric current from a pit dug at the roadside. The leading car barely escaped the explosion, while the second lorry ran squarely into the hole made by it.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUBLIN, Oct. 22.—This city was startled last night by what were apparently heavy explosions and intermittent rifle fire, and a rumor gained currency that an armory had been raided. This the authorities deny and suggest that the "explosions" were nothing more serious than the back-firing of a stationary engine at some works on the Quayside.

It is admitted, however, that patrols fired in reply to shots aimed at them in the darkness after curfew.

A new method was adopted by raiding parties of police and military last night. They surrounded districts and searched pedestrians caught within the cordons.

DUBLIN, Oct. 22.—Two policemen were killed today when, with four of their colleagues, they were attacked from ambush by fifty disguised men at Feakle, County Clare.

Three military lorries today were subjected to a twenty-five minutes' attack at West Mullingar. Several policemen are believed to have been wounded.

Widow Illegally Held Incompetent.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in Brooklyn yesterday set aside the verdict of a sheriff's jury in Richmond County which last March declared Mrs. Rebecca M. Wilkins, a widow, living in Staten Island, incompetent, and committed her to the Long Island Home at Amityville, L. I. The higher court said the proceedings were "to say the least, irregular, and void owing to lack of notice to the alleged incompetent." The petition asking for the committee was filed by Bertram G. Eadie, her attorney for many years, and in the order granting the application, Eadie was named as the committee.

B. R. T. Would Cut Transfers.

Announcement was made by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company yesterday that Lindley M. Garrison, Receiver, had applied to the Public Service Commission for permission to operate the Church Avenue line without transfers. Permission was also sought for the operation of a shuttle between Fifth Avenue and Bay 19th Street in place of the 30th Street-Coney Island line.

SLAIN WOMAN'S BODY FOUND IN A THICKET

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

Wednesday afternoon or evening. The usual medical signs indicated that death had been recent, and the police pointed out that few of the falling Autumn leaves were found on the body.

Search of the police records failed to show any woman missing on Staten Island, and no missing woman from any other part of the city fits the description. The police said they believed the woman was French, because some of her apparel was designed along the lines used by French women. She was about 25 years old, 5 feet 5 inches in height, weighed 125 pounds, had blue eyes and an abundance of blonde hair. She wore a blue serge suit, a white corduroy turban, yellow satin underskirt, lace stockings, and brown ties.

Edward Schneider of 236 Pelton Avenue, and Raymond Schreisner of 15 Seneca Street, West New Brighton, the hunters who found the body, volunteered last night to return to the knoll today with their dogs and seek to find the footprints of the assailant, and other evidence.

RUSSEKS
FIFTH AVENUE
Between 34th and 35th Streets
Saturday Sale
of
RUSSEK-ORIGINAL
SUITS
AT
$85.00
THAT UNDER ORDINARY CIRCUMSTANCES WOULD COST UP TO ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS.
These are unquestionably the most unusual and distinguished suit models that have been presented this season at anywhere near their price
Eighty-five Dollars
for any of a score or more distinctively different suits in a variety of the newer materials

GIMBEL BROTHERS
32ND STREET - BROADWAY - 33RD STREET NEW YORK CITY
Are Featuring
Society Brand Clothes
FOR YOUNG MEN AND MEN WHO STAY YOUNG
Most men are poor shoppers. They will not go from place to place comparing values. They will not spend much time at any one shop selecting a suit. And we don't blame them. It isn't necessary.
The way to find the right clothes in the shortest possible time is to come to the shop where *all* clothes are correct—and assortments complete.
So, if your patience is short and your taste is *nice*—by all means see the Gimbel stocks of Society Brand Clothes.
You won't have to search for the suit you want. You'll find it right at hand. And it will be correctly styled, smartly fabriced and impeccably tailored.
It will be a suit worth wearing.
Prices Range From
$50 to $90
The Gimbel Men's Shop is on the Fourth Floor.

Store Closes at 5 P. M.
Lord & Taylor
38th Street —FIFTH AVENUE— 39th Street
The Wrap with the Fashionable Air

YOU can wrap yourself in a graceful silhouette and a high collar and be distinctively in the mode if you choose one of these beautiful Bolivia Wrap-Coats.
Remarkably Good Values
$50.00 $60.00 $65.00
Women find particular satisfaction in Bolivia, one of the rich, velvety weaves with wearing quality, and the coats are handsome silk-lined models, honestly made in every tailored detail.
Your choice of styles and pleasing colorings—splendid Coats for the price.
Third Floor

ANNIVERSARY SALES
Men's
NECKWEAR
(Four-in-Hands)
95c
The neckwear in this sale comprises a collection which we were fortunate to secure for a very low figure. That they are well worth much more than the price we quote will be noticeable on the most casual examination.
Silks and Satins in a wide variety of rich designs.
Men's Fine Neckwear
at 55c
All four-in-hands of an excellent quality silk, in a large variety of new and attractive designs.
James McCreery & Co.
5th Avenue, 34th and 35th Street
35th Street Entrance most convenient

Free Synagogue
CARNEGIE HALL, 57th Street and Seventh Ave.
SUNDAY MORNING AT 10:45
DR. WISE:
"The Moral Issue of the Campaign"
ALL ARE WELCOME

Men's High Shoes
Exceptionally Priced at
$10.50 . $12.50 . $15
TAX NOT INCLUDED
THREE outstanding instances where THE MAN'S SHOP'S exceptional standard of *all-leather* quality and custom workmanship costs less than the average price for the average shoe... At $15—a very smart new last in dark tan shell cordovan... at $12.50, a heavy Scotch grain Blucher on a broad, comfortable English last... at $10.50, an excellent tan or black English last. *All sizes.*
Express Elevators direct to
THE MAN'S SHOP
AT
Lord & Taylor
FIFTH AVENUE

Perhaps you won't approve of Susan—even so, you *must* read
THE BOOK OF SUSAN
by LEE WILSON DODD
Pric. $2 at all booksellers.
E. P. Dutton & Co. 681 5th Av.

MAJOR'S CEMENT
Major's Rubber and Leather Cements are used. At all dealers.
Established 1876. 491 Pearl St., N. Y. C.

GENERAL MANGIN AND HIS CHILDREN.

Two photographs in the Rotogravure Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow are charming studies of the great French General with his children. One shows him reading the life of Marshal Foch to one of his little sons and a daughter; the other indicates the "steps" of his family.—Advt.

SEIZE MAN AS HEAD OF 'BOOTLEG' RING

Arrest of H. T. Semel and Two Aids Called Most Important Under Dry Law.

$40,000 IN WHISKY TAKEN

Boyd on Trail of $1,000,000 More—Detective Held on Charge of Permit Fraud.

With the arrest yesterday of Henry T. Semel, President of the United States Distilling Company, Inc., with principal office and storage room at 358 West Forty-third Street, and two of his assistants, Alvarico Valle and Daniel Pollack, charged with selling and possessing liquor illegally and also with conspiracy, Frank L. Boyd, Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent for this State, said he believed he was getting near the bottom of the "millionaire bootlegging ring" operating in New York, Chicago and other cities. Mr. Boyd said he had definitely connected Semel and his associates with whisky operations in Chicago. He regarded the arrests as the most important since the Eighteenth Amendment became operative.

Search of the premises at 358 West Forty-third Street revealed about $40,000 worth of rye and Scotch whiskies. Officials connected with Mr. Boyd's office said they believed the company had many branches in this city and that the value of the total stock held by the corporation would not fall far short of $1,000,000. Agents are now trying to locate the places where the liquors are stored. In the lot seized yesterday were 365 cases of Scotch and rye and seven barrels of whisky.

Paid For with Marked Money.

"I have evidence of the sale of whisky to three of my men right here in my pocket," said Mr. Boyd, who exhibited a package in which he said was $700 in currency. This is the amount agents are alleged to have paid to Semel for seven cases of Scotch whisky, which they purchased yesterday, in accordance with an agreement entered into the day before. The money was marked, it was said. Robert D. Murphy, Federal prohibition officer, was in charge of the squad that negotiated for the whisky.

Another important arrest was that of Morris Grossman, a first-grade detective attached to the Thirty-first Precinct Station. The detective is accused by Assistant United States District Attorney Robert A. Peattie with being concerned in the conspiracy to alter and forward counterfeit permits for withdrawal of liquor from bonded warehouses. Pending arraignment this morning Grossman was paroled in the custody of his counsel. The Government has been in possession, it was said, of a rubber stamp the detective is alleged to have made on Oct. 12 for the purpose of use on the bogus permits for withdrawals.

Arraigned before Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday also were Irving and Max Wortmann and Ferdinand Loeb, arrested Thursday on complaint of Agent Walter F. Murphy. They are charged with conspiracy to violate the Volstead act. One hundred cases of whisky were seized at the Wortmann place on Tuesday. All three were released in $1,000 bail each for hearing on Oct. 29.

Called Master Mind of Traffic.

According to Mr. Quigley, Assistant Federal Supervising Prohibition Agent, the United States Distilling Company, Inc., was organized after the Eighteenth Amendment became effective, the purpose being to engage in the sale of liquors for non-beverage purposes. The firm gave $100,000 bond, and has the unlimited withdrawals privilege that goes with a bond of this size.

Mr. Boyd intimated that the arrest of Semel would lead to other and perhaps more important developments in the liquor situation in this and other cities. He regards Semel as the "Master Mind" in the illegal traffic in liquor. Semel and Valley gave $1,500 bail each and Pollock $1,000.

Violators of the prohibition law received no encouragement from an announcement by Federal Judge Harlan B. Howe, in Brooklyn, who said he would impose jail sentences on all who plead guilty or are found guilty by a jury, on charge of selling liquor. This week the sentences will be for 15 days and next week they will be doubled. Judge Howe sentenced Joseph Stehlin, a saloonkeeper, at 1,674 Myrtle Avenue, Brooklyn, to 15 days. Stehlin had plead guilty.

A search of the garage of Peter Cucurulla, an undertaker, at 27 and 29 Havemeyer Street, Brooklyn, by Detectives Thornton and Knowles revealed the presence of twenty-three barrels of alcohol and nine five-gallon cans of alcohol, worth, it was estimated, $17,000. The alcohol was turned over to the Federal authorities, as were Cucurulla, Patrick Stanchi of 200 Skillman Avenue, a chauffeur in Cucurulla's employ, and Salvatore Francis of 227 North Sixth Street. Arraigned before Commissioner Hennessey in Brooklyn, the men were held in bail for further examination.

Permits for Physicians.

In a statement Charles R. O'Connor called the attention of physicians to the fact that in order to be able to fill whisky prescriptions for the calendar year 1921 they must make applications for permits before Nov. 1. The time limit, he said, had been extended from Oct. 1. Although 3,934 physicians in this city have permits good until the end of this year, only ten have made applications for renewal. From the Albany office the Director has issued 2,186 permits.

Although the Hudson County Grand Jury is reported to have voted not to consider indictments against the seventy-two saloonkeepers arrested by Prosecutor Garven's men until they reconvene in two weeks, it was reported yesterday that the Federal Grand Jury at Trenton had returned indictments against the men.

In the United States Court Judge Julian W. Mack appointed Jesse W. Ehrich as receiver for the Grape-Ola Products Company, which has offices at 14 West Twenty-second Street, this city, and a plant at Fredonio, N. Y. The bond of the receiver was fixed at $10,000. The application for the receivership was made by Rode & Brand, who presented a claim for $3,113 for work done and services rendered. It was stated that the liabilities aggregate $325,000, while assets are given at $341,000.

SEIZE LAKE SHIP LIQUOR.

Federal Official Starts Proceedings to Sell Steamer from Montreal.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 22.—The freight steamer Lakeport, seized by customs officers at Conneaut today, was released on bond tonight and allowed to proceed up the lake with a cargo of coal.

The seizure of the vessel, bound from Montreal light, was said by Prohibition Agent Counts to be the start of a crusade against liquor running from Canada by steamers. Thirty-three quarts of whisky were said to have been found in the berth of a member of the crew. Steps were taken by Ed Wertz, United States District Attorney, to libel the Lakeport and obtain a court order to sell her at auction.

The boat is owned by the Lakes and St. Lawrence Navigation Company. The owners and Captain T. B. Greenway said they had no knowledge of the liquor on board.

Saturday

An Unusual Sale of Misses'

TAILORED and FUR-TRIMMED SUITS

At 50.00

Whether you select a very chic box-coat, a youthful ripple coat, or a richly fur-trimmed model, you will know that it is as correct and good-looking as any feminine heart could desire.

Skilfully tailored in Duvet de Laine, Yalama Cloth, Suede Velour and Silvertone, some trimmed with collars of Nutria, Australian or Ringtail Oppossum, or French Seal. Sizes 14 to 16 years.

MISSES' STREET FROCKS

Special, 29.50

Made in an unusually delightful model, of Navy Poiret Twill, in youthful, long-waisted effect, with round neck and three-quarter sleeves.

The skirt has loose swinging panels, bound with bright-colored bands of velour in Jade, Henna, Copenhagen and Copper. The belt, neck and sleeves are bound in velour to match. Sizes 14 to 18 years. *Second Floor*

A Most Remarkable Purchase Makes Possible Saturday

A Sale of Women's

SERGE and VELVETEEN FROCKS

—richly embroidered—

At 29.50

Two very beautiful models, the one in serge an exact reproduction of a very costly "Bernard" importation. Waist and kimono sleeves are embroidered in silk thread. To be had in navy blue, stitched in red. *Pictured*

The other model is developed in twill back velveteen, outlined with smart bead embroidery. Colors: Black, navy, and a rich shade of brown. *Fourth Floor*

BOYS' WARM WINTER SWEATERS

Special, 3.95

Fine quality wool mixed sweaters in Oxford, Red, and youthful heather mixtures. Nothing like them in New York at this price. Sizes 28 to 34. *Second Floor*

Three Most Unusual Values for Saturday in

BOYS' WINTER SUITS

—each made according to our usual very high standard of tailoring

At 21.75

Boys High-Grade Suits with Extra Knickers. Smart single and double-breasted styles, produced in the very newest woolens shown this season. *One style pictured.*

At 18.95—Boys' Suits with Extra Knickers, in models all active boys lean toward, featuring novel belt and pocket treatments. Stoutly tailored in a large variety of mixtures and dark suitings. Sizes 8 to 18 years.

At 13.95—Two Hundred Smart Suits with Extra Knickers, taken from our regular stock and reduced for immediate clearance. Broken assortments, but every suit a really wonderful value! Sizes 8 to 17 years. *Second Floor*

Broadway **Saks** at 34th Street

SPECIALISTS IN APPAREL

We Have Made Unusual Preparations to Hold Saturday

A Sale of Women's Handsome Fall Suits

At 58.00

Some smartly tailored, others prettily embroidered, many trimmed with beautiful furs—*ALL* afford a liberal saving on the regular price. For present wear nothing is so smart as a trim suit—no suits are more distinctive than are these. Fashioned of Duvet de Laine, Yalama Cloth, Velours, Goldtone, Silvertone and Oxford Cloth, exquisitely silk lined. Every color, and sizes from 34 to 50½. *Fourth Floor*

For Saturday Only—

Women's Ultra-Fashionable Coats and Wraps

at the lowest prices quoted this season for garments of the same high quality

At 48.00

A most uncommon collection of Women's Wraps and Coats in loosely draped effects and straight line models, carefully fashioned of Luella, Duvet de Laine, Bolivia, strictly tailleur or with large fur collars.

At 65.00

Two ultra-smart coats—as *pictured*—with the new blouse back or smartly belted. Also many others in modish draped wrap effects. Fashioned of Luella Cloth, Frost Glow, Bolivia, with large collars of taupe nutria or Australian Oppossum, also self material, prettily stitched. Each coat beautifully silk lined and warmly interlined. *Fourth Floor*

$65 $65

Saturday—A Remarkable Sale of

***Imported* BEADED BAGS**

—every one made by hand and specially priced at

4.95

Rarely indeed has one the opportunity to purchase such lovely bags as these at this unusually low price—for each has been skilfully made by hand in a wide variety of pretty floral and conventional designs in light and dark colors.

Finished with crochet top in contrasting color, drawn with silk cord to match. *Main Floor*

Saturday—

Sale of Women's

SILK UMBRELLAS

At 9.85

Regularly $15 to $18. As fine quality silk umbrellas as any person would wish to carry. Made over 8-ribbed Paragon frames with *solid* full length bakelite handles. Colors: blue, garnet, purple, green and black. *Main Floor*

GIRLS'

***All Wool* SWEATERS**

5.95

Really wonderful values. Smart sailor collar model, in novelty and plain weaves. Made of all wool, in navy, buff, brown and China blue, some with contrasting collar and cuffs. Sizes 26 to 36. *Second Floor*

A Special Purchase Makes Possible Saturday

A Sale of Women's and Misses'

***Modish* WOOL SKIRTS**

Regularly 22.75

At 14.75

Skirts to make outdoors even more enjoyable—adapted for the links, the rink, or hiking, yet equally appropriate for street wear—and each is just as smart as a skirt can be.

Developed in many new and attractive models, in a variety of gay plaids and stripes to suit every woman's taste—and her purse as well. *Fourth Floor*

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th Street

GIRLS' FUR-TRIMMED WINTER COATS

Special, 23.75

Made in stunning tailored model of fine polo heather mixture,—especially designed for growing girls. The back has a deep inverted pleat to give fulness and flare, slit pockets and a smart belt complete a charmingly youthful silhouette.

The very becoming fur collar may be had in moline, sealine or coney. Sizes 12 to 16 years. *One pictured.*

GIRLS' VELVET FROCKS

At 14.75 to 27.95

Unusually good-looking dressy frocks for girls of 10 to 16 years, made of supple velvet in straight-line Eton model, trimmed with self color sashes and contrasting color vestee.

ALSO—

GIRLS' WINTER COATS

—in broken size assortments—

REGULARLY 22.75

Special, 17.95

Several attractive models will be offered for growing girls, made of polo heather mixture, in belted, box-pleated effects, with large rolling collars and smart patch pockets. Sizes 12 to 16 years. *Second Floor*

FINE FUR SCARFS

—all taken from our regular stock and offered Saturday

AT VERY SPECIAL PRICES

Dyed Blue Fox Scarfs	Special	110.00
Stone Marten Scarfs of two selected skins.	Special	89.50
Natural Baum Marten Scarfs—one skin	Special	65.00
Mink Scarfs of two carefully matched dark skins.	Special	58.50
Fox Scarfs in taupe or brown.	Special	49.50
Kitt Fox Scarfs in choker effects. Taupe, brown or silver.	Special	29.50
3 Skin Fitch Chokers	Special	29.50

Sixth Floor

MISSES' SWAGGER UTILITY COATS

Very Special

29.75

A coat that will stand all the hard usage you can give it—built for steady service—and will prove an indispensable part of one's wardrobe.

Made of all wool heather polo cloth, with large convertible collar and novel patch pockets. Fully lined. In Brown, Green and Blue. Sizes 14, 16, and 18 years. *One pictured.*

MISSES' FUR-COLLARED WRAP-COATS

REGULARLY 125.00

Special, 75.00

Some are softly draped to create the effect of a swirl of fabric—others are cleverly tailored in straight-line models—and still more are in the new and very youthful blouse-back style.

Produced in the most desirable Winter materials, Plain and Silvertip Bolivia, French Velour, and Vel de Cygne, with collars of self material, or Taupe Nutria, Australian or Ringtail Oppossum. *Second Floor*

GUERRILLA BANDS RAID SOVIET RUSSIA

Balakhovitz, Their Leader, with Fighters Is Moving from Minsk to Kiev.

HAS CAPTURED GOMEL

Raiders Reported to Have Seized Large Quantities of Stores and Have Taken Many Prisoners.

By WALTER DURANTY,

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—The Anti-Bolshevist guerrilla leader, Balakhovitz, has captured the important junction of Gomel, 125 miles due north of Kiev and far behind the Bolshevist lines. It is no less than 175 miles southeast of Minsk, where Balakhovitz was reported to be operating a little more than a week ago. The daring coup is stated to have secured very large quantities of stores and rolling stock as well as many prisoners, including several commissars.

When Balakhovitz took over Minsk from the Poles it was reported that he intended to make it the capital of a White Russian State. A few days later the Bolsheviki announced that their troops had reoccupied the town.

Perhaps the report about the new State was simply a ruse to deceive the adversary, as Balakhovitz has evidently evacuated Minsk without a battle and made a dash along the railroad to Gomel, right across the upper neck of the famous Pripet Marshes.

What the consequences of his victory will be is hard to determine. At least this blow at their rear will greatly hamper the resistance of the Red forces in the Ukraine, where the Ukrainian General Pavlenko is steadily "nibbling" his way northeastward toward Kiev. To a less degree it will have a similar effect upon the Reds opposing Wrangel, who has once more been forced back across the River Dnieper by the concentration of superior forces.

In one of the last reports concerning Balakhovitz it is stated that he is working in liaison with General Permikan, who owes allegiance to Wrangel, so that it is quite on the cards that the guerrilla leader will push on southeastward toward the Wrangel front.

Balakhovitz is a daring leader. On the Lett-Esthonian front last year he thought nothing of raiding sixty miles behind the Red lines with a few score ill-armed, ill-clad horsemen. Now he has a considerable army—some estimates place it as high as 50,000, but half that figure is probably nearer the truth—equipped and armed by the Poles, and, doubtless, well supplied from Bolshevist stores at Gomel.

WRANGEL ASKS FOR GOLD.

Share in Brest-Litovsk Payment Refused, Moscow Says.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—General Wrangel, anti-Bolshevist leader in Southern Russia, says a Moscow wireless dispatch, has asked for part of the 3,000,000 rubles in gold which Russia paid Germany in accordance with the Brest-Litovsk treaty and which is held by the Entente.

But, adds the Moscow message, the request has been refused by Great Britain and the United States, "as they consider it a guarantee against Russia's debts which concerns all creditors."

SWEDISH CABINET RESIGNS.

Premier Branting Has Held Office Since March 10 of This Year.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 22.—The Cabinet, headed by Premier Hjalmer Branting, the Socialist leader, resigned today.

The Branting Cabinet was formed on March 10 and was reorganized on July 1. It succeeded the Ministry headed by Premier Eden.

PRINCE HENRY SAWS WOOD.

As a Guest on Ex-Kaiserin's Birthday He Helps His Brother.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Oct. 22.—The ex-Kaiserin's birthday was celebrated yesterday with considerable ceremony. Besides the ex-Crown Prince, who arrived from Wieringen, several personages from Germany were present. Wagonloads of flowers arrived for the occasion. In the evening a large dinner party was given.

The ex-Crown Prince has been enjoying comparative freedom about Doorn, making trips on his bicycle and motor cycle and talking with the villagers.

Prince Henry is now helping the ex-Kaiser to saw wood.

Quits War Finance Corporation.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Louis B. Wehle of Louisville, Ky., announced his resignation today as general counsel of the War Finance Corporation, effective Nov. 1. He will practice law in New York City.

NEUTRALS MAY FORCE LEAGUE COURT CHANGE

Scandinavian Countries Hold Proposed Jurisdiction Goes Further Than the Covenant.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 22 (Associated Press)—Proceedings of the Council of the League of Nations, in session here, have been obstructed by differences of opinion over the jurisdiction of the proposed International Court of Justice. The council is a full day behind its schedule but considerable headway was made today on the reports which are being prepared for the General Assembly of the League at Geneva next month.

The Scandinavian countries raised a difficult question by objecting to the clause in the international court plan which fixes the court's jurisdiction. It was proposed for the court to have jurisdiction in any case in which one party to the dispute appealed to it. The Scandinavians assert this goes further than the Covenant of the League of Nations itself.

They proposed an amendment providing that the court have jurisdiction only in cases in which both parties appealed to it.

No settlement has yet been reached, but the tendency of the discussions is toward the substitution of a clause which would be unquestionably in harmony with Articles XII. to XV. of the covenant.

Norway and Denmark appear to have joined hands in support of certain amendments to the court plan, as well as of amendments to the covenant of the League, which they will present at Geneva.

Holland, with Switzerland and possibly some of the South American countries, is believed in League circles to have joined these nations in a combination of neutrals to oppose the neutral conception to that of the former belligerents.

The question of ways and means for its own support was taken up by the Council this afternoon in the absence of Leon Bourgeois, who was fatigued by repeated conferences and also the social attentions being paid the Council.

WRANGEL HOLDS DNIEPER.

Recent Defeat Attributed to Loss of Cavalry Leader.

SEBASTOPOL, Oct. 21 (Associated Press).—General Wrangel's South Russian anti-Bolshevist forces are holding the Soviet troops who have been attempting to pursue the South Russian forces across the Dnieper, after the recent success of the Bolsheviki in driving the Wrangel forces back to that river.

The Wrangel defeat beyond the Dnieper is attributed here to the death of General Barviev, who lost his life in the fighting. The cavalry corps which he was leading had been notably successful until their commander was lost to them.

On the northeastern front, to the east of Ekaterinoslav, General Wrangel has pushed northeast to Sinelnikovo.

General Budenny, the former Soviet cavalry leader, who has deserted the Bolshevist cause, has sent a message to General Wrangel promising to join him. A similar message has been sent by General Semenoff, the former Cossack leader in Siberia, from Mukden.

SWEDEN BARS ZINOVIEFF.

Soviet Agent Not Allowed to Pass Through That Country.

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 22.—The Swedish Government today refused permission to Zinovieff, one of the Russian Soviet delegates to the Socialist conference in Halle, Germany, to pass through Sweden on the way back to Russia.

The German Government recently ordered the expulsion of Zinovieff and Losowski, the other Russian Soviet delegate to the Halle conference, from Germany.

POLISH DIET IN AN UPROAR.

Adoption of Two-Chamber Parliament Forces Adjournment.

WARSAW, Oct. 22 (Associated Press)—Commotion which lasted for more than an hour followed adoption by the Diet today, by a majority of six votes, of the clause of the Constitution providing for a two-chamber Parliament. Left wing Socialists and Peasant and Labor members rapped upon their desks and sang revolutionary songs as a protest against the action. Finally the uproar reached such a stage that the Speaker was compelled to adjourn the sitting.

The recently elected German members from Pomerania cast the six deciding votes. Final action upon the Constitution is expected within the next few weeks.

Luncheon for British "Pilgrims."

A luncheon was given by the Sulgrave Institution in the Lawyer's Club yesterday in honor of the British delegation which has been in this country for the tercentenary celebration of the first American legislative assembly and the landing of the Pilgrims. John A. Stewart presided, and the head of the British delegation, Lord Rathereeden, and others spoke. The mission will return to England next week.

POLES WON'T SIGN DANZIG CONVENTION

Will So Inform Council of Ambassadors Which Expected to Close Agreement Today.

WANT MORE PORT RIGHTS

Settlement of Vilna Incident Turned Over to League—New Polish Constitution Passes Second Reading.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—The right of the free city of Danzig to fly its flag in the harbor and on ships is one of the principal objections of the Poles to the convention which was carefully drafted by the Allied Council of Ambassadors, and was to have been signed tomorrow. It will not be signed, but the Poles are careful to point out that they do not refuse signature. They only wish a direct discussion with the Ambassadors and representatives of Danzig in order to state their case.

With customary secretiveness, the Ambassadors and all connected with the case refuse to give out any copy of the convention so that the question may be publicly discussed. The matter of the flag appears, however, to be the most important.

According to the treaty, Danzig is a free city within the customs frontiers of Poland. The Poles state that ships of Poland which have a direct interest in Danzig as the admitted outlet to the sea would have only the same rights there as ships of every other nation.

Another important objection is to the setting up of the Danzig customs. The Poles claim entire control of the customs and are further discontented with the small share of control which the convention gives them over the railways, posts and telegraphs.

The Polish delegation here is sending out tonight a note to the Ambassadors' Council pointing out these and other objections and asking that the whole question be gone into again in conference at which both they and the Danzigers shall be heard.

PARIS, Oct. 22 (Associated Press).—The British delegation here announced today that it would deliver to the Council of Ambassadors tomorrow a note asking continuation of the negotiations regarding the Danzig convention, as they are unwilling to sign the present draft, as arranged for tomorrow. They hold the convention does not fulfill the promise made them of free access to the sea and the control of customs, as specified in the Treaty of Versailles.

The convention estblishes a commission composed half of Poles and half of residents of Danzig, under a neutral chairman, to control the port. The Poles wish the right to buy land and develop their own port facilities for the prospective 5,000,000 or 6,000,000 tons annual traffic.

Poland wishes a joint Polish-Danzig marine flag and regulations and execution of the treaty clause placing Danzig within the Polish customs jurisdiction. The Poles say all the convention gives them is control of the railroad into Danzig, which they assert is useless without control of the port facilities. They object also to the payment of customs in German marks. The Poles remark the convention is based on the Liverpool system, with British ideas predominating.

Settlement of the Vilna incident has been turned over to the League of Nations entirely and France will make no further reply to the Polish note sent jointly to France and Great Britain, the French Foreign Office announced today. The League of Nations already had the matter in hand and Leon Bourgeois, the French representative in the Council of the League, is awaiting a report from the League's commission sent to Suwalki, but the last Polish note expressing surprise that France had taken its attitude without receiving a full report on the incident was sent direct by the Warsaw Government to the Quai d'Orsay.

France now is informing the Polish Government that it must deal with the League henceforth, Foreign Office officials said.

Bridgeport Coal Dealers Threatened

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., Oct. 22.—All the coal dealers of this city, with the exception of one firm, reported to the police today that they had each received a postal card containing the threat that if they did not reduce the price of coal their yards would be blown up. The police are extending protection.

SLAVIN'S COUNSEL SILENT.

Refuses to Discuss Reported $20,000 Settlement by McGraw.

No verification could be obtained last night of the report that John J. McGraw, manager of the Giants, had paid John C. Slavin, the actor, $20,000 in settlement of a possible suit against McGraw growing out of the injury Slavin suffered on the morning of Aug. 8 last when he, McGraw and a naval officer were getting out of a taxicab at Broadway and 109th Street, near McGraw's home.

Nathan Burkan, counsel for Mr. Slavin, at his home, 137 West 110th Street, refused to discuss the matter. Efforts to find Mr. Slavin were without result. At his home in Elmhurst, Queens, his son declared the actor was not at home, and added that he had not heard of any settlement.

Mr. Slavin, Mr. McGraw and several others were at the Lambs Club up to an hour before the actor was found lying on the sidewalk at Broadway and 109th Street on the morning of Aug. 8. He was removed to St. Luke's Hospital, where it was discovered he had suffered a fracture of the skull. He left the hospital several days ago, it was said last night, and since then has been seen in the theatrical district in Broadway.

Martin Estate Is $476,291.

The estate of John B. Martin, for many years head of Martin's Restaurant, who died June 20, 1918, was appraised yesterday at $476,291. The bulk of his estate consisted of $466,640, the largest holding being $60,339 in stock of the J. B. Martin Importation Company. The other items are largely foreign bonds. He gave to his wife $53,837 outright and life interest in $211,564. After her death the principal goes to relatives of Mr. Martin in France, including his brother, Louis Martin, who was associated with him in business here.

Grant 10-Cent Fare in Connecticut.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 22.—The Public Utilities Commission, in an order made public tonight, grants the petition of the Connecticut company for a flat 10-cent fare on its trolley lines, instead of the 7-cent fare now in force. The order is to take effect on Nov. 1.

More men use Gillette Blades than voted for all the presidential candidates in the last election.

The people are for it

WHEREVER you find men, whatever their station in life.

Shirtsleeve men, top-hat men, men in overalls, business men, farmers, professional men.

Men in the crowded cities. Men who work in the great outdoors.

More men have voluntarily chosen the Gillette Razor and Gillette Blades than ever before agreed on any one subject.

Blades at a low price, so men can throw a blade away after it has given many satisfactory shaves and put in another.

Two-edge Blades made of the finest quality of high carbon steel. scientifically sharpened at the factory, each edge the most lasting shaving edge ever produced.

Elected by 20,000,000 men with every type of beard and texture of skin as the one and only Blade that is uniformly right all the way through.

A quarter million dealers have no better satisfied customers than the millions of men who come in regularly to buy Gillette Blades.

No Stropping—No Honing

Gillette

MADE IN U. S. A. Gillette KNOWN THE WORLD OVER

Boston

Canadian Factory: 73 St. Alexander St Montreal, Quebec

New York Chicago San Francisco

London Paris Milan

Madrid Brussels Copenhagen

Amsterdam Geneva Buenos Aires

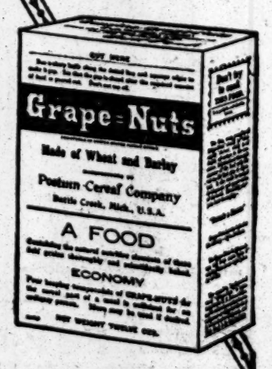
Sydney Shanghai Singapore

Calcutta Constantinople Port Elizabeth

Rio de Janeiro Tokyo

Nature Responds

Nature is on your side every time you eat



Grape-Nuts

For this sturdy blend of wheat and malted barley supplies body and brain with just the elements of nutrition that Nature demands for health and vigor.

Grape-Nuts is a Sugar Saver

"There's a Reason"

Made by Postum Cereal Co. Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.

The layout of a modern Printer

There is a new era in the Printing Industry. Printers are organizing for SERVICE. Ruinous price competition between Printers is giving way to co-operation between Printer and buyer.

Ten years ago the Printer was an order chaser—today he contributes constructive business ideas

A MANUFACTURER of a very high-priced automobile had the problem of selling a number of the cars in a few weeks. Newspaper or magazine advertising for a product with so limited a market was thought out of the question.

This problem was put before a progressive, though not large, Printer who had a reputation for sound suggestions.

After careful study the Printer worked out and recommended a mailing plan of four pieces.

Within four and a half days, $260,000 worth of automobiles were sold.

"We attribute this wonderful selling drive to the remarkable literature which you prepared and produced for us," wrote the manufacturer to the Printer a few days later.

Less emphasis on price—more on quality and *results*

Under the leadership of the United Typothetae of America and the National Lithographers' Association, present-day Printers* are taking a real part in the creative work of business. Price competition between Printers is everywhere giving way to closer relations between Printer and buyer.

It is *service* that buyers of printing want. It is *service* that Printers are giving.

*NOTE: In general where the term "Printer" is used in this announcement, it refers not only to the printer who does flat bed and rotary work, but also to the offset printer, the lithographer, the engraver, and the stationer.

Ten years ago

—the Printer used to be satisfied to "carry out instructions." He did not emphasize Service

The U. T. A. is today the largest co-operative and educational organization in business. Branches in 60 cities! A definite method of cost finding worked out for members and endorsed by the Federal Trade Commission! Four Service Bureaus on Advertising, Education, Research, and Industrial Relations! Instruction courses studied by more than 6,000 students! The U. T. A. is in every way taking advantage of the opportunity that Printers have for service, and is aiming to bring about public recognition of that service.

A new man was recently put in charge of a concern's printed matter. Instead of reducing the cost, he proposed doubling it. Thirty days later all the old booklets, letters and folders were scrapped and new ones prepared to take their place. The printing bill became twice as large. *Yet three months later the concern's bank account had more than doubled.*

It had been good printing, planned by a man with printing experience and merchandising knowledge.

Low price is not a thing to be desired in itself. Price must have a definite relation to value received.

Endorsement of the U. T. A.

The American Writing Paper Company wishes to place itself squarely behind the work that the U. T. A. is doing. The Company feels that this organization is the one outstanding force in the industry making for progress.

To all buyers of printing the American Writing Paper Company makes these recommendations:

Do not get four or five competitive bids from as many Printers and give the work to the man with the lowest estimate.

Select your Printer on the basis of service rather than price. Employ him on the same basis as you would a doctor or a lawyer. Give him the facts about your business policies and methods. Furnish him with the basis for constructive criticisms and suggestions, and then maintain a permanent business relationship with him.

Let your Printer co-operate and work with you rather than merely work for you.

Be open-minded to your Printer's advice.

Your Printer is the one best qualified to select the right paper for the particular job. He is in a position to help you effect real economies—improve quality—bring RESULTS.

How the mill organization and research laboratory of the American Writing Paper Company co-operate in raising standards

TO maintain manufacturing standards, not only in order to know what to guarantee the buyer, but also to improve the quality, uniformity and value of the product, the American Writing Paper Company spends more than $75,000 a year for its Scientific Research Laboratory.

The trade mark of the association of employing printers, one of the greatest organizations of its kind in the world.

The ideas of the superintendents, foremen and mill men in the 26 mills give the scientists the starting points of many important discoveries. Then after these ideas have been perfected by the Research Laboratory, the mill men put them to practical test and bring them into successful operation.

One thousand of these mill men have been with the Company for more than 10 years; 500 for more than 20 years; many even longer. These men represent the craft skill in the making of paper that it has taken centuries to perfect.

Neither the scientific nor the practical men are alone sufficient. Their co-operation is ideal.

The Laboratory is at the service of the entire Printing Industry, manufacturers as well as Paper Merchants.

Only recently it was called upon to furnish the scientific facts as the basis for settling a dispute between a neighboring mill and a dealer in raw material. The mill claimed that the material was not up to standard. The dealer stoutly maintained the contrary.

The question was put up to the American Writing's Laboratory and an analysis made.

The dealer was proven wrong and he admitted his error. But he went further. He asked the scientists to draw up standard specifications for him to follow in the future. *These specifications are now being adopted by the entire paper industry.*

Through its Research Laboratory, co-operating with the Mill Organization, the American Writing Paper Company is throwing light into dark corners—is tearing down the time-worn maxim—"the buyer beware." It is informing the buyer regarding paper quality and characteristics. It is assuming full responsibility for its own product.

The Printer is the creative force in the Printing Industry and should be the one to consult in specifying the grade and finish of paper to be used in any particular work.

It is the policy of the American Writing Paper Company to send its samples to customers through the Printers and Paper Merchants.

"Discovering New Facts About Paper"

Some of the remarkable accomplishments of the American Writing's Research Laboratory are described in detail in a new book by one of the foremost practical scientists in the United States. This book, "Discovering New Facts About Paper," contains information of the greatest value to everyone who uses or deals in paper. A complimentary copy will be sent to any business concern, Printer or Paper Merchant. Write to the American Writing Paper Co., Holyoke, Mass.

AMERICAN WRITING PAPER COMPANY

EAGLE-A PAPERS

The Watermark of Excellence

The Watermark of Excellence

BONDS—WRITINGS—LEDGERS—BOOK PAPERS—OFFSET PAPERS—COVER PAPERS—PAPETERIES—TECHNICAL PAPERS—SPECIALTIES

NEW YORK REPRESENTATIVE: L. F. HAYWARD, 41 PARK ROW

HUNT SECOND MAN IN DREWES SLAYING

Philadelphia Police Search for Brines in Vain—May Arrest Woman.

HIS MOTHER IN HOSPITAL

Police Believe Missing Student, for Whom They Have Warrant, Confessed to Her.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 22.—While still trying to arrest William P. Brines on a warrant charging him with the murder of Elmer C. Drewes, the Dartmouth College student, the police are also hunting for another man who, they believe, is implicated in the crime. The name of a woman has also been brought into the case and her arrest is a possibility. The watching of places where Brines, it was supposed, would appear has so far been fruitless.

Mrs. Annie E. Brines, the accused man's mother, is now in a hospital in the southern part of the city in a state of nervous collapse. Detectives guard the approach to her private room and allow none but relatives and hospital attendants to see her. Even the detectives themselves have not tried to talk to her, they say.

Mrs. Brines went to the hospital Thursday after she had been at the home of her brother, John R. Wiggins, Tuesday and Wednesday. Members of the family declare mother and son, who were together until Wednesday afternoon, were then in a highly nervous state, refused to eat, and said they were sick. It is known, however, that Mrs. Brines had engaged the hospital room some days before the name of her son was mentioned in the case.

Mr. Wiggins, while saying that his sister had been at the same hospital before for treatment, admitted a belief that she is now there as the result of a severe nervous shock. This, the police believe, was a confession to her by her son that he was implicated in the shooting of Drewes.

Mrs. Brines, it is said, visited the home of the Drewes on Sunday afternoon to condole with them on their son's death. When she departed she promised to return that evening and bring her son with her. She did not return.

The chief detective maintains he has found a motive for the killing, and intimates he is in possession of evidence which will make the entire story clear.

A member of the Drewes family said today that the dead student's relatives did not believe Brines was the murderer. The two young men were close companions, he said, and Brines often slept and dined at the Drewes home. During a vacation Drewes gave a job to Brines. The family knew that Brines and Drewes were to meet on the Saturday preceding the murder but was not certain that they met. They knew nothing of the contemplated purchase of an automobile by Drewes.

CONFIRMS DISCONTENT OF EMMA GOLDMAN

American Socialist, Back from Soviet Russia, Corroborates Cabled Reports.

When a report was published here several weeks ago to the effect that Emma Goldman and Alexander Berkman had told correspondents of American newspapers of their dissatisfaction with their life in Soviet Russia, to which they were deported some months ago, and had expressed a desire to return to the United States, much skepticism as to the veracity of this report was voiced in radical circles. Now comes a Socialist member of the American Federation of Labor, just returned from having spent several months in Soviet Russia, with what is practically a corroboration of the cabled report.

In the course of a long interview, printed in The New Yorker Volkszeitung, this workingman, who says he likes Soviet Russia so well despite the hardships obtaining there that he intends to go back next Spring, said:

"Yes, it is true that Emma Goldman had a tiny American flag in her room and was enthusiastic about the United States, to which she desired to return. In fact, she had been spoiled in America and made soft. In America she was regarded as a little god in her circles, but when she arrived in Russia she was forced to discover that quite a different spirit reigned there; that the proletarian movement had left her far behind.

"She is, of course, of importance in a literary way, but she cannot play a leading part in the Russian movement for freedom. To this was added the fact that the Soviet Government, which had had sad experience with the native anarchists and had fought out hard battles with them, kept Miss Goldman and the anarchists who had arrived with her under observation during the first days following their arrival in Russia.

"Furthermore, she had to endure hardships to which she was quite unaccustomed. In America her way of living was certainly not proletarian, but for many years comfortably bourgeois. And now, in proletarian Russia, where the shortage forces every one to the greatest restrictions, she suddenly had to give up many comforts and to be content with the meagre rations of the Russian people. It is not surprising that she was discontented and that she gave voice to her discontent. She spoke very often about her niece in New York, to whom she is extraordinarily attached and near whom she would gladly be.

"Nevertheless, she seemed to be gradually getting used to conditions. When I left Moscow Emma Goldman and Berkman were traveling over the country in a special car gathering statistics on the conditions of labor in the different provinces for the Labor Museum in the Winter Palace. This museum furnishes information about labor methods and labor conditions and contains an abundance of material making possible comparisons between present and past Russia, as well as with other countries. Berkman, who through his past and his entire nature stands much closer to the proletarians than Miss Goldman, adapted himself much more easily to Russian conditions. Both of them, as was admitted by the managing officials, are doing good, useful work."

Many Things Beautiful, Expensive and Fashionable
MAY BE SEEN TO-DAY
at
Clarke's
Spacious New Galleries
42-44 East 58th St. (Between Madison & Park Aves.)
Including the Superb Venetian Furniture, Graceful Mirrors, Antiquities and Art Treasures
formerly in the possession of
PRINCE ODELSCALGHI of Rome
To be sold for the estate of the late
Mrs. Eleanor S. Wilcox
together with an extensive collection of Old English Furniture of the XVII. and XVIII. Century, a large variety of old Silver and Sheffield Plate, Rugs and other valuable property, to be sold by order of
James A. Paterson, Esq.,
of Boston, Mass.,
and other private estates, amongst which will be found many charming examples in Cabinetry by Chippendale, Sheraton, The Adam Bros., and other craftsmen of the period.
The Sales by Auction Commence
Thursday, October 28th, at 2:30 P. M.
And Will Be Conducted by Mr. AUGUSTUS W. CLARKE
Note particularly our new address—
42-44 EAST 58TH STREET
Formerly 5 West 44th St.

BLASCO IBANEZ' new novel now ready
THE ENEMIES OF WOMEN
is a brilliant picture of gambling at Monte Carlo by probably the greatest novelist of our time.
Its absorbing story presents with relentless verity a society which ha undeniably existed among the idlers of European capitals—colorful, dazzling, sowing passion and in due time reaping a whirlwind. Only a master of keen observation, wide opportunity and deep sense of truth, could so depict for the world to see, such a disease, for the world to cure.
BLASCO IBANEZ' translated works include
The Four Horsemen of the Apocalypse | The Shadow of the Cathedral | La Bodega
Mare Nostrum | Blood and Sand | Woman Triumphant
Each, $2.15. By the same author Mexico in Revolution *$2.00*
Obtainable through any bookstore or from
E. P. DUTTON & CO., 681 Fifth Avenue, New York

How the League Issue Is Splitting the Parties

The desertion of the Harding camp by a former Republican National Committeeman and a number of other prominent pro-League Republicans after Senator Harding's uncompromising rejection of the League of Nations in its present form in his Des Moines speech, convinces many observers that the League has taken its place at the eleventh hour as a clear-cut issue of the Presidential campaign. But if the League issue is now rending the Republican ranks, it is also a matter of common newspaper remark that earlier in the campaign it won over to the Harding banner many Irish-American and German-American voters who supported Wilson in 1916. And it will be remembered that it was on this issue that the Hearst papers abandoned their traditional Democratic allegiance.

In the Democratic camp Senator Harding's Des Moines speech was greeted with every appearance of rejoicing. The New York *Times* (Dem.) declares that "the election of Cox means a League of Nations acceptable to President Wilson, and Republican success apparently precludes American participation in the League," but, affirms the Baltimore *American* (Rep.), all that Senator Harding has done in this matter has been to "turn his back upon the Wilson League and turn his face toward the Constitution and toward the Senate," and the New York *Globe* (Rep.) is "convinced that Senator Harding will be compelled to move for the ratification of the Treaty of Versailles."

A most interesting and instructive analysis and digest of public opinion on the League of Nations issue will be found in the leading article of THE LITERARY DIGEST for October 23d. Other striking news-features in this number are:—

How Straw Votes Say the Election Will Go

A Tabulation and Analysis of the Second Week's Returns of The Literary Digest Poll of Voters in New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, California—Also Results of Other Straw Votes

Why the Irish Killings Continue
A Census "Thunderclap"
The Fading of the "Red" Shadow
Government Duty in the Housing Crisis
Our Congressmen in the Orient
How Woman Suffrage Is Viewed in Great Britain
How Edison "Won the War"
A Self-Starter for Locomotives
Yeast as Food and Medicine
Traffic-Marks on Country Roads
Resurrecting Jenny Lind
Topics of the Day
Best of the Current Poetry
Full Official Text of Senate Reservations to the League Covenant
University Troubles in Germany
Woman's Progress Toward the Pulpit
Starved Into Leaving the Ministry
Problems of Democracy Series—Party Spirit
"The Man Who Killed the Czar"
The Amusing Yank as Seen Through an English Monocle
The Last Days of Huerta, Former Mexican President
Jungle Aristocrats Who Are Fastidious About Food

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The Literary Digest

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LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Probably in taxicab 5th Av. and 78th St. to Pennsylvania Station, at 5:20 Thursday or on Philadelphia train, gold-plated cigarette case, initialed; reward. Povia Frijah, care Katherine Bamman, manager, 53 West 39th.

LOST—Bond and mortgage, name of Mary Hak, somewhere around Canal St.; useless to any one; reward. Return to Frank Brodsky, L.802 2d Av. Phone 4102 Rhinelander.

LOST—Lady's beaded bag; left in taxicab at 85th St. and West End Av. Thursday night; reward. Mrs. Al Laughlin, Remington Hotel, West 46th St.

LOST—Bunch of keys somewhere between 14th and 15th Sts. and 5th Av., or Hudson-Manhattan subway. Will finder please return to Room 907, 1,133 Broadway.

LOST—Wallet Thursday, Oct. 21. Finder kindly mail wallet and contents to W. S. Vanderbilt, 57 Vermilyea Av., city, and keep currency as reward.

LOST—Monday, 18th, lady's black silk umbrella, round cut onyx handle; liberal reward. Return to Minturn, 51 East 62d.

LOST—Waterman pen, two engraved gold bands, around 43d St.; reward given. Telephone Haight, Barclay 6350.

LOST—Black velvet beaded lady's handbag on route No. 4 bus, Friday afternoon; reward. Shroder, 520 West 113th.

LOST—Tortoise shell glasses, Sunday night, at 181st St. and Broadway or 5th Av. bus; reward. Beatus, 856 Broadway.

LOST—Gray leather bag, 34th St. and 2d Av., Thursday, 6 P. M.; reward. Phone Lenox 8056.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN.

Believed to be Hudson 1916 roadster, No. 782 or 2475 or 294, N. Y. license 249507; special body, known as submarine type; painted light blue; wheels and balance red; Diamond and Globe shoes; springs wound with tape; stolen 9:30 A. M. Oct. 21, on Grand Boulevard and Hays St., Rockville Centre, Long Island. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8087.

AUTOMOBILE STOLEN. REWARD.

Ford touring, 1917, No. 1660326, license 169554; stolen at Yonkers, N. Y., Oct. 13; Portage and Goodrich tires. Communicate with E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8087.

Jewelry.

LOST—Saturday afternoon, cloth purse, containing 3 diamond rings and 3 safe deposit keys, somewhere between Strand Theatre, New York, or Broadhurst Theatre, New York, then via Brooklyn subway to Cortlandt St. station, then to 178 Fulton St.; liberal reward offered. Phone Evergreen 744 or Prospect 828.

LOST—Reward was offered for the return of a valuable flexible sapphire and diamond bracelet; advertisement was answered by a disabled soldier. Will he please communicate with me? E. B. Hopwood, 55 John St., New York City. Telephone Beekman 8087.

LOST—Lady's Waltham watch, cover removed, Friday, on bus, 5th Av., Broadway, 54th St., 28th or 42d St., Stern's, Creery's, Macy's; inscribed T. A. C. to L. E. C.; precious to owner. Clark, 36 East 28th St.

LOST—Brooch with diamonds and rubies; valued as heirloom; probably between New York and Brooklyn or subway station; liberal reward, no questions. Miss Redford, 352 West 46th. Longacre 3340.

LOST—A diamond and sapphire circle pin. Please return to Mrs. B. Gordon, Vanderbilt Hotel, Park Av. and 34th St. Suitable reward.

LOST—Tuesday evening, Oct. 19, vicinity 58th St., between 6th and 7th Aves., gold cigarette case, initials M. R. Reward if returned to M. Richardson, 752 Broadway.

LOST—Diamond ring, platinum setting, inscribed Jeffie from Victor, lost in Broadway subway; reward, $250; no questions asked. Tel. Barclay 9052.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Friday afternoon, 118th and 119th Sts., Lexington Av.; reward. Alpern, 1 East 119th St. Phone Harlem 2626.

LOST—Pearl and diamond platinum pin, between 53d-50th Sts., 5th Av., Thursday afternoon; reward. Room 715 Gotham Hotel.

LOST—Wrist watch, diamond, platinum, taxicab, Seville Hotel or 42d St., walking; reward. Madison Square 5000, Seville Hotel.

LOST—Bar pin, diamonds set in platinum, contains 18 square cut diamonds; liberal reward. Marie Antoinette Hotel, Apt. 72.

LOST—D. A. R. pin; owner's name on back; return cashier, Hotel Belmont, 42d St.

$2,500 REWARD.

No questions asked for the return of jewelry stolen from Watch Hill, R. I., Sept. 14, 1920: one pearl necklace seventy-seven pearls; one ladies' very small open-faced platinum watch case number 669681; 1 large diamond solitaire ring, platinum claws, Tiffany setting; 1 large diamond solitaire ring, gold Tiffany setting; 2 pearl screw earrings, gold setting, Oriental pearls, cream colored not perfectly matched; 1 round old-fashioned black enamel brooch, old back, gold spots in the black enamel around the brooch; three gold chains, pearl on end of each chain. E. Crosby Kindlberger, 20 Broad St., New York City.

$2,500 REWARD

for return of lady's trawling case and contents or liberal reward for pawn tickets, if pawned; three carat diamond bar pin, three carat diamond pendant, two large diamond rings, platinum settings, Tiffany folding leather clock, marked C. W. M., and many valuable papers. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

$1,000 REWARD.

Pearl necklace with 75 pearls and pointed, oval-shaped diamond, set platinum clasp; lost probably in the Oranges or Newark, N. J.; above reward will be paid and no questions asked for return or for information leading to recovery. HARRY BLANK & CO., 19 Liberty St., Newark, N. J.

$300 REWARD for return of diamond ring, over 3¼ carats, six-prong setting, lost between Hotel Cairo, Washington, and Hotel Commodore, New York City; no questions asked. W 398 Times.

$500 REWARD

for return of large solitaire pearl ring, lost Oct. 16, at or between West 45th and East 50th Sts. Udall & Ballou, 574 5th Av.

$200 REWARD

for diamond and onyx octagonal wrist watch lost Oct. 21st, vicinity Madison Ave., 40th-41st Sts.

TIFFANY & CO., 57TH AVE. & 57TH ST.

$100 REWARD.

Solitaire diamond ring, gold band setting, lost Oct. 18 in Pennsylvania Railroad train or in New York City. Marcus & Co., 5th Av. and 45th St.

Wearing Apparel.

LOST—Oct. 21, at Manhattan Opera House, fox fur neckpiece. Reward if returned to 881 4th Av., 15th floor. Aplin.

LOST—Skunk neckpiece, left in Green and White taxi; reward. Greenberg, 2,935 Broadway.

LOST—Thursday evening, squirrel scarf; reward. L. H. F., Gramercy 7170.

$850 REWARD,

no questions asked, for return of the contents in large green box, lost Oct. 21 from automobile between 113th St. and Amsterdam Av., 180th St. and Grand Concourse; box contained baby lamb coat and Kolinsky fur piece and other articles of wearing apparel. Albert R. Lee & Co., Inc., 18 William St.

$150 REWARD,

no questions asked, for return of two-skin Russian sable scarf, lost Oct. 14 at or between Plymouth Theatre and West 88th St. or in taxicab. A. R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

$250 REWARD,

no question asked, for return of Russian sable scarf made of three skins; lost in vicinity of 103d St. and Broadway, Oct. 20, 1920. Albert R. Lee & Co., Inc., 15 William St.

Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Black Angora cat, with white spot on throat; valuable because it was the property of a man who was killed in the war. Liberal reward. Mr. W. H. Chandler, 978 East 9th St., Brooklyn.

LOST—Airedale, black harness, 105th St.-Broadway, Allenberg, 229 West 105th. Reward.

$25 REWARD—Small brindle terrier dog; red collar. 207 West 13th St.

Found.

FOUND—Lady's wedding ring, 5th Ave., Oct. 21. Call Room 1068, 11 Broadway.

FOUND—Diamond crescent pin; describe and state where lost. F 500 Times.

FOUND—Some money; state amount and date. J 231 Times.

Current History Magazine

A MONTHLY PERIODICAL

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The only publication of its kind issued. *It gives the facts* of today's history without bias. The magazine enjoys the unrivaled facilities of The New York Times agencies at the chief world capitals in securing authentic material from original sources on international news questions.

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AMERICAN PHYSIQUE IMPRESSES BRITON

Sir John F. Fraser Finds It an Important Asset in Trade Competition.

TELLS OF 'LAND OF PARADOX'

Tourist, in Lecture, Says He Saw Great Idealism and Gross Materialism Here.

Copyright, 1920, by The New York Times Company.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—In the course of a lecture given last night in connection with the English Speaking Union, Sir John Foster Fraser gave some impressions he had gathered during his stay in America.

Among other things he said that the physique of the English people was not to be compared with that of the general masses in America. In the immediate future there would be severe commercial competition between the two nations, and while the British might think they should hold their own, they would not do so unless the physique of the general population here became better.

America, he said, was a land of contradiction and paradox, a land of great idealism and the grossest materialism. One found there the highest culture, yet he knew of no country in Europe where crime was so rampant. The nation was in a state of flux. It was in the making, yet the best principles were always on top and those were things by which the country should be judged.

Sir John said that he once believed that America was a great land of democracy, but it was not. Here lived a people with a kind of hereditary republic, while Americans lived under a kind of alternating democracy. In this country the Prime Minister could be thrown from office by the House of Commons. In America such a thing was an impossibility, for nothing but impeachment could remove an American President during his term of office.

The will of the people prevailed in England, Sir John held, but in America the chief decision was founded on the thoughts of people who lived 140 years ago. Further, there was much more freedom of speech in Britain than in the United States, where the kind of speech allowed in Hyde Park would cast an American into prison.

Referring to the industrial condition of this country, Sir John said that a struggle was beginning which would last for a generation, and his belief was that a great fight would take place in the United States. Over there the quiet determination which marked our struggle was not in evidence. Both sides there said that they would fight to the end.

In conclusion the lecturer said that generally speaking Americans did not like the British. In the more cultured class he found good appreciation of the British, but the explanation of the attitude of the masses was to be found in their school books, the alteration of which would show real friendship toward this country. The world was in a perilous condition today, he said, and he believed it would go down in chaos unless these two great peoples were able to work together not only for themselves but for the welfare of the world.

GUNMAN'S WIFE ARRESTED.

Held Here in $1,000,000 Platinum Theft Plot in Nashville.

United States Commissioner Hitchcock yesterday held Mrs. Florence Weiler, wife of "Spanish Joe" Weiler, an east side gunman now serving a term in Dannemora Prison for shooting a girl, in $25,000 bail on an indictment returned by the Federal Grand Jury at Nashville, Tenn., several months ago, charging her with participating in the conspiracy which resulted in the theft of almost $1,000,000 worth of platinum from the Old Hickory powder plant of the Ordnance Department of the United States Army at Jacksonville, Tenn.

The woman was arrested at 2 o'clock yesterday morning in an apartment in East 138th Street, the Bronx, by agents of the Department of Justice. The agents were forced to break down the door of the apartment before the woman would surrender. When questioned by Chief William J. Flynn of the Department of Justice she denied any knowledge of the conspiracy.

The indictment alleges that she went to Nashville several months ago with Abe Roth, who is now under $25,000 bail in the Federal Court in Brooklyn in connection with the conspiracy, where she received from H. B. Crone, head chemist of the Old Hickory powder plant at Jacksonville, 168 ounces of platinum, valued at $19,000, which Crone is alleged to have stolen from the plant.

WOMAN NAMED RECORDER.

Miss Haskard of Plainfield First to Hold the Office in Jersey.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Oct. 22.—Miss Francis Haskard of Scotch Plains has the honor of being the first woman in the State to hold the office of Recorder. She was appointed this week to fill out the unexpired term of Lewis H. Morgan, who resigned. Her knowledge of law was gained through long service as managing clerk in the office of Judge W. A. Coddington in this city.

Miss Haskard was to have heard her first case last night, that of Edward Siccora, a nine-year-old boy, against Miss Margaret Masenor, 18, who is charged with striking him, but Martin B. Stutsman, attorney for the boy, decided he did not want to be the first lawyer to plead a case before a woman sitting as Recorder and withdrew the complaint.

CITY MUST PAY $30,504.

Court Holds It Responsible for Death of Interborough Employe.

The Appellate Division decided yesterday that the City of New York must pay a judgment for $30,504 obtained by Mary Eddery for the death of her husband, Andrew Eddery, a trackwalker, employe of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company.

Attorneys for the Interborough contended that the contract between the city and the Interborough for the depression of the Manhattan Elevated structure in Division Street, between Catharine and Allen Streets, made necessary by the approach to the Manhattan Bridge at that point, required the city to indemnify the Interborough for any damages arising from the reconstruction of the structure. The death of the trackwalker was due to such reconstruction, although the city had nothing to do with the negligence resulting in his death.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

George Arliss will be seen about Christmas time in "The Green Goddess," a play by William Archer, the English critic. The piece is a play of adventure in India, and is to be produced by Winthrop Ames.

"Happy-Go-Lucky" will end its engagement at the Booth Theatre next week. The succeeding attraction will probably be William Faversham in "The Prince and the Pauper."

Geoffrey Kerr, a well-known English actor, has come to this country to appear with Patricia Collins in "Just Suppose," opening at the Henry Miller a week from Monday. His son, Fred Kerr, will play the leading male role in the play.

"Maytime" will begin its fourth season at the Riviera Theatre a week from Monday.

"When We're Young," by Kate McLauren, will open in Stamford on Nov. 6. Henry Hull will be starred, and the cast will also include Faire Binney and George Marion.

Clarence Derwent, now appearing in "The Unwritten Chapter," has been engaged for "At the Villa Rose," in which Otis Skinner will be seen in Baltimore on Nov. 1.

Michio Itow, the Japanese dancer, will appear in Eugene G. O'Neill's "Emperor Jones," which the Provincetown Players will produce on Nov. 1.

The Actors' Equity Association will hold its annual ball at the Hotel Astor on Saturday night, Nov. 20.

MUSIC

By Richard Aldrich

Graham McNamee's Song Recital.

It is nothing to Graham McNamee's discredit that nature, in endowing him with a baritone voice, made it one of slender proportions, pleasant but not seductive in quality, without much intensity or penetration of timbre and without much power. It is very much to his credit, however, that, being so endowed, he has striven to develop this voice to its greatest possibilities; to make it the medium of truly felt expression and to cultivate the finer graces of vocal art. His recital yesterday afternoon in Aeolian Hall, heard by a large and friendly audience, was thus made a source of pleasure not always to be derived from voices of greater beauty than his.

Mr. McNamee sang a group of songs by Elder, Masters, Purcell, Haydn, Marcello and Carissimi with great purity and finish of style, with beautiful phrasing and pointed expression. Those in English, as others in the later groups of the program, were given a beautifully clear enunciation. They would all have had a better effect if the voice had not been affected with a slight unsteadiness.

Any one who sings the air "O Ruddier than the Cherry," from Handel's "Acis and Galatea," with such admirably flexible command over the "divisions," with such finished phrasing and such excellent enunciation as Mr. McNamee showed, is doing a difficult thing very well indeed. In the air "It Is Enough," from Mendelssohn's "Elijah," a greater weight and power of voice are indispensable, though Mr. McNamee did what in him lay to give the declamation potency. There was spirit likewise in his singing of the air "Spe Modo Vivitur," from Parker's "Hora Novissima." For the songs that were heard in later groups Mr. McNamee found apt and felicitous expression.

George Meader's Recital.

George Meader, who gave a song recital in the same hall in the evening, is an American tenor who has sung much in Germany, and who appeared in a recital in New York last season. He is an admirable artist, possessing not only an excellent lyric voice but also a beautifully finished art, a penetrating feeling for style, a musical intelligence, and his singing is an exposition of high qualities.

He understands different schools. There was great beauty in his equable and finished delivery of Gluck's air, "O del mio dolce Ardor," a beautiful piece of legato singing. In "Una Furtiva Lagima," from Donizetti's "L'Elisir d'Amore," he showed an equal familiarity with another variant of the Italian style, of a more swelling accent, presented without hysteria, the tear being truly furtive. In a set of four French songs Mr. Meader gave especial value to Duparc's heavily fragrant "Extase" and to the more lightly burdened "Perles d'Or" by Thomé.

He sang a group of seven German songs in German; three by Schubert, none of them among his most familiar ones—"Nachtstück," "Der Jüngling an der Quelle" and "Ganimed"—and two by Strauss, "Freundliche Vision" and "Ständchen." In these Mr. Meader showed that he possessed many of the secrets of the difficult art of Lieder singing. He found here, as he did in the other parts of his program, a peculiarly significant and characteristic expression for each of the songs, the confirmation of the mood.

Both the "Nachtstück" and the "Ganimed" are long, and, it might be said, diffuse. He displayed an unusual skill in sustaining the interest in them by a carefully planned development of the musical scheme; to the first of these songs, especially, he gave a beautiful delivery. For all five he received applause of warmth and demonstrativeness. "Der Jüngling" he had to repeat.

CLAUDIA MUZIO RETURNS.

After Soprano's Tour of South America Her Dog is in Quarantine.

Claudia Muzio, Italian soprano of the Metropolitan Opera Company, returned yesterday from South America on the Munson Line steamship Martha Washington, accompanied by her dog, Chee-Chee, and two maids. It was reported that the singer had received $100,000 for twenty-seven performances in opera in Buenos Aires, Rio Janeiro, San Paoli, Santos and Colon. Mme. Muzio said she had enjoyed her tour very much, and the only blot on the joy of her return to New York was the news that Chee-Chee would have to go into quarantine for a month to see that he has not brought any of the dread diseases that animals are subjected to in the Brazilian and the Argentine countries. She will commence rehearsals at the Metropolitan Opera House on Monday.

Carlos Galeffi, baritone of the Chicago Grand Opera Company, also returned on the Martha Washington from Buenos Aires, accompanied by Virgilio Lazzaro, basso of the same company. They had both been singing in opera in Argentina and Brazil.

NEW OPERA DIRECTORS.

F. A. Juilliard and George Eastman Elected to Metropolitan Board.

The Metropolitan Opera Company announced yesterday the election of Frederick A. Juilliard of this city and George Eastman of Rochester to be members of the Board of Directors, following the action of the opera stockholders at their recent meeting. The two thus chosen will succeed the late W. K. Vanderbilt and A. D. Juilliard, the latter an uncle of the new Director of his name, and by his will the donor of the $5,000,000 Juilliard Musical Foundation.

Mr. Eastman, who is President of the Eastman Kodak Company of Rochester, is known as a patron of the arts, and most recently as founder of the Conservatory of Musical Art, now approaching completion in his home city.

PAVLOWA REVIVES 'GISELLE'

Old Pantomime Drama Given for Benefit of Camp Fire Girls.

One of the most brilliant audiences of the week filled the Manhattan last evening, when Mme. Pavlowa and her company of dancing actors revived a classic ballet, Adam's "Giselle," a work of Paris in the splendid, idle '40s, not often seen today. The occasion was in part a benefit for the Camp Fire Girls, whose members, in picturesque Indian costume, sold programs through the house, and at one pause in the pantomime drama carried flowers to the stage. Their organization received half of the more than $5,000 proceeds of the performance.

"Giselle" is another "Lucia" or "Sonnambula," with tiptoes in place of topnotes, and with a "mad scene" that prima donnas might envy as acted by Pavlowa last night. The spirits of lovelorn maidens, who danced at the tomb of Giselle in a second scene with the dead girl and her lover, recalled Puccini's later use of the same story by Gautier in "Le Villi," once sung at the Metropolitan. The ballet was followed by lighter dances, including the "Pavlowa Gavotte."

Among the box holders at last evening were Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Edward L. Doheny, Mrs. Colgate Hoyt, Mrs. James Lee Laidlaw, Adolph Lewisohn, Professor and Mrs. John Dyneley Prince, Dr. and Mrs. Myron Scudder, Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg and Princess Cantacuzene.

Greece Honors Dr. Arthur J. Brown.

The Rev. Dr. Arthur J. Brown, a secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions, 156 Fifth Avenue, has been made an officer of the Royal Order of George I. of Greece in recognition of the valuable services he rendered to Greece.

Dr. Brown has traveled several times around the world and written numerous books on international questions with regard to their bearing on Christian missions.

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS. DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT.

CENTURY THEATRE, 62d ST. & Cent. Park West. Evs. at 8 Sharp. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. MATINEE TODAY AT 2. F. Ray Comstock and Morris Gest Present MOST SENSATIONAL SUCCESS EVER KNOWN IN THE WORLD MECCA Musical Extravaganza of the Orient. COMPANY OF 400. 11 SCENES. Extra Mat. Election Day, Nov. 3—Seats Now.

CENTURY PROMENADE above 62nd St. & Central Park West. CENTURY REVUE AT 8:30 Prices $1, $2, $3. MIDNIGHT ROUNDERS AT 11:30 Prices $1, $2, $3, $5. Dining and Dancing 6 P. M. to 3 A. M.

WINTER GARDEN 50th & B'y. Evs. 8:20 MAT. TO-DAY. George LeMaire's Brevities 1920 BROADWAY Eddie Cantor AND Bert Williams TO-M'W NIGHT CONCERT—ALL STAR BILL.

BIJOU Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. FIRST MATINEE TO-DAY. "Best Acting of the New Season."—Sun. THE SKIN GAME By JOHN GALSWORTHY PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:30

ALICE BRADY (Personally) in Anna Ascends 48TH ST. Thea., Just E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:30. OPPORTUNITY with JAMES CRANE.

COMEDY Theatre, W. 41st. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Thurs., 2:30. HOLBROOK BLINN As a lovable, laughable bandit— THE BAD MAN

BROCK PEMBERTON presents GILDA VARESI "ENTER MADAME" NORMAN TREVOR FULTON THEATRE, WEST 46TH ST. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Today & Wed.

BROADHURST 44th Street, West of B'way. Evs. 8:25. MATINEES TO-DAY & THURSDAY. 2:25. WILLIAM HODGE in "THE GUEST of HONOR" "HOLDS HIS AUDIENCE IN THE HOLLOW OF HIS HAND."—Herald.

SHUBERT Thea., 44th St., W. of B'way. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:30. Evs. 8:30 THE BOHEMIANS, INC., ANNOUNCE THE GREENWICH VILLAGE FOLLIES OF 1920

"A play more agreeable and more entertaining than any of those produced in New York this season."—Alexander Woollcott in The Times.

LITTLE OLD NEW YORK PLYMOUTH—Mats. To-day and THURS

PRINCESS 39th, n'r B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:30. ERNEST TRUEX in BLUE BONNET

FRAZEE West 42d St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. Phone 31 Bryant MARGARET ANGLIN in "THE WOMAN OF BRONZE"

TICKETS ON SALE FOR ALL THEATRES 50c Advance TYSON & BRO.—UNITED, 1465 BROADWAY OPEN SUNDAYS. TELEPHONE BRYANT 6600-7800.

TO-MORROW NIGHT GREATEST CONCERTS IN NEW YORK.

CENTURY Theatre, 62d St. and Central Park West. Phone Columbus 8800. "CELEBRATED CENTURY CONCERT." WATSON SISTERS HARRY DELF Courtesy of Mr. Arthur Hammerstein. IRVING FISHER DOOLEY & SALES CECIL CUNNINGHAM & 12 OTHER STAR ACTS

CENTURY PROMENADE Above CENTURY THEATRE, at 8:30. 62nd St. & Cent. Park West. Phone Col. 8800 GALA BILL OF 31 ACTS Including WALTER C. KELLY GEEEN & BLYLER TOT QUALTERS O'HANLON & ZAMBOUNI AND 27 OTHERS.

CASINO 39th St. and B'way. Phone Fitzroy 3846. ORTH & CODY | MORAN & WISER GEORGIE PRICE WALTER C. KELLY & 8 OTHER STAR ACTS

LYRIC 42ND., WEST OF BROADWAY. Phone Bryant 8216. NAN HALPERIN AL SHAYNE CECIL CUNNINGHAM KLEIN BROS. & 8 OTHER STAR ACTS

WINTER GARDEN Broadway and 50th St. Phone Circle 2230. ALWAYS THE BEST SUNDAY ENTERTAINMENT IN TOWN. 15—STAR ACTS—15.

JOHN GOLDEN presents. WINCHELL SMITH directs. FRANK CRAVEN writes and plays in LITTLE THEATRE West 44 St. the 1st Year Mts. Today, Wed. & Elec. Day

LYRIC THEATRE, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Wed., 2:15. *Musical Comedy Sensation!* EDWARD ROYCE'S PRODUCTION KISSING TIME with WILLIAM NORRIS AND EDITH TALIAFERRO *"Abounds with pretty songs—in fact, 'Kissing Time' has everything."* Alan Dale.

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BRITISH LABOR TROUBLES.

The strike of the British miners is obviously made more difficult to settle by the action of the railway employés and the transport workers. They threaten a general strike unless the Government comes to terms with the miners. This complication is to be taken seriously, but not tragically—to make the French distinction. In the whole matter are seen certain tendencies which have for some time past been accentuated in labor troubles everywhere.

One of these tendencies is to disregard and override the responsible heads of labor unions. The extremist element gets out of hand. Then the so-called leaders meekly give in and follow the crowd. This has been the case in England, with both Mr. SMILLIE of the coal miners and Mr. THOMAS of the railway men. The chiefs did not want a strike; they strongly counseled against it. But control by the organization broke down in the face of light-minded or hot-headed agitation. Particularly is it said to be true, in the instance of the vote of the miners to strike, that the action was determined by the levity of newcomers and even of boys in the mines. The older employés were against precipitate action. But the younger men—some of them ex-soldiers and filled with a spirit of adventure—were keen for a strike as if it were a lark. Indeed, many of them called it voting for a "holiday."

LLOYD GEORGE appears to be holding firm against a labor ultimatum. No Government can surrender to a class when the latter holds a pistol to its head. But there is no reason why the negotiations for the settlement of the coal strike should not proceed to a settlement. The point in controversy is very simple. The sole demand of the miners is for an added wage of two shillings a day. But the Government demonstrates to the miners' representatives that, despite successive grants of higher wages, the total output of coal has been falling off. More men working for more pay have mined less coal. And the offer was made to give the two shillings a day demanded provided that production is restored to the former figures. Mr. SMILLIE urged the miners to accept. The Secretary of their association admitted that several million more tons of coal could readily be mined. The men, however, light-heartedly voted down the proposal. But they may now give it fresh consideration. Along those lines seems to lie the main hope of an agreement. Should it be reached, it would be a great principle to establish in industry—namely, that a rise in wages above a fixed maximum should depend upon production above a normal minimum.

DIPLOMATS PRIVILEGED.

It should not be necessary for the Secretary of State to appeal to a United States court to restrain the Treasury Department from searching for alcoholic beverages the personal baggage of Ambassadors, Ministers and other diplomatic officers accredited to this country. Imagine an agent of the Treasury Department seizing and breaking open the valise of Ambassador GEDDES to look for a flask of spirits! It might be done under a strict interpretation of the Volstead act in the case of a traveling American citizen of unimpeachable character and sober habits. But diplomatic officers have certain privileges under international law, and they are therefore not always subject to the municipal law of a State which is made for its citizens. The comity of nations requires that the official representatives of other nations shall enjoy exemption from certain restrictions of the domestic law. The subject cannot be compassed in a few sentences. One quotation from OPPENHEIM'S "International Law" should suffice:

> They [diplomatic officers] cannot be arrested for debts, nor can their furniture, their carriages, their horses and the like be seized for debt. They cannot be prevented from leaving the country for not having paid their debts, nor can their passports be refused to them on the same account.

It may be added that the principle of extraterritoriality exempts diplomats from criminal and civil jurisdiction, which, of course, does not mean that they can do what they please in public without restraint by the police authorities. International law presumes that they are fit to be accredited to the country in which they officially reside and perform their duties. Their extraterritoriality exempts them from being subpoenaed as witnesses. They do not have to pay income or other direct taxes. Here is a point that bears upon the singular contention of the Treasury Department and should be a sufficient answer to the notion that the baggage of an envoy can be searched for spirituous liquors: "The "municipal laws of many States allow "diplomatic envoys within certain "limits the entry free of duty of goods "intended for their private use."

If a diplomatic officer is to lose the privileges allowed him by extraterritoriality every time a new law is put upon the statute book, there is an end to the principle and the practice. The American Ambassador to Great Britain enjoys the exemptions granted to the British Ambassador to the United States. If the Treasury Department insists upon searching the baggage of foreign Ambassadors for proof of a violation of the Volstead act, it will make the United States ridiculous among nations.

WHERE IS THE COAL?

With coal bringing $20 a ton, more or less, and often unobtainable regardless of price, there is impatience with the usual weekly official report that up to Oct. 2 there had been mined 404,114,000 tons, against 352,794,000 last year. Why should an increase of 50,000,000 tons double the price, and who is responsible, whatever the explanation? The first step is to ask what has become of the missing 50,000,000 tons. It was said that the closing of navigation by ice would make the condition of the Northern States so desperate that they must be supplied first. It appears that during September the lake coal shipments were 4,138,583 tons, against 2,505,827 last year. But for the year the corresponding figures are 15,469,176 and 18,514,130. In other words, the increase of shipments in September is less than the loss for the year. The situation of the Northern States was desperate, and is not yet entirely relieved, although supplies have been diverted to them liberally.

It would seem that 50,000,000 tons is an amount too large to be lost, but the fact is that they fell into a hole. The hole was the excess of consumption over production in 1919, when the record of 1918 was reversed. The year 1918 was one of maximum production, and 30,000,000 tons was either added to stocks or burned. In 1919 this 30,000,000 tons disappeared, and 10,000,000 tons more. That is, last year consumers used 40,000,000 tons out of stocks, instead of out of production. The excess of production this year of 50,000,000 tons over 1919 is explained by the fact that the production of 1919 was 96,540,000 tons below 1918; 352,794,000 against 449,334,000. Here are fluctuations enough to explain almost anything, but there are still clues for the coal Hawkshaws.

The Consolidated Gas Company has 103,003 tons in reserve, and fourteen local public utilities have 441,545. They have none too much, and they are taking more out of the hole in which 50,000,000 tons was lost to the view of the private consumer. The coal dumped at five Atlantic ports gives a clue to the export movement. The total for the first week of October was 26,361 tons. Much coal is used for bunkers, and the exports are larger than the above figures show. Nevertheless, the export of coal is not large enough to reduce the 50,000,000 tons of lost coal very largely, to say nothing of making a dent in the 404,114,000 of total production. But the export coal disturbs the prices more than the quantities. Notwithstanding the anxieties here, the foreign situation is even more desperate, and foreigners will pay anything that will produce the coal, instead of clamoring for cheap coal. The remaining mystery is how the foreigners are able to get coal not obtainable for money here.

The explanation in the coal trade is that those responsible for the regulation of the coal trade rejected the allotment of coal cars to the producers of contract coal—for which the price is moderate, but the coal unobtainable—and widened the allotment so as to allow the independents to share in the supply of coal to the Northwestern States. According to the trade reports, an assessment of 4,000 cars daily was levied on the railways to be allotted to all producers, under contract or not. Thus there was a reduction of the contract coal and an increase of the "free" coal open to the highest bidder. The railways would have preferred to supply cars to contract producers, for railways use contract coal mostly, and there even have been charges that the railways used their car control to supply themselves rather than the general market.

The outlook is better than the prices indicate. There is not much coal going at the usurious prices, and it would take comparatively little more to take much off the peak of necessitous demand. The hole into which the 50,000,000 tons fell is being filled, and soon will be overfilled. The deficiency of production due to transportation disability has ranged above 1919, but is constantly falling. The labor shortage has been too great, due to the strikes, but that, too, is falling. The opportunities for subterranean methods of privilege in the coal supply are under too close observation to persist.

COX VS. ROOT.

We do not think that Mr. ELIHU ROOT, as a lawyer diligent for the interests of his client, would be content to submit to any tribunal presided over by a judicial officer higher than a Justice of the Peace his defense against the charge that in his Carnegie Hall speech he had misrepresented the position of Mr. Cox in respect to the League of Nations. The issue is extremely simple, it is clear. Mr. ROOT fails to meet it. He said in his Carnegie Hall speech: "Mr. Cox "declares that he will insist upon the "Treaty just as Mr. WILSON negotiated it." In his telegram requesting Mr. ROOT to correct that misstatement Mr. Cox pointed out that invariably in his utterances he had made known his willingness to "accept "reservations that will clarify, that "will be helpful, that will reassure "the American people"; verbatim reports of his speeches prove this fact. In respect to Article X. Mr. Cox in the article he contributed to THE TIMES of May 23, 1920, prior to his nomination, made this proposal of a reservation:

> It will, of course, be understood that in carrying out the purpose of the League the Government of the United States must at all times act in strict harmony with the terms and intent of the United States Constitution, which cannot in any way be altered by the treaty-making power.

Also in his campaign addresses Mr. Cox has stated his willingness to accept a reservation that will clearly state to our associates in the League that Congress, and Congress alone, has the right to declare war, and that the treaty-making power cannot override that provision. This is enough completely to disprove Mr. ROOT'S imprudent statement in the Carnegie Hall speech.

It is strange that Mr. ROOT should fall into the mistake of declaring that such a reservation would mean "absolutely nothing." Mr. LODGE'S reservation meant nothing more. It declared that the United States would assume no obligation under Article X. "unless in any particular case Con"gress, which, under the Constitu"tion, has the sole power to declare "war or authorize the employment "of the military or naval forces of "the United States, shall by act or "joint resolution so provide." But it is something more than strange, it is fairly comic, that Mr. ROOT should admonish the Democratic candidate that, when he was asked by a heckler at Providence whether he would accept the Lodge reservations, "there was your opportunity." Inasmuch as Mr. LODGE in his Chicago Convention speech declared that he would not vote for ratification even with his own reservations, of what avail would have been Governor Cox's acceptance of them?

Mr. ROOT wanders far from the very inconvenient point at issue into an argument in support of his thesis that Article X. binds Congress to declare war, a refusal to make that declaration being, in his opinion, "a breach of the Treaty." Mr. ROOT supports this contention by a perilous argument from analogy:

> An analogous case is the power of Congress to appropriate money. There is no other power in our Government to do that, but if the United States makes a treaty agreeing to pay $1,000,000 to another country, would any one say that the obligation could be canceled by refusal of Congress to appropriate the money? Certainly not; the only effect would be that the United States would have broken faith.

There has been no serious contention to the contrary since 1868. The case that then arose was that of Mr. SEWARD'S treaty for the purchase of Alaska from Russia. In Article VI. of that treaty we find these words:

> In consideration of the cession aforesaid, the United States agree to pay at the Treasury in Washington, within ten months after the exchange of the ratification of this convention, to the diplomatic representative or other agent of his Majesty, the Emperor of All the Russias, duly authorized to receive the same, $7,200,000 in gold.

That is a definite promise and agreement, in precise words. The right of Congress to refuse the appropriation was much discussed in the House, but the appropriation was made. But does Mr. ROOT find in Article X. or anywhere else in the League Covenant or in the Treaty any promise and agreement that the United States will go to war at the command of the League? Article X. contains an undertaking, and an agreement that the Council shall consider means by which the undertaking can be carried out. Of these methods there are many, notably the boycott. But if the Council should raise its voice for war, our Congress might nevertheless withhold its declaration, either from insufficiency of the cause of war or because it felt that the other resources of the League had not been exhausted; and this country could not be reproached with breach of the Treaty. That is the meaning of Article X. as Mr. WILSON interprets it, and he expressly declares that this was the intent and understanding of the negotiators of the Treaty; that they would have rejected indignantly any interpretation that interfered with the constitutional arrangements of the member nations. It is an unsupposable case, for nobody believes that the Council would recommend war unless a war to suppress war were the only means of shielding the world against the danger of a general convulsion. Nothing is more obvious than that the Republican opponents of the League are living in a non-existent world and are discussing hypothetical situations that can never arise.

TWO IMPORTANT SECESSIONS.

One passage in Governor COOLIDGE'S speech at Charlotte, N. C., makes the reader wonder if the Governor's vocabulary hasn't been Hardingized so that he uses words in exactly the opposite sense to their usual meaning. The Governor sees as "the first important accession" to the Republican Party this year "the ex-service men, "who have seen enough of militarism, "who have seen enough of going "across the sea to preserve order in "other countries." "The other important accession will be of the "American women, who recognize in "our determination to abolish public "extravagance a substantial effort to "reduce the cost of living."

Surely the Governor must mean "secession" when he says "accession." The League of Nations is the sole means and guarantee of the future peace of the world, the sole means of preventing war, of preventing Americans from being drawn into a great European war, as they were in 1917. It is the one refuge against militarism, the one way of escaping the unimaginable horrors of a scientific war infinitely more destructive than the last one. For this reason it has a special appeal to former American soldiers. A great many Republican service men have acceded to the League, seceded, for this year at least, from the Republican Party.

Republican women must have noticed how futile and comic has been the supposed determination of the Republicans in Congress to reduce extravagance. They haven't tried to do it. On the other hand, the Republican opposition to the League of Nations, if effectual, will drag the United States into the ruinous competition of armaments, swell taxation intolerably, add intolerably to the cost of living. Multitudes of Republican and independent women see this. They are not Republican accessionists, but secessionists this year. Evidently Mr. COOLIDGE has carefully thumbed the Republican Pocket Dictionary. He has given up English. He speaks only Hardingese.

ARMENIA AGAIN.

Those troublesome Armenians will not keep out of the news, nor out of the somewhat uneasy conscience of a world which has always professed great sympathy for them, except at such times as this sympathy threatened to involve some trouble or expense. A report comes from Brussels that the Council of the League will ask the Supreme Council to appoint a mandatary Power, with the provision that the expense be borne by all the countries belonging to the League.

This seems to mean that the mandate is to be offered to some smaller State. The plan of dividing expenses is not new—it was suggested last Spring in connection with the plan to offer the mandate to Norway. But the question of expenses was not settled, and it seems to have been intimated that Norway could not attempt to assume it alone. Meanwhile the whole subject was delayed by the formal offer of the mandate to the United States, with the rejection by the Senate—in which the House would probably have concurred if adjournment had not interrupted consideration of the matter. This refusal was to have been expected. It might also have been expected, however, that we should be somewhat less inclined, for some time after that, to beat the chest and boast of our superior virtue; but the incidents of the campaign have shown us that we are as ready as ever to thank GOD that we are not as other men are.

However, we are not going to take the mandate, and the Canadians showed no enthusiasm for Lord CURZON'S suggestion that they might take it if we refused. The resumption of the proposal to divide the expenses suggests that the offer may be formally made to Norway, or to some other of the smaller neutral Powers. Last June there was talk of Greece, and in some ways Greece could probably do the work more successfully than any other nation. But the Greeks have their hands full with their other problems, and, with the King's recovery doubtful, the succession disputed and the elections little more than two weeks distant, the Greeks are not in a very favorable position to take on themselves just at present the great responsibilities which the Armenian situation involves.

Meanwhile and somehow the Armenians have got along—not without terrible suffering and many deaths from malnutrition and disease; sandwiched between Bolshevist Russia on one side and the Turkish Nationalists on the other, though the pressure of MUSTAPHA KEMAL'S troops has been materially diminished by the Greek victories in Anatolia last Summer. Perhaps this may be taken as indicating that the Armenians do not need the protection of a mandatary; but administrative and technical assistance would be of considerable value to them, and the diplomatic weight of an association with some foreign Government might also be of a little value—not much, to be sure, since neither the Bolsheviki nor the Turkish Nationalists are greatly disturbed by the opinion of the outer world. A restored and redintegrated Russia would be the natural guarantor of Armenian independence, but the likelihood of such a restoration is somewhat remote, and it may be that Greece or Norway will undertake a work which may be troublesome, but should contribute a good deal to the stability of the Near East.

LABOR AND THE HOLD-UP UNION.

The best element in organized labor, according to a statement from the Lockwood committee, is supporting its effort to bring to justice the leaders whose corrupt practices are coming to light in the building scandal. It is an evil of long standing and no less harmful to labor than to the public. In his book on American Unionism Professor HOXIE of Chicago described the "uplift" union, the "business" union, the "revolutionary" union and other types, and ended with what he called the "hold-up" union. His remarks were based on an intimate knowledge of certain organizations in the building trades of Chicago, but he might have found an even more sordid example, and at the same time more picturesque, here in New York. The precursor of BRINDELL is SAM PARKS of the iron workers. Even after PARKS was convicted his followers chose him to lead them in a labor parade. Proudly sitting a white horse, he rode the length of Fifth Avenue.

From the point of view of the present those appear to have been peanut days. The Building Trades Council controls, with the exception of the bricklayers, all the important crafts in the industry. Its ostensible object was to consolidate the forces of labor and to stop piecemeal strikes, by which building operations had been interrupted repeatedly by the several unions. Under honest leaders the Council would have benefited employers and the public almost equally with the workmen. It appears that BRINDELL collected some $30,000 a year in 50-cent fees from the workmen under the Council. Some part of this he expended in paying the salaries of walking delegates, at some $75 a week each—an arrangement that assured to him a really imperial power. What he made out of off-again, on-again strikes can be judged only by the sum mentioned in the present testimony. A job that would have netted SAM PARKS $250 cost the present victims $25,000—the precise destination of which has not yet been traced. As the witness remarked, this is a day of high costs, even in graft.

Like SAM PARKS, BRINDELL appears to have earned his popularity. When Mayor HYLAN awarded the bricklayers a daily wage of $10 BRINDELL exacted the like for his men under the Council. Whether his imperial munificence included strike allowances for those whom his operation threw out of work has not yet developed. In his way, no doubt, he played the game. But it seems equally certain that no parade awaits him. The imagination staggers in the effort to conceive what the equivalent of a white horse would be in limousines or racing cars. The legitimate element in organized labor is alive to the fact that such leaders are, what Mr. UNTERMYER calls them, "wolves and vultures."

In its normal development trade unionism is one of the salutary forces in modern life, with a very noble cause, high achievements and no doubt a still higher destiny. "It will "be cheerful news to the working"men to learn that the oppression of "these corrupt despots has reached "its limits and that relief is at hand."

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Just Like a Movie Melodrama.

It is not probable that the reporter who wrote the description of the bank robbery near Cleveland, this week, did consciously more than what most of us do too often—use a ready-made phrase—when he declared that "the battle in the bank was the culmination of one of the most spectacular robberies ever staged in this State." He might have been quite justified, however, if his intention in the employment of this well-worn formula had been to suggest that the crime was not unrelated to the daily teachings given in what has come to be a school attended by vast numbers of people.

Exactly such proceedings as those of the six men who cowed with pistols the officials and depositors of the Bedford bank are pictured constantly in most of the movie theatres and are watched with eager interest by innumerable boys who are fast approaching the age that is one common characteristic of a majority of criminals.

That some, and even many, film representations are harmless—that not a few of them are edifying and educational—can be claimed with truth, and nobody thinks of denying it. Also true, however, is it that great numbers of the pictures shown, especially in the cheaper places, make on young minds an impression and exercise an influence that cannot be otherwise than bad.

Much is talked, and something done, in the way of censoring the movies, but always, or next to always, the censorship is directed toward eliminating the one particular form of "immorality" which so often, and with such little reason, monopolizes the significance of the word. That other movie plays can be equally or more vicious than those so enraging to the professional guardians of a single virtue is a possibility that deserves much more attention than the very little it has received.

A Mistake Easily Explained.

Plays are not necessarily harmful, either on the older stage or on the screen, merely because they deal with crimes and criminals. There is a right and a wrong way of treating such subjects, but certainly it is a wrong way when the criminal is presented as a bold adventurer, engaged in a more or less romantic contest with society represented by a policeman who is stupid or comic. That frequently can be seen at the low-price movies and at least occasionally at those of the higher grade. Admiration of social enemies is thus excited in unformed minds, and admiration inevitably leads to imitation.

Robberies with violence are taking place at present with a frequency for which thoughtful observers eagerly are seeking an explanation. Can one, or part of one, not be found in the report so often heard—the report that a crime of one sort or another was committed without any interference from the passers-by because the latter had supposed the criminals to be the manufacturers of a new film melodrama?

That more than hints what thousands of boys with few outlets for their restless energies are taught they can do in the one place where they always can find amusement and excitement.

Passports Cost Too Much.

There has just closed in Paris an International Passport Conference, at which, apparently, no American representative was present, for it is stated that the resolutions adopted are to be sent to this country and that it is hoped there will be agreement with them here.

The efforts of the conference have all been in the direction of simplifying and cheapening the task of getting these important documents. In the pre-war days that now seem so remote, official permission to go from almost anywhere to almost anywhere could be obtained easily and inexpensively. Indeed, for most journeys tourists did not take the trouble to get a passport at all—they just went, and nothing happened to them.

Germany changed all that for the worse, as she did most other things in the whole world. Every Government tightened up its passport regulations, demanded photographs many and visés not a few, and with each elaboration of the process went a fee. All this was justifiable, and even necessary, while the war was in progress, but the "red tape" that had its important use then has now become burdensome and irritating, and, besides, it costs a lot of money.

At present there are few excuses anywhere for a continuance of the troublesome war regulations. It is to be suspected that in some countries they are kept up as a source of revenue, but they are a very poor one, as they decrease travel and stop the spending of foreign money. The United States is not depending on passport fees for revenue, but it is as slow in reducing them as if it were.

Condemns an Old Immunity.

Farmers and Congressmen alike will be astonished and horrified by the decision of Justice THOMPSON in the United States District Court at Pittsburgh that one section of the Lever act is unconstitutional because it violates the principle that all shall receive equal justice under the law.

This it does, the Justice says, by permitting farmers, gardeners, ranchmen and other cultivators of the land to do in the way of raising prices or keeping them high things which, if done by anybody else, would be held criminal conspiracy and punished as such.

But this form of discrimination, with the parallel immunity for labor organizations, has existed so long! All expectation of having it abrogated had passed away, and belief that it is about to end is not easy. Yet what Justice THOMPSON said on the subject sounds strangely plausible and sound. It sounds, too, as if he lacked reverence for the farmer vote.

That, as any legislator, State or national, will tell him if asked, is carrying courage far over into recklessness, and it won't do.

Another for Cox.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Will you permit me to say that I am a great admirer of the vigor and fairness of your editorials? I am a Republican, but as a matter of principle I am strong for the League of Nations and for Mr. Cox, who stands for it four square.

W. D. BISHOP, Treasurer,
Bishop Furniture Co., Grand Rapids, Mich.
Grand Rapids, Mich., Oct. 16, 1920.

SOUTH BY EAST.

You were finished and done with the Wilds, you said.
You squared your shoulders and tossed your head.
You stood by the rail and you said good-bye,
And the ship steered straight for the Western sky.
You grinned and laughed, but was there a note
Of grief in the laugh, a lump in your throat?

Was your merriment forced? Your manner gay
A hollow sham? Then come what may
Your dreams will be troubled and you will hear
The call of the Open in your ear,
At work, at play,
By night, by day,
Whispering to you sweet and dear.

And you will think of a tropic sky,
The cloud that sings as it passes by,
The generous shade of a mango tree,
Where often you rested gratefully
In the jungle hush by a swampy shore,
And heard far off the sullen roar
Of the restless sea on the restless sand
Over the miles of the silent land.
And you will vision the brilliant stars,
And think of the trail and the countless scars,
And the voice that called to you long ago
From the far-off places you did not know.

You were powerless then? You are more so now!
Do you think that you have the strength to cow
The voices, still and insistent, small,
That ever and ever call and call?

Foolish! You've known the lure of the Wide,
The call of the Open, and, whate'er betide,
Your heart will pine for the open sea—
The tropic isles where the dream-isles be.

For you are touched by the spell of the trail,
And all your prayers will not avail
To still the lure of an olden day
South by East, and far away.

EDMUND LEAMY.

DENIES OFFER TO THE POPE.

Flaherty Says Knights of Columbus Didn't Promise Him Asylum Here.

ROME, Oct. 21.—As a result of the war the chief sources of the Vatican's income, represented by Bavaria, Austria, Belgium and France, became so impoverished that Pope Benedict was obliged to appeal to Spain, Latin America and the United States, declares the Giornale d'Italia in an article under the caption of "America the Papacy's Hope." The newspaper adds that when Mgr. Bonaventure Cerretti, Under-Secretary of State at the Vatican, went to America to attend the golden jubilee of Cardinal Gibbons a report was circulated that he had gone with the object of negotiating a loan of $1,000,000 for the Holy See. In reality, however, his object was to collect $1,000,000 from the American Catholics.

Mgr. Cerretti, the newspaper asserts, appealed to the Knights of Columbus, an organization having nearly 1,000,000 members, which could easily raise the fund required. The delegation of Knights which recently came to Rome is said to have offered Pope Benedict $250,000, promising the remainder, which, perhaps, might even exceed $1,000,000.

"Besides," says the journal, "the Knights gave the Pope to understand that if grave troubles should arise in Italy he could find protection and hospitality in America. After Rome was occupied by Italian troops in 1870 a French vessel awaited the orders of Pope Pius for a year at Civita Vecchia, and the Knights said that in the event of a new crisis an American ship would take a similar position."

James A. Flaherty, Supreme Knight of the Knights of Columbus, last night issued a statement denying the statement in the Giornale d'Italia that the order, on the recent pilgrimage of its representatives to Rome, had assured Pope Benedict XV. that an American ship would be awaiting his command should grave troubles arise in Italy.

"Of course," said Mr. Flaherty, "we could give his Holiness no such assurance on the part of the United States. What we did promise was to aid the head of our Church to our utmost ability whenever he might have need of us.

"The statement that the Knights of Columbus undertook to raise $1,000,000 for the Vatican is also incorrect. We gave his Holiness Peter's pence from our own pockets to a substantial amount, and I am sorry it was not a hundred times what we were able to give, for the Pope has unceasing calls for his charity."

Growth of Pope's Fund for Children.

ROME, Oct. 21.—The announcement is made that the "Save-the-Children" fund started by Pope Benedict for the relief of suffering children in Central Europe has grown to 15,000,000 lire. In the last list of subscribers to be published the Diocese of Lipa, Philippine Islands, is shown to have given 160,000 lire.

FARMERS' WORLD COUNCIL.

Contemplated as Adjunct to International Institute of Agriculture.

ROME, Oct. 21.—Propositions by the Italian Government for the establishment of a "second house" of the International Institute of Agriculture will be considered at the November meeting of that organization. This "second house" would be made up of representatives of farmers' associations throughout the world. At present the institute includes only representatives of Governments.

The late David Lubin, founder of the institute, was always of the opinion that the representation of farmers was essential if the institute was to take its place as an international agricultural parliament. When he proposed this idea in 1905, it was premature and met with strenuous opposition from France, the United States and England, it is said. Now, however, sentiment has radically changed, and it is expected that a great majority of the countries will favor such an extension of the activities of the institute.

WARN WOULD-BE EMIGRANTS

British Officials Discourage Settlement in Latin America.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Recent offers of transportation by the Peruvian Government for British emigrants are resulting in official consideration by the Foreign Office of the general question of emigration to South America. The officials admit frankly that they look with disfavor upon British emigration to South and Central America. Previous experiments, as in Argentina before the war, proved unsuccessful, and numbers of British subjects were left stranded or were repatriated, the Britons being unable to cope with the problems of life in their new homes.

The Overseas Office is advising intending emigrants that under no circumstances should Britishers emigrate to South America, where the language, laws and standards of living, wages and labor conditions are entirely different from those in the United Kingdom. It is pointed out that the warning does not apply to persons who obtain a guarantee of employment. The official view of these cases, however, is that emigration should be toward the Dominions, where there is plenty of room for opportunity, where life is similar to that in Great Britain and where there is the possibility of the emigrants retaining their citizenship.

Applications for passage to Peru continue to be received according to the consular officials. The first party of Britishers should arrive in Peru Oct. 24, and 200 more are ready to depart on the steamer Huallaga, which now is at Newcastle, unable to sail because the coal strike is cutting off the vessel's coal and cargo. It is stated that hundreds of other applicants are waiting. They have been informed of the difficulties of pioneering in the new country, the Consular officials say.

HUGE AUSTRIAN DEFICIT.

12 Billion Crowns for Current Year —Complaint of Allied Extravagance.

VIENNA, Oct. 21. — The Austrian budget deficit for the current year amounts to 12,000,000,000 crowns, according to an announcement made by the Finance Minister.

The Abend complains today that each representative of the Allied Powers on the Vienna section of the Reparation Commission is receiving a salary of 6,000,000 crowns annually, costing the country 500,000,000 crowns yearly.

The women typists in the juridical section, the newspaper declares, are each drawing pay equal to that of five departmental chiefs in the Foreign Office, and this, the Abend says, the bankrupt country cannot afford.

NEW "REPUBLIC OF LIENZ."

Eastern Tyrol Town Takes Steps Toward Fusion with Germany.

VIENNA, Oct. 21.—As a preliminary step toward attempted fusion with Germany "Lienz Borough" of the Eastern Tyrol proclaimed itself a republic yesterday. The borough is issuing its own postage stamps, which the remainder of the country refuses to recognize.

5,000,000 Tons of Argentine Wheat.

BUENOS AIRES, Oct. 21.—Official figures show that 6,078,000 hectares of wheat have been sown in Argentina, and that 1,400,000 hectares have been sown to linseed. It is estimated by La Epoca, the Government organ, that the wheat crop will be 5,000,000 tons, and that the linseed crop will approximate 1,000,000 tons.

Franco-Bulgarian Relations Resumed

PARIS, Oct. 22.—General Michael Savoff, former Bulgarian Minister of War, who was recently appointed Bulgarian Minister to France, presented his credentials to President Millerand, today, renewing the pre-war diplomatic relations between France and Bulgaria. General Savoff expressed Bulgaria's intention to carry out loyally the terms of the peace treaty of Neuilly.

MUST CUT PRICES MORE, SAYS GARY

Further Adjustments in Steel Industry Necessary as in Other Business, He Asserts.

TENDENCY TO FAIRER BASIS

Public Will Bring About Reasonable Reductions, He Tells Iron and Steel Institute.

While there have been some decreases in the volume of business and voluntary reductions in selling prices in certain lines of the iron and steel industry, further adjustments were in order the same as in other kinds of business, Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the board of the United States Steel Corporation, told 1,200 members of the American Iron and Steel Institute yesterday in the Hotel Commodore. Judge Gary, who is President of the institute, considered these reductions as decidedly healthful to business conditions.

"All, or nearly all, of us have for months been unable to supply the demands of our customers as to quantities or deliveries, and our prices, considered as a whole, have resulted in profits," he said. "As a matter of course some adjustments will need to be made. The average of the general scale ought to be reduced equitably and relatively. Without referring to individual cases or lines of general business, I believe in many instances prices have been outrageously high. This observation applies more especially to middlemen, so called, and to smaller departments of industry. It also includes employes in certain trades; but it does not pertain under present conditions to the masses of workmen.

"Labor questions are always under consideration in this country and others. It should be constantly borne in mind that, in order to secure the best results to both employe and employer, mutual confidence and friendly co-operation are essential.

"The present tendency is toward a lower, more reasonable and fairer relative basis. The whole community desires and strives for this. The difficulty is found in the fact that every individual is perfectly willing that all others shall make reductions—the larger the better.

Selfishness Expected.

"As there was more or less a scramble for higher and still higher prices when they were advancing, there will be just as much selfishness in the enforced use of brakes when there is a tendency toward decreasing prices. Now a general public, including particularly those who are neither sellers nor buyers to a large extent, will in one way or another bring about a fair and reasonable adjustment of prices. The law of supply and demand will be the principal factor.

"We naturally ask ourselves what shall we personally do; what shall be our attitude in these circumstances? I answer: We must evidence the same disposition which was displayed before the Industrial Board in March, 1919, when our Steel Committee co-operated with the Government's representatives in the endeavor to secure a general, equitable, orderly and methodical reduction in the prices of all commodities and services. We would have succeeded except for the sudden change in the attitude of the Administration which resulted in the abolition of the Industrial Board, and thus limited the leaders in the industry to their own resources.

"Notwithstanding that episode, we have done since then much to prevent unreasonable advances, and at present we are called upon to exert a further steadying influence upon the general situation. Let us be reasonable and just, reducing our prices if and when other reductions and costs permit, and then, with level heads, clear minds and honest convictions, and not by reason of panic or lack of confidence in the industrial situation. Let us strive to be right. If we are right we can be determined and courageous. Let us as individuals consider the interests of all others. Our business is basic. It is perhaps one of the most important. We may, we must, exert an influence for stability throughout the business world at a time when readjustments are more than usually liable to provoke disturbed conditions."

Progress in France and Belgium.

Judge Gary's comment on the business outlook concluded an address devoted to the situation in France and Belgium as he found it on his recent trip abroad. He described graphically his trip over the devastated regions of the two countries and told in detail of the reconstruction work being carried on. He said the virulent germ of Bolshevism has been brought to these countries by vicious, unworthy and selfish persons, but that the Governments are strong and vigorous and will have the support of the large majority of the people in the protection of property and home and family.

"On the whole I am of the opinion that both France and Belgium should be well satisfied with conditions and prospects," he said. "They are making good progress and with increasing momentum. They are in better shape than I had expected to find them."

Judge Gary said he was satisfied there was no ground for the assertion that Frenchmen were much dissatisfied with the attitude of Americans concerning the after effects of the war. He said the French are very friendly toward Americans and are deeply grateful for the service rendered during the war.

Papers on technical subjects were read by C. P. Perin, A. H. Holliday, D. M. Buck, F. L. Toy, E. A. Wheaton, R. R. Abbott and Walther Mathesius.

Tells Need of Coal Conservation.

It was up to the steel industry, which consumed more than 100,000,000 tons of coal a year, to lead the way in conserving the nation's supply, Dr. George Otis Smith, Director of the United States Geological Survey, told the iron and steel men at the dinner which was held last night in the Commodore. He warned his audience not to put too much belief in the estimates of the country's coal resources unmined, which he believed were inflated.

"We have been too long content to burn coal rather than try to study how we could save some," he said. "It was only when high prices and low production came that we began to pay attention to the waste that was going on."

He asked the members of the institute to give thoughtful consideration to the problem of conserving coal, which he said was a national one.

H. Cole Estep, European manager of the Iron Trade Review, in a paper which was read by John A. Pinton, declared that the steel industry here had nothing to fear from the revival of production in Europe. On the other hand, he pointed out, it worked out well for America since the American export trade had suffered as a result of the inflated rate of exchange.

This year European production will have increased 26 per cent. more than last year, Mr. Estep stated in his paper. America last year produced 85 per cent of the world's supply, but this country's percentage will be 64, due to the revival of production abroad. The situation there depended on the outcome of the coal strike in England, as France needed English coal and England needed the rich ores from the Lorraine basin, Mr. Estep said.

MEN OF INDUSTRY FIGHT EXCESS TAX

Speakers at Meeting Here Oppose Levy on Coffee, Tea, Sugar and Automobiles.

FOR RADICAL REVISION

Kahn Says He Favors Increasing Revenue by Tariff and Stamp Tax on Checks.

Representatives of more than 200 industrial concerns in all parts of the country met at the Hotel Astor yesterday to discuss the radical revision of the national tax laws and, particularly, substitutes for the excess profits tax, the repeal of which is urged. Proposals for changes in the laws were made in a tentative report of the Tax Committee of the National Industrial Conference Board. The report, a digest of which was printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Thursday, suggested twelve taxes to make up the loss in revenue which the repeal of the excess profits tax would entail.

Opposition to the recommendations of the committee for substitute taxes on coffee, tea, sugar, automobiles and other goods was voiced by several speakers at both the day and night sessions, and the committee was urged to modify its report in these respects. Otto H. Kahn, the speaker at the night session, said that while he concurred in the opinion of the committee in most respects, he believed that other substitutes than those suggested might be better.

"It is not necessary to say much about the excess profits tax, as its harm is recognized and all desire its repeal," Mr. Kahn said. "In theory it is a just tax. I do not think it is always added to cost, although every one tries to pass it on. My main objection is against its application. It is so hard to administer that it is practically unworkable without a civil service of experts. Also I think excessive surtaxes should be abolished.

"Either we must drive our machinery by the accumulation of individual efforts, by savings, or by the State. There is no middle ground. That is basic, and I think it has been overlooked in our present system. Excessive surtaxes are passed on. The income tax, when it is moderate, is not passed on; when it is excessive, it is passed on. The assumption that excessive income taxes hit the rich man is fallacious.

"I am not wholly in accord with your committee's proposals for a substitute for these taxes. I am not in favor of your suggestions for a tax on sugar, tea, coffee, &c. I think there are other things that can be substituted, such as increased revenue through tariff, a stamp tax on checks, &c.

Wavers on Stamp Tax.

"As to the sales tax, I am not ashamed to say that my opinion has wavered. A general sales tax is the most unblushing form of a consumption tax. The business community should hesitate to espouse anything that so obviously relieves them of a burden. We are coming to a period that will force us to rely on exports more and more. I do not think it wise to put on a tax, like the sales tax, that adds to the cost of the product. Our goods must compete with goods that are not so burdened. It has been used in other countries as a least resort, and we have not come to that as yet.

"A gross sales or turnover tax is different from a retail sales tax. I do not think the same objections apply to the retail sales tax as to the gross sales tax. But I would not use either tax unless necessary. The ideal tax is one that shares something of the character of direct and of an indirect tax."

Alfred Reeves of the National Automobile Chamber of Commerce said that automobiles should be taken out of the luxury class. "We know what the trucks are to the country," he said. "It is unfortunate that people speak of the automobile as a luxury. Many think only of the Rolls-Royce and not of the Rolls-Rough, the famous car made in Detroit. More than 2,250,000 farmers and 101,000 doctors use automobiles. One-third of all the automobiles are owned in towns of less than 1,000 inhabitants. If there is any question about whether the automobile is a luxury I suggest the stoppage of all automobiles for ten days. I object to four taxes on automobiles when there are only two on face powder."

Dr. Joseph J. Klein said that he thought the taxes of coffee, tea, sugar, &c., were hitting "the poor man's breakfast" too hard. He suggested other changes in the law.

Fayette B. Plumb of Philadelphia, president of Fayette B. Plumb, Inc., gave the first address at the forenoon session following the reading of the committee's report. Mr. Plumb, who is the chairman of the board, explained that the conference was not a meeting of the National Industrial Conference Board, but of representatives of more than 200 industries. The committee's report, he said, was tentative and it probably would be revised.

Must Raise $4,900,000,000.

Mr. Plumb said that it was estimated that the total revenue of the Government for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1921, would amount to $6,000,000,000, of which $4,900,000,000 would be raised by taxation. The expenditures, he said, would total $5,000,000,000, so that there would be an excess of revenue over expenditures of about $1,000,000,000. This surplus, said Mr. Plumb, was not unnecessary in view of the fact that there was a floating debt of about $2,100,000,000, which should be paid off at the earliest possible moment.

Other speakers were Professor Thomas S. Adams of Yale, James Craig Peacock of Washington, Paul Armitage, Charles A. Andrews of Gloucester, Mass., and Professor E. R. A. Seligman of Columbia.

The question of a sales tax resulted in a heated discussion, and several of the speakers requested that the committee give deeper thought to the question following the arguments presented at the conference. Meyer D. Rothschild, Chairman of the Business Men's National Tax Committee, declared that the taxes suggested by the committee were a severe burden upon business and the average citizen. They were unjust and economically unsound, he said. Henry G. Opdyke of the Tax League of America, declared that the league's study of the proposed sales tax had shown that the tax was popular throughout the country.

Professor Seligman spoke against the general sales tax. He said that the first thing America did when it went into Cuba was to do away with the consumers' tax. He said that other means of taxation, some of which he outlined in detail, should be devised for revenue rather than a tax on consumption.

SUBWAY CONTRACTORS LOSE

City's Demurrer Sustained in Suit Involving $20,000,000 Excess Costs.

Claims of about $20,000,000 made against the city by subway contractors received a blow yesterday when Federal Judge A. N. Hand sustained a demurrer by Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien to three causes of action in a suit containing twelve causes instituted by Holbrook, Cabot & Rollins to recover $3,780,000 excess cost of work done in the vicinity of Times Square. It was alleged the city had promised additional compensation to the contractors to cover the increased costs of labor and materials due to the war.

The demurrer relates particularly to alleged promises by the Board of Estimate which induced the contractors, it is alleged, to go on with the work.

"This decision will mean a saving to the city of upward of $20,000,000," said Mr. O'Brien.

ITALIAN ANARCHIST LEADERS ARRESTED

Taken in a Police Raid on a Congress in Session at Bologna.

BOLOGNA, Oct. 22.—The anarchist, Virginia Dandrea, a companion of Armando Borghi, the anarchist leader, who, after the arrest of the latter, conducted an agitation to obtain his release, convoked a meeting here today of thirty-five anarchist leaders from all parts of Italy to discuss action to be taken as a protest against the arrest of Enrico Malatesta and Borghi and other anarchists.

When the gathering had assembled the police surrounded the building and, breaking into it, arrested all the anarchists. Antonio Negro, Secretary of the Chamber of Labor at Sestri, was among those arrested. A considerable amount of money was found in the possession of the anarchists.

Reaction for the purpose of crushing the proletariat is being organized by the bourgeoisie, but it is confronted by the revolutionary organization of the masses throughout the world, says a manifesto addressed to "All workmen and peasants," which was printed yesterday in the Avanti, a Socialist organ. The manifesto was signed by the Socialist Party, the Anarchist Federation, the General Confederation of Labor, the Syndicate of Railwaymen, the Federation of Seamen and the Federation of Harbor Workers.

"Versailles is confronted by Moscow," said the manifesto. "The bankruptcy and ruin of the Italian bourgeoisie is evident. Italy emerges from the war as a vassal of the Entente; the quantity of bread and coal for our people is being diminished daily; the State budget is disastrously full of debts and Italy is without credit abroad. This situation can be solved only by a proletariat revolution throughout the world. After the magnificent battle of the metal workers, the bourgeoisie feel humiliated and are determined to revenge themselves."

The manifesto urges the proletariat to intensify the struggle and to perfect preparations for a revolutionary movement "without impulsive action, without impatience, but with promptness and determination."

"Military conspiracies such as that of Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio at Fiume," the manifesto concludes, "as well as any attempt at military dictatorship or any pitiless persecution of our men, must find the proletariat united, compact and ready to fight for the safety of its organizations, for a definite conquest of power and for the triumph of Communism."

LONDON, Oct. 22.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Rome says a bomb was thrown today in Carrara at the branch of the Bank of Italy. Heavy damage resulted. One girl was injured.

The attack is supposed to have been made by anarchists. Many arrests were made.

MILAN, Oct. 21.—The search of the houses of arditi and other soldiers here is being continued by the police, whose recent visitations have resulted in the seizure of a few rifles and revolvers and thirty bombs. Two of the men whose homes were searched were arrested.

An accusation has been lodged with the authorities against Ferruccio Vecchi, one of the most daring leaders of the arditi, charging him with responsibility "for inciting hatred between the classes."

FLORENCE, Oct. 22.—The directorate of the Socialist Party at the continuation today of its meeting here heard a statement from Deputy Morgari, who declared he had learned in Rome that a military coup d'état was being organized to be sprung Nov. 4, the anniversary of the Italian victory on the Piave in 1918.

Deputy Morgari asserted that this conspiracy was to be led by a former Minister of War, Signor Giardino; Gabriel d'Annunzio, Admiral Millo and General Garibaldi, and that it aimed at the establishment of a military dictatorship.

RENEWS ZIONIST PLEDGE.

British Minister Says League Will Soon Discuss Mandate for Palestine.

LONDON, Oct. 22 (Jewish Telegraphic Agency).—Replying to a question by the Hon. William Ormesby-Gore in the House of Commons last night, J. Austen Chamberlain, Chancellor of the Exchequer, said on behalf of Premier Lloyd George that the matter of the mandate for Palestine would be taken up by the League of Nations in the near future. He said that the British Government had made it clear to the League, as well as to the allies, that it proposed to put into effect the Balfour declaration to the Jews regarding Palestine.

Mr. Chamberlain stated that the Palestine boundaries had not yet been determined.

The Balfour declaration referred to was made by Arthur J. Balfour in November, 1917, when Mr. Balfour, then Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, wrote a letter to Lord Rothschild expressing the Government's sympathy with the Zionist movement. Mr. Balfour wrote:

"The Government views with favor the establishment of Palestine as a national home for the Jewish people, and will use its best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing will be done that may prejudice the civil or religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine."

Mr. Balfour added that this declaration of sympathy with the Jewish Zionist aspirations had been submitted to and approved by the Cabinet.

CAPT. A. R. MILLS RETIRES.

Commodore of the American Line Fleet Has Sailed the Seas 52 Years.

Captain Arthur R. Mills of the American liner St. Paul and Commodore of the American Line fleet, retired yesterday after 52 years' sea service. He will sail on the White Star liner Olympic on Nov. 6 to enjoy a well-earned rest at his home in Southampton, Eng.

Captain Mills is one of the best-known skippers in the Atlantic trade. He has been in command since 1889 of Red Star and American liners, including the Philadelphia, for fifteen years. He was born in Cardiff, Wales. He went to sea in sailing ships at the age of 14, and remained under sail in the India and China trade until he reached command. Then, becoming tired of windjammers, he joined the Red Star Line as a junior officer. He was made captain of the Switzerland after passing through the various grades.

While in the Red Star Line service Captain Mills took out his American citizenship papers. In the course of his career he has commanded the New York, the Philadelphia and the St. Paul, and would have had the Leviathan for a few voyages had the United States Shipping Board turned her over to the International Mercantile Marine Company in September, 1919, when she passed out of the transport service. He has been one of the most popular commanders in the Atlantic trade, and his tall, bluff figure, gray hair and mustache and powerful voice are known to thousands of American travelers. He is 66 years old.

Theodore Rousseau Gets Paris Post.

Theodore Rousseau, formerly secretary to the late Mayor John Purroy Mitchel, and more recently secretary to President Charles H. Sabin of the Guaranty Trust Company, has been appointed assistant secretary of the trust company's Paris office. He will sail for France next month.

Fiolla, Dominican Journalist, Freed.

HAVANA, Oct. 21.—Fabio Fiolla, the Dominican journalist who has been held by American military authorities in Santo Domingo on charges growing out of the publication of certain newspaper articles written by him, has been provisionally placed at liberty, according to a cablegram received here tonight bearing Fiolla's signature.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Edward R. Stettinius has returned to 1,021 Park Avenue from White Sulphur Springs.

Mrs. Cornelia Adair of London is arriving on the Mauretania, and will be at the St. Regis. Mrs. Adair was formerly Miss Cornelia Wadsworth, daughter of General Wadsworth of this city, and has long been prominent in London society. She frequently entertains at Glenveagh Castle in Donegal, Ireland.

Mrs. J. Low Harriman has arrived from Washington, D. C., and has joined Mr. Harriman at the Plaza.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Dougherty are at the Broadmoor, in Colorado Springs, visiting their son, Major Russell K. Dougherty, and his wife, the former having been at the hotel for several months, recuperating from the effects of gas received in the trenches in France.

Miss Constance Nash, eldest daughter of Warren B. Nash of 410 Park Avenue will make her début in December. She is a granddaughter of William A. Nash.

Mr. and Mrs. Kingdon Gould, who have been spending some weeks in town, have gone to Lakewood.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. White of Rye are visiting Mr. and Mrs. William A. Read, Jr., at their camp in the Adirondacks.

Mrs. Nelson O'Shaughnessy entertained at luncheon yesterday at the St. Regis.

Mr. and Mrs. James Eads Switzer, who spent the Summer at Douglaston, L. I., have taken the apartment of the latter's mother, Mrs. Hewitt, at 515 Madison Avenue, for the Winter.

Mrs. Robert Hewitt of Ardsley-on-Hudson and New York has leased a house, 19 South Street, Park Lane, London, for the Winter.

The Rev. Dr. Malcolm James MacLeod, pastor of the Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas, has purchased a house at Cedar Knolls, Bronxville, N. Y., where he and his family are now residing.

Mrs. John Aspegren has returned from California, and Mr. Aspegren, who is now in Texas, is expected to return to New York next week.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman D. Kountze of 270 Park Avenue are at the Maryland in Pasadena, Cal., for a visit; also Mrs. Henry D. Hotchkiss of this city.

Mrs. William Manning Irwin, wife of Commander Irwin; Miss Annie B. Irwin and Harrison B. Irwin are at the Astor, having closed their Summer place at Osterville, Cape Cod.

Miss Helen Whitehouse, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry J. Whitehouse, and Charles C. Walker will be married at noon today in St. Mark's Church at Mount Kisco, with a reception following at Ridgewood, the country place of the bride's parents.

Mrs. John G. Agar, Mrs. Nicholas F. Brady, Countess de Laugier Villars, Mrs. Grenville T. Emmet, Mrs. Bradish G. Johnson, Mrs. Henry W. Taft, Mrs. John W. Mackay, Mrs. Cabot Ward and Mrs. Van Brugh Livingston are among the patronesses for the benefit sale to further the work of the religious of the Cenacle for spiritual retreat for women and young girls of New York, to be held at the Hotel Plaza on Thursday, Oct. 28, during the afternoon and evening.

Newport.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Fred Pierson, Jr., have again leased the Parker cottage on Parker Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Richard W. Corbin, who have been occupying the Pine Lodge Annex during the Summer, have taken the Underwood cottage on Tour Park West for the late season.

Mrs. William Armstrong is closing her Middletown residence for the Winter and has taken the Pine Lodge until Spring.

Mrs. Edward J. Berwind will go to New York Monday. She will spend about a week there and then go to Hot Springs to await Mr. Berwind's return from abroad.

Dr. and Mrs. Alexander Hamilton Rice have gone on a motor trip and will be away until the end of next week.

Mrs. Griswold Gracy has returned to New York after a Newport visit.

Mrs. C. Lorillard Spencer has arrived at her Newport home, Chastellux, having returned from abroad.

Mrs. C. C. Bombaugh has returned from Baltimore.

Lenox.

Mrs. Moses Taylor and Miss Marion Taylor of Mt. Kisco, N. Y., are at the Curtis Hotel while touring the hills. Also there are Mr. and Mrs. E. Hayward Perry of New York, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Freylinghuysen of Newark, N. J.; Mr. and Mrs. E. Palmer Gavit and Miss Ann Gavit of Santa Barbara, Cal. Miss Anna Blake Shaw went to New York from the Curtis yesterday.

Mrs. William B. Osgood Field is to arrive home from her two weeks' hunting trip to the Cascapaedia River Clubhouse, Quebec, tonight. Mr. Field is to stay another week.

Mrs. John Stewart McLennan had a luncheon party at Ashintully in Tyringham for Mrs. Royal Whitman of New York, Mrs. Moses Williams, Mrs. J. Wells Farley of Boston and Mrs. Luther Bradley and the Misses Bradley of Chicago.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark G. Voorhees of Old Lyme, Conn., are with Mrs. George Winthrop Folsom.

Mrs. Reuben Wing Howes and two sons, Reuben Wing Howes and Townsend Howes, are to be at Grey House in Lenox after they close their villa in Cliffwood.

Hot Springs.

Philip K. Rhinelander arrived at the Homestead yesterday to join Mrs. Rhinelander who has been here the last ten days. Mrs. Rhinelander was the winner of the championship flight in the women's golf tournament held during the week on the Homestead course.

Dr. and Mrs. S. Emlem Stokes arrived yesterday from Morristown, N. J., for a visit of two weeks.

Archibald R. Watson and his young son, Archibald R. Watson, Jr., arrived yesterday from New York by automobile for a short visit.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherwood Aldrich motored over from White Sulphur Springs for luncheon at the Homestead.

Cornelius F. Fox, gave a dinner in the Homestead last night for Mr. and Mrs. George A. Huhn, Jr., Mrs. W. T. Cameron and Charles Inman.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Seligman entertained at dinner last night Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Haskell, Mr. and Mrs. George Batcheller, Mrs. Frederick Lewisohn, Mrs. James R. Deering, Miss Virginia Latrobe and the Messrs. Thomas Stanley Fuller and H. H. Mard.

Mr. and Mrs. James F. Donahue's dinner guests last night were Mrs. William H. Simonds, Mrs. Timothy S. Goodman, Mrs. O. Degrey Vanderbilt, William B. Averill and William H. Hunter.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Bullard arrived yesterday from Washington and Miss Lucia H. Chase from New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas J. Gillespie, Jr., are at the Homestead from Pittsburgh for a late October visit.

Miss Walsh entertained at tea yesterday at the Oaks. Others entertaining there yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. Livingston Platt, Mrs. Stewart S. Hathaway and Edward Nicoll Dickerson.

Baron and Baroness Rosenkrantz gave a dinner last night at their cottage for Mr. and Mrs. Melville E. Ingalls, Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorff, Judge and Mrs. Daniel P. Murphy, Robert Batcheller, Francis McNeill Bacon, Jr., and Sir Mortimer and Lady Davis.

White Sulphur Springs, W. Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Paige arrived from New York yesterday, joining Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Bingham and others for a week's stay.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Eastwood of Rochester motored to Hot Springs yesterday to spend the day.

Miss Edna A. Barger of New York arrived yesterday, joining Milton S. Barger, who gave a luncheon for her at the Casino. Others noted there at luncheon were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Payne Bingham, who had five guests; Mr. and Mrs. Warren E. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Moss of Philadelphia, Mrs. Wilbert A. Bloodgood, Mr. and Mrs. W. DeLancey, Mr. and Mrs. T. T. Wilkinson, Mr. and Mrs. T. Y. Milburn, Mr. and Mrs. Mortimer Fuller, and James Parrish, Jr.

Mrs. E. P. Morse and party lunched on Kate's Mountain Club veranda.

Edward R. Stettinius has been joined here by Mr. and Mrs. George Whitney of New York, who came from Hot Springs, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. Francis Smythe, J. H. Murphy and J. J. Blackham are New York arrivals, and F. Walter Gilbert has arrived from Detroit.

Arriving by automobile on a tour of the Virginias to spend the week-end here were Mrs. S. B. Fleming of New York, Miss McDowell and Mrs. W. O'Rourke of Fort Wayne, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph E. Widener, who left last evening to attend the races at Latonia, Ky., received a royal sendoff by their companions at a farewell dinner given them by Ellis Postlethwaite.

MISS MAGNUS'S WEDDING.

1,000 to Attend Reception at Her Marriage to Horace C. Flanigan.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Miss Aimee Ruth Magnus will be married to Horace Claflin Flanigan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Flanigan of New York, tomorrow evening at the residence of her mother. Father Purcell will read the service in the presence of about 250 guests. About 1,000 will attend the reception.

Mrs. S. L. Berg and Mrs. Adolph Magnus, sister and sister-in-law of the bride, will be matrons of honor. The bridesmaids will be Mrs. Percy Bride, Mrs. Walter Leisinger of New York, Miss Avis Dubin and Miss Dorothy Erentano, both of Chicago.

Lieut. Com. Howard Flanigan will serve as best man for his brother.

Mr. and Mrs. Flanigan will be at home after Nov. 15 at 116 East Fifty-third Street, New York.

Among the out-of-town guests attending will be Mrs. Adolphus Busch of St. Louis, grandmother of the bride.

WANTS MARRIAGE ANNULLED

Wife Accuses Husband of Kidnapping and Imprisoning Her.

Supreme Court Justice Hotchkiss reserved decision yesterday in an undefended suit by Mrs. Adrianna Mas Travis to annul her marriage to Charles Travis, a shoe manufacturer now living at Cape May, N. J. She testified that she came here from Porto Rico and got employment in a paper box factory, after which her eight brothers and sisters and her parents also came here and went to live at 73 Bank Street.

Mrs. Travis testified that Travis boarded with her parents and that when he became attentive to her the family moved several times to rid their daughter of him. She said he finally induced her to marry him at the Municipal Building last February, but she refused to live with him. She testified that Travis and several companions came here two months ago and kidnapped her, taking her to a lonesome house near Newark, N. J., where she was kept under lock and key for three weeks. She escaped and had her husband arrested here for assault. When arraigned in the Jefferson Market Court he was put under bond not to molest her or members of her family. She asked for the annulment on the ground that she married Travis through fear of bodily harm.

MOTHER GETS STAGG BABY.

Child Restored to Parent at Vancouver—Writer Still Held.

Robert Stagg, the 21 months' old Tacoma baby, whom it is charged was stolen by George T. Stagg, his father, and Betty Brainard, a newspaper writer, on Sept. 14, has been restored to his mother at Vancouver, according to a telegram received yesterday by John S. Strickland, Captain of Detectives of Tacoma, now stopping at the Hotel Langwell, in West Forty-fourth Street.

The captain said the restoration had been made by Miss Marie Smith, a New York newspaper writer, and her mother, who obtained the baby from the nurse employed to bring the child East. The child was turned over to Miss Smith in Albany and she took him to Vancouver.

Miss Brainard is under arrest in this city and Captain Strickland has her traditen papers. Governor Smith will hold a hearing within the next day or two.

MRS. HILDRETH OPENS TOUR

Speaks at Jamaica in Opposition to "Tammany-Dictated Ticket."

Mrs. Albert H. Hildreth of Syracuse, who was Chairman of Governor Alfred E. Smith's Women's Campaign Committee two years ago, and who recently "bolted" the Democratic ticket, arrived here yesterday and began a speaking tour for the Republican national and State candidates at a meeting in Jamaica last night.

"I am here to hit Tammany, and I am going to do so," said Mrs. Hildreth at Republican State headquarters. "The Democrats up State are disgusted with Governor Smith's administration. They are also amused at his alibis for the non-performance of anything. I know the up-State Democrats have no use for Tammany, and Tammany controls Governor Smith. I have found the sentiment among Democratic women up-State to be decidedly adverse to the Democratic State ticket."

Mrs. Hildreth referred to Mrs. John Sherwin Crosby, who recently came out for Senator Harding and Senator Wadsworth and has just been expelled by the Women's Democratic Club, as an example of the way Democratic women have been treated by Tammany.

Mrs. Crosby wished to express her opinion by voting for William G. McAdoo instead of Governor Cox and was so "roughly" treated, Mrs. Hildreth said, that she was compelled to leave the Democratic National Convention before it was over.

"She gave her proxy to a delegate to vote for Mr. McAdoo," Mrs. Hildreth continued. "She was followed to the train by Tammany leaders and compelled to rescind her proxy. More caveman methods."

CLASSMATES HONOR KOO.

Chinese Minister, on Eve of Departure, Is Guest at Dinner.

Many pleasant things were said about the relations between the United States and China last night at a dinner given to the Chinese Minister, Mr. Wellington Koo, by his old classmates of Columbia University, a Columbia University Club, on the eve of his departure for the Court of St. James's.

Professor Edwin Seligman, Professor of Political Economy at the university, and Martin Egan of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co., spoke of the great work Mr. Koo had performed during his term of office at Washington. Mr. Koo, in reply, said that the good influence which American universities were having on China was only one of the things for which he, and all Chinese, had to thank this country.

ETTINGER BARS INSPECTION.

School Superintendent Maintains That Inquiry Should Come from Him

City Superintendent of Schools Ettinger has barred the representatives of the Commissioner of Accounts from making investigations at the High School of Commerce. The purpose of the inquiry was to ascertain the disposition of school supplies.

Superintendent Ettinger contends that this sort of information should be sought through his office. He maintains that under the Court of Appeals decision in the Cook case the power of the Commissioner of Accounts is definitely limited, and that under the agreement under which his investigation was subsequently started, information was to be sought through the Superintendent's office.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Betty Andrews to Wed J. B. Waters—Miss Olyphant Betrothed.

Mr. and Mrs. Garnett Andrews of Chattanooga, Tenn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Betty Beirne Andrews, to Joseph Behrens Waters, son of Mr. and Mrs. George Jason Waters of Philadelphia and Sevenbridge House, Little Silver, N. J.

Miss Andrews comes from a prominent Tennessee family. She is a granddaughter of the late Garnett Andrews, one-time Mayor of Chattanooga, and a great-granddaughter of Judge Garnett Andrews, a distinguished jurist of Georgia. Her mother before her marriage was Miss Elizabeth Key, whose father, David McK. Key, was Postmaster General under President Hayes, and whose brother, Commander Albert Key, married Miss Grace C. Smith, the sister of Mrs. Leonard Wood. Her grandmother on the paternal side was a Miss Rosalie Beirne of Virginia and related to Mrs. J. Fred Pierson of New York and Newport.

Miss Andrews attended an academy in Brussels, and also the Sacred Heart Convent at Roehampton. She made her début in Chattanooga and at Palm Beach and has many friends in New York.

Mr. Waters is a graduate of St. Paul's School and left Yale to enter service. He was two years overseas. He is a prominent member of the Rumson, N. J., polo team.

The wedding will take place next Spring.

Olyphant—Douw.

Announcement has been made of the engagement of Miss Anne Morss Olyphant, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Talbot Olyphant of 911 Park Avenue, to John de Peyster Douw of Annapolis, Md. Mr. Douw is a son of the late Volckert Douw and a grandson of John de Peyster Douw of Albany. He served in the war with the rank of Major. No date has been set for the wedding.

Jardine—Post.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Jackson Post of this city announce the engagement of their son, Andrew Jackson Post, Jr., to Miss Catherine Jardine, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Earle Jardine of Oak Knoll, Pasadena, Cal. The wedding is to take place late next month. Mr. Post was graduated from Princeton in the 1917 class, and served during the war as a Lieutenant in the Signal Corps attached to the Second Army Corps in France.

Crowell—Crowell.

Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hall Crowell of Perth Amboy, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Louise Crowell, to Reginald Bulkley Crowell, a son of Mr. and Mrs. William Alexander Crowell of Metuchen, N. J. Although bearing the same name, the two are not relatives. Mr. Crowell was a member of the 7th Regiment, and later served as Lieutenant with the 27th Air Squadron, Pursuit Troop.

Little—Hand.

Mr. and Mrs. John Little of Plainfield, N. J., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Edith Marion Little, to Ernest T. Hand, Jr., also of Plainfield.

WEDDINGS.

Mestre—Woodhull.

The marriage is announced of Mrs. Martie Chadbourn Woodhull, a daughter of Mrs. Harriette M. Chadbourn, to Alfred Mestre of this city, and a member of the New York Stock Exchange. They were married on Oct. 20 at the home of H. G. S. Noble, 23 West Eighty-fifth Street, Dr. Frank Crane, an old friend of the bride's family, officiating. On their return to New York they will live at 104 East Fortieth Street.

Carr—Swain.

The marriage of Stephen Cordts Carr of this city and Miss Margaret Randolph Swain, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George Allen Swain of 19 West Eighty-fourth Street, took place last evening in St. Paul's Methodist Episcopal Church, Eighty-sixth Street and West End Avenue. The bride had her sister, Miss Allene R. Swain, as her only attendant. Malcolm Wallace Carr was his brother's best man, and the ushers were the bride's brother, Laurence R. Swain, Dr. Wilhenry Fuller, Arthur P. Caldwell and Dr. Robert D. McLean. The small reception followed at the Hotel Pennsylvania.

PUTNAM WILL TRY AGAIN.

Accepts Invitation to Deliver Interrupted Brooklyn Lecture.

Major George Haven Putnam yesterday accepted the invitation of the Bureau of Lectures of the Board of Education to return to the Erasmus Hall High School in Brooklyn within the next few weeks and deliver the lecture which was prevented on Oct. 11 by an organized tumult that had been started with the false report that Major Putnam had said that the American revolution was not justified.

After Major Putnam had been informed that the Flatbush Chamber of Commerce had adopted resolutions deprecating the disorder and urging him to return so that Flatbush could show him that most of its dwellers welcomed him, he accepted the invitation. His subject will be "The Relations Between America and England."

WOMEN OUT FOR MILLER.

Equal Opportunity League Forms Committee to Work for Nominee.

The Women's Equal Opportunity League, which opposed the program of social welfare legislation which Governor Smith tried unsuccessfully, for the most part, to get through the Legislature, announced yesterday the formation of a Committee of One Hundred Women to work for the election of Nathan L. Miller, Republican candidate for Governor.

The committee is said to be formed entirely of women who are self-supporting. Among the leading members are Miss Helen Conley, Mrs. Pauline A. Leavitt, Mrs. Frank Laverty, Miss Catherine Simm, Mrs. E. M. Ivey, Mrs. Elizabeth Higgins, Mrs. Margaret Kerr Firth, Miss Lauretta Rigby, Mrs. Helen Wenz, Miss Helen Mandlat, Mrs. Helen O'Connor, Miss Elise E. Wilson and Miss Beatrice Brown Young.

Mrs. Shonts Sues Husband's Estate.

Mrs. Milla D. Shonts got permission yesterday from Surrogate Foley to sue the estate of her husband, Theodore P. Shonts, to recover $100,000 which her husband acknowledged in his will that he owed her. In her petition Mrs. Shonts said that when she found she could not collect the money from De Lancey Nicoll and Edward J. Berwind, the executors, she filed her claim with the Guaranty Trust Company, temporary administrator, which also rejected the claim. Her only recourse now is to sue in the Supreme Court.

OLIVER DOUD BYRON, ACTOR, DIES AT 77

Starred in 'Across the Continent' 22 Seasons—Also Played Romeo in Mrs. Scott Siddons's Company.

Oliver Doud Byron, one of the leading actors of the closing quarter of the last century, died yesterday at his residence on Ocean Avenue, Long Branch, after a short illness, at the age of 77. His last appearance on the stage was in "General John Regan" five years ago at the Broadway Theatre. He also played John Burkett Ryder in "The Lion and the Mouse."

He was born in Frederick City, Md., Nov. 14, 1842, and at the age of 14 made a theatrical début of a sort as one of the schoolboys fed sulphur and molasses in "Nicholas Nickleby."

One of his famous performances was that of Romeo opposite the Juliet of Mrs. Scott Siddons, but the greatest success of his career and one of the greatest in respect to its duration ever scored by any actor, was as the star of "Across the Continent," in which, beginning in 1870, he played for twenty-two seasons in nearly every city and town in the United States.

PHILIP K. MINDIL DEAD.

Dramatic Editor of The Tribune Dies After a Long Illness.

Philip Kearny Mindil, dramatic editor of The New York Tribune, died yesterday at his home, 451 West Thirty-fourth Street, after an illness of seven months. Mr. Mindil was well known in the newspaper and publicity world. He had been on practically all the New York newspapers and at one time was the owner and editor of Vanity Fair.

Mr. Mindil was born in Philadelphia Aug. 3, 1874, and he was a son of the late George W. Mindil, who served as Chief of Staff to General Phil Kearny, after whom he was named. He was graduated from the Boys' High School, Brooklyn, and since 1892 had been active in newspaper work here and in Chicago. Mr. Mindil went to The Tribune from The World a year ago.

In 1897 in Chicago he married Miss Rosemonde West, who survives him. Their son was killed in France while serving with the 27th Division.

RT. REV. E. A. GARVEY DEAD.

Roman Catholic Bishop of Altoona, Pa., Diocese for 19 Years.

ALTOONA, Pa., Oct. 22.—The Right Rev. E. A. Garvey, Bishop of the Altoona Diocese of the Roman Catholic Church, died at his residence here today. Bishop Garvey suffered a collapse in 1917 and never fully recovered. Early this year Bishop J. J. McCort, Philadelphia, was appointed Coadjutor Bishop of Altoona with the right of succession.

Bishop Garvey was born in Carbondale, Pa., in 1845; was ordained at Scranton and for twenty-six years was rector of a church in Williamsport. He was also head of a church in Pittston, Pa., and was made Vicar General to Bishop Hoban of Scranton, and was appointed Bishop of Altoona in 1901 when the diocese was created.

Miss Alice A. E. Johnson.

Miss Alice A. E. Johnson, honorary President of the Woman's Club of Port Chester, died at her home there yesterday, aged 78. She had been a teacher in many and various schools, including the Massachusetts State Reform School for Boys, a school for colored boys in Charleston, S. C., a fashionable girls' school in this city, Mrs. Life's Seminary at Rye, and for twenty years she was principal and part owner of the Johnson Alcott School at Port Chester. She was the last surviving member of her family.

George W. Norton.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 22.—George W. Norton, managing editor of The Portland Express-Advertiser, a member of Governor Milliken's Executive Council and Treasurer of the Republican State Committee, died today. His health had been failing for a number of months.

Obituary Notes.

HUGH HAGGERTY, a retired shoe manufacturer, is dead at his home, 48 South Tenth Street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. ANNIE MAY WESTBROOK, wife of Dr. Charles Hart Westbrook, Jr., Professor of Education in the Shanghai Baptist College, died recently in Shanghai of cholera.

Dr. ALONZO P. WILLIAMSON, an authority on nervous and mental diseases, died Thursday at his home in Los Angeles, aged 66.

WILLIAM H. HOSKINS, a theatrical advance agent, died suddenly yesterday at the age of 40 at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Ray L. Royce, 2,645 Broadway. Burial will be at Lake Mills, Wis.

HARLEY MOWREY, Sr., aged 98, declared to be the last survivor of the famous Mormon Battalion, composed entirely of believers in the Mormon faith, which served under the American flag during the Mexican war of 1846, is dead at his home in Vernal, Utah.

LEOPOLD BLOCK, 77 years old, a retired butcher, died on Thursday at his home, 801 Prospect Place, Brooklyn.

Mrs. JOHANNA ANDREA EBELING, widow of August Ebeling, a photographer, died on Thursday at her home, 1,350 East Seventh Street, Flatbush, at the age of 58 years.

Mrs. MAMIE GUTHRIE BAUER, wife of John Bauer, a clinical thermometer maker, died at her home, 256 Menahan Street, Brooklyn, on Tuesday.

Mrs. MARY H. BLINN, widow of Ernest H. Blinn, died on Thursday at her home, 41 Elbert Street, Brooklyn. She was formerly for twenty-five years Secretary of Ridgewood Chapter, O. E. S., and a member of Mount Olive Rebecca Lodge, 117, I. O. O. F., and Patriotic Lodge, 24, D. of A.

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CHURCH OF THE PILGRIMS
Sunday, October 24
Henry and Remsen Sts., Brooklyn, two blocks from Borough Hall Station on both East and West Side subways.
MORNING SERVICE at 11 A. M., at which the minister, the Rev. Richard Roberts, will preach on: "Christless Creeds That Mock at Christ."
EVENING SERVICE at 7:45 P. M., with Sir Edward Elgar's Oratorio
"LIGHT OF LIFE"
Elizabeth St. Ives, soprano; Delphine March, contralto; Judson House, tenor; Andrea Sarto, baritone; chorus of twenty solo voices; string quintet, A. Y. Cornell, director. Seats free.

Born.

BASS—Mr. and Mrs. William Bass (nee Chaltin) announce the birth of a son, Oct. 13, at Flower

MAJOR AND MINOR LEAGUERS TO JOIN

Smaller Organizations Subscribe to New Plan of Baseball Reorganization.

ASKED TO SUBMIT NAMES

All Candidates Suggested Will Be Considered at Meeting to be Held in Chicago Nov. 8.

A new coalition between the major and the minor leagues looms up as a strong probability as a result of the efforts now being made by a majority of big league club owners to effect a reorganization plan in baseball. Two years ago the minors broke away from the majors and since that time the two sections of professional baseball have gone along separately. Now indications point to a new agreement under which both majors and minors will be governed by the outside tribunal which is the big feature of the reorganization plan.

For years the minors argued that they should have a member on the National Commission. Before the abrogation of the National Agreement, under which the two divisions of baseball were joined, it was agreed to allow officials from the minors to assist in the settlement of disputes involving minor league clubs. Now the minors are asked to propose candidates for the triumvirate to be selected as the governing body of the sport. The new plan, as outlined, would affect the minors as well as the majors and wield more power, perhaps, over all concerned than did the former National Commission over the smaller leagues.

Leaders of the smaller leagues and prominent club owners in the various organizations already are coming forward with indorsements of the proposed plan to put the sport in the hands of an outside tribunal. Among the Presidents of minor leagues who have declared themselves in favor of the reorganization idea are: William H. McCarthy, Pacific Coast League; J. C. Fletcher, Western Association; Walter Rose, Florida State League; Frank Miley, Western Canada League; M. E. Cantillon, South Dakota League; J. V. Jamieson, Jr., Blue Ridge League, and J. Walter Morris, Western Texas League.

Club Owners Favor Plan.

Presidents of more than forty minor league clubs also have subscribed to the plan and the number is increasing daily. Six of the eight club Presidents of the American Association have declared themselves in favor of the plan. They are William C. Smith, Indianapolis; Roger Bresnahan, Toledo; Otto Borchardt, Milwaukee; G. E. Muehlbach, Kansas City; George K. Belden, Minneapolis, and W. S. Koebcamp, Louisville. The only International League Club owners heard from to date are Charles T. Chapin of Rochester and E. C. Landgraf of Syracuse. It is said, however, that the big minor league of the East will be found on the reorganization side when a vote is taken.

Following is the copy of a letter sent out yesterday to all minor league presidents and club owners, the letter accompanying a statement of the work done at the recent Chicago meeting and an outline of the plan under consideration:

To the League and Club Presidents of the National Association:

As chairman of a meeting which was called to be held jointly between the National and American Leagues, in Chicago, on Monday, October 18th, 1920, I enclose herein facsimile copies of a resolution passed by all present at that meeting, and contract of agreement entered into by the same parties.

Pursuant to the instructions unanimously given the writer at said meeting, I invite your suggestions for names of men eligible to serve on the proposed Board of Control of professional baseball, to be nominated at the meeting in Chicago, November 8th.

Any names you wish to propose will be brought before the meeting to be balloted on. In urging you to suggest men who you feel would be qualified to serve, let me assure you that such suggestions will be carefully weighed at the meeting, and every suggested name will come before the meeting for discussion.

You will notice that the October 18th meeting has taken ways and means. Leaker Plan of Baseball Reorganization to which you have subscribed. I am instructed to express to you the appreciation of the signers of the enclosed documents at your action, and to solicit from you your active cooperation at your Kansas City meeting toward bringing about that permanent understanding between Majors and Minors, which will work to the benefit of every one.

Yours very truly,
(Signed) JOHN A. HEYDLER.

Wadsworth Ready to Help.

President Heydler yesterday made public a letter written by former Senator James W. Wadsworth, Sr., Chairman of the New York State Racing Commission. The communication follows:

Dear Sir:—

I have yours of the 14th. I have no objections whatever to your making my letter to John Toole public.

All my life I have been a lover of clean sport. The State Racing Commission, of which I happen to be Chairman (without salary), with the aid of the Jockey Club, has put racing in N. Y. State on a high plane. A baseball commission, with the aid of the owners and managers, could do the same with baseball. Very truly,
(Signed) J. W. WADSWORTH, SR.

ROBINSON VISITS EBBETS.

Brooklyn Manager Here to Discuss New Baseball Contract.

Wilbert Robinson, manager of the champion Brooklyn team, whose name has been connected with the Yankees of 1921, made a trip to Brooklyn yesterday from his home in Baltimore and had a long conference with President Charles H. Ebbets of the Brooklyn Club. The object of Robinson's visit, according to well-founded reports, was to discuss his future connection with the Robins and possibly rech terms with the Brooklyn club owner if he is to remain with the team.

Owing to the absence from the city of Edward and Stephen McKeever, partners of Mr. Ebbets in the ownership of the Brooklyn club, Robinson's status was not settled at the conference. "I am only half of the Brooklyn club, and as the other half is away no decision could be reached," declared the Squire of Flatbush last night, thereby indicating that Robinson had put forward a proposition that called for considerable thought.

It is reported that Robinson considers himself entitled to a contract somewhat in excess of the one under which he has been working in Brooklyn. He is anxious to learn definitely whether he is to be retained at an increased salary or whether he should start looking elsewhere for a managerial position. Another conference is to be held in the near future when the McKeever brothers return to Brooklyn.

NO OFFER TO LANDIS.

Jurist Not Invited to Head New Baseball Commission.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Persistent reports that Judge K. M. Landis has been offered the Chairmanship of the proposed new civilian baseball commission were denied today by Alfred Austrian, attorney for the Chicago Nationals and Americans.

Judge Landis's name is being considered, it is understood, but no decision will be reached until the eight National and three American League Club owners who have indorsed the reorganization scheme meet here Nov. 8. Attorney Austrian held a conference with the Judge yesterday.

Johnson Says There Will Be No Twelve-Club League

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—President Ban Johnson of the American League said today as he was leaving the Grand Jury chambers that "there would be no twelve-club league." He refused to amplify his remark, reiterating previous promises that in a few days he would issue a formal statement concerning the action of the National League club owners and three American League clubs in going on record in favor of abrogation of the national agreement and reorganization of baseball under a "civilian" tribunal.

BOGASH OUTBOXES CROSS DECISIVELY

Bridgeport Welterweight Gives East Sider Severe Drubbing at Garden.

Lou Bogash of Bridgeport, New England welterweight champion, administered a severe drubbing to Marty Cross of the east side, only active member of the fighting Cross family, in their ten-round bout last night at Madison Square Garden. The contest closed a series of four ten-round matches, which attracted a crowd of 8,000 to the old arena. Bogash gained the unanimous decision of the judges.

The Bridgeport welterweight, a squat, sturdy Italian, carried off the honors in every round. He flashed a brand of boxing for which Cross had no solution. The east sider fought a strictly defensive battle from start to finish and was on the receiving end of jabs, hooks and swings, which Bogash rained on him from every angle. Cross at times was blinded by the rain of blows and could not successfully defend himself. Cross had advantages in height and reach, but the physical difference was more of a disadvantage than an asset to the east sider. Bogash, crouched low, proved an elusive target for the few jabs which Cross aimed at him during the ten rounds and none of the blows found its mark. On the other hand, Bogash, with his peculiar crouching style and his speed, was enabled to get past the defending arms of his rival repeatedly with left jabs, which bothered Cross in no small degree. At long range work Bogash was at something of a disadvantage.

Bogash's work found favor with the crowd and they yelled wildly for him to land a decisive blow. Cross's defensive tactics, however, frustrated any knockout chances for the Bridgeport boxer. Every round went to Bogash, however, without question. He forced the fighting at a steady pace, bored in consistently and landed effectively with both hands to stomach and face.

In the eighth session Cross was groggy on the ropes from an avalanche of rights and lefts which Bogash drove past his opponent's guard. The east sider weathered the storm in this session and the next, when Bogash sought hard to finish the east side lad.

George Ward, a fast-stepping boxer from Elizabeth, outpointed A. G. Willie Loughlin of South Bethlehem in the third ten-round bout. The judges agreed and the verdict was popularly received. Ward's speed and cleverness bewildered Loughlin, who could not land an effective blow. There were times when the crowd yelled for more action, but nobody knew why excepting that the skillful work of Ward did not make a hit with the gallery gods.

Johnny Summers, local welterweight, outpointed Steve Latzo of Hazelton, Pa., in the opening ten-round bout. The judges, Joe Ruddy and Billy Muldoon, both cast their ballots for the local lad on the final clang of the gong. The decision was popular, for Summers clearly outboxed his rival in every round, with the possible exception of the tenth, when the Hazelton welterweight sent his adversary crashing through the ropes and almost into the press stand with a swishing right-hand blow to the jaw. The punch did not daze Summers, who scrambled quickly to his feet and mixed with Latzo to the bell. The weights were: Latzo, 140½; Summers, 145.

Paul Doyle of the east side and Jack Perry, Pittsburgh welterweight, were the combatants in the second ten-round bout. The weights were announced as, Perry, 146¾, and Doyle, 151½. Just before the bout Announcer Joe Humphries presented Doyle with a loving cup from his friends.

This contest was declared a draw at the end of the tenth round. The judges apparently disagreed. There is no way of ascertaining this positively, since the immaterialable rule of not disclosing the individual verdicts of the judges was followed. Referee Donnelly refused to name a winner, declaring the match was a draw.

The decision was not popular. It seemed that Perry was entitled to the award. The Pittsburgh boxer was the aggressor throughout most of the rounds and landed frequently with telling blows to the face and stomach, both at long range and close quarters. In his rushing offensive he continually forced Doyle to the ropes, where he belabored the east-sider about the stomach until separated by the referee.

COLLEGE BOXING APPROVED.

Association Is Organized by Delegates from Nine Institutions.

Boxing in colleges and universities, which got under way auspiciously last Winter, was formally and officially recognized last night when organization of the Intercollegiate Boxing Association was effected at a meeting at the Columbia University Club, 4 West Forty-third Street. Representatives were present from nine universities, including several officials of the National Collegiate Athletic Association.

Although the newly organized governing body adopted its own constitution and by-laws, most of the other important matters were referred for disposition to the annual convention of the N. C. A. A., which will be held in this city in December, as usual. This applied to the adoption of boxing rules for collegiate athletes and the tabulation of a list of competent referees and judges. Several suggestions last night were along the line of forming a central board of officials which would have jurisdiction and purpose similar to the central board of football arbiters. A tentative draft of intercollegiate boxing rules has been made by the Rules Committee of the N. C. A. A., mainly the work of Major M. J. Pickering of the University of Pennsylvania, and these, too, will be presented to the parent body for adoption at its December convention.

One of the plans which found practically unanimous favor last night was to hold sectional championships among colleges of various districts. These would be followed by an annual national boxing championship tournament. Although only nine institutions were represented last night, assurances of support have come from many others. It was decided to give to all universities not represented at the organization meeting a period of thirty days in which to signify their intention of becoming charter members in the association. Another meeting is proposed at the end of this thirty-day period.

GIANTS RELEASE PLAYERS.

Infielder Armstrong and Pitcher Kelly Let Go to St. Paul.

Secretary Joseph O'Brien of the New York Giants yesterday announced the release of infielder George Armstrong and Pitcher Ren Kelly to the St. Paul Club of the American Association under optional agreements. Kelly is a brother of the Giants' first baseman. Both players were with the Giants at San Antonio last Spring. Armstrong played during the 1920 season with the Waterbury Club of the Eastern League and Kelly was with Rochester of the International League for a time, finishing the season with the San Antonio Club of the Texas League.

JOCKEY SET DOWN FOR ROUGH TACTICS

Rowan Suspended for Balance of Local Season on Charge of Fouling Kashmir.

The rough riding tactics which some of the jockeys persist in using in spite of numerous warnings caused another rider to be set down at Empire City yesterday. This was Tommy Rowan, who will not be seen in silks again during the balance of the local season, as the result of the bumping charged up to him in the third race, while he had the mount on Tom McTaggart. The latter fouled Kashmir, for which he was disqualified after he had finished second.

The race was a test at a mile and a sixteenth, and was won by C. A. Stoneham's Recount, which got through the jam in the stretch run to win by more than a length, once he was able to get clear of the entanglements which cropped up in this small field of four. With the disqualification of Tom McTaggart Ballet Dancer II. was moved into second place and Kashmir was awarded third.

While in was Kashmir that was fouled, Recount had almost as much trouble in getting through the pack, and it was only after he had fought his way for a hundred yards that he stuck his nose through, then forced an opening and drew away. It happened that Kashmir was beaten when fouled, and it is doubtful if he could have got up even had he escaped being shut off and bumped.

Kashmir set the pace to the head of the stretch, closely followed by Tom McTaggart, which was the post favorite. Recount, meanwhile, was being badly outrun, and appeared to be out of it until he reached the end of the back stretch. Turning into the stretch Kashmir began to tire, but at the same time Tom McTaggart came up beside him and pinned him in. Recount made a rush at the head of the stretch and got just inside of the favorite, where he found himself in such tight quarters that he could make no headway until finally he literally forced an opening.

No Foul Is Claimed.

None of the riders made a claim, and Buxton, who was on Kashmir, did not think a foul had been committed; but the judges reached their decision quickly, as the fouling occurred almost under their noses.

It was a day of upsets and surprises in which favorites went down to defeat and long shots got home in front. Not the least of the surprises was provided by the feature event, the West Point Handicap, at six furlongs, which was won by Fort Churchill in a driving finish, with Daydue only a nose back of him. Dunboyne and Lord Brighton, the high-weight starters of the race and the ones most fancied by the players, were both badly outrun and failed to show any of the speed expected of them. Raleo got up to take third place.

The short six-furlong route appealed to Fort Churchill, a horse with a fine burst of speed, but who has failed to furlong the longest one in the race. He broke quickly and, racing head and head with Daydue, managed to get in front of the latter in the stretch drive, and, though never able to shake off his rival, got his nose over in the last stride to win the close decision. Raleo was a length and a half back of the first two.

Dunboyne and Lord Brighton, which appeared to have all the class in the race, showed very little of that element in their makeups and were never contenders. Both raced on the outside all the way and then converged in against the rail in the stretch, badly beaten. Each carried 132 pounds, but the weight seemed to have little to do with their performances, as neither had any speed from the very start.

40 to 1 Shot Winner.

The long shot of the day came in the second race when Cornelia C. got home at 40 to 1 in a five and a half furlong dash for two-year-olds, while Ross R., a 4 to 1 favorite, failed to finish in the money. The winner raced front all the way and had a length to spare at the finish. Machine Gunner was second and Jamaica Belle third, the latter a length in front of the favorite. Ross R. had won his last race very handily, and his performance yesterday was a distinct reversal in form. He did not have any speed at any stage of the journey, and was not even able to make a creditable finish in the final furlong.

The only favorite to win a race was Gueland, which led home a field of cheap performers in the fifth race at a mile and a sixteenth. Gueland was a 13 to 20 choice, and won by two lengths from Lovely, with General Cadorna third. Gueland had plenty to spare at the end, but all three leaders were staggering as they came through the stretch, and it was a question of which one would last the longest.

James W. McClelland, whose two-year-olds have not been scoring with the usual consistency recently, had a turn in luck in the first race when Light Rose won easily in five and a half furlong dash for two-year-old fillies. She was very much the best and finished four lengths in front of Flambette, with Crimson Rambler third. Joan Marie, the favorite, was last in the procession of five, having been outrun all the way. Light Rose broke the barrier with a rush and raced Good Bye into submission in the first three furlongs. After that she drew clear and opened up a big gap before the end was reached.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE.

For two-year-old fillies; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Light Rose	109	Robinson	11-5	1st
Flambetta	107	Kummer	12-1	2nd
Crimson Rambler	107	Ponce	30-1	3½
Good Bye	109	Weiner	11-5	4
Joan Marie	109	Mooney	3-2	5

Time—1:07.

Start good; won easily; place driving. Light Rose, ch. f., by Light Brigade—Hindoo Rose; owned by J. W. McClelland and trained by W. M. Wallace.

SECOND RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Cornelia C.	99	Lancaster	40-1	1st
Machine Gunner	110	Robinson	7-1	2nd
Jamaica Belle	97	Campbell	12-1	3d
Ross R.	115	Miller	1-4	4
Lady Frappe	102	Mooney	12-1	5
Frivolous	109	Marinelli	30-1	6

Time—1:07 4-5.

Start good; won driving; place same. Cornelia C., br. f., by Bard of Hope—Lickety Split; owned by W. L. Crosby and trained by J. Fitzsimmons.

THIRD RACE.

The Boston Selling Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; $1,200 added. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Recount	112	Miller	4-1	1st
Tom McTaggart	126	Rowan	8-5	2d
Ballet Dancer II.	107	Mooney	2-1	3d
Kashmir	110	Buxton	9-1	4

Time—1:47 1-5.

Start good; won ridden out; place easily. Recount, b. h., by Ballot—Censure; owned by C. A. Stonehan and trained by A. J. Goldsborough.

FOURTH RACE.

The West Point Handicap, for all ages; purse $1,200. About six furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Fort Churchill	104	Weiner	6-1	1st
Daydue	110	Buxton	6-1	2nd
Raleo	105	Ponce	12-1	3d
Tab. d'Honneur	110	Kummer	8-1	4
Dunboyne	132	Mooney	6-5	5
Lord Brighton	132	Fator	18-5	6
Ticklish	102	Bobin	40-1	7

Time—1:09 2-5.

Start good for all but Ticklish; won driving; place easily. Fort Churchill, b. c., by Honeywood—Tanriga; owned by Victor McLaughlin and trained by J. Duffy.

FIFTH RACE.

For three-year-olds and upward; purse $1,000. One mile and a sixteenth.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Cleland	110	Robinson	13-20	1st
Lovely	101	Mooney	7-2	2nd
General Cadorna	104	Ponce	7-1	3d
Asterisk	115	Weiner	12-1	4
Caddie	112½	Coleman	50-1	5
Gex	110	Buxton	10-1	6

Time—1:50.

Start good; won easily; place same. Gueland, b. g., by Land Leader—Milli Boy; owned and trained by J. Robertson.

SIXTH RACE.

For two-year-olds; purse $1,000. Five and a half furlongs.

Horse.	Wt.	Jockey.	Odds.	Fin.
Rustler	115	Conley	8-1	1st
Seguoia	112	Ponce	8-1	2d
Master Jack	115	Mooney	3-1	3½
Tout Or	110	Davies	8-1	4
Omer K.	110	Kummer	8-5	5
Light Fantastic	107	Bullman	20-1	6
Frippery	102	Wilson	50-1	7

Time—1:08 2-5.

Start good; won driving; place easily. Rustler, ch. g., by Transvaal—Rumita; owned by W. H. Fiser and trained by H. Randolph.

Weather clear; track fast.

Richest Stake Fixture of Year on Latonia Card Today

LATONIA, Ky., Oct. 22.—The Latonia Championship, with $50,000 added, the richest stake fixture of the year, will have its first renewal here tomorrow and promises to provide one of the best contests of the year for three-year-olds. Though it cannot decide the championship in the division since the title is already firmly clinched by Man o' War, it will decide which is the second best horse of that age. Six horses have been named for the race, which will be at a mile and three-quarters, and G. W. Loft's On Watch is expected to be the favorite.

The entries, weights and jockeys follow:

Horse.	Weight.	Jockey.
On Watch	122	Ensor
*John P. Grier	122	Ambrose
*Damask	122	Coltlieitl
Cleopatra	119	Fairbrother
Best Pal	122	Lyke
Sterling	122	Kennedy

*H. P. Whitney's entry.

HERD GIRL FIRST IN MARYLAND RACE

Daughter of Colin Captures 3-Year-Old Handicap, Featured on Laurel Program.

LAUREL, Md., Oct. 22.—Samuel Ross's Herd Girl, a three-year-old daughter of Colin, won the handicap for three-year-olds at a mile and a sixteenth which was the outstanding event on the card at Laurel this afternoon. After trailing her field for half the distance she moved up and defeated Rapid Traveler in the last few strides, while Sandy Beal was third among the four starters.

Rapid Traveler ran well and raced Amase down in the early running, but the effort took so much out of him that he could not withstand the challenge of the winner when she came from behind with a rush. Sandy Beal, which was a well-played choice, tired badly in the final furlong.

The sprint handicap at six furlongs fell easily to Cock o' the Roost, which galloped in front all the way to win by three lengths from Bon Jour and War Marvel, among others. The winner took the lead soon after the barrier was sprung and, racing into a long lead, was in hand at the finish.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—For two-year-old maidens; purse $1,000; six furlongs. Blue Belle, 100 pounds (Butwell), $5.80, $3.40, $2.80, first; Voormir, 112 (Hamilton), $6, $3, second; Merchant Marine, 112 (Johnson), $2.50, third. Time—1:15 2-5. Celax, Sun Turret, Jacques and Toreador also ran.

SECOND RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Ragnanrok, 113 pounds (Morris), $6.60, $4.80, $3.90, first; Sun Rose, 103 (Jarvis), $5.90, $5, second; Sit Up, 113 (Sterling), $8.70, third. Time—1:49 2-5. Circulate, Verity, Arbitrator, Rallbird, G. M. Miller, Kentucky Boy, Indolence, Harry M. Stevens, Hong Kong and Fairly also ran.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; purse $1,500; six furlongs. By Jimminy, 103 pounds (Johnson), $4.40, $2.80, $2.10, first; Martin A. Noonan, 108 (Butwell), $2.80, $2.20, second; Bastille, 108 (Nolan), $2.20, third. Time—1:14 1-5. Miss Rankin, Harmonique and Twilight also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap; for three-year-olds; purse $2,000; one mile and a sixteenth. Herd Girl, 103 pounds (Romanelli), $8, $3.80, out, first; Rapid Traveler, 104 (Laffaut), $4.10, out, second; Sandy Beal, 112 (Corey), and out, third. Time—1:40. Amaze also ran.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,500; one mile. Belario, 115 pounds (Morris), $9.80, $5.90, $5.30, first; Fitzberry Gibbet, 109 (Bullcreek), $18.20, $10.60, second; Viva McGee, 109 (Johnson), $13.20, third. Time—1:42. Malvolio, Albert A., African Arrow, Betty J. and King John also ran.

SIXTH RACE — Claiming Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; purse $2,000; six furlongs. Cock o' the Roost, 93 pounds (Jarvice), $16.20, $6.60, $3.60, first; Bon Jour, 107 (Butwell), $4.70, $3.20, second; War Marvel, 117 (Morris), $3.40, third. Time—1:13 2-5. Scurry, Stepson, Kuklux and Uncle Lassie also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a half. Padua, 107 pounds (Allen), $15.10, $6.80, $4.80, first; Regresso, 110 (Wakoff), $7.20, $5.20, second; Vigilante, 102 (Penman), $12.90, third. Time—2:36 3-5. Nophilius, Court Fool, King Agrippa, Ben Hampson and Indiscreet also ran.

Weather clear, track fast.

LAUREL ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For two-year-olds; six furlongs. Thimble 112, The Baggage 112, Night Raider 103, Muttikins 112, Sikhim 108, Antilles 105, Our Boots 115, Loughland 106, Jacomina 112, Charley Boy 115, Good Hope 108, Ghow 115, Explosive 112, Rosa Atkin 105.

SECOND RACE—Handicap; steeplechase; for three-year-olds and upward; two miles. Elysian 143, Frank B. 130, Warlock 148, Tom Pool 150, Bughouse 142.

THIRD RACE—"The Laurel;" for all ages; one mile. The Porter 125, Sennings Park 123, Dr. Clark 127, Audacious 123, Leochares 120, Overcast 104, Sir Barton 125, Smoke Screen 98, Bridesman 120, Blazes 120.

FOURTH RACE—Handicap; for two-year-olds; six furlongs. The Baggage 97, Lough Storm 112, Idle Dell 98, Lough Swilly 106, Sailing B. 111, Step Lightly 120, *Baby Grand 107, Exodus 121, General J. M. Gomez 118.

FIFTH RACE—Claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. War Machine 112, James 112, Orenso 109, Attorney Muir 112, Kentucky Boy 112, Arbitrator 112, Stir Up 112, Dinty Moore 107, Napoli 109, Perigourdine 109, Poacher 112, Le Balafre 112.

SIXTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. Reconteuse 106, American Eagle 115, Little Ed 117, Hello Pardner 90, *Mistress Polly 106, Phillipic 109, *Beauty Sleep 101, Lady Ward 106, *Paddy Dear 112, *Foreclosure 96, Nolawn 100, *Zouave 110.

SEVENTH RACE—Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Billy Kelly 133, Knot 110, Redstart 90, Motor Cop 123, Charlie Summy 96, Eddie Rickenbacker 106, Sennings Park 117.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

TIPPITY WITCHET LOSES.

Jack Hare, Jr., Wins Out Over Favorite for Latonia Purse.

LATONIA, Ky., Oct. 22.—G. W. Loft's Tippity Witchet was again defeated at Latonia this afternoon in the Johns Hill Purse at six furlongs when Jack Hare Jr. easily took his measure by nearly two lengths. It was a surprising upset, for Tippity Witchet had been made a strong favorite.

Jack Hare Jr. raced in his best form, and, taking the track at the start, never left the issue in doubt. Tippity Witchet raced with Rapid Day, but could not get up to the leader despite a hard drive made by Barrett. Blushing Beauty was third among the six which tried for the purse.

The summaries:

FIRST RACE—Purse $1,800; claiming; three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Discussion, 108 pounds (Buel), $6.20, $4.20, $3.20, first; Fullux, 108 (Kennedy), $4.50, $3.50, second; Belle of Elizabethtown, 110 (Hoeffler), $3.90, third. Time—1:13 1-5. Eyes of Youth, Yellow K., The Pirate, Lieutenant Perkins, Jake Feld, View, Tulsa, Cormoran and Marie Maxim also ran.

SECOND RACE—Purse $1,300; maiden fillies; two-year-olds; five and one-half furlongs. Romance, 112 pounds (King), $60.50, $22.30, $13.70, first; Sharp Cup, 112 (Murray), $6.20, $4.80, second; Eleanor S., 112 (Lunsford), $8 show, third. Time—1:08. Neap Tide, Miss Dixie, Cut Up, Black Baby, Ballygibben, Diamond Dale, Laderniera, Louise Wynne and Kathleen K. also ran.

THIRD RACE—Four-year-olds and upward; claiming; purse $1,300; one and one-quarter miles. Wadsworth's Last, 108 pounds (King), $3.80, $3.10, $2.70, first; Constantine, 106 (Wilson), $8.90, $5, second; Sol Gilicy, 102 (Roberts), $11.10, third. Time—2:06 2-5. The Gallant, Bombast, Lafoudre, Ichiban and Marie Rappold also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Purse $2,000; handicap; two-year-olds; six furlongs. Sir Lawnfal, 102 pounds (Kennedy), $4.30, $2.60, $2.50, first; Napoo, 98 (Wida), $5.20, $3.40, second; Bungabuck, 94 (Buel), $3.20, third. Time—1:12 4-5. North Elkhorn and Auntie May also ran.

FIFTH RACE—Purse $1,600; Johns Hill Purse; four-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Jack Hare, Jr., 112 pounds (Wilson), $9.70, $2.50, $2.60, first; Tippity Witchett, 115 (Barrett), $2.20, $2.30, second; Blushing Beauty, 108 (Wida), $3.60, third. Time—1:11 3-5. Rapid Day, Lady Luxury and George Starr also ran.

SIXTH RACE—For four-year-olds and upward; one mile. Dodge, 106 pounds (Roberts), $6.70, $4, $2.60, first; Rifle, 98 (Buel), $4.80, $3, second; Sands of Pleasure, 110 (King), $2.70, third. Time—1:38 4-5. Dr. Carmen, Matinee Idol and Dancing Spray also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a furlong. Lady Hair, 113 pounds (Wilson), $22.20, $11.80, $5.90, first; Stevenson, 110 (Roberts), $6.30, $4, second; King Fisher, 108 (Buel), $3.40, third. Time—1:53 1-5. Lazy Lou, Adella W., Arrowpoint, Wave, Keep, Accelerate, Speedster and Lady Montjoy also ran.

Weather clear; track fast.

LATONIA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Purse, $1,300; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. *Mysterious Girl 98 pounds, *Missed the Time 105, Bounding Through 103, *Mabel G. 104, *Alaze 106, *Gipsy Queen 108, *Portlight 109, John R. Roche 110, Serbian 110, Pyx 110, *Apple Jack II. 111, *Marse John 112. Also eligible: Leys 107, Back Bay 110, *Ruby 102, *Sullux 105, *Legotal 106, Belle of Elizabethtown 109.

SECOND RACE—Purse, $1,300; for two-year-olds; maiden colts and geldings; six furlongs. British Liner 112 pounds, Joe Mandil 112, The Moor 112, Red Rock 112, Sleepy Sidney 112, Ras 112, All Right, Sir 112, Southern Gentleman 112, Ivernian 112, Crack o' Dawn 112, Lou Widrig 112, Philanderer 112. Also eligible: Court View 112, Black Rock 112,, Tribune 112, Pine Crest 112, Merrimac 112, Talent 112.

THIRD RACE—Purse, $2,200; the Ryland Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and an eighth. Sterling 115 pounds, Pilgrim 105, Fit, Jr., 112, Sway 117.

FOURTH RACE—Purse, $1,600; allowances; for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs. Travesty 99 pounds, Young Ching 102, High Cloud 103, Dresden 104, Marjorie Hynes 103, Changer 105, High Cost 115.

FIFTH RACE—Latonia Championship Stakes; $15,000 added; one mile and three-quarters; for three-year-olds. Cleopatra 119 pounds, Best Pal 122, On Watch 122, †John P. Grier 122, †Damask 122, Sterling 122. †H. P. Whitney entry.

SIXTH RACE—Purse, $1,400; allowances; for two-year-olds; one mile. Botheration 107 pounds, The Virginian 107, Dar Friar 107, Loveliness 109, Darjeeling 112, Oraiegan 112, Coyne 112, McGoodwin 112, Rams 112, White Star 112, Sir Thomas Kean 112, Buddie Kean 112. Also eligible: Social Star 112, Countess 109, Disturbance 109, Petrarch 112, Jim Daley 112.

SEVENTH RACE—Purse, $1,200; claiming; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and three-sixteenths. Dolph 101 pounds, *Tom Logan 101, *Aph 101, War Like 106, Sea Prince 106, Simonite 106, *Walter H. Fearce 107, *Candle Light 107, *Jack Hill 107, *Plenty 107, Jack Straw 112, Black Thong 112. Also eligible: Benefactor 107, *Brooklawn 107, *Speedster 107, Ava R. 103, Farol 106, *Cantilever 110.

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Weather clear; track fast.

Columbia vs. Wesleyan today, 2:30 P. M. Broadway & 116th St., South Field.—Advt.

SINGLE G. TROTS TO NEW WORLD'S MARK

Circuit Veteran Does Three Heats at Atlanta in 1:59, 2:00 and 2:00¾.

ATLANTA, Ga., Oct. 22.—Single G., a veteran of the Grand Circuit tracks, paced the best mile of his career here today, breaking, according to track officials, the world's record for three heats, the season's record and the Lakewood track record for a single heat. He did the three heats in 1:59, 2:00 and 2:00¾.

The bay horse, entered and driven by Ed Allen of Indianapolis, had everything in his favor in the free for all pace, in which he broke his own record, made at Lexington, for best average time in three heats. There was only one other contestant, two horses being drawn, and Allen used Sanardo, piloted by Stokes, as a wind break for the first three-quarters of each heat and then let out his horse in the home stretch. So well did Single G. answer the demand for speed that in the first heat he made the final quarter in 0:28¾.

The 2:11 class-pacing event for a $2,500 purse resulted in a hard-fought race. Peter Look, piloted by Cox, won in straight heats, two of them by a nose. Captain Mack and Symbol S. Forest fought hard for second place, which finally went to the former, which had come in fifth in the first heat.

The 2:16 trot went to Black Diamond, driven by Erwin, which took the first two heats but lost the final to Hilda Fletcher, piloted by Cox. The 2:20 class trot was won by Lilly Watts, piloted by Russell.

The results:

FREE FOR ALL PACE.

Three Heats, $1,200.

Single G., b. h., by Anderson Wilkes (Allen)	1	1	1
Sanardo, b. g., by San Francisco (Stokes)	2	2	2
John Henry, b. g., by Wilkoe (Cox)	Dr.		

Time—1:59, 2:00, 2:00¾.

2:10 CLASS TROT.

Three Heats, Purse $1,000.

Black Diamond, black h., by Zodock (Erwin)	1	1	2
Hilda Fletcher, b. m., by Peter the Great (Cox)	2	2	1
Oscar Watts, b. g., by General Watts (Hyde)	2	3	4
Maryville, b. m., by Kentucky Todd (Rogers)	4	4	3

Time—2:11¾, 2:17¼, 2:07¾.

2:11 CLASS PACE.

Three Heats, Purse $2,500.

Peter Look, b. g., by Peter the Great (Cox)	1	1	1
Captain Mack, b. h., by the Bondsman (Pelin)	5	2	2
Symbol S. Perest, b. h., by Symbalesen (Stokes)	2	3	3
Lecco Grattan, ch. h., by Lecco Wilkes (J. Thomas)	3	4	5
J. P., Jr., b. h., by Eugene Corbitt (Long)	4	5	4

Time—2:06½, 2:04¼, 2:07½.

2:20 CLASS TROT.

Three Heats, Sweepstakes, $600.

Lily Watts, b. m., by Silliko (Russell)	1	1	1
John Fuller, blk. h., by David Fuller (Gallagher)	2	2	2
May Simpson, b. g., sq J. C. Simpson (Armstrong)	3	3	3
Miss Rossie Fuller (Branch)	Dis.		

Time—2:17½, 2:15¾, 2:16.

GOVERNOR COX MAY ATTEND.

Will Probably See Schoolboy Athletes in Action Here Today.

Governor James M. Cox, Presidential candidate, will probably attend the annual Sunday World elementary schools championship track and field meet, which will be held under the auspices of the Public Schools Athletic League this afternoon at the 22d Regiment Armory. The Democratic candidate has promised Dr. A. K. Aldinger, Director of Physical Training of the Department of Education, that he will attend the games and address the 2,300 young athletes and their relatives and admirers. General George W. Wingate, President of the P. S. A. L., will also attend the games and will review an Olympic parade, which will open the afternoon's activities.

This meet comes at the climax of a series of 168 track and field meets held during the Spring months in armories, public parks and Board of Education fields. More than twenty schools in Manhattan, Bronx, Brooklyn, Richmond and Queens will be represented. P. S. A. L. officials have distributed 16,000 tickets for the occasion.

GREEN DEPENDS ON SPEED.

Syracuse Will Outweigh Dartmouth Eleven 12 Pounds to a Man.

Special to The New York Times.

HANOVER, N. H., Oct. 22.—Everything is in readiness for the big battle here tomorrow, when the Dartmouth eleven stacks up against Chick Meehan's powerful Syracuse combination. The town is filled to overflowing, with every available accommodation taxed to the utmost and thousands of Dartmouth alumni are expected to be on hand tomorrow. A large delegation of Syracuse supporters will arrive tomorrow morning. A mass meeting held tonight in the gymnasium was attended by 3,000 undergraduates and alumni.

Spears claims that the backfield quartet, with Jordan at quarter, Bower and Holbrook at halves and Shelburne at full, is the strongest to wear the Green in recent years.

In the line, Spears has decided to start Lynch and Moore at ends, Sonnenberg and Neidlinger at tackles, Aschenbach and Merrit, guards, and Cunningham centre.

Syracuse went through its final drill today near its headquarters in Lebanon, six miles from here

TREATS ARE LISTED FOR FOOTBALL FANS

Games of Chief Interest Today Are Harvard-Centre, Tigers-Navy and Yale-West Va.

ORANGE WILL FACE GREEN

Depressed Colgate to Tackle Cornell, While Golden Tornado Meets Pittsburgh Panthers.

The football cards of these recent October Saturdays will be observed, upon consultation of today's menu, to have been merely appetizers preliminary to a genuine banquet. Caviar and oysters will be served at Princeton, whither will come the seamen from Annapolis for their first game away from harbor, save against a service eleven. The wild turkey of Centre College will mingle with the cranberry sauce of Fair Harvard in the Stadium. A tasty salad will be served in the Yale Bowl, where the West Virginia mountain will call upon Mahomet Tad Jones. A voluminous list of savories and sweets includes the Pittsburgh-Georgia Tech, Dartmouth-Syracuse and Colgate-Cornell games, and the cheese will be served on gridirons that shall be nameless because they are unknown.

Among all the eagerly anticipated encounters of this afternoon that between the powerful Centre College upstarts from Kentucky and the Crimson eleven, infinitely the richer in gridiron tradition, has aroused perhaps a wider spread public interest than any other single clash of the day. The pleasant rôle of the "find," of the dark horse is that of Centre College. The normal human desire to see a mysterious stranger appear from the darkness and wallop the well-known Samson has been gratified by the Kentuckians in the last season or two, as it had previously been by Georgia Tech and to a lesser extent by West Virginia.

Pile Up Points in Stacks.

The team which last season thrashed the Mountaineers a week after the latter had crushed Princeton by 25 to 0 comes to the classic confines of Cambridge today with the reputation of clicking off points as fast as an expert stenographer can record them. A century before dinner is its normal exercise. Of course, it will not take any such liberties as that on the stadium turf today. It is not bringing along any of its 100 to 0 competitors, and will have to put up with such opposition as Harvard can offer—which is generally expected to be plenty.

Charley Moran, who rests up in the Summer by umpiring in the National League, is now engaged in his real work of coaching Centre, and he will deliver, subject to approval, in the stadium today twenty-four robust creatures, most of whom are generally believed to be thumping good football players, with a few who may be entitled to national recognition individually. It may be taken for granted that they are thoroughly well trained, for that eagle eye of Moran has been upon them for weeks.

In her three outings of the season to date Centre has accumulated 241 points, allowing her opponents the net contents of a vacuum. The three elevent thus trampled were largely composed of tissue paper, and the Kentuckians haven't had a real chance to show their wares on the defense since their meeting with West Virginia a year ago. That 1919 experience is not doing the 1920 eleven much good, and there are no field data available to indicate what such players as the redoubtable Bo McMillan and Weaver are likely to do when confronted with such driving power as Fisher's athletes appear to possess.

Crimson Pillars in Lineup.

Captain Arnold Horween and Havemeyer, Harvard's crack centre, are expected to be back in the lineup this afternoon, and there is much confidence in Cambridge that if the effete East is to be chastened by the husky West the operation will not be performed at the stadium.

It is a new experience for the Head Keeper of the Navy Goat to allow his capricorn to caper elsewhere than at Annapolis unless the mule of the Army is glaring from the other side of the gridiron. The behavior of said goat when it sees the Tiger coming through the Princeton jungle today will be observed with keen interest.

Navy's showing on the gridiron thus far has been the reverse of impressive. North Carolina State defeated the Middies and Lafayette and Bucknell, while defeated by narrow margins, both succeeded in scoring at Annapolis.

Princeton, on the other hand, unless every observer needs new glasses, has a strong, well-rounded and well-balanced eleven. The Tigers' backfield, with Lourie and his fast, aggressives mates, is impressive, and the power of the line has been manifested. The Middies will not be favored by the prophets today, although they may be by the fates.

Expect Hard Game in Bowl.

West Virginia, tied by Lehigh and beaten by the Pittsburgh Panthers, is not credited with the strength which it developed last Autumn. Yale, despite that unhappy experience with the Boston collegians, has been believed, and still is believed, to have greater potential power this year than last. Nevertheless, the coming of the Mountaineers to New Haven is not generally considered as the leading of lambs to the slaughter. They have bestowed more toothmarks than love taps on their opponents for several seasons.

The teeth of the Bulldog, although they rattled a bit last Saturday, are firm, and there is likely to be a good deal of biting back on both sides today. Thorne Murphy will act as field general for the Blue, instead of Kempton, and it is expected that the defeat by Cavanaugh's protégés will serve as stimulus instead of opiate to the pupils of Tad Jones.

Cornell, which was beaten by Colgate 21 to 0 last year, is quite hopeful, in view of the poor showing thus far of the men from Hamilton, of reversing the verdict, if not the score, at Ithaca today.

Pittsburgh vs. Georgia Tech.

The Golden Tornado from Georgia Tech, still golden even if no longer a tornado, will blow either fiercely or gently upon Forbes Field this afternoon. The Panthers won this game last season and expect to repeat.

Dartmouth will entertain Syracuse at Hanover, and the soothsayers are at something of a loss as to the probable outcome. The Green would normally be favored if it were not for the formidable list of cripples, which includes Captain Robertson.

Wesleyan is to invade South Field today, and the Blue and White is glad, for there is that 28 to 13 beating of 1919 to wipe out and the chance of doing it appears good. On a line through N. Y. U., Columbia feels that victory should remain with the hosts.

N. Y. U. will visit the Hamiltonians at Clinton, and Fordham is to oppose Georgetown at Fordham Field. Middlebury will clash with the strong Stevens eleven on the far side of the North River.

LAFAYETTE HANDICAPPED.

First String End and Halfback Are Out of Today's Game.

Special to The New York Times.

EASTON, Pa., Oct. 22.—Lafayette College will enter the game with the Catholic University eleven here tomorrow minus the services of two of her regular players. Hummel, left end, has an injured hand, while Joe Lehecka, halfback, has a bruised leg. Tindal, the former Kiski quarterback, will probably start in Hummel's place. Kearney will be at halfback.

Previous to the football game Lafayette will open her cross-country season, meeting Lehigh in a dual race over the new six-mile course.

Most Important of Battles On College Gridirons Today

East.

Harvard vs. Centre at Cambridge.
Yale vs. West Virginia at New Haven.
Princeton vs. Navy at Princeton
Dartmouth vs. Syracuse at Hanover.
Pittsburgh vs. Ga. Tech, at Pittsburgh.
Columbia vs. Wesleyan at South Field.
Fordham vs. Georgetown at Fordham Field.
New York University vs. Hamilton at Clinton.
Stevens vs. Middlebury at Hoboken.
Rutgers vs. Virginia at New Brunswick.
Brown vs. Springfield at Providence.
Cornell vs. Colgate at Ithaca.
Penn vs. Virginia Military at Philadelphia.
Army vs. Tufts at West Point.
Amherst vs. Union at Amherst.
Holy Cross vs. New York State at Worcester.
Johns Hopkins vs. Swarthmore at Baltimore.
Lafayette vs. Catholic University at Easton.
Muhlenberg vs. Bucknell at Allentown.
Penn State vs. Lebanon Valley at State College.
Washington and Jefferson vs. Lehigh at Washington.
Williams vs. Trinity at Williamstown.
Carnegie Tech. vs. Cincinnati at Pittsburgh.
Colby vs. Bowdoin at Waterville.
Delaware vs. Haverford at Newark, Del.
Dickinson vs. Ursinus at Carlisle.
Gettysburg vs. Albright at Gettysburg.
Maine vs. Bates at Orono.
Boston University vs. Rhode Island State at Kingston.
Rensselaer Poly vs. Worcester Poly at Troy.
Vermont vs. Massachusetts Aggies at Burlington.

West.

Michigan vs. Illinois at Ann Arbor.
Ohio State vs. Wisconsin at Columbus.
Chicago vs. Iowa at Chicago.
Notre Dame vs. Valparaiso at Notre Dame.
Ohio University vs. Transylvania at Athens, Ohio.
Akron vs. Case at Akron.
De Pauw vs. Franklin at Greencastle.
Drake vs. Missouri at Des Moines.
Kansas vs. Iowa State at Lawrence.
Nebraska vs. South Dakota at Lincoln.
Washington vs. Oregon Aggies at Seattle.
Western Reserve vs. Ohio Wesleyan at Cleveland.

South.

Florida vs. Southern at Gainesville.
West Virginia Wesleyan vs. Thiel at Buckhannon.
Virginia Poly vs. Maryland at Blacksburg.
Kentucky vs. University of the South at Lexington.
Louisiana vs. Mississippi Aggies at Baton Rouge.
Richmond vs. Davidson at Richmond.
Tennessee vs. Clemson at Knoxville.
Tulane vs. Mississippi at New Orleans.

School Games.

De Witt Clinton H. S. vs. New Utrecht H. S. at C. C. N. Y. Stadium (morning).
Stuyvesant H. S. vs. Paterson H. S. at Paterson, N. J.
H. S. of Commerce vs. Mount Vernon H. S. at Mount Vernon.
Erasmus Hall H. S. vs. Commercial H. S. at Commercial Field (afternoon).
Boys' H. S. vs. Poly Prep at Commercial Field (afternoon).
Manual Training H. S. vs. Flushing H. S. at Commercial Field (morning).
Fordham Prep vs. St. John's Prep at Fordham Field.
Brooklyn Prep vs. Hamilton Institute at Catholic Protectory grounds (morning).
St. Paul's School vs. Morristown H. S. at Garden City, L. I.

CONFERENCE TEAMS TO GET TEST TODAY

Prominent Contenders for Big Ten Football Honors Meet in Important Games.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Five undefeated Western Conference football elevens are among the six teams which will meet tomorrow in the race for the Big Ten championship. Wisconsin plays Ohio State, last year's runner-up, at Columbus; Illinois, title winner in 1919, meets Michigan at Ann Arbor, and Iowa, defeated by Illinois last Saturday after winning from Indiana earlier in the season, clashes with Chicago here.

The Illinois-Michigan and the Ohio State-Wisconsin contests are generally considered the most important of the day. These four elevens are all considered of championship calibre with little to choose among them. Victory for Illinois and Wisconsin or Ohio State would practically eliminate the defeated elevens from the race, while defeat for Illinois by Michigan would tighten the race, for Illinois is looked upon as having an excellent chance to retain the championship won last year.

Illinois is expected to use its regular variety of "open and close" play, with off-tackle dashes predominating, the type of attack which won from Iowa last Saturday. Michigan's strength is unknown, for tomorrow marks its début in the present conference season. It has, however, shown good scoring ability in practice games against weaker teams.

Wisconsin has been looked upon with respect by all Conference teams since its 27 to 7 defeat of Northwestern last week and has shown a rapid, slashing attack, which is almost irresistible when the team is in form. Ohio State, which owns a victory over Purdue, also plays the fast open game.

Chicago has defeated Purdue, while Iowa, after defeating Indiana, lost to Illinois. Iowa, however, is not considered weak and there appears little to choose between the two teams.

All the other Conference teams have off days and will continue practice for next week's contests.

FRESHMEN PLAY TIE GAME.

Yearling Teams from N. Y. U. and Columbia Battle Without Score.

New York University's freshman football team and the first-year eleven from Columbia battled to a 0—0 tie yesterday afternoon on Ohio Field in a fast, hard-fought game. The Violet yearlings outplayed their opponents in the first half, but in the second things were about even.

All through the tussle the ball seesawed up and down the field with neither team able to push it over. Time and again the leather was in the shadow of the goal posts, but each time the defending team braced and took the ball. Columbia did especially good work in this department when N. Y. U. had the ball on the 5-yard line and in four tries could not put it across.

The outstanding star of the game was Heterick, the old Erasmus Hall player. He made several runs around the ends for more than 20 yards and through the line made consistent gains.

The lineup:

N. Y. U. '24 (0).		COLUMBIA '24 (0).
Schnitzer	L. E.	Hogan
Elsman	L. T.	Gibb
Kasenick	L. G.	Kneble
Taylor	C.	Neale
Smith	R. G.	Streich
Hill	R. T.	Lange
Rosenberger	R. E.	Bodanbender
Sehres	Q. B.	Dillingham
O'Donnell	L. H. B.	Echavarria
Heterick	R. H. B.	Baldwin
Brennan	F. B.	Mayer

SCORE BY PERIODS.

N. Y. U. Freshmen	0	0	0	0—0
Columbia Freshmen	0	0	0	0—0

Substitutions—Friedman for Brennan. Referee—Ed. Thorp, De La Salle. Umpire—F. Sullivan, Boston College. Linesman—J. Young, Chicago University.

CENTRE SUPPORTERS ASK ODDS OF 3 TO 1

Kentuckians Not Overconfident Against Harvard—Elevens in Final Workout.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 22.—It has been years since Soldiers Field has been the Mecca of so many football fans as this afternoon. The arrival of the Centre College football team was accompanied by a welcoming throng of more than 1,500 persons who waited an hour and a half, while the Southerners were working in the Stadium, just to get a "close-up" of the Blue Grass champions, who will face the Crimson 'Varsity tomorrow.

The Danville players had to force their way to the locker building after their practice. The team looked husky enough to do plenty of business on the morrow. The Kentucky rooters, however, have not come North so confident of victory that they are willing to accept anything better than 3 to 1 in Harvard for tomorrow's game, at which Fred Moore now announces there will be 40,000 present.

Harvard sent three teams out of the locker building about the time the Danville cohorts arrived on the field. The Crimson array looked very impressive, and this may have been the cause of the sudden demands for odds on the part of the visitors. The Harvard practice included no scrimmage this afternoon. The teams worked on signals and kick-offs and then called it a day.

The first team included Kane, left end; Paxon, left tackle; Tolbert, left guard; Havemeyer, centre; Woods, right guard; Hubbard, right tackle; Gaston, right end; Fitzgerald, quarterback; Owens, left halfback; Horween, right halfback, and Churchill, fullback. Later Fiske Browne worked in Woods's place, the latter having been slightly out of condition for the last few days.

Surely Harvard has been primed for tomorrow's game. Bob Fisher has called on Percy Haughton to put the final fire into the team tomorrow, and this is Haughton's specialty. The Harvard coaches all feel that their team is remarkably well prepared for a late October game. It has been impossible to keep the players from getting under pressure for the coming of the Kentuckians, and the eleven probably is more on edge than Fisher would like to see, particularly from the mental standpoint.

The Kentucky team looked strong physically, but was not so rugged as was Valparaiso two weeks ago. The second and third Harvard 'Varsity teams had long drills, and Fisher has thirty-three men all set for action.

COLUMBIA PLAYS WESLEYAN

Blue and White Will Employ Forward Pass in Game Today.

With only one regular missing from the lineup, Columbia's football team will face its fourth test of the season on South Field this afternoon, when Wesleyan, which scored an easy victory over the Blue and White last season, will be the attraction. The game will get under way at 2:30.

After a week's vacation from the 'Varsity, Frank Canapary and Meszczenski, the stars of the Morningside backfield, returned to the lineup in yesterday's final workout. It was the first appearance of the pair in the backfield since last Saturday's tussle with Amherst, in which Canapary suffered a charley horse and Moszczenski wrenched his leg. Canapary was in his usual post at right halfback in the signal romp, and Moszczenski displaced Applebaum at fullback, where the latter has been holding forth all week. Eccles will be at quarterback, and Thornton seems to have the call for the remaining backfield position, although he has not practiced all week because of an infection in his hand.

Increased activity in the forward pass, combined with steady smashing at Wesleyan's supposedly weak line, are expected to be the tactics Columbia will employ today. The Methodists are light, especially in the line, which is considerably outweighed by the New Yorkers. With this weapon at hand, O'Neill is expected to pay the usual amount of attention to line plays, but it is also anticipated that he will unveil some of the forward pass formations that he has kept under cover so far this season. The aerial attack has been the bulk of the week's workouts on South Field, both offensive and defensive aspects having been covered.

The probable lineups today are:

COLUMBIA.		WESLEYAN.
Scovil	L. E.	Steele
Modarelli	L. T.	Strelbert
Miller	L. G.	Dewitt
Kienninger	C.	Berlew
Hinch	R. G.	Hubbell
Calloway	R. T.	Parsons
Forsythe	R. E.	Eustis
Eccles	Q. B.	Peck
Thornton	L. H. B.	Meyers
Canapary	R. H. B.	Lawson
Moszczenski	F. B.	Newhall

OLD RIVALS TO MEET.

Fordham and Georgetown in Annual Game on Bronx Gridiron.

The Fordham 'Varsity football team is ready for the game with its old rival, Georgetown, at Fordham Field this afternoon. The Maroon team has been pointing all its efforts toward this contest for the last fortnight and is now confident that it will wipe out the long string of defeats which it has suffered at the hands of the Southerners for several seasons past.

Yesterday afternoon's practice was comparatively light. The session consisted of a short practice at running down punts, which was followed by a snappy signal drill. Before the workout Coach Dumoe gave the Maroon athletes a long blackboard lecture in one of the classrooms at the Bronx institution. He carefully outlined the plan of attack which the visitors are expected to make, and again went over the defense system which he has been drilling into his players to offset the plays of the Blue and Gray warriors.

Fordham will have to get along this afternoon without the services of Cliff Steele, the Maroon's star quarterback, and Banks, who was slated to play right end. Both men have been on the hospital list for some time, and, while they were out in uniform yesterday, neither is fit to get into today's tussle.

The probable lineup:

FORDHAM.		GEORGETOWN.
Fitzpatrick	L. E.	Kenyon
Fallon	L. T.	T Sullivan
Moran	L. G.	Comstock
Miller	C.	Anderson
Dufft	R. G.	Zazelli
Alexander	R. T.	O'Connell
Ryan	R. E.	Semack
Berry	Q. B.	Flavin
Halloran	L. H. B.	Malley
Kearns	R. H. B.	J. Sullivan
Gately	F. B.	Ward

STEVENS FALLS IN LINE.

Football Team Will Wear Numbers for First Time in Today's Game.

The Stevens Tech football team is ready to battle with Middlebury this afternoon on the Castle Point Field and Coach Durborow's one worry is the over-confidence of his men.

Stevens is at last to fall in line with those colleges that number their players. Beginning with this afternoon's game, all the men will wear numbers.

Pennsylvania Military College has requested that a return game be played on Nov. 13, the date which is still open on the Engineers' schedule. Manager Barker, however, had already begun negotiations to play the champion battleship team of the U. S. Navy. These negotiations are still under way.

Tufts to Play Without Captain.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The Tufts College football team will be minus the services of its captain, Owen Keefe, tomorrow, when it lines up against the Army at West Point. Facing a hard schedule for the remainder of the season, Coach Parks has decided to take no chance of further injuries to Keefe. Tufts will have a strong backfield, nevertheless, with Le Cain at quarter and Jeffery, Terrill and Martin as the other members of the quartet.

French Woman Swimmer To Challenge Miss Bleibtrey

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Mlle. Susanne Wurts, French swimming champion, will sail for New York shortly to challenge the American champion, Miss Ethelda Bleibtrey, for the women's swimming championship of the world. At the Olympic games Miss Bleibtrey defeated Mlle. Wurtz easily. But the French girl has since been receiving instruction from the American champion, Norman Ross, in the American crawl. Using this stroke, Mlle. Wurtz recently swam 100 meters within one second of Miss Bleibtrey's Antwerp time. It is expected that the French girl will also swim at Philadelphia, Chicago and Los Angeles.

N. Y. U. ON EDGE FOR GAME.

Violet Expects Hamilton Eleven to Put Up Stiff Battle.

New York University's football team will meet the Hamilton College eleven today in their annual gridiron battle at Clinton. The Violet squad left yesterday morning, staying last night in Utica and will go to Clinton this morning.

The local collegians expect a hard battle from the Hamilton team as Hamilton has scored two decisive victories so far this season. Last year the Violet was beaten, 9 to 0, and is out for revenge today.

Coach Sargent feels that his charges are in much better shape than they were last week when they battled to a tie with Wesleyan and believes his team will give a good account of itself.

With two regulars on the side lines, the N. Y. U. eleven is somewhat handicapped. Levin will be unable to play because of his injured hip. Ryan, the fullback, will also be out with a sprained shoulder.

The New York line-up will be as follows: Adams, left end; Horrigan, left tackle; Guiney, left guard; Brin, centre; Edgar, right guard; Pitt, right tackle; Bacile, right end; Bourginon, quarterback; Sherfy, left halfback; Weinheimer, right halfback; Jackson, fullback.

TIGERS' STRONGEST LINEUP PROMISED

Roper Will Enter His Best Men Against Navy Eleven—Betting Is at Even Money.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 22.—Princeton tonight is making preparations for one of the two big games of the Tiger season. Interest in the coming struggle between Princeton and the Midshipmen is high tonight and considerable money is being wagered on the result. The adherents of both teams are equally confident, and the odds are even.

Roper will put on the field the best line-up that has graced a Tiger gridiron this Fall, both in respect to personnel and condition. Almost all of Princeton's early season injured list, which at one time included the entire 'Varsity line, has been vacated, and, for the first time, the Orange and Black forwards will present a formidable array. Keene Fitzpatrick, who is in charge of conditioning the Tigers, has pronounced Captain Mike Callahan and Mal Dickenson fit for service. The Princeton leader will start at centre and Dickenson will be at right guard. John McCaull will take care of the other guard position. He is a big heavy player, and, though owing to an injury he was not on the 'Varsity last Fall, he captained his freshman eleven in 1917. Rutan is still on the injured list and will probably not play again this Fall. Keck and Hooper are slated to play the tackles.

Davis and Raymond are Roper's choice of ends. This leaves Legendre, who played such a stellar game in the Washington and Lee contest as a substitute, and the speedy Southerner will undoubtedly get into the lineup.

The lineup:

NAVY.		PRINCETON.
Ewen	L. E.	Raymond
King	L. T.	Keck
Moore	L. G.	McCaull
Lemon	C.	Callahan
Wilkie	R. G.	Dickenson
Bolles	R. T.	Hooper
[illegible]	R. E.	Davis
Cruise	Q. B.	Lourie
Kessler	L. H. B.	Gilroy
[illegible]	R. H. B.	Scheerer
Taylor	F. B.	Garrity

Referee—J. C. Holderness, Lehigh. Umpire—H. E. N. Kersburg, Harvard. Field judge—F. Gillinder, Pennsylvania. Linesman—H. R. Heneage, Dartmouth.

YALE IS FEARFUL OF MOUNTAINEERS

Likely to Feel Absence of Captain Callahan, Acosta, Aldrich and French.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Oct. 22.—In preparation for tomorrow's game with University of West Virginia, the Yale players this afternoon visited the bowl, remaining an hour in signal drill and kicking practice. Thorne Murphy spent nearly half an hour in attempting field goals, while Herbert Herr devoted an equal amount of attention to place-kicking.

Because of injuries received in the Boston College game and the heat wave of the last week, the Yale squad is in even worse physical condition to meet the Mountaineers tomorrow than when it was defeated by Boston College last Saturday, and several positions will not be positively decided until just before tomorrow's game on this account.

There is no chance of the following players getting into tomorrow's game: Captain Callahan, centre; John Acosta, left guard; Malcolm Aldrich, left halfback; Jack French, right halfback, and Jack Sauerbach, right end. With all these players crippled Yale is none too confident of victory.

Herbert Herr, right guard, and Ben Jordan, halfback, are not yet back in good playing form, although both have been used to some extent in the scrimmaging the past two days. The tackles, Tom Dickens and Bill MacKay, were exhausted by the Boston College game.

The coaches were not quite certain as to whether they would start Eli Cutler or Eddie Shevlin at left end.

The probable line-up:

WEST VIRGINIA.		YALE.
Meredith	L. E.	Cutler
Johnson	L. T.	Dickens
Satron	L. G.	Into
Emsler	C.	Calvin
Kay	R. G.	Herr
Quinlan	R. T.	Walker
Harrick	R. E.	Dilworth
Dawson	Q. B.	Murphy
Beck	L. H. B.	Kempton
Lentz	R. H. B.	Kelly
Martin	F. B.	Campbell

Referee—E. J. O'Brien, Tufts College. Umpire—Michael J. Thompson, Georgetown. Linesman—Ed Thorp, La Salle Institute. Field judge—David L. Fultz, Brown University. Time of periods—15 minutes.

HARD TEST FOR CORNELL.

Doble's Men Expect Stiff Battle from Colgate.

ITHACA, N. Y., Oct. 22.—The Cornell eleven is all set for the first important game on the schedule, that with Colgate, to be played on Schoellkopf Field here tomorrow, the first game that will bring a real test to Gilmour Doble's eleven.

With the first three teams in gratifying physical condition, only one injury having been reported this week and that of a minor character, Doble has sent his squad through an intensive preparation for the Colgate game, giving more than usual attention to defensive play against open football, but not neglecting Cornell's major weapon, a hard running attack supplemented by a versatile forward passing game. The Ithacans are opening up more and more as the season develops, and their followers look for a spectacular exhibition of modern football from both teams.

It is indicated that Doble will use much the same lineup against Colgate as in the two preceding games. Goulnlock and Munns have established their claim to the wing positions; Dodge is a fixture at right tackle, but Knauss and Kay are running even at left tackle. Miner has made himself solid at right guard, and Pendelton and Goetz are about even at left, with the former having a shade the better. Brayton will play centre.

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AND 2 OTHER BRILLIANT EVENTS. FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Special Race Trains leave Grand Central Terminal, Harlem Division, at 1:00, 1:20, 1:40 P. M. Regular trains to Mt. Vernon, TO-DAY, at short intervals from 12:15 to 2:45 P. M. All trains stop at 126th St. Also via Lexington and Jerome Ave. Subway, or West Farms Subway to Mott Ave., transferring to Jerome Ave. Subway; or via 6th and 9th Ave. "L" to Jerome Ave. Subway, and thence by trolley from Woodlawn station.
GRAND STAND, $3.30. LADIES, $1.65, Including War Tax.

TALES OF RICORO
Ricoro and Check 19
"IT happened when I was walking home from the club one night," chuckled Mr. Sears, as he opened a fresh box of Ricoros—"I'd only gone a block or so when I felt like a smoke, so I reached into the breast pocket of my overcoat for a cigar I'd bought earlier in the evening—and was surprised to find it gone. 'Queer!' I grunted—and was even more perplexed to find the cigar in the *inside* pocket which I never use!
"Well, I lighted up anyway—and had the greatest and pleasantest surprise of all! That cigar was the richest, mellowest and *finest* I'd ever smoked. 'Gee!' I exclaimed, 'that clerk must have given me a fifty center by mistake.'
"I felt in my pocket to count the change I knew I had left there, but it was gone—and I knew by the 'feel' of the pocket that I was *wearing a strange overcoat!*
"I hurried back to the club and found our wealthiest member—old Mr. Ponsonby—berating the check boy in no uncertain terms. 'I guess I have your overcoat, Mr. Ponsonby . . . ,' I began.
"'Yes sir,' interrupted the check boy. 'Your check number was 19 an' I gave you 91 by mistake.'
"'—And I smoked your very excellent cigar before I discovered the mistake, Mr. Ponsonby,' I apologized. 'I shall of course be happy to replace it in kind.'
"'Thanks,' he laughed. 'But that one Ricoro at fifteen cents is hardly worth bothering about.'
"'*Fifteen cents*—for a cigar like this?' I exclaimed. 'Mr. Ponsonby, I know now that you're the wisest smoker in the club.'" . . . .
"—And I guess that's one reason why he's the wealthiest too!" 117
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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Rise of Call Money to 10 Per Cent. Makes Stocks Irregular—Steel Prices.

A stock market so largely in professional hands as was yesterday's is sensitive to call money movements; hence it was not surprising that prices fell into a highly irregular condition when demand loans commanded 10 per cent. after renewals had been made at 7 per cent. Withdrawals of Government deposits to the extent of $52,000,000 during the week, coupled with a special demand of substantial proportions for carrying large new security issues while they were being distributed, were factors in tightening money when week-end requirements came forward. Stocks were by no means weak, however; in fact declines of a point or more in particular issues were offset by gains of equal amount elsewhere and the majority of net changes were fractional. Probably an influence of greater importance than the actual rise of call money was the evidence supplied that stock market funds were not as easy as some traders thought last week they would be at this time. Liberty bonds were slightly lower than on Friday and local traction bonds reacted upon receipt of news that the Court of Appeals had declined to review the recent lower court decision against an increase of the street railway fare.

The action of cotton and foreign exchange seemed to reflect an increasing cheerfulness in England over the strike outlook, although news dispatches received during the day failed to disclose the basis for optimism. Cotton futures advanced sharply on reported buying for British and French account, the day's improvement carrying quotations $10 per bale above the extreme low levels of last Monday when strike influences became pronounced. Sterling showed a recovery of 1½ cents in the final demand quotation of 3.44 and Continental rates were a trifle more steady than the day before. The course of grain prices is not easy of explanation, outside of reference to active shifting of speculative transactions, for examination of records of exports fails to throw light on day to day purchases. In the first week of September when the cash price was 40 to 43 cents per bushel higher than at present, the exports, including flour equivalent, from the United States and Canada, reached the high record total of 14,219,000 bushels. Bradstreet's reports that in the week of Oct. 21 the movement comprised no more than 7,240,000 bushels, compared with 10,160,000 bushels two weeks ago. It may be that apprehension of shipping difficulties, due to the coal strike, has caused the outflow to slacken, but it would seem that foreign buyers would be taking advantage of the great decline of prices to buy against Winter needs abroad. Future contracts advanced 4¼ and 6¾ cents at Chicago yesterday.

Chairman Gary of the Steel Corporation is not one to be stampeded by an abrupt change of business and he is in position to survey conditions at home in contrast with greater unsettlement which he recently saw abroad. Hence, it was not surprising to find yesterday that his observations before the American Iron and Steel Institute dealt with expectation of good industrial developments in the future. Mr. Gary held, however, that some readjustments will have to be made in steel prices. The average of the general scale, he thought, should be reduced equitably and relatively, as he believed quotations in many instances had "been outrageously high."

The course of steel prices will be interesting from now until the end of the year. Many steel producers maintain that the downward movement cannot be pressed far without having a profit absorbed in costs. But the copper market is just now giving a demonstration of such light demand that a price of slightly more than 15 cents per pound is 2 to 3 cents or more under the calculated cost of some of the smaller producers. A situation such as this carries the promise of its own correction through a remeasurement of mine and refinery activity upon a basis supplied by the demand for metal. Along the line of business readjustment, it is interesting to learn that employees of several cotton mills of New England and the South have voluntarily moved for a reduction of 10 to 20 per cent. in wages in order to keep employed.

MONEY.

FRIDAY, OCT. 22, 1920.

Call money advanced to 10 per cent. Friday, the highest point touched in a week. The renewal rate was unchanged at 7 per cent. An influence in bringing about the rise was this week's withdrawals of about $52,000,000 by the Treasury from local depositary banks.

Call Loans on Stocks and Bonds.

Renewal.	High.	Low.	Last.	Last.
Thursday				
7	10	7	10	7

Time Loans.

Mixed collateral, 60 days to 6 months..7¼@8
All industrial collateral, 60 days to 6 months 8

Commercial Paper.

Best names, 3 to 6 months.....8
Other names, 3 to 6 months.....8@8¼

Discount Rates, Federal Reserve Bank.

Commercial paper, 15 days, 7; 16 to 90 days 7
Liberty bonds and Victory notes, 15 days, 6; 16 to 90 days 6
Bankers' acceptances, 15 to 90 days..6

Open Market Rates.

Prime eligible acceptances, on call....6 @5¾
Eligible for rediscount with Reserve Bank, 60 to 90 days.....5½@6¼
Non-member and private bankers, eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5½@5¾
Not eligible, 60 to 90 days.....5 @7¼

London Market.

Money on today's London market, 4 per cent.; short bills unchanged at 5¼@5¾ per cent.; three months' bills, 5¾@5 11-16 per cent. Gold bullion on the open London market, 3d higher, at 119s 6d per ounce; Mint parity, 85s per ounce.

Clearing House Exchanges.

Friday's exchanges of checks at the New York Clearing House, $831,118,607; balances, $80,860,658; United States Subtreasury's debit balance, $360,077; Federal Reserve Bank's credit balance, $75,240,883. Exchanges for the same day a year ago, $900,624,903.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Security.	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Ask.	Yld.
Am. Chicle...6	Oct. 31,'23	94¾	98¼	7.50
Am. Cot. Oil.6	Sep. 2,'24	91¼	92¼	8.30
A. T. & T....6	Oct., 1922	95	95¼	8.60
A. T. & T.....6	Feb., 1924	92¼	93¼	8.25
Am. Tob'o Co..7	Dec., 1925	93½	93½	6.75
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1920	99½	100¼	6.75
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.75
Am. Tobacco.7	Nov., 1922	99½	100	7.00
Anac. Co.....6	Jan., 1920	98¾	99¼	..
Am-A. Ltd.7½	Apr., 1925	100¼	100½	..
Armour & Co.6	1920-1924	94	98	..
Armour & Co.7	1930	97¼	97¾	..
Beth. St. Cor.7	July 15,'22	97½	98¼	7.90
Beth. St. Cor.7	July 15,'23	96¾	96¾	8.35
Can. Pac. Ry.6	Mar. 2,'24	94½	95	7.65
Cent. Arg. R.6	Feb., 1927	83½	85¼	9.00
C., B. & Q. R. R. (joint) 4	July, 1921	95¾	96¼	8.10
C., R. I. & P.6	Feb., 1923	94	96	8.90
C., C., C. & St. L. Ry. Co...6	July, 1920	91	91	7.40
Cuba Cane Sug. Corp., conv..7	Jan., 1930	92	92¾	8.15
Cudahy Pack..7	July 15,'23	97½	98½	7.70
Fed. Sug. R..6	Nov., 1924	93	95	7.35
Gulf Oil Corp.6	July, 1921	97½	98½	7.50
The B.F.Goodrich Co. cv..7	Apr., 1925	90¼	91¼	9.40
Hocking Val..6	Mar., 1924	91	93	8.35
Int. Rap. Tr..7	Sep., 1921	72	73½	..
Kan. C. Term.6	Nov., 1923	94¾	96	7.50
Kennecott C..7	Dec., 1930	92¼	93¼	..
Laclede Gas....	Jan., 1920	94	96	7.65
Lig. & Myers.6	Dec., 1921	97½	98¼	7.90
Nat.C.&S.10-yr.8	1930	99½	100½	7.90
Phila. Co.....6	Feb., 1922	93¾	94½	10.05
Penn. Co.....4½	June15,'81	98	98¼	..
Proc. & Gam.7	Mar., 1921	99¾	100¼	6.80
Pub. S. Corp. of N. J. cv.7	Mar., 1922	88	89¼	..
R. J. Rylds T.6	Aug., 1922	96¾	97¼	7.50
Sinc. O. C.7½	May 15,'25	91½	92	9.75
Southern Ry..6	Mar.,1922	96	96¾	..
S'west B. T..7	Apr., 1925	94½	95	8.35
St.P.Un.Dep. & Ter. Guaran. ...5½	Dec. 15,'23	94½	95½	7.20
S.-SS.&I.10-yr.8	1929	86	89	7.70
Swift & Co....7	Aug.15,'21	97¼	98	8.40
Texas Co.....7	Mar., 1931	98¾	98¾	..
Utah S. Corp.6	Sep. 15,'23	87	90	..
West. El. cv..7	Apr., 1925	98¾	99	7.25

MARKET AVERAGES.

STOCKS.

YESTERDAY'S RANGE.

	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
25 railroads...	61.35	60.77	61.11	+ .11
25 industrials.	103.40	102.44	103.34	+ .20
50 stocks.....	82.37	81.60	82.22	+ .20

DAILY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.	Low	Last.	Net Chge.
Oct. 21.....	82.04	81.83	82.02	— .65
Oct. 20.....	83.27	82.31	82.67	+ .31
Oct. 19.....	82.50	81.63	82.36	+ .44
Oct. 18.....	82.78	81.74	81.92	+ .74
Oct. 15.....	83.98	82.81	83.17	+ .28

MONTHLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

	High.		Low.		Last.
*1920.	83.98	Oct. 15	80.30	Oct. 1	82.22
1919	98.47	Oct. 31	97.07	Oct. 3	97.50
1918.	79.60	Oct. 19	71.45	Oct. 9	73.41
1917.	74.60	Oct.	65.46	Oct. 31	69.28
1916.	99.19	Oct. 27	91.45	Oct. 9	97.09

YEARLY RANGE OF 50 STOCKS.

*1920.	94.07	Apr.. 8	75.04	Aug. 9	82.22
†1919.	97.98	Oct. 23	69.73	Jan. 21	96.81
Full Years.					
1919.	99.59	Nov. 5	69.73	Jan. 21	89.69
1918.	79.16	Nov. 12	64.12	Jan. 15	73.30
1917.	90.46	Jan. 4	57.47	Dec. 20	65.88
1916.	101.51	Nov. 20	80.04	Apr. 22	88.22

BONDS.

YESTERDAY'S CLOSE.

	—Net Change.— Day.	Month.	Year.
40 issues	73.10 —.04	+3.00	—2.23

DAILY RANGE OF 40 BONDS.

Oct. 21	73.14 +.6	Oct. 12	Holiday.
Oct. 20	72.80 +.05	Oct. 11	72.28 —.04
Oct. 19	72.86 —.05	Oct. 9	72.32 +.05
Oct. 18	72.91 +.11	Oct. 8	72.27 —.03
Oct. 16	72.80 +.02	Oct. 7	72.30 +.13
Oct. 15	72.78 +.54	Oct. 6	72.17 —.02
Oct. 14	72.24 +.13	Oct. 5	72.19 +.16
Oct. 13	72.11 —.17	Oct. 4	72.03 +.40

YEARLY RANGE OF 40 BONDS

*1920.	73.14	Oct. 21	65.57	May 21	73.10
†1919.	79.05	June 2	74.03	Sep. 24	75.33
Full Years.					
1919.	79.05	June 2	71.06	Dec. 3	72.08
1918.	82.36	Nov. 12	75.65	Sep. 27	72.73
1917.	89.48	Jan. 20	74.24	Dec. 20	76.30

*To date. †To corresponding date last year

ALLOW MAINE CENTRAL LOAN

Interstate Commerce Commission Authorizes Bond Issue of $3,619,000

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Authority was granted the Maine Central Railroad today by the Interstate Commerce Commission to issue first and refunding 6 per cent. gold bonds to the amount of $3,619,000.

The road was also authorized to pledge with the Secretary of the Treasury $2,067,000 in bonds as security for Government loans, $1,152,000 as security for a loan for financing additional equipment purchases and $400,000 as security for a loan to redeem certain bonds of the Knox & Lincoln Railway maturing Feb. 1, 1921.

BANK CONVENTION CONDEMNS WILLIAMS

Calls His Charges of Extortionate Interest Without Warrant or Fact.

HELD UNFAIR AND UNTIMELY

Approval Expressed of Operation of Federal Reserve in Period of Inflation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—With a thunderous "aye" the American Bankers' Association, in convention here today, adopted a resolution condemning John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, for his recent statements that New York banks had charged extortionate interest on call loans. One "no" was heard.

Mr. Williams was not named in the resolution, nor was his office alluded to. The resolution was a blanket protest against "utterances without warrant or fact." Nor was the Controller's name mentioned in an acrid debate which followed the presentation of the resolution, but when the title "Controller of the Currency" was spoken hisses greeted it.

Daniel F. Guinan of Mahanoy City, Pa., defended the Controller. Nelson B. Eired of Auburn, N. Y., and J. M. Keboe of Mayaville, Ky., replied to Mr. Guinan, attacking the Controller. The debate seemed destined to continue for some time, when the presiding officer checked it by putting the question.

The resolution adopted was as follows:

"In this hour, when the element of confidence is so vital in stabilizing and sustaining banking and business conditions, we deplore utterances which, without warrant or fact, challenge the integrity of America's bankers as a whole and call into question their motives and practices in the conduct of their business. Criticism based on harmful generalizing is most unjust and misleading. The inevitable effect of such broad and unfounded statements is to create false inferences in the mind of the public.

"We protest against such reflections as not only unfair, but in the present emergency most untimely; as calculated to create an unfounded hostility in the relations between bankers and the public and in extreme instances to breed violence of action and dangerous disturbances of the public mind. If such misleading inferences should be made for personal profit or gratification, they cannot be too severely denounced as outrages against the public interest. The delicacy of the credit structure of the country cannot safely stand such violent handling, and intemperate and unfounded attacks must seriously threaten its security.

The convention adjourned this afternoon to meet next year, probably in Los Angeles.

When resolutions were offered as a whole today Mr. Guinan said:

"Can you reconcile the taking up of this quarrel, which some bankers have with some Government official, as the American Bankers' Association? This official has not charged the organization with anything but the highest patriotism. He has made charges against banks in some cities, but why not leave it to the accuser and the accused? It is no concern of ours. For years in State and national conventions there have been evidences of propaganda to discredit the work of what I consider the most faithful, efficient and conscientious Comptroller of the Currency that has been in office since the organization of our Government."

Mr. Kehoe declared the resolution should have stated that a public official had been condemned. "In all this country's history," he said, "the bankers have stood by the Government, Wall Street included. On no occasion have we failed on the full performance of our duties, and I should consider us cowards if we failed to meet an issue thrown at us like this. He did not address his comment alone to the bankers but to the unsophisticated as well as the sophisticated citizens of the United States, and if it goes undenied it will be taken for the truth.

"It may be true that in Wall Street, as in other places, one or two or a half dozen bankers do not measure up to the full measure of a real patriotic American banker, and there is a little Shylocking. But that should not be allowed to pass as a reflection upon the whole fraternity in this country. If he had a complaint against a few of us, he should have pointed it out and settled with them instead of here, at this great convention, casting it in the face of all of us.

"I think we ought to pass this resolution unanimously, and, if I were privileged, I would add a line saying we especially and particularly denounce not only the expression but the conduct of a public official of this kind."

The resolution indorsing the Federal Reserve system read:

"We desire to express our approval of the operation of the Federal Reserve system through the periods of inflation and ensuing great strain and to commend the efforts of its officers to conserve the credit resources of the country and direct them to the most advantageous use. A proper restraint upon speculation in credits and commodities has been effective in protecting banking credit and maintaining sound financial conditions. We believe that every possible pressure should be brought to bear by the banks to liquidate Government obligations which they are carrying, in order that there may be a proportionate release of credit for commercial uses. We are confident that the Federal Reserve system has demonstrated its ability to meet any possible financial pressure.

"Neither commercial banks nor Federal Reserve banks can create or manufacture credit. It is the function of banks to vitalize such credit as is created by productive processes and by trade and commerce and make it of use to the community. The first and highest duty of bankers is to put such credit in usable form and distribute and apportion it for the use and good of the community. In discharging his duty bankers must use their best judgment and always give heed to the condition of the reserve.

"If there is a disposition on the part of the business world to produce a greater volume of business than the condition of the bank reserves permits, there must be a slowing up of business until the reserve condition is improved.

"It is because of a firm belief in these principles that the American Bankers' Association looks with disapproval on all suggestions, plans and efforts to interfere with the operation of economic forces. It disapproves all suggestions, plans and efforts to utilize the resources of the Federal Reserve banks or the Government to exert any influence whatever through the utilization of such reserves except for the prevention of general disaster or for public safety."

One paragraph of the resolutions read:

"This association vigorously condemns any program in any industry, including agriculture, tending toward speculative hoarding, or artificial and temporary disturbance of the law of supply and demand, which law should be given full play in order to stabilize the market."

Other recommendations were for private thrift; immediate tax revision, especially with regard to excess profit and surtaxes; alteration of the transportation act so bankers and business men regardless of railroad connections can serve on railroad directorates; recognition by labor of the essential unity of labor, capital and brains; support of the Department of Agriculture, development of foreign trade and improvement of the consular and commercial services; opposition to nationalizing industry and further participation of the Government in business fields, especially in banking; regulation of immigration; relief of the housing situation; support of Near East Relief, and Federal and State co-operation on national highways.

In a speech on "Commodity Financing," especially with regard to grain and cotton, Henry M. Robinson of Los Angeles advocated co-operative organizations for farmers.

In a discussion of taxation Sol Wexler, of J. S. Bache & Co., said he believed a sales or turnover tax was the most equitable and fairest.

"If we do not revise our tax laws I believe we will bring on a business panic in this country within the next few years greater than we have ever known."

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Judge Gary's Remarks.

Several constructions were placed upon the remarks of Judge Elbert H. Gary, Chairman of the Board of the United States Steel Corporation, in his address before the American Iron and Steel Institute yesterday. His words were eagerly scanned in the financial district as they were flashed on the news tickers, but there was some mystification as to just what steel prices were referred to as those which must necessarily come down. One steel man expressed the conviction that the Steel Corporation would raise prices before the end of the year on several products. On the other hand, there were those who read into the remarks a possibility of a lowering of the Steel Corporation level. The majority, however, were inclined to believe that the remarks were directed primarily at the high independent prices, since it was hardly believed that he would describe the Steel Corporation level as outrageously high.

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Manhattan Elevated.

An evidence of the changing sentiment with relation to public utility issues is found in the market action of Manhattan Elevated. This issue jumped forward 4 points yesterday on a small turnover. The dividend of 7 per cent. is guaranteed by the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, which holds a long term lease of the property. The low for the stock this year was made on July 2, when it touched 38¾. There was some heavy liquidation, which broke the issue down to this point, the market for the shares at that time being decidedly thin. Recently better buying has appeared and yesterday the issue closed at 65, which represents a big gain over a period of a few months.

***

Copper Stocks Firm.

Continued evidence of demoralization in the copper market is not producing any serious depression in the copper shares. This is true because of two reasons. In the first place, the copper shares have been thoroughly liquidated and the stocks are now in strong hands. Secondly, no matter what may be the condition of the market at present, there seems to be a large underlying demand for copper which must some time come into the market. It is certain, furthermore, that eventually the old order of things will be re-established whereby the consumers will be forced into the position of carrying stocks of metal to meet their needs, instead of placing this burden on the copper companies as is now the case.

***

What Will They Do?

It has been suggested in railroad quarters that the Controller of the Treasury might be prevailed upon to reconsider his recent opinion regarding the payment of advances upon extended Federal guarantee settlements, also that, should the situation call for such drastic action, the President might remove the Controller from office. But it is the majority opinion among local railroad heads that no relief from the ruling which prevents payment of guarantee funds until after the final settlement between the roads and the Interstate Commerce Commission has been reached will be provided. If such is the case many of the carriers will have to go to their bankers for aid in meeting payrolls and expenses. Because of this and the high rates which such emergency loans probably would command, it has been suggested that railroad borrowers include the rate in their final settlement figures.

***

Car Supply and Business.

In the weeks from Sept. 1 to Oct. 1, inclusive, the actual freight car shortage statistics—deferred car requisitions—show a decline of from 147,309 cars to 80,141 cars. On Sept. 8 the number was 104,790, on the 15th 96,114 and on the 23d 89,947. Normally the peak of railroad traffic may be expected from Sept. 1 to the middle of October, but the figures this year indicate that the volume of business has materially decreased. With the week of Oct. 1 showing deferred car requisitions amounting to only 80,141, it now appears that the roads will soon be caught up with the volume of business being offered and there will be cars enough to fill all requisitions. Of course, there is more than a slight chance that there will be a sudden growth in the volume of business, and if this occurs the time when the roads will begin to report a surplus of cars will be further away. Present indications, however, point to the fact that there has been a pronounced decline in the normal volume of business and that the turn of the year should see a car surplus.

***

Freight Car Mileage.

To the uninitiated an average movement of freight cars of thirty miles per car day does not seem at all remarkable. But the following sketch of freight-car movement, based on studies made by L. F. Loree, President of the Delaware & Hudson Company, makes the thirty-mile average more easily appreciated: "The typical freight car spends fourteen weeks of the year on loading and unloading tracks. Six weeks it is being switched to and from these tracks. Because it arrives at destination on Sundays and holidays three more weeks are lost. And even when moving further delays are encountered. It spends five weeks passing through intermediate yards. Nine weeks are spent on interchange tracks. It takes a least five weeks for repairs, and the actual time that the car is moving along the lines is only six weeks in each year. Road delays, such as wrecks, breakdowns, congestion and the like, serve to reduce the normal road movement to thirty-seven days, or about one-tenth of the year. This is still further reduced by the fact that there is an average of three empty car miles to every seven loaded car miles, this reducing the typical freight car's normal road movement under load to only twenty-six days a year."

***

That Fluctuating Rate.

While the wires from Washington were busy yesterday afternoon bringing in, first, the resolution adopted by the American Bankers Association convention anent the charges made by John Skelton Williams that banks and brokers here manipulate the call rate and, second, the reply of Mr. Williams himself to the resolution, call money on the board was moving around in most lively manner. It opened at 7 per cent., and then began to rise, going finally to 10 per cent. just before the closing time. Nobody seemed to know just why this should be. Some said it was in reply to the Controller; some thought it was because the Interior had called loans from here; others expressed the belief that the Government's heavy withdrawals, amounting to $120,000,000 in the last fortnight, might have had something to do with it. But in the commission houses the skeptics said it was merely Friday afternoon, when the rate made would stand for three days.

***

Oversubscribed.

The subscription books for the new $25,000,000 Government of Denmark loan were opened at 9 o'clock yesterday morning and at 9:30 A. M. they were closed. The bankers handling the operation say that by that time the offering was greatly oversubscribed, denoting that the demand for high-grade, long-term foreign bonds is as keen as ever. The reception which recent foreign offerings have received has been so remarkable that it would appear the old charge that "American investors are provincial" would no longer hold. Beginning with the Swiss loan and extending down through the French, Norwegian and now the Danish, all of these flotations have gone far beyond the hopes of those who brought them out. Further, municipal offerings from the other side of the Atlantic have been very well taken here and the one big piece of foreign industrial financing which this market has had in recent months was as great a success as any of the domestic offerings. All have been oversubscribed.

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DIVIDENDS.

Chicago, Wilmington & Franklin Coal Company
(Massachusetts Corporation)
State of Illinois.

PREFERRED DIVIDEND No. 19.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share has been declared on the preferred capital stock of Chicago, Wilmington & Franklin Coal Company, payable November 1, 1920, to Stockholders of record at the close of business October 22, 1920.

STONE & WEBSTER, INC., Transfer Agent.

GEORGIA SOUTHERN & FLORIDA RAILWAY COMPANY.

Macon, Ga., October 21, 1920.

Semi-annual dividends of $2.50 per share have today been declared on the first and second preferred stocks of Georgia Southern & Florida Railway Company, payable at the office of Mercantile Trust & Deposit Company of Baltimore on November 8, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 30, 1920.

F. S. WYNN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE TRENTON POTTERIES CO.

Trenton, N. J., Oct. 21, 1920.

DIVIDEND NO. 82.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, a dividend of TWO PER CENT. (2%) was declared on the Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock of the Company, payable October 25th, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., October 21st, 1920. Transfer books will not be closed.

C. E. LAWTON, Secretary and Treasurer.

LUDLOW MANUFACTURING ASSOCIATES.

Boston, Mass.

Dividends Nos. 104 and 105.

A quarterly dividend of $1.50 per share and a special dividend of $1.00 per share has been declared, payable on December 1, 1920, to shareholders of record November 1, 1920.

MALCOLM B. STONE, Treasurer.

EISEMANN MAGNETO CORPORATION

DIVIDEND NO. 5.

New York, October 19, 1920.

A regular quarterly dividend of $1.75 per share on the Preferred Capital Stock of this Company has been declared, payable November 1, 1920, to stockholders of record at the close of business October 20, 1920.

F. S. JEROME, Treasurer.

INSPIRATION CONSOLIDATED COPPER CO.

The Directors have this day declared a dividend of $1.00 per share, payable Monday, October 25, 1920, to stockholders of record at 3:00 o'clock P. M. Friday, October 8, 1920.

J. W. ALLEN, Treasurer.

New York, September 23, 1920.

GILLETTE SAFETY RAZOR COMPANY

The Board of Directors have today declared a regular quarterly dividend of $2.50 per share and an extra dividend of $1.00 per share payable December 1st, 1920, to stockholders of record October 30th, 1920.

FRANK J. FAHEY, Treasurer.

Boston, October 15, 1920.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS.

FRIDAY, OCT. 22, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales.....	383,189	1,514,877	575,160
Year to date.....	174,837,433½	250,049,217	113,194,500

Closing. Bid.	Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
26	29	100	Advance Rumely.....	28¼	28¼	28¼	28¼	— ¾
1¾	1⅞	200	Alaska Juneau.....	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	..
100	104½	100	All-Amer. Cables....	104	104	104	104	—2
58½	59½	200	Allied Ch. & D. w. i.	58½	58¾	58¼	58¾	— ¼
91	92½	200	Do pf. w. i.....	91	91	91	91	+ ½
34	35	100	Allis-Chalmers Mfg..	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	+ ¾
80	81	200	Am. Ag. Chemical...	80½	80½	80½	80½	+ ½
85	87	100	Do pf.....	86½	86½	86½	86½	— ¼
74	74½	200	Am. Beet Sugar.....	74	74½	74	74½	—1¼
76½	78	200	Am. Bosch Mag.....	77½	77½	76¾	76¾	— ¾
33	33½	1,300	American Can.....	33	33½	33	33	— ¼
134	135	300	Am. Car & Fdy.....	134¾	135	134¾	135	+1½
25¾	26	700	Am. Cotton Oil.....	25¾	26	25¾	25¾	+ ¾
9¼	9½	500	Am. Drug. Synd.....	9¼	9¼	9¼	9¼	..
57	58	1,100	Am. Hide & L. pf....	57	57¼	57	57¼	— ¾
72¼	72¾	2,700	Am. International...	71¾	72¾	71¾	72½	— ¼
69¾	70⅝	700	Amer. Linseed.....	69¾	70	69¾	70	+ ¾
83½	85	100	Do pf.....	84½	84½	84½	84½	+ ½
95¾	96	1,400	Am. Locomotive.....	96	96½	95¾	96	+ ¼
14½	14¾	400	Am. Safety Razor...	14½	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ¼
18	18¾	500	Am. Ship & Com.....	18¾	18¾	18	18¾	+ ¼
58½	58¾	1,000	Am. Smelt. & Ref...	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾	+ ¼
Do pf.....				92¼	92¼	91½	91½	— ⅝
Full Years.								
84½	85	200	Am. Steel F. pf....	85	85	85	85	..
105	106	800	Am. Sugar Ref.....	105	105	104½	104½	—1¼
107	109	200	Do pf.....	107½	107½	107½	107½	—1½
87	87½	100	Am. Sumatra Tob....	87	87	87	87	+ ¼
99¾	100	600	Am. Tel. & Tel.....	100	100	99¾	100	+ ¼
130	133	300	American Tobacco...	132½	133	132½	133	..
71	71½	900	American Woolen....	71	71½	70½	71	+ ½
47½	48¾	500	Am. Writ. P. pf....	48¾	48¾	48	48¼	+ ¾
50¾	50¾	1,500	Anaconda Copper....	49½	50¾	49½	50¼	+ ¾
3¾	4½	100	Assets Realization..	4	4	4	4	..
26	27	200	Asso. Dry Goods....	26¾	26¾	26½	26¾	— ⅛
100	106½	300	Associated Oil.....	109¼	109½	109	109	—3
87½	88¾	4,300	A., T. & S. L.....	88½	88¼	87¾	88	—1
77¾	77¾	1,100	Do pf.....	77¾	77¾	77½	77½	— ¼
9¾	10¼	900	Atl., Birm. & At....	9¾	9¾	9¼	9¼	..
96½	98½	100	Atlantic Coast Line..	97½	97½	97½	97½	..
18	19	700	Atlantic Fruit.....	19	19½	18	19½	+ ¾
144¾	145½	2,200	Atl., Gulf & W. I....	145	147½	144¼	144¾	+ ¾
106	109	100	Atlantic Ref. pf....	107	107	107	107	..
113¾	114	18,100	Baldwin Loco.....	113¾	114	112¾	114	+ ¾
47	47¾	1,300	Baltimore & Ohio....	46¾	47¾	46¾	47¾	+ ½
53½	53¾	500	Balt. & Ohio pf....	53¾	53¾	53½	53½	— ¼
38	40	100	Barnsdall Class A..	40	40	40	40	—1½
..	38	100	Barnsdall Class B

WILLIAMS INSISTS BANKS OVERCHARGED

Again Quotes New York Reports Showing Interest Rate of 30 Per Cent.

DISCLAIMS ANY PREJUDICE

Controller of Currency Asserts 34 Institutions Collected $100,000,000 Interest in Six Months.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Another chapter in the controversy between John Skelton Williams, Controller of the Currency, and New York banks he has accused of collecting high interest rates on call loans was written this afternoon when the Controller issued a statement saying he did not think the criticisms leveled at him came from men of sound judgment. He asserted he had never attempted to single out New York bankers for special condemnation, but had pointed out facts.

In one part of his statement he asserted that thirty-four national banks in New York City collected $100,000,000 in interest charges in the six months ended June 30, 1920, $50,000,000 more than in the corresponding period in 1917. The statement follows:

"Criticisms on the statement given out by this office for the newspapers of Monday last seem to me to be rather vague and feeble, as well as anonymous. I hoped they would be strong, illuminative and constructive. I am constrained to believe that they do not express the thought of the bankers of the country or of New York, who certainly are men of ability, with intelligence and courage to speak clearly and frankly when they wish to speak.

"One of the functions of this office is to do all possible to maintain and increase the good-will and confidence of the public in the banks of the country. To that end, continual labor, frequently troublesome to all concerned, has been applied to make sure that the management and conduct of all banks should be such as to deserve good-will and confidence. In following along the same line, I think it right to reiterate some expressions included in the statement referred to, but unfortunately omitted by many newspapers which published portions of it. These are, that there is no purpose in this office to stir or cater to any prejudice against that great and useful system popularly known as 'Wall Street,' that there was and is no purpose to hold up the New York City bankers or any other bankers for special condemnation. It is my duty to discover and oppose what I believe to be evils and dangers threatening or impeding the business of the country. There has been no attack on individuals or individual interests. The criticism from this office has been against a system, and method. The first step toward correction of any wrong must be discovery and exposure.

"Statements of the existence of extortionate interest rates in New York affecting the operations of the whole country, made by me some weeks ago, were met by sneering denials through newspapers. Thereupon it became necessary to present confirmatory specifications and evidence. This has been done. Anonymous and indefinite denials are not contradictions. Statements of facts and figures, sworn to by the banks themselves, cannot be met by excited rhetoric or general denunciation, or unsustained accusation of improper motive.

"In my previous statement I showed that the aggregate of these demand or call loans secured by bonds and stocks handled by the New York banking institutions for their own account and for the account of the correspondents, upon which interest rates varying from 7 per cent. to 30 per cent. have been charged, has probably averaged throughout the last year more than $1,000,000,000.

"The assertion by anonymous critics that the exorbitant interest rates were rare and applied to insignificant sums will not weigh against official reports made to this office under oath. We find, for example, one national bank declaring that loans made in the period covered by my statement at rates in excess of 10 per cent. aggregating $448,000,000, including $186,000,000 (1,426 loans) at rates of 15 per cent. and over. On a certain day within this period another bank reported that, on loans for itself and correspondents, it was charging 15 per cent. on $55,985,000, and 18 per cent., 19 per cent., and 20 per cent. on $3,600,000 additional. The same bank admitted exacting on another day 18 per cent. on $57,183,000, 20 per cent. on $1,400,000, and 25 per cent. on $14,053,000. On three days early in January the amount on which this bank was charging 18 per cent. exceeded $63,500,000.

"Another New York national bank reported that it was charging on a certain day, on loans made for its account, 16 per cent. on $25,500,000, while two days previously it was loaning at 14 per cent. $27,100,000 and at 16 per cent. and 18 per cent. $315,000 more; another day this bank reported that loans at 17 per cent. to 20 per cent. exceeded $17,000,000. On Dec. 31 last the same bank made eleven new loans for over $2,000,000 at 25 per cent., and on Jan. 2 it made fifty-three new loans, aggregating $10,000,000, at 15 per cent., in addition to some millions already out at 15 per cent.

"Still another bank reports that on a particular date during the past year, it was charging on loans for its own account 25 per cent. on $2,150,000, 15 per cent. on $300,000, and 15 per cent. on $10,900,000. On another date the same bank was charging 22 per cent. on $2,000,000 and 11 per cent. to 16 per cent. on $8,200,000 additional, with other loans at the same time bearing 7 per cent., 8 per cent., 9 per cent., and 10 per cent. This particular bank has, through this period, been lending, as have other banks, many millions more at exorbitant rates for correspondent banks. The foregoing figures relate to only four of the thirty-four national banks in New York City and they are matters of record.

"It is of interest to the public that most of those New York banks, a few of whose loans are given above, while lending at these very indefensible rates, sometimes 25 per cent. and 30 per cent., were being accommodated at the same time at 4½ per cent. to 6 per cent. by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, with sums as great as or greater than their loans recited above. They were, therefore, occasionally charging borrowers 20 per cent. to 25 per cent. more interest than they paid the Reserve Bank.

"The amount actually collected for interest and discount by the thirty-four national banks in New York City for the six months ending June 30, 1920, exceeded all previous records, and amounted to approximately $100,000,000, which was nearly $50,000,000 or nearly 100 per cent. in excess of similar receipts for the corresponding period in 1917.

"In February last the 'renewal' rate in New York City for the whole month averaged above 10 per cent. This was more than double the normal average for call money. While nearly every national bank in New York City has admitted that its rates on the so-called 'street' or 'brokers' loans are marked up or down automatically, from day to day, according to the fluctuations of the call money rate, yet reports from some banks show a marked discrimination and that they exact on some of the well secured loans rates considerably in excess of the so-called daily 'renewal' rate, while other banks adhere quite closely to that rate.

"As to the large amount of call loans held by national banks for account of correspondents, over $500,000,000, it may be of interest to state that the New York banks, for their services in handling these loans, make varying charges. Sometimes a fractional commission is charged; sometimes, in view of the deposit balances carried, no charge is made; while at other times the New York bank and its outside correspondents divide evenly the interest collected in excess of 6 per cent. per annum.

"New York, as I have stated before, is the only city of any importance in the world where such interest rates as these exist or are tolerated. They have, in my opinion, been most costly to the entire country and cannot be justified on any basis of economics or ethics.

"The plainly, indisputably proper course is change of policy and reformation of abuses which have come almost imperceptibly, not loose and wholesale criticism of the man trying to heave the lead line and give warning of shoals. The point is not the qualities or intentions of the official, but whether the shoals are there. My work is to report them and prove where they are. My strong faith is that the bankers of the country will find and apply cure for the evil that has been shown. They have on them now some of the heaviest and most difficult responsibilities which ever rested on a financial body. The welfare, not only of their own country, but of the world, depends in a great measure on their wisdom and character. I believe they will meet the test. The most important part of the Controller's work is to help them, as he may. There is no better way to help than to detect and point out obstacles and perils in their path toward performance of the tremendous work they have to do."

CHICAGO PORK DOWN MORE.

Market Almost Panicky on $10 Decline from Top Prices.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Semi-demoralized conditions are again featuring the hog market, with salesmen panicky and anxious to dispose of their holdings, many of them belonging to local speculators. Prices declined 50 cents to $1, with the general average 70 cents lower, to $12.90, the lowest since the bottom point was reached in the second week of last December.

In July of last year, the record top of $23.60 was reached. Since then the price of hogs has declined $10.70 or thereabouts a hundred pounds, but with no appreciable reduction in price to the consumer, who is paying 45 cents a pound for pork chops in Chicago.

Best heavy butcher hogs sold in the stock yards today at $13.50, with choice at $13. Armours mixed droves cost $12.72, with a 330-pound drove of packers at $12.25. A drove of 1,000 pigs, averaging 120 pounds, cost $13. The trade was lowest at the close of the day, with 6,000 left over. Shippers purchased sparingly and speculators did little business.

SUBSCRIPTION RIGHTS.

	Rights Expire	Yester-day's Bid	Yester-day's Ask
Commonwealth Edison	Dec. 1	⅛	¼
Kelly-Springfield	Nov. 10	⅝	¾
New Jersey Zinc	Nov. 15	9	9¼
Toledo Machine & Tool	Nov. 10	2¼	2½
Un Carbide & Carbon	Nov. 15	1⅜	1⅝

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Revenue receipts and expenditures.

	This Month.	Fiscal Yr.
Customs	$16,313,451	$100,371,476
Internal Revenue: Income and profits tax	27,673,412	868,326,732
Miscellaneous	94,200,170	493,926,370
Misc. revenue	11,228,467	225,771,284
Pan. Canal tolls, &c.	685,223	1,779,132
Total	$150,100,733	$1,690,174,996
Excess of ord. rec. over ord. disb.		183,332,322
Excess of ord. disb. over ord. receipts.	105,802,383	
Expenditures	$255,903,117	$1,506,842,674

METAL MARKET REPORT.

These prices were quoted on the local Metal Exchange yesterday:

	Yesterday. Bid.	Yesterday. Asked.	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.
Antimony	6.50	6.75	6.50	6.75
Quicksilver	$60.00		$60.00	
Aluminium	28.50	*29.50	*28.50	29.50
Iron, No. 2X Silicon		50.77		

*Nominal.

Electrolytic copper was quoted in the open market at 19¾c, 30 days.

London quotations were:

	Yesterday. £	s.	d.	Thursday. £	s.	d.
Copper, spot	89	15	0	91	0	0
Copper, futures	88	15	0	89	5	0
Tin, spot	248	10	0	251	10	0
Tin, futures	254	15	0	256	10	0
Spelter, spot	39	0	0	38	15	0
Spelter, futures	40	0	0	39	17	6
Lead, spot	36	0	0	36	2	6
Lead, futures	35	15	0	35	17	6

SILVER BULLION.

Bar silver at London, 5d. lower at 52⅝d. per ounce. New York price for domestic silver unchanged at 99¼c. per ounce, the Mint price; foreign silver ⅛d. lower at 80½ cents; Mexican dollars ⅛d. lower at 61¼ cents.

Range of prices for silver bullion this month:

	High.		Low.	
London	50d	Oct. 1	50⅛d	Oct. 19
New York	91¼c	Oct. 1	76¼c	Oct. 19

Range for the present year to date:

London	89½d	Feb. 11	44d June 18
New York	$1.37	Jan. 11	76¼c Oct. 19

BOSTON CURB.

	Bid.	Ask.		Bid.	Ask.
Arlz. Ext	3	5	Iron Cap	8	9
Arlz. Silver	16	18	La Rose	20	25
Boston Mex.	41	43	Majestic	14	15
Black Hawk	30		Mex. Metals	30	35
Calaveras	1	1¼	Midway Moss		30
Chief Con	3½	3⅝	Monarch	5	15
Crown Res	10	20	Nat. L. & Z.	2	
Crystal, new	44	46	Nev. Doug	12	19
Denbigh	15	17	Nixon	6	9
Eagle B. B.	2½	2¾	Rainier	25	35
Fortuna	3	5	Seven Metals	9	10
Gadsden	50	65	Silver Reef	9	10
Homa	6	7	Ut. Exten	2¾	3
Iron Blossom	25	35	Yukon	1½	1¾

EQUIPMENT BONDS.

(Quoted on a percentage basis).

Name.	Maturity. Rate.	Bid.	Asked.
Balt. & Ohio	1920-27	4½	5.00
Bethlehem Steel	1920-39	7	7.37
Buff., Roch. & P.	1920-33	4½@5-6	7.15
Canadian Pacific	1920-32	4½@6	7.37
Chicago & N. W.	1920-23	4½	6.25
Chi., Rock I. & P.	1920-27	4½@5	8.25
C., St. L. & N. O.	1920-24	5	7.50
C., C., C. & St. L.	1920-29	5 @6	7.25
Del. & Hudson	1922	4½	7.35
Erie Railroad	1920-27	4½@5	8.25
Grace Steamship	1920-34	6	7.85
Illinois Central	1920-27	4½@5	7.30
Int. Products S. S.	1920-26	7	8.50
Louis. & Nashville	1920-25	6	7.25
Michigan Central	1920-32	5 @6	7.25
Minn. & St. Louis	1920-27	5 @6	8.00
Mo., Kan. & Tex.	1920-24	5	8.25
N. Y. Central	1920-32	4½@5	7.37
Do	1921-35	7	7.15
Norfolk & West	1920-24	4½	7.25
Northern Pacific	1921-30	7	7.15
N. Y., N. H. & H.	1920-29	4½@5-6	8.25
Pacific Fruit Exp.	1925-35	7	8.87
Penn. Gen. Fr'ght	1920-23	4 @4½	7.25
Reading Co	1920-27	4½	7.25
Seaboard A. L.	1920-21	4½@5-6	8.50
Sinclair Refining	1920-21	6	8.50
Southern Pacific	1920-25	4½	7.25
Do	1924-35	7	6.85
Southern Railway	1920-26	4½@5	7.75
Union Pacific	1924-35	7	6.80
Virginian Ry.	1920-30	6	7.25
White Oil Corp.	1920-23	6	8.25

FOREIGN SECURITIES.

	Rate.	Due.	Bid.	Asked.
Argentine (unlist'd)	5	Sep., 1945	63½	64¾
Belgium (Restor'n).		1984	63½	65
Belgium In. of 1920	5	....	68½	71½
British Victory	4	1960	255	263
British Funding	4	1960	235	243
British Nat. War	5	1922	337	343
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1927	329	339
Brit. Nat. W. L.	5	1929	332	342
Canada	5½	Dec., 1922	87¼	89
Canada	5½	Nov., 1923	87¼	89
Canada	5	Dec., 1952	82½	85½
French Gov. Vic.	5	1916	55¾	58
French Loan, '17		1943	44¾	47
French Prem., '20	5	....	63	65¾
French Loan, '20	6	....	..	*65
Italy Treas., 3-yr.		1923	35	38
Italy, Treas., 5-yr.		1923	34	37
Russia, ruble bds	5½	Feb., 1926	19	22
Russia	5½	1921	22	25
Sweden	6	June, 1939	83	86½
Switzerland	5½	Aug., 1929	84½	85½

* At rate of 1,000 francs.

EARNINGS.

MANILA ELECTRIC R. R. & LIGHTING CORPORATION for September—

	1920.	1919.	Increase.
Gross	$280,812	$220,748	$59,676
Net aft. taxes.	94,296	56,261	38,035
Sur. aft. chgs.	62,505	28,587	33,918
12 mos. gross.	3,222,028	2,493,925	728,103
Net aft. taxes.	1,053,519	925,340	128,179
Sur. aft. chgs.	651,427	597,779	53,648
Bal. aft. divs.	351,427	297,779	53,648

DECLARED DIVIDENDS.

Company.	Rate.	Period.	Payable.	Holder of Record.
A. O. Smith pf.	$1.75	Q	Nov. 15	Nov. 1
Brooklyn Edison	$2	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 18
General Chemical	2	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 19
Gt. Northn. Paper	$1.50	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 23
J. B. Brill pf.	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 23
Marin-Parry	50c	Q	Dec. 1	Nov. 17
Natl. Lead pf.	1¾	Q	Dec. 15	Nov. 19
Tex. Power & L. pf.	1¾	Q	Nov. 1	Oct. 22

DECLARES MEXICO PACIFIED AT LAST

Joseph W. Rowe Finds Republic in Better Condition Than Since 1913.

WILL HAVE COTTON TO SELL

Mining and Oil Output Steadily Increasing and Financial Status Improving.

The outlook in Mexico contains more favorable features today than it has at any previous time since the rise to power of Huerta in 1913, according to Joseph W. Rowe, representative in Mexico of the Irving National Bank, who has just returned to New York after a stay of five months in the southern republic.

With peace restored, industrial and agricultural activities have received a fresh impetus, says Mr. Rowe. A steadily increasing output is being shown in both mining and oil operations, the grain crops are large, and it is now expected that for the first time in several years Mexico will have enough cotton not only for domestic consumption but a balance for export.

"Mexico's recovery since the downfall of the Carranza régime," said Mr. Rowe, "has been rapid. The new Provisional Government, headed by Adolfo de la Huerta and dominated by his energy and common sense, has accomplished in four months what Carranza failed to do in six years; it has pacified the country. All the important rebel leaders who opposed Carranza are working in accord with the new Government or have been eliminated as menaces to political life. Travel is safe in virtually every part of the country. It no longer is necessary for trains to carry military guards, and we no longer hear of them being attacked or blown up.

"One hesitates to prophesy, but two outstanding facts give ground for optimism. One is that the peon, without whom there would be no armies in Mexico, is tired of fighting. Second, the military policy of the Government toward armed opposition—which undoubtedly will be continued when Obregon becomes President—is so effective and practical that the likelihood of any rebel movement of importance arising is greatly diminished.

"There are ample manifestations of growing public confidence in the Government. From the beginning of his administration de la Huerta has paid all Government employes in full. Under Carranza these men received only three-fourths of their pay. This step has made many friends for the Government. The people now show no hesitation in depositing money with banks, and several new banking institutions recently have been opened. The distrust which led the heirs of big estates representing very large values to refrain from registering their holdings under Carranza has disappeared, and these properties are being listed. The Government income totals about 18,000,000 pesos a month, which is more than any former Government ever received."

Detroit and Mackinac Earnings Up.

The 1919 report of the Detroit & Mackinac Railway Company shows net corporate income, after deduction of taxes and charges, amounting to $187,434. This was equal after preferred dividends to $6.99 a share earned on the $2,000,000 common stock. In the preceding year $6.23 a share was earned on the common.

ADOPTS UNIQUE PLAN TO GET NEW CAPITAL

Automobile Concern Decides to Offer for Sale 2,000 "Ownerships of Motors."

INDUCEMENT TO CAR BUYERS

Subscription for $500 of Stock Entitles Subscriber to 20 Per Cent. Discount from List Price.

An automobile manufacturing company has hit upon a unique method of increasing its working capital, while at the same time providing for an increase in the sales of its automobile. It has been decided to sell 2,000 of what are termed "Ownerships of Motors," these being apportioned among the various States on what appears to be a population basis.

To become one of the so-called owners one has to subscribe for twenty-five shares of 8 per cent. participating preferred stock which participates in earnings after dividends on the preferred and after 6 per cent. has been paid on the common. This stock may be purchased at $5 a share, and ownership entitles the holder to subscribe to seventy-five additional shares of preferred stock at the par of $5 a share at such times as the Board of Directors may declare the books of the corporation open for further subscription.

The bearing of the ownerships to the sale of cars is bound up in a clause in the circular which states that the holder of a membership is entitled to purchase one car manufactured by the corporation at a discount of 20 per cent. from the list price at any time within two years from the date of subscription, provided that at such time he shall have signified his intention to take up complete ownership by subscribing to seventy-five additional shares. The subscription to the first twenty-five shares is payable, should it be so desired, in four installments, making $125 in all, but there is a discount of 2 per cent. to be had for cash so that the subscription thus would cost $122.50.

In letters to prospective "Owners of Motors" some glowing details are set forth of the earnings which automobile companies are enjoying, but there is no specific mention of what the company's earnings amount to with relation to outstanding stock. The situation, however, summed up in these words: "In acquiring an ownership in the corporation now you are putting yourself in line to share in profits of this money making industry by an investment which is safe, moderate in amount and very easy to make. From "safe" to the end of the sentence the words are underlined to give added force to the statement. With the additional capital to be supplied by the 2,000 new owners for the immediate expansion of its business, it is asserted there is an opportunity for profit that it unmatched today.

Still Slow in the Dry Goods Trade.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—In their weekly review of the wholesale dry goods trade Marshall Field & Co. say:

"Current wholesale distribution of dry goods was less in volume than during the corresponding period of last year. Orders from salesmen op the road totaled less than the same week a year ago. There were fewer customers in the market. Collections showed improvement over the few previous weeks."

EARNINGS TREBLED IN YEAR.

American Sumatra Tobacco Reports Net Income of $2,581,031.

The American Sumatra Tobacco Company, for the year ended July 31, reports a net income, after all charges and Federal taxes, of $2,681,031. The amount applicable to the common stock was equal to $16.91 a share. The report of the previous year showed earnings available for dividends of $890,388, or the equivalent of $5.56 a share on the common stock after making allowance for the preferred distribution.

The gross profits in the year just closed were $5,201,282, an increase of $3,492,948 over the preceding year. Federal taxes are estimated at $804,173, whereas they were $697,173 in the report of 1919.

NO CHANGE IN WOOL MARKET

Conditions Chaotic, but Employes Accepting Wage Cuts.

BOSTON, Oct. 22.—The Commercial Bulletin tomorrow will say:

"The demand for wool continues moderate with prices changed but little. The choice Australian wools bought largely by America are firmer since the opening in Melbourne, although the average to inferior wools have shown a declining tendency and withdrawals have been heavy.

"The goods market here is rather chaotic still, but the willingness of operatives in the mills to accept cuts in wages of 15 to 20 per cent. in order to keep mills running is one of the most hopeful signs at the moment."

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

FRIDAY, OCT. 22, 1920.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Day's sales	$15,578,900	$14,107,500	$7,436,000
Year to date	2,999,690,150	2,652,656,500	1,514,826,500

GOVERNMENT WAR LOANS.

Sales $1,000.	Issue.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Ch'ge.	—Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Yield.
1,390	—Liberty 5½s, 1932-'47	92.60	92.90	92.50	92.90	.....	92.90	92.94	3.92
31	—Liberty 1st 4s, 1932-'47	90.00	90.26	90.00	90.16	+.56	90.00	90.20	4.65
63	—Liberty 2d 4s, 1927-'42	89.34	89.54	89.08	89.40	—.12	89.00	89.30	4.80
101	—Liberty 1st con. 4½s, 1932-'47	90.16	90.30	89.80	90.24	+.08	90.00	90.50	4.84
1,510	—Liberty 2d con. 4½s, 1927-'42	89.40	89.48	88.80	89.18	—.30	89.14	89.16	5.06
1,517½	—Liberty 3d con. 4½s, 1928	91.00	91.10	90.78	90.82	—.14	90.80	90.90	5.65
3,212½	—Liberty 4th 4¼s, 1933-'38	89.34	89.50	88.84	89.20	—.22	89.20	89.24	5.17
877	—Victory 5½s, 1922-'23	96.46	96.46	96.32	96.36	.....	96.38	96.42	5.10
1,642	—Victory 4¾s, 1922-'23	96.44	96.46	96.32	96.40	+.02	96.38	96.42	6.10

Following sales are given in lots of $1,000:

U S Liberty 3½s, 1932-47 reg: 2 at 92.94; 20 at 90.20; 40 at 90.18; 100 at 90.20; 8 at 90.22; 16 at 90.20.
U S Liberty 4s, 1932-47 registered: 15 at 89.30.
Vic Lib Loan 3½s, 1922-23 reg: 57 at 96.40.
Victory 4¾s, 1923-38: 62 at 96.40; 10 at 96.44; 10 at 96.36; 10 at 96.34; 10 at 96.32; 20 at 96.36; 10 at 96.34; 10 at 96.32; 75 at 96.34; 25 at 96.32; 20 at 96.36; 5 at 96.34; 10 at 96.32; 10 at 96.34; 10 at 96.32; 10 at 96.34; 10 at 96.32; 10

REACTION IN TRADE WIDENING IN SCOPE

Weekly Surveys Show Continuation of Price Reductions in Most Industries.

BIG INCREASE IN FAILURES

Workers Accepting Wage Cuts as Alternative for Unemployment, Says Dun's Review.

There is evidence of further widening of scope in economic readjustment, according to trade publications which make a weekly survey of the business field. This is indicated, it is asserted, in reports from every industry and trade of importance. The reaction is described as an inevitable outcome of a period of unprecedented prosperity. The increase in failures, it is pointed out, shows the weak spots are coming to the surface.

For twenty-four weeks wholesale commodity prices have declined, according to Bradstreet's weekly survey, which notes that a large number of commodities, foods, raw materials and manufactured goods are off 50 per cent. or more. R. G. Dun & Co. adds: "It can no longer be logically asserted that the present price deflation is merely a passing development."

The downward movement has been much more rapid and severe than is commonly appreciated, says the Dun review, and the contention that prices will not soon return to a pre-war level does not now hold good in the case of certain commodities. The change is considered to have come as a surprise to some who had believed unnatural prices would continue indefinitely.

"Predictions that some prices have now reached bottom," says R. G. Dun & Co., "may prove to be well founded, but there is no indication that the readjustment, as a whole, has been completed."

Public resistance to high prices is considered as a factor in the situation. Commenting on this, Dun & Co. say it "has made for accumulations of goods in distributing channels, while the spread of idleness at manufacturing establishments has tended to automatically lower the general purchasing power, and to cause a reversal of the attitude of some classes of labor. The acceptance of wage reductions by some workers, as an alternative to unemployment, places further emphasis upon the changed conditions prevailing, and it is all the more significant that such developments as these are appearing at a time of the year when business should normally be gaining in activity."

Dullness is described as one of the outstanding features of the situation by Bradstreet's State of Trade, this being combined with a further curtailment in industry. It is held, however, that prices have many cases now reached a point where some new buying may be expected.

"On balance," says this publication, "the situation is that while Fall trade is shot to pieces and Spring trade will be late in opening, the processes of readjustment are going forward in an orderly manner and with a freedom from acute complications which stamp the present reorganization of business as being so far in a class by itself.

"Concurrent developments of the week in business have been a rather marked let down in retail trade, a little more dullness noted in wholesale and jobbing trade, an increased number of reports of shutting down or going on short time of many mills, factories and furnaces, a very general marking down of prices, both of foods and of other commodities, an increase in the weekly total of failures, and increased quiet at lower prices in the metal trades generally; but with a very full volume of bank clearings reported, advices of increased export inquiry for coal steadying that market, the launching of a plan to facilitate export trade in cotton, and slightly better reports as to collections at quite a few cities, though payments as a whole rank as slow to fair."

Wheat, including flour, exports from the United States and Canada for the week ending Oct. 21, reported to Bradstreet's, aggregate 7,240,145 bushels, against 8,017,923 bushels last week and 3,874,450 bushels this week last year. For the sixteen weeks ending Oct. 21 exports are 100,596,862 bushels, against 103,885,223 bushels in the corresponding period last year. Corn exports for the week are 514,350 bushels, against 1,950,158 bushels last week and 1,600 bushels in 1919. For the sixteen weeks ending Oct. 21, corn exports are 1,964,102 bushels, against 709,948 bushels last year.

FOREIGN STOCK MARKETS.

Prices Firmer at Paris, Unchanged at London.

LONDON, Oct. 22.—Old 2½ per cent. consols were unchanged on the Stock Exchange today at 45¼; 5 per cent. British war loan unchanged at 84½; 4½ per cent. war loan unchanged at 78.

Rand Mines, 2⅜. De Beers Mining, 16¾, both unchanged.

PARIS, Oct. 22.—Three per cent. rentes 35c. higher, at 54f. 75c.; 5 per cent. war loan unchanged at 86f. 45c.

Exchange on London, 14c. higher, at 33f. 33c.; American dollars, 4½c. lower, at 15f. 46½c.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

THE CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Cincinnati, Ohio, October 7, 1920.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway Company, for the election of Directors and three Inspectors of the next election, and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting, will be held at the principal office of the company, in the City of Cincinnati, Ohio, on Wednesday, the 27th day of October, 1920, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The poll will continue open until 11 o'clock A. M.

EDWARD F. STEPHENSON, Secretary.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of THE WEST INDIA SUGAR FINANCE CORPORATION will be held at the office of the Company, Smith Building, Greenwich, Connecticut, on Monday, the 1st day of November, 1920, at 3:00 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of electing directors for the ensuing year and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before it.

LORENZO D. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Dated, October 21, 1920.

New York, Oct. 21, 1920.

The Annual Meeting of the New York County Chapter of the American Red Cross, for the election of a Board of Directors and for such other business as may be brought before it, will be held at Chapter Headquarters, 119 West Fortieth Street, on Wednesday, October 27, 1920, at 4 o'clock P. M.

ALFRED L. CURTISS, Assistant Secretary.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

STATE OF NEW YORK, OFFICE OF THE Secretary of State, ss:

THIS CERTIFICATE issued in duplicate, hereby certifies that the HENRY A. KESSEL COMPANY, a domestic stock corporation, has filed in this office on this 19th day of October, 1920, papers for the voluntary dissolution of such corporation under section 221 of the General Corporation Law, and that it appears therefrom that such corporation has complied with said section in order to be dissolved.

Witness my hand and the seal of office of the Secretary of State, at the City of Albany, this nineteenth day of October, one thousand nine hundred and twenty. [Seal of Secretary of State.]

C. W. TAFT, Second Deputy Secretary of State.

DIVIDENDS.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY.

111 Broadway.

The regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. has this day been declared on the Preferred Stock of this Company, payable December 15, 1920, to stockholders of record November 30, 1920.

FRED R. FORTMEYER, Treasurer.

DEFLATION POLICY ATTACKED BY OWEN

Credits Should Be Expanded by $3,000,000,000, Senator Writes W. P. G. Harding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Senator Owen of Oklahoma, one of the framers of the Federal Reserve act, in a letter to W. P. G. Harding, Governor of the Federal Reserve Board, charges the board with responsibility for what he terms the "psychological effect of the policy of deflation," which policy the Senator asserts originated with New York bankers. The Federal Reserve Board, Senator Owen further charges, has by its action destabilized the credits of the United States and has assisted in producing industrial unrest and lack of confidence, which, he adds, have necessarily checked production and brought commodity prices below the point at which legitimate supply and demand would fix them.

The letter reads, in part:

"The need for the alleged policy of deflation rests on the premise that the entire country is suffering from inflation, which is fundamentally untrue. Legitimate borrowing and lending for legitimate purposes is not inflation.

"We have the greatest crop in the history of the country. The productive and machine power of America and its capacity for organization is greater than ever before in its history. The tremendous demand for credits is justified by these conditions, and the credits ought to be extended by the Reserve Banks and by the member banks.

"The banks are exercising, naturally and properly, a discrimination against the speculator and the profiteer, but the man who produces and the man who distributes is entitled to credit against the value of the commodities which he handles.

"You have the power under the Reserve act to suspend the reserve requirements.

"Without suspending the reserve requirements as to the reserve note you could add a additional reserve equal to the amount outstanding without violating the statute. In other words, you could increase the credits of the Reserve Banks and the member banks three billions immediately, not only without harm, but with the beneficial effect of immediately restoring the confidence of the country which has been imposed by the terrible policy of so-called deflation."

COURT UPHOLDS RULE AGAINST 8-CENT FARE

Appeals Tribunal Says Public Service Commission Cannot Grant Increase to B. R. T.

The Court of Appeals denied yesterday the motion made on behalf of Lindley M. Garrison, Receiver of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company, for a re-argument concerning the right of the Public Service Commission to permit the company to raise the fare on its surface lines to eight cents. The decision of the court that the commission has no jurisdiction over the fare when the fare is stated in the franchises stand. The court held that the fare could not be increased without the consent of the Board of Estimate.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court will listen early next month to arguments on the jurisdiction of the commission over fares on the Rapid Transit lines. An order by the commission states that it is without jurisdiction and the court action is to dispose of the question finally.

Corporation Counsel John P. O'Brien said last night that the decision of the Court of Appeals gave pleasure to the Mayor.

"It means," he said, "that the highest court in the State has adhered to its decision of last July, in which it followed the ruling made in the famous Quinby case in April, 1918, where it held that the Public Service Commissions are without power to override the five-cent fare stipulated by a city in granting a franchise."

WAGE CUTS ACCEPTED IN 3 NEW ENGLAND MILLS

Reductions of 20, 15 and 10 Per Cent. Made to Insure Operation.

FALL RIVER, Mass., Oct. 22.—Wage reductions were announced in the Anawan and Erco cotton mills today in line with the cut which the employes of the Massasoit mills accepted yesterday. In each case the mill management says the employes have agreed to the new schedule rather than face a shutdown, and that the reductions, which will amount to 20 per cent. at the Anawan and 15 per cent. at the Erco plant, will go into effect next Monday.

Between 300 and 400 operatives are employed in the two mills. The Anawan is a weave mill, while the Erco is a spinning plant.

WORCESTER, Mass., Oct. 22.—The George E. Duffy Manufacturing Company, manufacturers of medium grade woolen overcoatings and cloakings, posted a notice in its mills today that beginning next Monday wages will be reduced 10 per cent. The number affected is 185.

ARGENTINE TREATY SIGNED.

It Reciprocally Prohibits the Operations of Liquor Salesmen.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Secretary Colby, acting for the United States, and Ambassador Le Breton for Argentina, today signed a treaty between the two countries according to reciprocal privileges as relating to commercial travelers.

The treaty as signed today at the State Department is similar to the commercial treaties that have been negotiated with other Latin American countries, except that the favored nation clause was eliminated at Argentina's request and a clause prohibiting liquor salesmen from the two countries operating was inserted, also at Argentina's request.

Such treaties have thus far been signed by the United States with Uruguay, Paraguay, Venezuela, Panama, Salvador and Guatemala.

The ceremonies incidental to the signing of the treaty today were witnessed by a number of high officials of the State Department and the Embassy and by Director General Rowe of the Pan-American Union.

ALASKA NEWS BY AIR MAIL.

Army Fliers Bring Far North Papers to The New York Times.

Copies of The Dawson Daily News published in the Yukon Territory, and The Nome Nugget of Nome, Alaska, brought to New York by the army aviators who flew to Alaska and back, were delivered to THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. In a message to the editor, O. F. Kastner, manager of The Dawson Daily News, wrote:

"Greetings from the people of the Yukon via the first Air Mail Service between Alaska and New York. May our hopes be soon realized that the service become permanent."

The papers, which are issues of Sept. 3 and 4, devote a great deal of space to the arrival of the American aviators in Dawson and Nome. News of the activities of Senator Harding and Governor Cox was subordinated to the event. Both newspapers, it is noted, sell at 25 cents a copy.

General Chemical Earnings Grow.

The General Chemical Company in its report of operations for the nine months ended Sept. 30 shows a surplus after charges and Federal taxes of $4,870,814, equivalent after preferred dividends to $20.87 a share on the common stock. During the corresponding period of last year the company earned $3,196,932 or $15.20 a share for the common after providing for the preferred.

COTTON SHOOTS UP 85 TO 120 POINTS

Sharp Advance Comes Abruptly, to the Surprise of Everybody.

FOREIGN NEWS FAVORABLE

Liverpool Views Labor Situation Less Seriously Than It Did a Few Days Ago.

The cotton market surprised everybody yesterday by turning abruptly and advancing very sharply. Liverpool came in much higher than due and continued to advance after our opening. There was a good deal of optimism there over the labor outlook and a fair part of this was conveyed here in private and public dispatches. Manchester, which had been holding off in the forepart of the week, was reported to be buying both spots and futures and the local operators here decided to run with Liverpool, with the result that a good many short contracts were covered and some long cotton was purchased.

At the start of our market prices were up 40 to nearly 70 points and as soon as the market fairly got into its stride the run-up was continued. By the middle of the afternoon December was about 120 points above Thursday's closing, January was up 110 and the rest were advanced anywhere from 85 to 100 points. Nearly all of this rise was held to the closing. Spots here were 50 points higher in quotation, to the basis of 21 cents flat for middling. This was the first recovery in spots in about two weeks.

The advices from abroad indicated that Liverpool is taking the labor situation less seriously and apprehensively than it did a few days ago. One private report received here stated that the railroad and transport workers were merely trying to impress the public and that if they went out it would be for a very few days at most. Similarly, the coal miners, yesterday's reports said, were expected to begin straggling back within a few days. The paucity of funds—"war chest"—in the hands of the strikers was given as a probable dominating factor in breaking the strike.

Under the circumstances the trade here again paid particular attention to the export movement. Yesterday's posted clearances gave a total of 33,855 bales, making the total for the week 111,190 bales and for the month to date 384,223 bales. This is the best total since May.

Yesterday's quotations follow:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Day.
Oct.	19.60	19.75	19.50	....	19.15
Dec.	19.35	20.14	19.35	19.97@20.05	18.95
Jan.	1.47	19.91	19.30	19.78@19.82	18.80
March	19.50	19.93	19.38	19.80@19.83	18.85
May	19.68	19.72	19.30	19.58	18.76
July	19.30	19.52	19.15	19.38	18.65

The local market for spot cotton was quiet, up 50 points to 21c for middling upland; sales nil.

Southern spot markets were: Galveston, 21c; New Orleans, 19c; Savannah, 20.50c; Augusta, 20.25c; Memphis, 20c; Houston, 20c; Little Rock, 20c.

Yesterday's cotton statistics were:

	Yesterday.	Last Wk.	Last Yr.
Port receipts	35,163	22,663	33,748
Exports	33,855	29,979	12,640
Exports, season	799,384	688,204	972,279
N. Y. stocks	32,849	32,387	99,617
Port stocks	1,043,598	930,478	1,206,188
N. Y. arrivals	1,858	1,169	....

Liverpool cables: Spot cotton was steady at 15.73d for middling. Sales 8,000 bales, of which American 7,000. Imports 16,000 bales, of which American 11,000. Futures opened steady 10 to 20 points advanced and closed firm, 78 to 107 points up on the day. Prices: Oct. 15.49d, Dec. 15.24d, March 14.87d, May 14.66d. Manchester—Yarns and cloths were in better demand.

Liverpool Cotton Statistics.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 22.—Following are the weekly cotton statistics:

Quantity afloat, all kinds, 203,000 bales.

Quantity afloat, American, 162,000 bales.

CORN PRODUCTS REPORTS.

Shows Surplus for Last Nine Months of $12,619,406.

The Corn Products Refining Company in a report for the nine months ended Sept. 30 shows a surplus after charges and taxes of $12,619,406. This is equivalent, after making allowance for preferred dividends, to $22.20 a share on the common stock. In the corresponding period of last year the surplus was $10,252,627, or the equal of $17.45 a share for the common.

The net earnings for the nine months just ended, computed after charges for maintenance and repairs and estimated Federal taxes, were $14,105,026. With other income the total was brought up to $14,526,280, which compares with $11,653,892 in the first nine months of 1919. After charges for interest, depreciation and the like there was the item of $12,619,406 available for dividends. After all dividends the surplus for the period was $8,813,209.

MOVE TO SAVE RIO GRANDE.

Stockholders to Meet Western Pacific Representative.

The rumor which was circulated in the financial district yesterday that a meeting had been arranged between representatives of the Western Pacific Railway and the Stockholder Protective Committee of the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad at which a plan for settlement might be discussed was admitted yesterday by counsel for the committee.

While no details of the plan could be obtained it is understood in some quarters that it aimed to prevent the sale of the Denver & Rio Grande to satisfy the $38,000,000 judgment obtained by Western Pacific some years ago. As matters now stand D. & R. G. will be sold Nov. 20 in Denver. The date of the meeting was not divulged.

UNITED FRUIT IN CARIB DEAL.

Reported to Have Acquired Interest in Syndicate to Get Oil.

According to reports in the financial district yesterday, the United Fruit Company has acquired a substantial interest in the Carib Syndicate. It is understood that at a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Carib Syndicate next Tuesday several new Directors, representing United Fruit interests, will be elected to the Carib board.

It is asserted that the purpose of the United Fruit in associating itself with Carib is to assure United Fruit of a supply of fuel oil in years to come for its shipping business.

L. & H. Increase Approved.

TRENTON, N. J., Oct. 22.—The Board of Public Utility Commissioners today approved the petition of the Lehigh & Hudson River Railroad for an increase of capital stock amounting to $2,987,000. The main office of the company is at Warwick, N. Y.

WHEAT ADVANCED SHARP.

Prospective Settlement of British Coal Strike Causes Increase of 4 to 6½ Cents.

CHICAGO, Oct. 22.—Active buying for export, together with optimistic advices in regard to prospective settlement of the British coal strike, led to sharp advances today in the wheat market. Prices closed strong, 4 to 6⅜ cents net higher, with December $2.02 to $2.02¼ and March $1.95⅝ to $1.96¼. Corn gained 1c. to 1⅜c. and oats ⅛c. to ⅜@⅝ cents. In provisions the outcome varied from 40 cents decline to 25 cents advance.

It was estimated that export purchasing totaled fully 2,000,000 bushels. Most of this aggregate was for shipment by way of the Gulf of Mexico to Belgium, France, Italy and Switzerland. Liberal buying of flour for Greece and Sweden was also reported. Highest prices of the day, which were reached just before the close, came after many sharp fluctuations, due more or less to bearish views early about the British strike outlook, flattering crop reports from Argentina and gossip that rural offerings in Kansas were the largest of the season. On the other hand, evidence was noted of much improved demand from domestic milling sources.

Corn and oats were governed chiefly by the action of the wheat market. Announcement of liberal export clearances of corn was a separate bullish influence. Comparatively, oats touched the lowest point in recent years. Fresh breaks in the value of hogs brought about considerable liquidation by holders of provisions.

Today's Chicago prices for the principal commodities were as follows:

WHEAT.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	2.03¾	1.93	2.02¼	1.98
March	1.96½	1.87	1.96¼	1.90

CORN.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	87¼	81¾	79½	79½	1.20¼
May	87½	85¾	87¼	86¼	1.23⅝
July	88¾	87	88¼	....	....

OATS.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	53⅛	52¾	53⅛	52⅞	71¼
May	57⅛	57⅛	58⅜	57⅞	74⅛

In the local market cash oats were quoted as follows: No. 1 white, 66c; No. 2, 65½c; No. 3, 64½c; No. 4, 63¼c; fancy, 70c.

RYE.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Dec.	1.64½	1.61	1.64½	1.62	1.39¾
May	1.54	1.51¼	1.54	1.51	1.46⅛

PROVISIONS.

Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.	Last Year.
Oct.	20.27	19.90	20.25	20.35	27.02
Nov.	19.85	19.45	19.65	19.97	....
Jan.	16.32	16.05	16.25	16.37	24.00
Ribs—					
Jan.	14.30	14.00	14.07	14.32	17.52
Pork—					
Jan.	24.75	24.00	24.50	25.00	32.55

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Oct. 22—Reflecting the break in the wheat market yesterday, flour dropped as much as $1 a barrel at local mills today. At the largest mill the price for family patents was reduced to $11 from $12 a barrel, while at another mill, a decline of 35 cents was effected, its quotation being $10.85 a barrel.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Trading was quiet and prices of active months advanced 25 to 35 points.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Closing Bid.
Spot	....	....	....	10.60
October	....	....	....	10.60
November	10.40	10.40	10.40	10.65
December	10.95	10.68	10.92	10.90
January	11.07	10.75	11.07	11.05
February	....	....	....	11.20
March	11.40	11.30	11.35	11.35
April	....	....	....	11.45
May	....	....	....	11.55

Total sales, 8,800 barrels.

COFFEE.

Coffee prices show an advance of 5 to 20 points above Thursday's closing prices.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
December	7.65	7.15	7.50	7.45
January	8.35	7.80	8.30	8.05
March	8.20	8.20	8.20	8.01
May	8.45	8.25	8.45	8.20
July	8.90	8.35	8.85	8.70

PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER—Receipts yesterday, 4,547 packages. Market declined further on nearly all grades. Creamery, higher than extras, a pound, 57½@58c; extras, 92 score, 57c; firsts, 90 to 91 score, 50@55c; firsts, 88 to 89 score, 44@48c; seconds, 83 to 87 score, 40@43c; lower grades, 37@39c; Danish cases, 50@53c; unsalted, higher than extras, 59½@60½c; extras, 58@59c; firsts, 45@56c; seconds, 40@44c; State dairy tubs, finest, 54@58c; good to prime, 48@52c; common to fair, 37@47c; renovated, extras, 47@48c; ladles, current make, firsts, 37@38c; seconds, 34@35c; lower grades, 32@33c; packing stock, current make, No. 1, 34½@35c; No. 2, 33@34c; lower grades, 30@32c.

EGGS—Receipts yesterday, 13,509 cases. Market for fresh gathered, unsettled and irregular; storage eggs, in very limited demand; white eggs, stagnant. Fresh gathered extras, nearby, 71@72c; extra firsts, 67@70c; firsts, 63@66c; seconds, 58@61c; dirties, No. 1, 50@52c; checks, fair to choice, dry, 45@47c; refrigerators, special marks, fancy, 55½@56c; firsts, 53½@55c; seconds, 50 @53c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western hennery whites, extras, 97c@$1; extra firsts, 93@96c; firsts, 85@92c; gathered whites, firsts to extra firsts, 86@96c; under grades, 80@84c; Pacific Coast, whites, extra firsts, 92@95c; firsts, 85@90c; under grades, 58@84c; Petaluma, small, 70@78c; other Western and Southern, gathered whites, 59@83c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby Western, henny browns, extras, 78@83c; gathered brown and mixed colors, graded extras, 71@72c; firsts to extra firsts, 63@70c.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Sutro Bros. & Co. have received cable advices from Amsterdam that the City of Amsterdam will issue 15,000,000 guilders 7 per cent. bonds at par. Subscription books will close Oct. 25.

James N. Hyman, formerly connected with O. J. Brand & Co., is now associated with the firm of Brumley, Chamberlin & Co.

Theodore Rousseau, former Secretary to President Charles H. Sabin of the Guaranty Trust Company, has been appointed Assistant Secretary of the Guaranty's Paris office, and will sail for France next month.

In a recent advertisement by R. M. Grant & Co. of $250,000 City of Rochester, N. Y., 3½s, due May 1, 1935, an error occurred in stating the yield to be 4.30 per cent. The return to the investor is 4.80 per cent.

Harris, Forbes & Co. and E. H. Rollins & Sons are offering $30,000 Conemaugh Power Company first (closed) mortgage ten year 8 per cent. gold bonds, due Oct. 1, 1930, at 99 and interest, to yield about 8.15 per cent.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Hooking Valley Products Company, held Oct. 21, a dividend of 5 per cent. on the capital stock was declared, payable only in United States of America Fourth Liberty 4¼ per cent. bonds, with coupon due April 15, 1921, and subsequent coupons attached. The company's books will be closed on Nov. 8, to remain closed until Nov. 19.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

COMSTOCKS.			
Alpha	.60	Dividend	.06
Andes	.80	East Divide	.03
Best & Belcher	.20	Extension	.01
Challenge	1.20	Florence	.04
Chollar	.10	Gold Reef	.07
Concordia	.15	Grimes	.03
Confidence	1.80	Harmill	.03
Con. Virginia	5.75	Hasbrouck	.05
Gould & Curry	.12	Hercules	.03
Hale & Norcross	.15	High Divide	.02
Imperial	.70	Kernick	.14
Jacket	.30	Kewich	.01
Lady Washington	.08	Midway	.02
Mexican	.28	Myra	.04
Ophir	.91	Revere	.06
Overman	.30	Silver King	.03
Potosi	.10	Silver King	.02
Savage	.12	Thompson	.02
Seg. Belcher	.11	Verdi	.05
Scorpion	.05	Victory	.07
Sierra Nevada	.11	West	.20
Union	.46	Western	.04
Utah	.02	Zone	.37
TONOPAH.		GOLDFIELD.	
Belmont	1.65	Booth	.04
Cash Boy	.06	Consolidated	.04
Jim Butler	.15	Crackerjack	.04
MacNamara	.17	Development	.04
MacNam. Cres	.09	Fraction	.02
Midway	.01	Florence	.01
Monarch	.04	Jumbo Ext	.06
New Calif	.24	Kewanas	.02
North Star	.04	Silver Pick	.07
Rescue	.17	Spearhead	.02
Tonopah Ext	1.62½	OTHER DISTRICTS.	
West End	1.07½	Arrowhead	.08
West Tonopah	.05	Broken Hills	.13
DIVIDE.		Bullwhacker	.58
Alto	.07	Climax	.10
Apex	.02	Crowsus	.33
Belcher	.04	Holly	1.52½
Belcher Ext	.07	Round Mountain	.13
Brougher	.20	Simon	.77
Butte	.02	Sterling	.04
Consolidated	.08	White Caps	.07

COLORADO SPRINGS.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Cresson	1⅛	2⅛	Isabella	4	4¼
Doctor	2	2¼	M. McKin'y	3	5
Elkton	2	2⅜	Portland	59	64
El Paso	10¼	12½	U. Gold M.	8	14
Golden C.	63	73	Vindicator	23	30
Granby	7	13	Rose Nicol.	5¼	7

BIG DEAL IN GRAMOPHONES.

Victor Company Pays $9,000,000 for Control of London Concern.

CAMDEN, N. J., Oct. 22.—A deal involving more than $9,000,000 was recently consummated when the Victor Talking Machine Company took over 50 per cent. of the interest of the Gramophone Company of London, said to be the largest talking machine concern in Europe, according to Eldridge R. Johnson, President of the Victor Company, who has just returned from England.

The Gramophone Company was the selling agent for the Victor and controlled the English rights of the latter's products. It has factories in France, England, Spain, Germany and Russia. Mr. Johnson said all the plants in Europe were operating fully and things were practically normal.

Mr. Johnson and Walter U. Staats, Treasurer of the Victor Company, were appointed members of the Board of Directors of the Gramophone Company, they announced.

Lady Scott, widow of the famous Antarctic explorer, arrived on the Adriatic last week. Her photograph will be in the Rotogravure-Picture Section of The New York Times tomorrow.—Advt.

CURB TRANSACTIONS

INDUSTRIALS.

Sales.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,500 Acme Coal	2¼	2¼	2¼
100 Aluminum	19	19	19
100 Am Writ P	7¼	7	7¼
300 AutoFuelSup	50	49½	50
200 Brit-Am Ch	5	4	4½
1,500 Car Lt & P	3⅝	3⅜	3⅜
1,900 Chi Nipple	9⅜	8⅝	9½
100 Cont Motors	7½	7	7¼
300 Crude Ch	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
800 Empire T&S	15¾	15½	15¾
100 GardnerMot	21¾	21	21¾
9,000 Gen Asph	60½	58	59¾
800 Hercules P	22½	21¾	21¾
200 Indian Pack	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛
200 Int'contRub	11	10¾	10¾
100 Kay Co Gas	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
200 Libby	12¼	12	12¼
500 Linc'nMo.A	28½	27	28¼
200 MunsonFurn	12½	12	12⅝
200 N Am P & P	5⅜	5¼	5⅜

STANDARD OIL SUBSIDIARY.

1,800 A-A Oil	21⅝	21	21⅛

MISCELLANEOUS

10,000 Allied Oil	20	19	20
2,200 Boone Oil	2	1⅞	1⅞
8,000 Bos-WyoO	1	⅞	1
9,300 Carib Syn	18⅜	17	18
500 C & B T Sh	34½	34½	34½
1,500 Col Em	7¼	7	7½
2,000 Cushing Pet	⅞	¾	¾
2,700 Denny Oil	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
700 Dom Oil	10¼	10	10
2,600 Elk B Pet	9¼	8⅞	9¼
1,500 Eng Pet	1½	1½	1½
800 Esm Oil	2¼	2¼	2¼
2,000 Federal Oil	2¾	2¼	2¾
300 Fensland O	15¾	14½	15¾
500 Guf-Gil Oil	32½	32	32¾
900 Int Pet	15¾	15¾	15¾
2,000 LivingstonP	4	3¾	3¾

MINING STOCKS.

900 Al-Brit C M	⅜	⅜	⅜
1,100 Am Mines	1	⅞	1
1,500 Ariz Com	⅝	⅝	⅝
1,000 Ariz Silver	¾	¾	¾
3,200 Atlanta	1½	1	1¼
4,500 BelcherDiv (a pros.)	5	4	4½
5,300 BelcherExt (a pros.)	7	6½	7
2,000 Big Ledge	½	⅜	½
3,500 Booth	5	4½	5
1,000 Bost & Mon	42	41	42
8,600 Caledonia	18	17	17
1,200 Candel Silv	¾	¾	¾
4,500 Cashboy	6½	6	6
1,663 Con Vir pf	6¼	5¾	6¼
4,300 Cortez Silv	65	61	65
800 Cress Con G	1¼	1	1¼
600 Darwin Sil	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛
3,700 Dly Ex (pr)	81	80	80½
1,500 El Sal Silver	3	3	3
2,300 Emma Silver	3¼	3	3
30,000 Eureka C M	37	32	37
8,700 †Eureka Hol	1½	1½	1½
6,500 †Gold Z Div	37	36	37
3,500 †Goldf Con	10	9	10
4,300 †Goldf Dev	5	5	5
2,000 †Gt Bend	2	2	2
6,000 †Harm Sil	27	25	27
270 Hecla Min	4¼	4⅛	4⅛
300 Iron Blos	¾	¾	¾
2,500 †Jim Butler	17	16	17
300 †Pack M	14	13	13
600 Perfec Tire	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛
325 †PhillnaWire	53¾	53½	53¾
4,200 †PhilipMorris	8¾	7	8¾
900 †Radio, w i	3¾	3¼	3¾
1,100 ‡ Do pf, w i	2⅝	2½	2½
400 †Roy de Fr	5¼	5	5
500 †Stanw'dRub	1¾	1¼	1¾
1,000 Submar Boat	13¼	12¾	13
3,500 †Swts of Am	2¾	2¼	2¼
200 †Swift Int'l	29¾	29½	29½
1,200 †TennRy,L&P	2¼	2¼	2¼
200 ‡ Do pf	5½	5½	5½
500 †TobProd Exp	13	12	13
200 †Union Carb	58¾	58	58¾
100 †UG&E 2d pf	4½	4	4½
300 †US H8 Tool	30	30	30
150 †U S Ship	5	5	5
7,000 U S SS	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜
300 †Weber & H	12	11	12

OIL STOCKS.

700 †MaracaiboO	21¾	21	21¾
500 †Merritt Oil	14¾	14½	14¾
2,000 †Midw Ref	159	155	153
500 Midw Tex	5	5	5
300 †Prod & Ref	6¼	6¼	6¼
500 †Ryan C, wi	17	17¾	17
900 Savoy Oil	10	9½	10
800 †SettledProd	2¾	2¼	2¾
3,000 †Simms Pet	11¼	11¼	11¾
100 †SincOil&Gpf	86	86	86
100 Spencer Pet	12¾	12¾	12¾
7,400 †Texon O&L	¾	½	¾
1,000 †Un Tex Pet	1	1	¾
1,000 †Vic Oil	1¼	1	1¼
800 Whalen Oil	¾	¾	¾
12,000 †White Oil	26	24½	25¼

GERMAN BONDS.

Marks.	High.	Low.	Last.
25,000 †Berlin 4s	13¼	13¼	13¼
16,000 †Hamburg 4½s	15¼	15¼	15¼
5,000 †Munich 4s	17¼	17¼	17¼

*Odd lot. †Sells cents per share. ‡Unlisted.

Note—There were no sales in Warren Bros. Oct. 14.

PUBLIC UTILITIES

Sales.	High.	Low.	Bid.	Asked.
400 Cities Service	302	297	298½	302¼

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

Yesterday .....8 per cent. for the best names
Thursday .....8 per cent. for the best names
The quotations are for six months' paper.

***

Girdles for One-piece Gowns.

There is an infinite variety in the girdles of cords and beads which have been brought out to wear with the one-piece gowns falling in straight lines. They come in black silk with varying styles and sizes of tassels. There are girdles of fine beads in iridescent and other effects, and many solid colors and combinations of color are shown in the girdles of larger beads.

***

Gray Goods Very Quiet.

It would be a difficult task, from all accounts, to find a duller day than yesterday in the local gray goods market. Not only were most of the buyers strictly out of the market, but there was also an absence of many of the low bids that have been made of late. October deliveries of 5-yard sheetings were sold at 5½ cents, but other sales in that part of the market were not of special interest. In the printcloths 10 cents was paid for October 38½-inch 64-60s, and for similar shipment 38½-inch 60-48s fetched 8 cents. Fine-yarn constructions and the clothing styles were quiet.

***

Belts of a New Variety.

Belts to wear with women's sweaters and the wool scarfs, which go on like a jacket and have pockets, have been brought out in a wide variety. They are of woven strips of leather in different bright colors. A little pattern is colored worsted is worked on a patent-leather belt, or the patent leather has a cut-out design showing the red lining beneath, or the leather may be of tan over red. In some are chainwork of silver metal is over the leather. They are very narrow and sell to retail at from $1 to $1.25.

***

Dotted Muslins and Voiles.

Dotted muslins, which had a wonderful season last year for Summer resort wear, give promise of as large sales this season. Vivid red is one of the colors which goes exceptionally well. There are also many shades of heliotrope and lavender, pink, cream whites and white with large and small dots of black. But the best selling mode is a soft cadet blue, which is universally becoming and does not require laundering frequently. There are dotted voiles which have much the effect of the dotted muslines, but being softer are more serviceable and are used more in the city. One of the new voiles has an open check design with the dots in white.

***

Hard Coal Output Gaining.

Although the anthracite coal operators complain of the difficulty of speeding up production, Seward's Journal will say today, the official figures show that tonnage is being turned out at practically the same rate as in July. This means that the output is about as heavy as at any time this year, the settlement of the Pittston strike having helped in bringing about a return to normal by restoring several large collieries to the active list after nearly three months of idleness. The question of how the American market will react to the British strike has been the principal topic of interest in the bituminous trade this week. While the effects have been slight so far, the Journal will say, there may be another story to tell in a few days unless the trouble is speedily settled.

***

Say the Strike is to Blame.

The sharp declines that occurred in most varieties of furs sold this week at the Fall auctions in London are said by well-posted men in the local market to be due more to the psychological effects of the British coal miners' strike than to any real lack of consumer demand for furs abroad or to an oversupply of skins. The beginning of the strike and the starting of the sales were practically coincident, and because of this it is contended here that no true test of the situation prevailing abroad was made. Buying for British consumption, it was pointed out, was slowed up from the start by the trouble, while Continental bidding tapered off as possible widespread complications of the strike became more apparent.

***

Going Slow on Colored Cottons.

Leading printers of cotton goods show little disposition at the moment to follow the action of one large house in the trade in repricing percales on substantially lower bases. It was intimated yesterday that, due to the proximity of election, there might not be anything done along that line until after the next President is chosen. Producers of heavy colored cottons also show a desire to make haste slowly in this respect. An executive of a leading concern which manufactures denims said yesterday that, unless something unforeseen occurred, prices on those fabrics probably would not be revised until after election.

***

Buy Too Many Small Sizes.

That buyers of men's underwear, particularly those associated with the smaller stores, are prone to stock too many small sizes is shown by a trade bulletin which has been prepared by a prominent local underwear concern. A chart has been prepared, based on the actual buying experience of 100 stores, which shows that as many garments of size 32 are bought as garments of size 44. This, the bulletin asserts, does not reflect good judgment on the part of the buyer, because there are fewer men who wear size 32 than there are men who need underwear in the 40 size ranges. The same bulletin contains data compiled from store reports on the number of suits sold to each customer. In percentages, this is the way the sales run: 2 garments, 28; 3 garments, 43; 4 garments, 21½; 5 garments, 6, and 6 garments, 3½.

***

Spring Shoes Moving Slowly.

Retail buyers of shoes are making haste slowly in regard to stocking up for Spring. Reports that have reached this city from cities like Boston and Chicago indicate that very little, if any, advance business is being done at the moment, although this may be truer of the higher-priced footwear than of the more popular-priced varieties. The territory between Chicago and the Rocky Mountains is also failing to produce much shoe business at this time. Fresh reports from the Pacific Coast district were lacking here yesterday. Local buyers are also inactive. The South is said to be doing fairly well, with the great bulk of the demand for low shoes, as usual. In the Winter resort sections a pretty fair call for sport shoes is reported to be in evidence.

COMMODITIES PRICES.

Almost a Record Number of Declines In Them This Week.

Not only did Dun's list of wholesale commodities prices contain more revisions this week than at any other time since early in the war, but a new high total of declines for a single week was established. Of the 105 changes noted 91 were downward. The trend of foodstuffs prices was so markedly downward that the declines tripled the advances. Numerous declines in hides and metals, as well as in drugs, chemicals and kindred products, were shown.

The following list gives the minimum wholesale prices quoted on selected standard commodities this week, unless otherwise specified. They are corrected to yesterday, and with them are given comparative prices for last week and the corresponding week a year ago:

	This Week.	Last Week.	Year Ago.
Apples, com. bbl.....	3.00	2.50	3.50
Beans, marrow, choice, bush. lbs.	10.00	10.00	10.50
Butter, cream, ex, lb.	.58	.59	.63½
do S. D. c to fair, lb	.39	.42	.51
Cabbage, per bbl.....	.75	1.00	1.25
Cheese, w. m. spl, lb..	.27	.28½	.31½
Codfish, GdBks, 100 lbs	10.00	13.00	15.00
Coffee, No. 7, Rio, lb..	.08	.07	†.17½
do; Santos No. 4, lb.	.11¾	.11¾	.25¾
Eggs, nearby, fan, doz.	1.04	1.03	.93
do, Wn. Ista, doz.....	.63	.63	.61
Flour, patents, 196 lbs.	10.75	11.25	11.85
Onions, bag	1.25	1.50	2.00
Potatoes, Scotch, 100 lbs..	5.25	5.25	6.75
do, Jersey, bbl.....	4.25	4.25	6.00
Rice, fancy head, lb....	.09	.11	.13¼
Sugar, fine grn, 100 lbs	12.00	†11.00	†9.00
Tea, Formosa, fair, lb.	.15	.15	.22
do, Japan, best, lb....	.65	.65	.50
Bacon, 140s down, lb..	.25¾	.25¾	.21¾
Beef, live, 100 lbs.....	9.25	9.25	8.50
Hams, big, in ics, lb..	.27¾	.28¾	.22
Hogs, live, 100 lbs.....	13.60	13.25	12.50
Lard, M W, 100 lbs....	20.50	20.50	27.30
Pork, mess, bbl.....	28.00	29.00	43.00
Sheep, live, 100 lbs....	8.75	8.75	9.50
Barley, malting, bushel	1.15	1.12	1.60
Corn, No. 2 yellow, bu.	1.09	1.14¾	1.53¾
Hay, pm Tim, 100 lbs.	1.90	1.80	1.75
Oats, No. 3 white, bu.	.65	.65	.81½
Rye, No. 2, bu.....	1.86	1.91	1.52½
Wheat, No. 2 red, bu..	2.24	2.34½	*2.36½
Aluminium, pig, lb....	.28	.29	.33
Copper, electro, lb....	.16	.16½	.21¾
Iron, No. 1X, tons....	51.54	53.51	32.10
Lead, lb.....	.07¼	.07½	.06.5
Spelter, lb.....	.07.3	.07.3	.08.1
Steel billets, Bess, ton.	55.00	55.00	38.50
Tin, lb.....	.30¼	.40	.59¼
Brown sheet'gs, std, yd	.18	.19	.28
Cloths, pr, 6ix60, yd..	.10	.11	.18
Hides, pack, No. 1, lb..	.22	.28	.48
Hides, unwn, hvy, lb..	.22	.20½	.47
Leath, h'lock sole, lb..	.44	.58	.50
do, un bks, t r, lb..	.65	.65	1.00
Rubber, up-riv, fine, lb	.25	.25	.53
Plan, 1st latex cr, lb	.25	.25½	.415.92
Silk, China, st fl, 1t, lb	8.00	8.00	11.35
Silk, Jp, fl No 1, 8l lb	6.50	6.50	10.80

*Government maximums. †Nominal.

Only six advances were shown in the foodstuffs list this week to compare with 18 declines. Spring patent flour was lower here, as were hams, but Winter straight flour, bacon and Middle Western lard did not change. At Chicago live beef and live sheep were unchanged, but live hogs, mess pork and short ribs were all lower.

The feature of the local dairy products revisions was a drop of 3 cents a pound in State dairy butter of the common to fair grade. The best creamery butter dropped a cent a pound, and there was a break of a cent and a half a pound in the best cheese. The best Western eggs were unchanged, but fancy nearby stock moved up a cent a dozen to $1.04, at which price they exceeded the corresponding 1919 figure by 11 cents.

In the fresh fruits a rise of 50 cents a barrel in common apples contrasted with a drop of $1 a barrel in fancy ones.

Changes in the dried fruits consisted only of declines in orange peel and California prunes. The vegetables list showed only one advance, a rise of 25 cents a barrel in rutabaga turnips, while similar declines were seen in cabbage and onions, per bag. Choice medium beans were cheaper. So was domestic rice. Coffees and teas were bare of changes, and the spices showed only declines in cloves and black pepper. Fine granulated sugar moved up $1 a hundred, in barrels, and the best raw sugar advanced about three-quarters of a cent a pound.

Oats was the only item in the grains list not to show a change. The declines were contributed by wheat, rye and corn, while malting barley, prime timothy hay and long rye straw all advanced. Twenty-nine of the 34 revisions in the combined lists for drugs, chemicals, dyestuffs and oils were downward, reflecting further the selling pressure exerted by holders, particularly second hands, as a result of their inability properly to finance their holdings. Save for No. 1 Texas and Colorado stock, which did not change, all of the items in the hide list declined during the week. In the leather list union backs alone failed to drop.

Three of the five listed grades of pig iron dropped this week, as did steel bars, tank plates and beams at Pittsburgh. Aluminum and foundry coke both were cheaper, and other declines were seen in aluminum, antimony, lake and electrolytic coppers, lead and tin. There were no advances. No advances were seen in the naval stores, either, but pitch, resin, tar and turpentine were all cheaper. News roll paper and chip boards were quoted cheaper. Hemp, hops, English vermilion paint, tallow and Eastern crude rubber all declined.

In the textile markets burlaps again went through a quiet week, with prices lower at the close. Declines in cotton goods were more numerous than for some time, and they covered a wider range of merchandise than usual. Gray, bleached and printed cottons all were affected, the big feature being the 50 per cent. reduction made in some standard brands of the last-named. It was said to have been the sharpest cut ever made in goods of that kind.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS

Arriving Buyers may register in this column by telephoning Bryant 1000.

CHICAGO, Ill.—Hillman's; Miss M. Shanahan, fancy goods; 277 5th Ave.; The Annex.

CHICAGO, Ill.—W. A. Wiebold & Co.; E. F. Wiebold, representing; Pennsylvania.

CLEVELAND, Ohio—Reed Bros.; C. T. Reed, millinery; Herald Square.

DENVER, Col.—Light Garment Shop; P. M. Light, jobs coats; 1,170 B'way, Room 610.

LOS ANGELES, Cal.—B'way Dept. Store; T. S. Milburn, flannels, blankets, &c.; Miss Nally, women's hosiery; knit wear, children's hosiery, underwear; 93 Madison Av.

LOS ANGELES — Seymour's; J. Rosenberg, coats, suits, dresses; 303 5th Av., Room 1608.

NEW ORLEANS, La.—Maison Blanche Co., Ltd.; S. S. Mann, domestics, velvets, flannels, blankets, dress goods, silks, linings; 116 W. 32d; Pennsylvania.

PITTSBURGH, Pa.—Pittsburgh D. G. Co.

NORFOLK, Va.—Miller, Rhodes & Schwartz; Mr. Fehlig, representing; 1,270 Broadway.

W. F. Dalzell, dress goods, ginghams, prints; 48 Leonard; The Annex.

PORTLAND, Ore. — Lipman, Wolfe & Co.; Miss E. La Forge, leather goods; 1,123 Broadway, Room 1212.

ROCHESTER, N. Y.—S. Forman Co.; Mr. Gfnser, millinery; Miss Whittingham, assisting; 225 5th Ave.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal.—Roos Bros.; J. R. Beckman, men's furnishings, hosiery, gloves; 303 5th Av., 4th floor.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Finkelstein's; M. Finkelstein, dress materials; Pennsylvania.

ST. PAUL, Minn.—Gulterman Bros.; I. Cohen, textiles; 334 5th Av., Room 412.

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Weather forecast:

Ill.—Unsettled Sat., probably showers, cooler at night; Sun., fair, cooler.

Mo.—Partly cloudy, cooler Sat.; Sun., fair, cooler.

Wis.—Unsettled Sat., probably showers, cooler at night; Sun., partly cloudy, cooler.

Minn.—Unsettled, cooler Sat.; Sun., fair, cooler in s. e.

Iowa—Partly cloudy, cooler Sat.; Sun., fair, cooler.

N. D.—Unsettled Sat., cooler; Sun., fair; rising temp.

S. D.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sat., warmer Sun.

Neb.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; cooler Sat.

Kan.—Fair Sat. and Sun., cooler.

Mon., and Wyo.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; rising temp. Sun.

N. C., S. C.—Fair Sat. and Sun.; little change in temp.

Ga.—Fair Sat.; Sun. increasing cloudiness, possibly showers in w.; little change in temp.

Fla.—Partly cloudy Sat. and Sun., probably local rains.

BUYERS' WANTS

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BROADCLOTH Wanted—Stevens's 7022, Columbia 832; dark green. Spring 8076.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted—Color brown. 29 East 31st, store. Madison Square 8644.

CHIFFON VELVET Wanted—Brown, any quality. Letzter, 433 4th Av.

CHIFFON VELVETS Wanted—high shares. H. Markowitz Sons, Madison Square 6890.

CORDUROY Wanted—Boyd's 3175, all colors. Friedman Store, 41 East 29th St. Mad. Sq. 1947.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber will buy for 3d floor, 28 West 25th St.

JAP SILKS Wanted—Tubs, satin de chines, all colors, quantities. 2 West 33d, 11th floor. Call with samples.

KHAKI CLOTH Wanted—Pure wool, 150,000 yards, 54 inches wide, 23 to 24 ounce per yard; cash transaction. Self Braiding Co., 305 Broadway, Room 414.

MESSALINE and Taffeta Wanted—Colored, at a price. Gramercy 6785, Ext. 21.

SILK JERSEY, Taffeta, Peau De Cynges Wanted—Striped or plain; cash if any indicement; submit samples. Boston Reliable Petticoat Co., 40 Harrison Av., Boston, Mass.

SILK CREPE DE CHINE Wanted—Four or five thread, all colors, for cash; large quantities only. Monroe Froelich, 8 West 30th St. Longacre 4820.

SILKS Wanted—Duplans original 2322, also Stehli messalines, taffetas and many other fabrics in standard qualities. Metro, 41 East 29th St. Mad. Sq. 1947.

SKIRTINGS Wanted—Velour plaid; Jullliard 2160 or similar, for cash. B. Wiener & Co., 100 5th Av.

SUEDELIKES Wanted—Howlett and Hockmeyer, all colors, at a price. Leo F. Sturm, 8 West 30th.

THIBETS Wanted—Newhouse's 9 or similar; navy and brown, also heavyweight velour, taupe. Kaplan & Weinstein, 138 West 21st.

TRICOTINE Wanted—Navy, Reeds 5800. Phone Watkins 9542.

TRICOTINES Wanted—Reed's 5800, navy. Watkins 9542.

VELDYNES Wanted—Forstmann & Huffmann Malay 56, Zanzibar 57. Hambro & Bayard, Fitzroy 3934.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

BLOOMERS—Cotton Jersey and flannels at reduced prices. A. & S. Fruzan & Co., 570 Grand St. Orchard 3843.

BOLIVIA—Stevens 6140, 6130, brown, navy, Copenhagen, below market. Gramercy 2785.

BOLIVIA-RARITAN 1215; Dobson 772, also 112 Broadcloth. Watkins 8265.

BROADCLOTH—112, all colors, below market price. Dover Woolen, 11 East 30th. Longacre 5456.

CHARMEUSE, georgettes, satins, velvetees, Japs for sale; discontinuing business. Watkins 5062.

COATS and Wraps—Bolivias, veldyne, fur trimmed, all the newest creations, ready to ship. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st..

COATS—Jobs of children's, juniors' and ladies' fur-trimmed silk-lined coats on hand. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d St.

COATS—Plush coatees and full length coats to size 54, on racks; immediate delivery. Blafkes & Toskar, 12 West 18th.

COATS, coatees, plush, raccoon, capes, collars, Fitch opossum; very cheap. 7th floor, 48 West 25th.

CORDUROYS—Boyd's 3175, good staple colors, right price. Metro, 41 E. 29th St. Madison Square 1947.

COTTON GOODS—Vello cloth, 36 inch, 45c yet. Queen Leather Goods Co., 23 East 22d.

DRESSES—Dresses, 4283 serges, will be offered at unheard-of prices; garments advertised in leading wholesale trade papers at $12.75 you will find here at $8.75, just $4 less; big values at $7.75 and $6.75; every dress offered is all wool and newest style; also velvets, tricotines and satins at less than pre-war prices; several jobs very, very cheap. Emanuel, 42 West 27th.

DRESSES—1,000 beaded and braided models, in Americanas and Julliards, men's wear serges, tricotine and velvets; also Eton models; $7.50 up. Famo Dress Co., 122 West 27th St.

FURIST SEAL (Sidney Blumenthal's) large quantity for sale. Tele. Fitzroy 5011.

GEORGETTES, satins, charmeuse, velveteen, Japs for sale; discontinuing business. Watkins 5062.

OVERALLS—Combinationalls and overalls; good make; best quality; cheap. Wearever Overall Co., 93 Hester St.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Regular Army Promotions.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—These promotions in the regular army were announced today:

Capt. R. H. Barrett, Inf., and Capt. C. A. Harding, Q.M. Corps, to be Majors.

First Lieut. T. R. McCarren, Inf., to be Captain.

Naval Orders.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—The Bureau of Navigation published the following orders today:

Carlson, Cmdr. C. A., to Gov. Insp. at works of Wellman-Seaver-Morgan Co., Cleveland.

Zimmerman, Lt. Cmdr. A. G., to the Florida as Asst. Fire Control Offr.

Baldwin, Lt. G., to the Neptune.

Cloyd, Lt. J. A., to Destroyer Squad 7.

Fort, Lt. W. A., to Asiatic Sta.

Noble, Lt. H. J., to 2d Prov. Brig. Mar. Corps, Santo Domingo.

Presnell, Lt. B. K., to Nav. Base, San Diego.

Treutlein, Lt. P., to Pearl Harbor Sta.

Stanley, Lt. J., to Air Sta., Hampton Rds.

Weston, Lt. A. T., to the Monterey.

The Civil Service.

City.

The following eligible list for mechanical draftsman (heating and ventilating), Grade B, is announced:

Arthur U. Craig, 83.80; Lester L. Baker, 73.50.

United States.

The commission announces an examination on the first Saturday of each month at New York, N. Y., until further notice, to secure eligibles for vacancies in the positions of messenger, watchman and skilled laborer, male, over 18 years of age. The usual entrance salaries range from $720 to $1,200 per annum. Appointees may be allowed the temporary increase granted by Congress of $240 a month. Competitors will be examined in spelling, 20; arithmetic, 20; letter writing, 20; penmanship, 20; copying from plain copy, 20. Competitors must be in sound physical condition and capable of performing manual labor. Age limits do not apply to persons entitled to preference because of military or naval service. Some of the departments have special age, height and weight requirements. When a vacancy occurs the highest available eligibles who meet all the requirements are certified. To be entitled to retirement with an annuity employes must have reached the retirement age and have served fifteen years. Until further notice and on account of the urgent needs of the service, applications for this examination will be accepted at any time.

Estates Appraised.

BRUSTLEIN, JOSEPHINE M. (Dec. 18, 1919). Total assets, $67,766; net estate, $65,752—tst estate, $14,006; cash, $3,166; personal, $48,001; stocks and bonds, $2,598. The estate is equally divided between her sons, Antoine P. and Charles H. of 53 Jackson Place, Long Island City.

HANSON, CHARLES A. (of East Orange, N. J., April 25, 1919). Of the estate of $358,580, taxable in New York, $80,273, that being his interest in Hanson & Orth, hemp merchants. His wife, Caroline T. of 45 Chestnut Street, East Orange, receives $65,447; his partners, Charles D. Orth and Michael J. Smith, $9,530 and $5,294 each, respectively, the total being the value of the good will of the business.

Will for Probate.

NEUBURGER, RALPH M. (Oct. 13, at 215 West 88th St.). The will disposes on an estate valued at more than $60,000. To the Temple Agudah Jeshurim is bequeathed $4,000 in cash. The widow is named to the amount of one-fourth of the residuary estate. The remainder is to be distributed equally between the decedent's three sisters—Millie Loeb of Lawrence, L. I.; Helen Hartogensis of 105 West 73d St., and Tillie Goldstein of 771 West End Av.

U. S. SUPREME COURT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—In the Federal Supreme Court today B. I. Shivers and W. L. Fallon of New York City were admitted to practice, and these proceedings were had:

74—L. Nicehla, ptff., v. People of New York. Passed.

76—J. Gilbert, ptff., v. the State of Minnesota. Passed.

575—J. W. Arndstein, appt., v. T. D. McCarthy, U. S. Marshal, &c. Argument continued.

69—Niles-Bement-Pond Co., appt., v. Iron Molders' Union, Local No. 68, et al. Argued.

70—The Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co. v. I. H. Johnson. Submitted.

71—National Life Insurance Co. of Montpelier, Vt., v. A. M. Miller, admr, &c. Submitted.

73—J. Field, appt., v. the U. S. Argued. Adjourned until Monday.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

SATINS, georgette, charmeuse, velveteen, Japs for sale; discontinuing business. Watkins 5062.

SUITS—Closing out balance Fall suits recently manufactured. Cohen-Edelman, 35 West 31st.

SUITS—Going out of business; closing out fifty suits and some woolens. Goldfield Co., 8 West 30th.

SUITS—100 to close out, averaging from $30.50 to $59.50, at $33. Mayers & Narins, 149 West 27th.

SUITS—Closing out velour fur-trimmed suits. Bramson Bros., 48 West 25th.

TRICOTINE—Best popular numbers, $3.15 up; also close out cheap Andrews, Garfields and other good makes; navy, black, tan, brown, rookie; also Stevens' 6130, Bolivia, Botany, Yalama, Mad. Sq. 1520.

TRICOTINE—Gera 50497, navy, velour 50494, brown, navy, reindeer, suitable for dresses, at a price. Silver, Fitzroy 4564.

TRICOTINES and Yalama; American 112 brown, navy and black. Friedman, Watkins 9753.

TWILLS—Very high lustre black, white and flesh at 20c; sateen black, white and flesh, 64x104, 39 to 40 inches wide, at 25c; Windsor crepe, small blue flowers printed on a pink background, at 28c. J. & S. Milberg, 512 Broadway, Spring 8163.

VELOURS—Light weight and heavy weight, for immediate delivery. Grant S. Kelly, Inc., 212 5th Av. Phone Madison Square 5325.

VELOURS—21220, all colors. Dover Woolen, 11 East 30th. Longacre 5456.

WOOLENS—To close out at a price. Bernstein Bros., 46 University Place.

Contracts Offered.

CONTRACTORS wanted on camisoles; large quantities given out. Write I. B., 1,214 Wilson Building.

Allied Industries.

ARMY WEBBING—For sale, in all widths. American Cord and Webbing Co., 396 Broadway, Phone Canal 5163.

DOLLS, imported, dressed and undressed; also imported mechanical toys; closing out, regardless of import cost. Bimco Doll Company, 5-7-9 Union Square, West.

Help Wanted.

SALESMEN CALLING ON WOMEN'S COAT AND SUIT TRADE TO SELL ENGLISH LEATHER THONG BUTTONS; COMMISSION. BOX 455, 209 CABLE BLDG.

RESORTS

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

HOTEL CHELSEA

Occupying entire block of ocean front in the fashionable Chelsea section.

800 bed chambers with private baths (fresh and sea water). High-class orchestra, cafe, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet. Open all year. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

ROYAL PALACE
HOTEL & COTTAGES
on the Beach ATLANTIC CITY, N.J.
CONVENIENT TO ALL AMUSEMENTS
Sea Baths. Diet Kitchen. Orchestra.
Capacity 600. Open all the Year

The Breakers
OCEAN FRONT FIREPROOF
AMERICAN and EUROPEAN PLANS

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

LAUREL IN THE PINES,
Lakewood, N. J.

Situated among the pines and overlooking Lake Carasaljo.

Golf, private tennis courts, riding, shaded walks, fishing. Music.

Electro-hydrotherapy bath system.

Branch Office of N. Y. Stock Exchange. Private garage.

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THE MANHATTAN

LAKEWOOD, N. J. Ideal Family Hotel. Modern throughout; running water in rooms; private bath; courteous service. CHAS. HECHT.

FLORENCE in the PINES,

Lakewood, N. J.; modern conveniences; 50 suites, with bath; Fall rates; booklet. C. Woehr.

THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—A disturbance of marked intensity was centred over Newfoundland Friday night and another over North Dakota, while there was a marked rise in pressure over the northern Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. It continued high over the Pacific States and most of the sections east of the Mississippi River except New England.

Rain fell within the last twenty-four hours in the Florida Peninsula and most sections between the Mississippi River and the Rocky Mountains. Snow fell in Northern Utah and Southeastern Idaho.

The weather became cooler Friday in New England, the interior of New York and the Northwestern States, but the temperature continued much above normal in nearly all sections from the Missouri and lower Mississippi Valleys eastward.

Several stations in the southern lake region reported the highest temperatures ever recorded at this time of the year.

From the Rocky Mountain region westward the temperature continued considerably below normal, except on the immediate Pacific Coast.

The outlook is for showers Saturday and Sunday in Michigan, Indiana, Mississippi, Florida and in Ohio, Kentucky, Tennessee and Alabama Sunday. The weather will probably continue fair in the Atlantic States and the Appalachian region until Sunday night.

The temperature will be somewhat lower in portions of the North Atlantic and Middle Atlantic States Saturday and in Michigan, Indiana, Ohio, Kentucky and Tennessee Sunday.

FORECAST FOR TODAY AND SUNDAY.

Northern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; not much change in temperature.

Southern New England—Fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat cooler Saturday.

Eastern New York—Fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat cooler in the extreme south portion Saturday.

New Jersey—Fair Saturday and Sunday; somewhat cooler Saturday.

Western New York—Fair Saturday; Sunday increasing cloudiness, becoming unsettled toward night.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at 11 P. M., taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

1920.	1919.		1920.	1919.
3 A. M.	62	10 P. M.	79	62
6 A. M.	65	8 P. M.	75	59
9 A. M.	68	9 P. M.	70	57
12 M.	75	11 P. M.	64	56

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 59; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 53.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 62; at 2 P. M. it was 81. Maximum temperature 80 degrees at 3:30 P. M.; minimum 54 degrees at 7 A. M. Humidity 66 per cent. at 8 A. M., 51 per cent. at 8 P. M.

The barometer at 8 A. M. yesterday registered 30.06 inches; at 8 P. M. it stood at 29.95 inches.

Fire Record

A. M.	Loss.
12:20–175–177 Mulberry St.:	Not given
1:05–348 W. 42 St.; H. Guttfriend....	Slight
7:30–2,203 Webster Av.....	Not given
10:50–302 W. 87 St.; Samuel Heis....	Slight
11:05–398 Broadway; France & N. Y. Medicine Co.....	Slight
11:30–231 W. 141 St.....	Not given
P. M.	
12:10–226 W. 140 St.....	Not given
12:35–426 W. 22 St.; Fred'k Moore..	Not given
2:40–209 E. 100 St.; Bessie Simmons	Slight
3:20–2,247 Ryder Av.; John Stintele..	Slight
3:30–79 St. and East Drive, Central Park; (auto), Gerge Automobile Exchange.....	Slight
3:55–763 Columbus Av.; (auto), Edgar Gleason	Slight
4:10–4,290 3 Av.....	Not given
5:40–4 E. 60 St.; Mr. Peters.....	Slight
5:40–538 Westchester Av.....	Not given
5:40–310 E. 81 St.; Carl Riley.....	Slight
6:40–302 W. 28 St.....	Not given
7:15–1,522 Wash'n Av.; P. Schwartz.	Slight
7:30–990 W. 21 St.; Forth Co.....	Not given
7:45–795 Broadway–Crystal Cloak & Suit Co.....	Not given
8:20–1,764 1 Av.; Jos. Debasino.....	Slight
8:40–279 E. 139 St.; Fred Hennessy..	Slight
9:15–524 E. 79 St.; Arthur Eklund..	Slight
9:40–746 Greenwich St.; 9 Av. "L" structure	Slight
9:50–836 Amsterdam Av.; E. Shuffe..	Slight

THE CIVIL SERVICE

Hudson River by Daylight

DAILY, INCLUDING SUNDAY,
THROUGH OCT. 24th.

The Washington Irving and the Robert Fulton running until close of season.

Boats are steam-heated and perfectly comfortable in this glorious Autumn weather.

Direct Rail Connections. All through rail tickets between New York and Albany accepted. Music. Restaurant.

DAYLIGHT SAVING TIME.

Steamer leaves daily, including Sunday, Desbrosses St., 8:40 A. M.; West 42d St., 9:00 A. M.; West 129th St., 9:20 A. M.; Yonkers, 9:50 A. M., landing at †Bear Mountain, †West Point (week days only), †Newburgh, †Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany.

†Return steamer same day from points marked †.

Ideal one-day outings.

Telephone Canal 9300.

HUDSON RIVER DAY LINE

Desbrosses St. Pier. New York

Eastern Steamship Lines, Inc.
To BOSTON
METROPOLITAN LINE
All the way by water
via CAPE COD CANAL

Steamers leave Pier 18, North River, foot of Murray St.

Passenger service discontinued Nov. 1. Last sailing, New York to Boston, Monday, Nov. 1.

Last sailing, Boston to New York, Sunday, Oct. 31.

PHONE BARCLAY 5000

Daily at 5 P. M. (Daylight Time)

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
COLONIAL LINE
BOSTON By Boat & Rail Direct Boat
PROVIDENCE
ALL OUTSIDE STATEROOMS.

Boat Leaves Pier 39, North River (foot West Houston St.), daily and Sunday at 5:30 P. M. (Daylight Saving TIME).

Phone Spring 9491.

Hudson River Night Lines
NEW YORK—ALBANY—TROY

Daily sailing from Pier 31, N. R. (at Desbrosses Street), 6 P. M.; West 132d St., 6:30 P. M. (Daylight Saving Time). Direct rail connections at Albany to all points north, east and west. Phone Canal 9000.

Express Freight Service. Autos Carried.

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SIGHT SEEING YACHT
"Tourist" Around New York

Lv. Battery Pier Daily 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M. Delightful. Warm Observation Cabin for Cool Autumn Days. Lecturer. Refreshments. Broad 3373.

CENTRAL HUDSON LINE

Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston.—Lv. Weekdays Franklin St., at 4 P. M.

HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
NEW YORK to ROTTERDAM
VIA
PLYMOUTH, BOULOGNE-SUR-MER

RYNDAM	Oct. 27 Dec. 1
ROTTERDAM	Nov. 6 Dec. 11
NOORDAM	Nov. 17
NEW AMSTERDAM	Nov. 23 Dec. 28

General Passenger Office, 24 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.
High water	4:37	5:15	5:25	5:45	7:12	7:30
Low water	11:19	11:27	11:59	12:15	1:34	2:08

THE SUN

Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
7:16	6:05

Incoming Steamships.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Tanasi	Havre	Oct. 12
Manfea	Liverpool	Oct. 9
Themistocles	Piraeus	Oct. 12
Lepante	Hull	Oct. 6
Shoderek	Boston	Oct. 20
Fort Victoria	Bermuda	Oct. 20
Maracaibo	Curacao	Oct. 14
Besseygin	Christiania	Sept. 20
Annik	London	Oct. 3
Susquehanna	Capo Town	Sept. 14
Lake Garthu	Para	Oct. 9
Canopic	Boston	Oct. 20
Lewis Luckenbach	Rotterdam	Oct. 10
Martha Washington	Santos	Oct. 4
City of St. Louis	Savannah	Oct. 19

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
West Grove	Liverpool	Oct. 6
Ferd Palasciano	Naples	Oct. 1
Kochambeau	Havre	Oct. 12
Stephen	Bahia	Oct. 3
Volunteer	Rotterdam	Oct. 8
Re d'Italia	Naples	Oct. 9
Javary	Turks Island	Oct. 17

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Saxonia	London	Oct. 12
City of Oran	Port Said	Sept. 19
Tulva	Colon	Oct. 19
Essex	Sydney	Sept. 19
Taurus	Bahia	Oct. 5

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Mauretania	Southampton	Oct. 16
Lapland	Southampton	Oct. 14
Rousellon	Marseilles	Sept. 28
Tennyson	Santos	Sept. 30
Madonna	Naples	Oct. 6

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Oscar II	Copenhagen	Oct. 14
Savoie	Havre	Oct. 13
Britannia	Azores	Oct. 17
Kulina	Santos	Sept. 28
Celtic	Liverpool	Oct. 16

DUE MONDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Sailed.
Sagamore	Rotterdam	Oct. 11
Antilles	Cristobal	Oct. 18
Mexico	Havana	Oct.

DISCUSSING FUTURE OF PACIFIC CABLES

Keen American Interest in German Lines Now Under Japanese Mandate.

THESE RADIATE FROM YAP

Our Delegates at Cable Conference Acting in Accordance with Wilson's Paris Reservation.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—American interest in the future status of German cables seized by the Allies in 1914, it was intimated today by officials attached to the disposition of the Pacific cables centring in the Island of Yap, as well as to transatlantic lines.

The disposition of the cables is now being considered by a sub-committee as one of the principal questions before the International Communications Conference now in session here, and the respective claims of the five allied and associated powers represented at the conference have recently been presented.

It is not known whether Japan has submitted a claim to the Island of Yap, the principal centre of cable communication in the Pacific, which Japan now holds, together with the German cables radiating from it to the Dutch West Indies, Guam and Shanghai. President Wilson announced to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee in 1919 that he had made an express reservation at Paris that final disposition of the island should be reserved for the International Communications Conference.

Japan is known, however, to have taken the position that the Island of Yap accrued to her by reason of the mandate awarded Japan by the Peace Conference over all German islands in the Pacific, north of the equator.

While no official statement of the American position has been made, American delegates to the conference are known to advocate the recognition by Japan of the equal rights of all countries to unrestricted use of the cables passing through the island. Their position is based on the principle that no country exercising a mandate shall be privileged to close the door of the mandate country to other nationals.

The United States, in the case of the mandates over certain portions of the Turkish Empire, has already objected to any action by countries exercising the mandatory privilege which would seek to exclude other nations from enjoying the same economic rights in mandate countries as exercised by the mandataries themselves. On account of the important commercial advantages attaching to the Pacific cables, it is known that the American commissioners seek application of this principle to the Island of Yap in the event that Japan's mandatory right over it shall be recognized by the conference.

It is understood that the United States will probably renounce all claims to German transatlantic cables now held by France and Great Britain. The only cable possession which is thought likely to be made a subject of discussion by the American commissioners is that extending from the west coast of Africa to the east coast of South America, or from Monrovia to Pernambuco.

Once the American cable now being extended around the continent of South America was completed, it was pointed out, unrestricted cable communication across the Atlantic via Brazil would be possible if the cable to Africa were in possession of the United States.

Plans for the laying of a cable from New York to Genoa via the Azores, the New York-Azores section to be built and owned by an American company and the remainder by Italian interests, are under consideration. In time, officials pointed out, such a line might be connected with the Africa-Brazil cable, if that line should be awarded to the United States.

CITY NEEDS COAL; ASKS FEDERAL AID

Board of Estimate Protests Against Priority Orders and Shipments Abroad.

The Board of Estimate adopted a resolution yesterday protesting to the Federal Government that a coal famine was threatened in New York City because of priority orders and the export of coal. The resolution was presented by Borough President Maurice Connolly of Queens. In advocating its immediate passage, Mayor Hylan said:

"The building trust, the milk trust, and coal trust and the other trusts have built a wall around New York City greater than the great wall of China. These profiteers ought to be behind the bars."

Mayor Hylan pointed out that the Federal indictments had indicated that profiteering existed among some officials of public utilities and that he had offered to place every department of the city government at the disposal of the Federal Government in hunting down coal profiteers.

Controller Craig, in declining to vote, said that the resolution would have been wise and timely in July, but that it came too late to be of any benefit.

The Connolly resolution read:

"Resolved, That we, the members of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment of the City of New York, protest most vigorously against the priority orders issued by the Federal Government, which are depriving New York City of coal. We sympathize with the needs of any other section of the country, but maintain that the health and comfort of the residents of New York City should not be destroyed by arbitrary action of governmental authorities. We also protest against the continued export of coal for foreign shores and protest that the Federal authorities take such action that our people here may be supplied with the supreme necessity before coal is shipped to foreign countries.

"Resolved, That a copy of this resolution be sent to the proper Federal authority and that his Honor the Mayor be requested to take whatever other means he deems wise and necessary to see that the people of New York City are supplied with coal."

Coal exports had reached nearly 3,000,000 tons a month in the Summer and were the cause of protests from the United States Senate Reconstruction Committee and other organizations. The Interstate Commerce Commission refused to forbid the export of coal, even during the coal crisis in this country, holding that such measures were matters of national policy, which should not be taken upon itself by an administrative branch of the Government. The commission, however, withdrew railroad equipment to transport coal for export at Hampton Roads and otherwise gave the preference to domestic consumers. The price of coal for export, it was brought out before the Calder Reconstruction Committee, had gone as high as $80 per ton.

Kroonland to Stop at Cherbourg.

The Red Star liner Kroonland will take the American Line route to Cherbourg and Southampton when she sails today at noon, and will call at both those ports before she goes to Antwerp, her destination. The passengers booked for the St. Paul on that date have been transferred to the Kroonland, and she will also carry the American mails to Great Britain and France.

APARTMENT TRADING.

The Brunswick on Madison Avenue Sold to Investor.

The Brunswick, a seven-story elevator apartment building at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Eighty-ninth Street, and the adjoining three-story dwellings at 1232 and 1234 Madison Avenue, have been sold by the Bankers Trust Company, represented by I. Michaels, trust director, to an investor. The entire property has a frontage of 63.2 feet on Madison Avenue and 138.10 feet on Eighty-ninth Street. The sale was negotiated by the Brown, Wheelock Company, Inc.

Empire Mortgage Company sold to Bertha F. Achelis, 616 Lexington Avenue, northwest corner of 53d Street, a five-story flat, 21 by 68.

Bronx Borough Deals.

The five-story flat at 775 Garden Street on plot 50 by 100 feet has been sold by Bartels & Waxman for J. Newman. It was held at $57,000.

M. M. Ringler & F. Kramer sold for Philip Becker 2141 Prospect Avenue, an apartment house on plot 33.4 by 150 feet.

Richard Dickson has sold for Alice Couldock 827 Freeman Street, a three-story brick dwelling to Elka Torgoff.

John F. Pendergast has sold for Mrs. A. M. Steuer to G. J. Biondi the dwelling, 17 by 100, at 462 East 134th Street; for the McCormick Estate to A. Liska the dwelling, 17 by 100, at 440 East 134th Street, and for James C. Green to F. Umbrino the two dwellings, 29 by 100, at 348-350 East 143rd Street.

Charles C. Dean, in conjunction with George Costar, sold the dwelling at 1258 Edison Avenue for H. M. Teets.

Private House Buyers.

Brown Wheelock, Inc., sold for the Clark estate 57 West Eighty-fifth Street, a four-story dwelling, 17.6 by 100.5, to a client, for occupancy. This sale was erroneously reported early in the week as in Eighty-eighth Street.

W. Walter sold the dwelling at 395 Manhattan Avenue, on a lot 18 by 70 feet, to a client of E. C. Fixman. The broker was M. Rosenthal.

St. James's Church has acquired from William R. Stewart and others the four-story house at 341 East Eighty-seventh Street, between First and Second Avenues, 25 by 100.8. It abuts the edifice of the Church of the Holy Trinity on Eighty-eighth Street.

The Liberty Council Catholic Club has bought from Mary C. Donohue the four-story dwelling at 414 West Fifty-first Street, on a lot 25 by 100.5, near Ninth Avenue.

Westchester Home Buyers.

The Katonah estate, belonging to Dr. William P. Healy, has been purchased by R. J. Traube of Brooklyn. It contains about twenty acres, with dwelling and other buildings. Fish & Marvin were the brokers.

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company sold to Felix DeLiee the dwelling at 452 Van Cortlandt Park Avenue, Yonkers. Thomas S. Burke negotiated the sale.

Varian & Stilwell have sold the Miller homestead on Railroad Avenue, Mamaroneck, to Burton Langworthy, the residence to M. A. Young on Beach Avenue to Charles A. Knudson and the cottage of Belle A. Cohen on Palmer Avenue to Gorge Roscnau.

R. Franklin Hull sold for Mrs. Jennie L. Garthwaite her residence at 114 Robertson Avenue, White Plains, to Malcolm M. Roy of Irvington.

Recent Buyers.

Frederick D. Philips is the buyer of the dwelling 115 East Thirty-seventh Street.

The newly formed 284 Bleecker Street Corporation is the buyer of the frame buildings at the southwest corner of Bleecker and Carmine Streets.

Pauline Gross is the buyer of the dwelling at 307 West 102d Street.

The Phelps Building Corporation is the buyer of the dwelling at 326 East Forty-seventh Street.

Herbert Mendelsohn of Hartsdale was the purchaser of the dwelling at 123 West Eighty-seventh Street, sold by Dr. Edward E. Pratt, through the M. Morganthau, Jr., Company.

Commercial Leases.

The Wheeler Realty Corporation has leased for Marie G. Currier her building at 12 East Fifty-sixth Street for a term of 21 years to a client, who will immediately alter same for business. An aggregate rental of over $250,000 was paid.

Gertrude Haverstock has leased for twenty-one years, with option to purchase for $75,000, the property at 285 Amsterdam Avenue from Daniel B. Freedman. It consists of a three-story frame building, on lot 21 by 100, adjoining the Hotel Berkeley, at the southeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-fourth Street.

$800,000 Curb Building Loan.

Work is to start soon on the new building at 78 to 86 Trinity Place, extending through to 111 to 123 Greenwich Street, which will house the curb market. Arrangements for a loan of $800,000, which will be used to defray a portion of the costs of the new building have been completed. Approximately $750,000 has been raised by subscriptions of members of the Curb Market Association to the stock of the New York Curb Market Realty Associates, Inc., which association will handle the construction work.

New Jersey Buyers.

The northwest corner of Central Avenue and Norfolk Street, Newark, fronting 52 feet on the former by 98 feet on the latter thoroughfare, has been purchased by Max Mendel from John F. Noll. The brokers were Feist & Feist.

Payson McL. Merrill Company have sold for Mrs. Rhoda C. F. Clark to Walter C. Shoup her property on Woodcrest Avenue, Millburn, known as Treetops, containing about two acres, with dwelling and garage. It overlooks Brookside Drive and the land of the Essex County Park Commission.

Brooklyn Activity.

The four-story flat at 188 Broadway has been sold by the B. F. Knowles Company to a Mr. Webber and resold to Frank Safina.

Tutino & Cerny have sold for Adolph Hecker the two-family dwelling at 618 East Third Street.

The Realty Associates have sold to Max Herzfeld the two-family house at 246 Sullivan Street, between Rogers and Nostrand avenues.

Murray Hill Change.

A corporation known as 230 Madison Avenue, Inc., with J. A. McGill, President, has been formed to take over the four-story and basement house at the southwest corner of Madison Avenue and Thirty-seventh Street, opposite the J. P. Morgan block. Mr. McGill bought it last April, when it was announced he would convert it for business. The building stands on a plot 27.8 by 95 feet.

Old Fourteenth Street Holding Sold.

The Duross Company has sold for the de Peyster estate, the Farmers' Loan and Trust Co., trustees, the vacant lot at 137 West Fourteenth Street, plot 25 by 103 feet, to a client who will erect a loft building. The property has been in the ownership of the de Peyster family for a hundred years.

Sale in East 125th Street.

The property at 312 and 314 East 125th Street, occupied by a three-story dwelling and four-story loft building on lot 37.6 by 100 feet, has been sold by Mulvihill & Co. for Sarah Lawson to Henry Lehman. The seller had owned the property for many years.

RECORD PRICE FOR WATER STREET LOT

Tobacco Journal Pays $2,500 a Front Foot for Property Near Pine Street.

IN ACTIVE TRADE CENTRE

Front and Water Street Buildings Bought by Harry A. Aronson —Leonard Street Deal.

An interesting illustration of the big demand for property in the downtown section has been shown in the purchase of the plot at 146 Water Street from the Fred Schultz estate by the United States Tobacco Journal and The Phonograph and Talking Machine Weekly. The consideration is said to have been $2,500 a front foot, which is believed to be a record price for property in the wholesale tobacco centre.

The plot has a frontage of 22 feet by 80 feet deep, between Pine Street and Maiden Lane. It is occupied by a five-story building and has been owned by the selling estate since 1889. It is in the heart of the leaf tobacco district. Every other building in the block, with the exception of a single parcel, is owned by a tobacco merchant occupying it as tenant and many improvements have been made there during the last few years.

Cammann, Vorhees & Floyd were the brokers in the transaction and Louis Felix was the attorney for the buyer.

Front and Water Street Deal.

On the same street, a few blocks to the north, the two connected five-story buildings at 271 Water Street and 250 Front Street, were purchased by Harry A. Aronson from Mary E. H. Staebler and Bessie M. H. Nichols. The Water Street building is about 25 by 85 and the Front Street building about 20 by 80 feet. The buildings have elevators and were valued at about $60,000. Frederick Goodrich was the attorney for the sellers and Lurie & Feinberg represented Mr. Aronson.

The Charles F. Noyes Company acted as broker and the deal had the interesting feature of being the first to be closed from the firm's new home.

Leonard Street Sale.

William D. Kilpatrick sold through E. H. Scheuber the four-story store and tenement, on a lot 25 by 75 feet, at 16 Leonard Street, between Hudson Street and West Broadway. It was the last of 100 feet frontage bought and sold by the seller. Gottlob Link, the present tenant, was the buyer.

About 80 per cent. of the entire frontage on the block, consisting chiefly of six and seven story warehouses, has changed hands in the last year or two.

Buyers at Auction.

Among the properties sold by Joseph P. Day yesterday in the Vesey Street salesroom were a 2½-story frame dwelling on a plot 62 by 162 feet, at 5731 Broadway, which was purchased by David Vogel for $12,000; the three-story frame dwelling at 590 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn, which went to Sam Goldinger for $5,900.

A two-story residence at 592 North Broadway, Yonkers, was sold for $19,000. The five-story brick tenement at 606 East Sixteenth Street, Manhattan, went to Charles Faruolo for $13,000; the four-story tenement at 11 Market Street was sold for $18,000, and a stucco residence at Riverdale which went to Michael Fried for $21,800.

Tenement Investments.

McDowell & Byrnes have sold for the Harlan Construction Corporation, the five-story flat 310 East 102d Street, 25 by 100 to Moe Levy.

A. G. Thompson Company sold for the Deanville Realty Company, Inc., 2577 Eighth Avenue, a five-story tenement house to Pauline Peresa Cochburn.

Thomas P. Burke sold the tenement property at 445 West Forty-seventh Street for F. F. Nallock to Ellen A. Taylor.

$500,000 East Side Apartment.

The Terrain Realty Company (E. Hart, Jr., Treasurer), which purchased from the estate of Eliza S. Lyle the property at 112, 114 and 116 East Eighty-first Street last Spring, had plans filed for the erection of a nine-story apartment house. The architect is Herbert Lippmann. The M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co., acted as brokers in the sale. The cost of the new apartment is placed at $500,000.

East Side Garage Deal.

George S. Runk has sold for the Armon Realty Corporation the three-story garage at 170 East Seventy-third Street. It covers a plot 25 by 100 feet and was held at $50,000.

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An initial payment of $2,500 and monthly payments thereafter, for ten years will give you Ownership of a new, 5-room Garden Apartment

	Monthly Estimated	Yearly
1st Year	$136	$1,632
2nd Year	133	1,596
3rd Year	130	1,560
4th Year	127	1,524
5th Year	124	1,488
6th Year	121	1,452
7th Year	115	1,392
8th Year	69	828
9th Year	69	828
10th Year	69	828

Initial Payment $2,500
Total 10 yrs. $15,628
Average monthly $130

Summary:
Total 10 yrs. $15,628
Less Share in Ownership of Bldg. 6,500
Total Cost - - $9,128
Result:—A Saving of $600 a year

Usual Renting Plan

The cheapest up-to-date five-room apartment in the city will cost, to rent, not less than $125 per month, or $1,500 per annum.

	Monthly	Yearly
1st Year	$125	1,500
2nd Year	125	1,500
3rd Year	125	1,500
4th Year	125	1,500
5th Year	125	1,500
6th Year	125	1,500
7th Year	125	1,500
8th Year	125	1,500
9th Year	125	1,500
10th Year	125	1,500

Total 10 yrs. 15,000
Average monthly $125

Compare this rent waste with the saving effected by the investment of a small amount of money in the purchase of an apartment.

Result—Nothing!!!
(Only a collection of rent receipts —not negotiable at any bank.)

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Sunshine In Every Room
Every Room an Outside Room

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14 HANDSOME NEW HOMES
ENGLISH TYPE—INDIVIDUAL DESIGNS

All white Cement Stucco—Built as houses were 10 years ago—PRE-WAR PRICES. Decorated to suit.
7 AND 8 ROOMS, STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT AND GAS. HARDWOOD FLOORS, ONE AND TWO BATHS AND SHOWERS, ALL TILED. BEAUTIFULLY BUILT-IN SUN-ROOM, OPEN FIRE-PLACE, OPEN PORCH AND GARAGE.
Sewer connection; no assessments. Worth $17,500 to $18,000
Will sell the first six houses to quick buyers for
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ALSO ENTIRE THIRD FLOOR,
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MUST BE SEEN TO BE APPRECIATED.
Ideal location; convenient to transit, etc.
Inquire Superintendent on premises or
Harry Goodstein, Bldr.
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IN PENN SECTION.
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POSSESSION MAY, 1921
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Foyer, Kitchenette and Bath
$1,050 to $1,350
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SELECT Apartments Location
FORDHAM HEIGHTS
3-4 BEAUTIFUL ROOMS
With Every Conceivable Improvement
Grand Concourse & Fordham Rd., N. W. Corner.
3 Blocks East of Jerome Ave. & Lexington Ave. Sub. Station
6th & 9th Ave. "L" at Fordham Rd.
Select Tenants Only.
Agent on Premises.
Phone Intervale 2110.

Unfurnished—West Side.

245 West 75th Street
Between B'way and West End Ave.
A UNIQUE APARTMENT HOUSE
With a Quaint Old English Exterior
Just Completed.
Apartments of
1-2-3 ROOMS AND BATH.
SPECIAL APARTMENTS
4 ROOMS and 2 BATHS
Rentals, $1,000-$3,500
Agent on Premises.
FRENCH MANAGEMENT CORPORATION
299 Madison Av.
Tel. Vanderbilt 8237.

Unfurnished—East Side.

1070 Madison Ave.
COR. 81st ST.
RESIDENTIAL SUITE
8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Extra Bath or Maid's Room Optional.
EIGHT STORY FIREPROOF
Rentals, $4,000
INQUIRE ON PREMISES OR
ARTHUR E. MARSH,
103 Park Av. Murray Hill 4108.

1229 PARK AVE.
SOUTHEAST CORNER 94TH ST.
High-class elevator apartment.
7 rooms, 3 baths.
Apply Superintendent or A. BRANDSTEIN,
133 East 118th St. Tel. Harlem 1518.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE
NO. 319 WEST 74TH ST.
5-Story American Basement Dwelling.
17 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession.
For particulars apply to
CLARK T. CHAMBERS,
253 5th Ave. Tel. Murray Hill 7629.

PRIVATE HOUSE
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
255 Edgecombe Av.
Beautiful location, overlooking Colonial Park, between 145th and 146th Sts.
OPEN FOR INSPECTION.
DIRECT OR THROUGH BROKER.

NEW GARMENT DSTRICT
7TH AVE. AND 36TH ST.
Small plot cheap. Five-story flat ready for alteration. Sure profit. Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc., 14 West 49th St. Phone 540 Vanderbilt.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

WILL SELL AT COST
7-room, 1-family houses at East 3rd St. and Avenue O; immediate possession. All modern improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Take Culver line to Avenue P. Houses are two blocks from station. Inquire at premises or
Sugarman & Landsman, Builders
147 East 119th St. Tel. 6910 Harlem

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FOR SALE OR RENT
Ready Nov. 1st.
Findlay Ave. & 164th St.
BRONX, N. Y.
TWELVE
3 FAMILY BRICK
AND
STUCCO HOUSES.
Consisting of two six-room apartments with bath, foyer and pantry; also one two-room bath and kitchenette apartment with foyer and heated garage; all latest improvements with instantaneous water heating system; will offer for sale at very reasonable prices to quick buyers. Agents on premises or
KAYANEE REALTY & CONSTRUCTION CO.
317 WEST 188TH ST.
Phone Morningside 417.

FOR SALE
TWO PIERS
One Foot 39th St., Brooklyn.
One Foot 52d St., Brooklyn.
For Terms and Particulars
Apply James F. McLaughlin,
16 Court St., Brooklyn.
Tel. Main 662.

WESTCHESTER—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

FREEPORT
OWNER'S SACRIFICE
$6,500, cash $2,500, balance easy terms. 7 rooms and bath, gas and electricity; steam heat; most desirable location. Must see to appreciate. Other bargains from $1,800 to $40,000.
WM. H. VAN NESS,
36 Brooklyn Ave., Freeport, L. I.,
North of Depot. Tel. 985-R.

GREAT NECK
Attractive home, Colonial type, excellent construction, 10 rooms, 3 baths, oak floors, decorated; immediate occupancy; can be seen Sunday.
THOMAS O'CONNELL,
MANHASSET, LONG ISLAND.
Telephone 226 Manhasset.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS.

325 West 77th Street
Bet. Riverside Drive and West End Av.
NEW BUILDING
Highest class elevator apartment, 2-3-4 rooms and bath, tiled kitchens and kitchenettes.
Rents $1,600 to $2,700 yearly.
Inquire on premises or
FRED'K ZITTEL, 70TH ST. & B'WAY.
Tel. Schuyler 9700.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.
Furnished—West Side.

The Grosvenor
5 AVE. & 10TH ST.
Desirable 4 room apartment with 2 baths.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

SECOND mortgage for sale; 10-story, high-class Manhattan co-operative apartment house, with ample equity over first mortgage; fullest investigation invited. Cushman & Wakefield, Inc., 50 East 42d St. Telephone Murray Hill 7820.

$200,000 at 5½% available for first mortgage on west side apartment property; also $35,000 at 6%. Brokers protected. Clement H. Smith, 400 Tremont Av. Tel. 618 Tremont.

FIRST MORTGAGE MONEY on improved Bronx property from in amounts $6,000-$20,000. Deffan, 3,013 3d Av. (155th).

CITY REAL ESTATE

Manhattan—For Sale or To Let.

REDUCTION IN PRICE

for quick action. Owner is now willing to sell three-story and basement, 10-room house, with electricity, in good order, for $29,000. Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive, close to 86th St.; price just reduced from $32,500; immediate possession.

WOOD, DOLSON CO.,
Broadway and 80th St. 1100 Schuyler.

231-233-235 EAST 117TH ST.,

facing Rutherford Square; 74 feet front, 104 feet deep; improved by 4-story and basement brick building, suitable for club, seminary, sanitarium, small hotel, &c.; reasonable terms can be secured. For inspection see Superintendent on premises.

A. C. HOUGHTON & CO.,
1,516 H. St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

$5,000 cash buys 4-story and basement, 12-room, 5-bath, private dwelling, suitable for rooming house; in lower 80s, near Central Park; house equipped with electricity; price $28,000.

WOOD, DOLSON CO.,
Broadway and 80th St. 1100 Schuyler.

WEST 70'S (near West End Av.)—5-story American basement dwelling, containing 14 rooms, 3 baths; immediate possession; perfect condition; price $55,000, including furniture. M. Morgenthau, Jr., Co., 206 Broadway. Cortlandt 3966.

SEVERAL houses, west side, immediate possession; $17,500 up; also business dwellings, apartments to rent and for sale; country homes. Martens Realty Office, 1416 B'way (at 39th). Tels. Bryant 9191 and 4476.

IMMEDIATE possession; doctor's home; perfect condition; 11 rooms, 2 baths; parquet floors; electricity. Dr. Margulies, 126 West 120th St.

FURNISHED for 6 months; $300 per month; beautiful residence, overlooking the Hudson, 232d St., Spuyten Duyvil. Phone Kirk, Tremont 820.

TO LET.
COMPLETELY RENOVATED HOUSE.
16 EAST 78TH ST.
APPLY YOUR OWN BROKER.

BARGAIN on Heights, 50 ft. walkup, lot 112 ft.; mtge. $20,000, 4 yrs.; easy terms; rent $11,500; asking $68,000. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St.

BARGAIN—Two adjoining stone private houses; below 125th St., near Madison Av.; easy terms. Brettell, 184 East 123d.

$1,500 down buys 3 story brick, West 133d St.; colored section. Owner, Rose, 7 West 45th. Bryant 2728.

LEXINGTON AV., 813—Five-story dwelling, 120-foot lot; long term; $5,000 net. Phone Plaza 2974.

Bronx—For Sale or To Let.

SEVEN-ROOM house for rent; four bedrooms, all modern improvements; electric lights, steam heat; rent $90 month. Apply Mrs. Callahan, 902 Faile St., Bronx.

Brooklyn—For Sale or To Let.

MIDWOOD MANOR BARGAIN.

A new one-family detached stucco house with brick porch; plot 40x100, consisting of 9 rooms and 2 baths; all improvements; every modern convenience; will be sold at builder's cost price; 914 Av. M, between East 9th and East 10th Sts.; open all day Saturday and Sunday. Art Building Co., Inc.

NEWLY built 6 and 7 room cottages; every modern improvement; garage space; glass sun porches; refined neighborhood; price $8,000; 1 block from subway; cost $42 per month carrying expenses. Apply Henry Lockmore, Owner and Builder, 1,518 East 2d St. Telephone 2773 Midwood.

FOR SALE—Seven-room brick house, all modern improvements, Bay Ridge, Brooklyn; steam heat, gas, electricity, sewer, &c.; restricted section; no assessments; five minutes' walk to express station, 15 minutes Grand Central; 5-cent fare; $5,000 cash required, balance on terms; references required. For plan and photo call, write or phone J. S. Withers, 52 Vanderbilt Av., N. Y. Room 1214. Telephone Vanderbilt 9484.

NEW colonial type house; 6 rooms and bath; also 8-room stucco house and garage, corner, 60x100; select neighborhood. Owner L. E. Haskell, Poplar and Kelsey Sts., Queens, L. I.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Unfurnished—East Side.

Belgrave Block
Madison Ave., 49th to 50th St.
2 & 3 Rooms & Bath
Rents $900 to $2,200
Service can be had
DOUGLAS L. ELLIMAN & CO.
15 East 49th St. Tel. Plaza 9200.
CHUIKSHANK & CO.
141 Broadway. Tel. Rector 4100.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

IDEAL APARTMENTS
4 AND 5 ROOMS
Every Modern Improvement
Restricted Section of Bensonhurst, Corner 20th and Benson Aves., Brooklyn.
1 block from 20th Ave. Station
Broadway West End Subway

CITY REAL ESTATE

Queens—For Sale or To Let.

50x100, 14 rooms, two family, all improvements; vacant; located Forest Park section. Owner, E. Stroschein, 8 Leggett Av., Woodhaven, L. I.

FOREST HILLS, L. I.—Corner house, newly decorated, eight rooms, two baths, sleeping porch; two-car garage. 88 Colonial Av., corner Ibis St. Phone Newtown 3194.

10-ROOM HOUSE, large corner Boulevard plot, Forest Hills. W. C. REEVES & CO., 119 Lexington Av., city.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Westchester—For Sale or To Let.

A TRUE COLONIAL HOME OF UNUSUAL ATTRACTION.

Exceptionally well constructed and guaranteed; wide centre hall, ivory and mahogany stairway, commodious rooms, open fireplaces, breakfast room, veranda, sun parlor, 4 master bedrooms, 2 tiled baths, large closets, 2 maids' rooms and bath, storage room all improvements; built-in accessories; steam heat; beautiful grounds; highly restricted section; can be bought at an attractive price on very convenient terms. John A. Baldwin, 25 West 43d St., N. Y. Tel. Murray Hill 789.

NEW Colonial home at White Plains; eight rooms, large living room, with open fireplace; four light sunny bedrooms, three with hot and cold water; tiled bath, sanitary gas kitchen, hot water heat; all latest improvements; two-car concrete garage; high ground; half acre, corner; trees, shrubbery; coal, wood; telephone in; near golf, tennis, country clubs; all requirements of a desirable year-round home; can be seen at any time; 1 Nutgrove St., White Plains; $5,000 cash required, balance 6 per cent. mortgage. W. D. Davies, 497 Broadway, New York.

MY cheerful, light, cozy house, seven rooms, bath, half finished attic, ideally, centrally situated at 190 Barker Av., White Plains, N. Y.; adjacent to and unobstructed view Van Cortlandt Park; opposite Caryl express station; 3 minutes to subway and trolley; immediate occupancy; open for inspection; $11,000, $6,000 cash, $2,000 installment; $5,000 straight mortgage. B. I. Winn, 44 Elinor Place, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone 1147 Yonkers.

PELHAM WOOD.

Two 7-room houses (1 stucco, 1 frame), west side 6th Av., near South 3d St.; tiled halls, sun parlor, garage, open fireplaces and porches. ALSO 1-family stucco house, east side Highbrook Av., north of Washington Av.; 7 rooms, sun parlor, open fireplace, porches, 2 tiled baths, servant room; plot 75x135; prices $17,000-$25,000. Rine Building Co., 509 Willis Av., or your own broker.

REMARKABLE OPPORTUNITY—For sale, 3-story frame house, all ready equipped for comfort and occupancy; 8 city lots, 10 rooms, 3 baths and 3 porches, charming garden, shrubbery and grapery, with space for garage; central South Yonkers location, with choice of three routes to city; easy terms. Phone 666 Yonkers.

CRESTWOOD—Six-room, bath, attic, Colonial house, with garage; recently built by owner, leaving metropolitan district; plot 50x100; six minutes to station; restricted residential community; sixteen miles Grand Central; $14,000; about $8,000 cash. Write or phone J. G. Dale (Tuckahoe 762-W).

FOR RENT—Philipse Manor, Nov. 1 to May 15, completely furnished private home on Hudson River; 55 minutes from Grand Central Terminal; two minutes from station; eight rooms, two baths, sun parlor; every modern convenience; very reasonable rent. Tarrytown 952.

FOR SALE—8 new attractive houses at White Plains, N. Y., 6, 7 and 8 rooms, one or two baths; all modern conveniences; prices very moderate. For full particulars apply White Plain Housing Corp., 171 Main St., White Plains, N. Y.

PELHAM, 60 Harmon Av., high-class English, half timbered stucco house; built days' work; ten sunny rooms, enclosed sun porch, heated garage, 160 feet front, large trees, five minutes from station. Owner on premises Saturday and Sunday.

FURNISHED HOUSE for rent in finest residential section of Mount Vernon; 11 rooms, 3 baths, 2-car garage, $400 per month; might consider less from especially desirable party; November to June. Anderson Realty Co., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

LARCHMONT—Attractive, new home, every conceivable improvement; near station, trolley, school; immediate possession; easy terms. Particulars, Mod., owner, 145 Center Av., 3298-J New Rochelle.

STUCCO HOUSE, ¼-acre; two baths, ten rooms; all improvements; double garage; fruit; $10,500; 30 acres, eleven rooms, barn, water; State road; commuting distance; $5,000. Alfred Jones, Briarcliff Manor.

$8,500—Dainty Little Cottage
6 Rooms and Bath; Lot 50x125.
Steam heat, gas, electricity; reasonable terms; possession early date.
BURKE STONE, INC., Bronxville 1480.

LARCHMONT.

Beautiful home, completely furnished; gas, electricity and telephone; every convenience; garage; reasonable rent. Telephone Owner, Larchmont 106 or write H 462 Times.

55 MINUTES FROM G. C. T.—High elevation, exceptional view; 7 rooms and bath; bungalow type; reduced to $7,800; cash $2,000. J. Clarence Davies (Home at Within the Hour), 32 Nassau St. John 1171.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished cozy home, garage, electricity, telephone; 4 city lots; garden; 20 minutes from station; 2 blocks from trolley, Scarsdale. Call Rooney, 318 W. 48th or phone Longacre 8493.

IF you want to locate in Westchester County I can find you the house at the price you want to pay. Let me know your requirements. Clarence G. Martens, 1,416 Broadway (39th). Tels. Bryant 9191 and 4476.

MODERN house in Mount Vernon, nine rooms, residential section, near depot; furnished or unfurnished; reasonable rent. 255 South Columbus Av. Telephone Mount Vernon 3033 or Vanderbilt 4932.

MOUNT VERNON.

2-family house; both apartments vacant; large rooms, parquet floors, panelled walls, &c.; price $15,000. Owner, Room 852, 1,328 Broadway, New York, N. Y.

WILL sacrifice beautiful house; plot 150 by 103; 10 rooms, 2 baths, billiard room, porch; tennis court; price $35,000; easy terms. 130 Times.

SCARDALE—House, eight rooms, completely furnished; garage; immediate possession; $150 monthly; reduction on long lease. Tel. Scarsdale 628.

MODERN, six room, steam heat, 50x100, restricted, prize flowers and garden; $8,500; $2,000 cash. Straus & Battcock, Broadway, City Line. Telephone 1495 Yonkers.

CRESTWOOD, 6 rooms and bath, steam heat; 5 minutes from railroad station; owner must sell; price $9,000. Benj. Lewis, Crestwood.

SCARDALE—House, eight rooms, waterheated, newly decorated, near station; immediate possession; sacrifice $9,000; terms. Tel. Scarsdale 628.

NEW 7-room house, with garage attached, in beautiful section of Mount Vernon, for rent at $200 per month. Anderson Realty Co., 22 East 1st St., Mount Vernon, N. Y.

HOMES of the better class; Mt. Vernon and vicinity. Thomas Small, broker, 6 North Second Av., Mt. Vernon. Tel. 274.

FOR SALE—Six-room house, all improvements; splendid river view; five minutes to station. Wilson, Harmon-on-Hudson, N. Y.

WHITE PLAINS—Lots for sale. 628 Columbus Av., N. Y. Peters.

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

FAMILY disagreements compel me to sell fine 6-room semi-bungalow, best construction, modern improvements, large closets, window seats, semi-enclosed concrete porch; southern exposure; one minute from station; convenient commuting; $3,000 cash; terms. T. C., 312 Times.

FOREST HILLS GARDENS.

Uniquely attractive modern English house; artistically furnished; oak-panel living room, six bedrooms, 3 open fireplaces, maximum sunlight; five minutes from station; promply available; season rental, $2,700; telephone Owner, Boulevard 6459.

BEAUTIFUL California bungalow, 5 rooms and bath; open fireplace, steam heat, electricity, beautiful interior decorations; plot 100x100; southern exposure; garage; 3 minutes' walk from electric station; easy commuting; $9,200, terms. D. C., 158 Times.

$2,500 cash required to buy attractive modern home, 5 minutes' walk from Bellerose (electric service) station. Edward Bialla, owner, Remsen Lane, phone 850 Floral Park, or 47 West 34th St.; phone 1103 Fitzroy.

JAMAICA BUSINESS PROPERTY

for sale; double store; eight-room apartment; brick building; all improvements; barns and outbuildings; garage; 4½ lots of ground; price $42,000, cash $15,000. Apply Box C 206 Times.

OUR listings of available homes and estates at Great Neck, Douglaston and Bayside are very complete. Let us know our requirements.

I. T. McKnight, 22 East 33d,
3610 Murray Hill. 408 Great Neck.

COMPLETELY furnished seven-room house, almost new, for immediate occupancy; three blocks from Edgemere station; steam heat, electric light, parquet floors, 28 minutes from Penn Depot. Lehrer, 333 Beach 80th St., Edgemere, L. I.

BEAUTIFUL HOUSE, 6 rooms and bath, improvements, screen inclosed porch, nicely decorated, hardwood floors, plot 60x100, good location, lawn, garden and drive; terms easy. Adolph Heuer, owner, Montgomery St., Valley Stream, L. I.

BEAUTIFUL Laurelton Station—Cozy new one-family house, five rooms, bath, steam heat, electric light; 35 minutes from Pennsylvania Station on Long Island Railroad; three minutes from station; price $8,000, cash $3,000. C. Stubbe, 26 Broadway.

TYPICAL bungalow, 2 minutes from station, 40 minutes from Broadway; 6 rooms, tiled bath, beamed ceiling, modern improvements; 3 lots; excellent location; bargain; $8,200, terms. W. H. L., 123 Times.

FLORAL PARK—Two choice lots near railroad station. J 234 Times.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

Long Island—For Sale or To Let.

IF YOU HAVE
$3,000 TO $5,000
AND WOULD LIKE TO JOIN A COLONY OF CONGENIAL AMERICAN FAMILIES IN BUILDING A 6-ROOM, ALL-TILE HOME WITH ALL IMPROVEMENTS ON A PLOT OF GROUND IN A VERY DESIRABLE LOCATION ON LONG ISLAND, WITHIN 28 MINUTES OF PENN. STATION OR FLATBUSH AV. STATION; TOTAL COST OF HOME AND GROUND TO FIRST 15 PEOPLE WILL BE $6,000, AND IN ADDITION THEY WILL HAVE AN INTEREST IN THE PROFITS MADE FROM THE BALANCE OF THE COLONY, ABOUT 150 HOUSES IN ALL; TO ALL OTHERS THAN THE FIRST 15 THE PRICE WILL BE $7,000 EACH; FULL DETAILS HAVE BEEN WORKED OUT ON A CO-OPERATIVE PLAN WHICH ENABLES YOU TO BUILD A HOUSE AVAILABLE EARLY NEXT SPRING — FOR THE ABOVE AMOUNT BETTER THAN THOSE NOW BEING SOLD AT FROM $8,000 TO $10,000; IF YOUR REFERENCES ARE SATISFACTORY YOU WILL BE INVITED TO CALL FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS; NO ONE WILL CALL ON YOU. W 964 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

GARDEN CITY—Fine Winter residence, 6 master bedrooms, 3 baths, 3 servants' rooms and bath; well heated, comfortable Winter home; 3 reliable furnaces easy to operate and very economical; abundance of sizzling hot water from 200 gallon tank, storm doors and double windows for whole house, 4 splendid fireplaces, large tiled room, hall, dining room, billiard room and sun parlor; cosy, convenient breakfast room; spacious, beautiful grounds, protected by trees; hedge and shrubbery; macadam at any time; 1 Nutgrove St., White Plains; $5,000 cash required, balance 6 per cent. mortgage. W. D. Davies, 497 Broadway, New York.

MY cheerful, light, cozy house, seven rooms, bath, half finished attic, ideally, centrally situated at 190 Barker Av., White Plains, N. Y.; adjacent to and unobstructed view Van Cortlandt Park; opposite Caryl express station; 3 minutes to subway and trolley; immediate occupancy; open for inspection; $11,000, $6,000 cash, $2,000 installment; $5,000 straight mortgage. B. I. Winn, 44 Elinor Place, Yonkers, N. Y. Phone 1147 Yonkers.

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FLORAL PARK—Two choice lots near railroad station. J 234 Times.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS

Rate 55 cents an agate line.

LOFT for rent; due to removal to larger quarters we offer loft, lower Manhattan, about 3,600 square feet, elevator and freight service, steam heat; windows on three sides, facing North River, suitable for office or light manufacturing; low insurance; sprinkler system; 5-year lease if desired; immediate possession. Call for appointment, Gramercy 8701, Mr. Cody.

GRAND CENTRAL ZONE.

The most desirable business section in New York. If you contemplate locating in this section let us know your requirements. SINGLER & SYNDICATE REAL ESTATE SPECIALISTS IN GRAND CENTRAL ZONE PROPERTIES, 507 5TH AV. MURRAY HILL 5022.

OFFICES TO LET.

Desirable offices to let, $40 and up; newly painted; very attractive; immediate possession; in heart of city. Inquire Supt., 120 Manhattan St., corner Broadway. Phone 9064 Morningside.

OFFICE—Will rent, completely furnished (safe, typewriter, telephone, &c.), year's lease, for actual rent of $83.33; business permitting, present tenant will retain desk room; telephone listing to be arranged. Call 10-12, Room 6, 2,525 Broadway (95th).

STORE AND LOFTS SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, SHOWROOMS, LIGHT MANUFACTURING; MODERN BUILDING; 1,200 TO 2,400 SQ. FT. UNITS; REASONABLE; INSPECTION INVITED. LEXINGTON AV., NEAR 57TH ST. 936-938

LOFT, 50x200, third floor, 627-641 West 43d St.; elevator, light on all sides, alternating and direct current; sprinkler system. For full particulars write or phone Mr. Allen, 607 West 43d. Phone Longacre 298.

FIFTH AVENUE OFFICES

beautifully furnished and decorated; for immediate possession; $125 per month; expiration of lease, Jan. 31, 1921. Phone Fitz Roy 1834.

FINE light offices, corner 33d St. and Madison Av.; owner would lease for period of years following six months' subletting. Write or call Room 603, 171 Madison Av., New York.

FOR RENT—Immediate possession, store and basement, 348 West 29th St., 63x100; capacity 200 pounds; top floor, 21 White St. 50x100; 5th floor, 25x100, 128 Bleecker St. Phone owner, Longacre 2720.

ABOVE 50th St., west of 10th Av., light, airy loft, 25x90; steam heated; suitable for light manufacturing concern. Box E. G., 1516 3d Av.

ABOUT 600 square feet or less to sublet; can be used for offices or show-room in modern building; telephone connection if desired. Apply Room 1711, 315-4th Ave.

OFFICES, LOFTS, WAREHOUSES, SHOWROOMS; LAST SECTIONS. J. LAWRENCE DAVIES, 32 NASSAU ST. JOHN 1171. 51 EAST 4TH ST. VANDERBILT 438.

TOP LOFT—Exceptional light, 2,000 feet, heat and elevator; modern building; immediate possession. 144 West 18th St. Phone Watkins 8665.

MODERN fire-proof building, 250 lbs. carrying capacity; mid-town section; immediate possession. Brett & Goods Co., 582 5th Av. Bryant 695.

WONDERFUL STUDIO SPACE.

5th Av., southwest corner 36th St., 9th floor; 2,000 sq. ft. Apply Duane Co., 296 Broadway. Telephone 248 Worth.

STORE or building; long-term lease; 34th, near 5th Av.; require year's security; $15,000; principals only. Address "Opportunity," Box 108, Station F., Manhattan.

OUTSIDE private office furnished complete, with telephone. Location 103 Park Av., near Grand Central Terminal. D 422 Times.

SUBLET, 1,140 Broadway, corner 26th St., 7th floor; about 4,000 square feet, all or in sections of 1,290-1,000, 950-755; no manufacturing; apply on premises.

FOR RENT—Automobile storage space; $4 per month. Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, Garden City, L. I. Phone Garden City 1580.

SHOWROOMS AND OFFICES TO LET, AT 25 AND 27 WEST 36TH ST. INQUIRE S. SIMON, 23 WEST 36TH ST. TELEPHONE FITZROY 2281.

5TH AV.—Advertisers will sublet elegantly furnished mahogany offices, best location, Manhattan 1 to 4 light offices; stenographic and telephone privileges. Fitzroy 867.

PARLOR floor, with bathroom, Madison Av., near 60th St.; suitable physician or light business. Henry D. Winant, 546 Madison Av. Tel. Plaza 2493.

11,000 SQUARE FEET

SUITABLE FOR MACHINE SHOP (now equipped with modern machinery); PAINT-SHOP, STORAGE, &c.; ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF BUILDING; reasonable rental. Apply Manager, Biltmore Garage, 205 East 47th St.

FOR RENT—Ideal building for manufacturing or storage; 12,000 feet on ground floor; light, heat, water; cement floor and railroad siding; also several smaller buildings. Curtiss Aeroplane and Motor Corporation, Garden City, L. I. Phone Garden City 1580.

GROUND FLOOR STORE & BASEMENT, 20x100 for lease for term of years, just east of 8th Av., upper 40's; Fifth Av's most exclusive section; possession Oct. 1, 1921. M. MORGENTHAU JR. CO., 206 Broadway. Cort. 3966.

TWO LOWER LOFTS, with cellar, 25x100; suitable for manufacturing; steam heat, electricity. Neumann, 529 East 47th.

DESK space, including desk, stenographic and telephone services; in newly mahogany furnished office. Room 209, 311 5th Av.

AVENUE FRONT OFFICE, 348 West 57th St., $30; very light. Brooks, 872 9th Av. Telephone 1852 Columbus.

AVENUE STORE, corner lofts, Seventh Av., corner 24th St.; very desirable. Brooks, 872 9th Av. Telephone 1852 Columbus.

SMALL OFFICE in modern office building, vicinity Broadway and 23d St., $50 month. Phone Watkins 9176.

AT 83 PARK ROW—Office and desk room, stenographic and telephone service. 503 World Bldg.

TOP FLOOR—5,000 square feet; large freight elevator; immediate possession. 512 W. 53d St.

POSTAL LIFE BUILDING, 8th Av. cor. 43d St.—818 feet; immediate possession. Apply Room 811.

DENTIST'S OFFICE to let, waiting room, shared by physician. 237 Central Park West, near 84th.

MOST desirable space, about 300 ft. in Townsend Bldg., 1,123 Broadway, corner 25th St. S 32 Times.

42D ST., 90 EAST— Two upper floors; suitable for studios or business offices; rental reasonable. Apply Empire Restaurant.

LARGE OFFICE, 1,778 Broadway, corner 57th St., 3d floor; big advertising window; immediate possession. Phone Circle 6441.

SMALL private office for rent in Wall St. district, with or without telephone and stenographic service. Phone John 1304.

FLOOR, 18x60, suitable office, clubroom, showroom; lease. 125 West 43d.

DESK ROOM, also stock; large, light office; full service. Onyx, 126 Madison Av.

PARLOR FLOOR,
business; straight lease. 53 West 56th.

STORE, 14x36, at 827 Broadway. Inquire in restaurant on premises.

OFFICE, electric lights, running water; 101 West 42d. Tel. Hale, Vanderbilt 5750.

MAIL and telephone privilege; excellent service. Duane, 296 Broadway. Worth 248.

OFFICE and desk room space. Phone service. Meltzner & Wolfe, 44 E 23d St.

LOFTS—40 West 27th St., 42 West 3d, 137 2nd St. Rhinelander 9937.

LOFT for rent. C. H. Smith, 460 Tremont Av. Tel. 618 Tremont.

Bronx.

LOFT, elevator, steam heat, fireproof; excellent labor location. 2,505 3d Av., near 137th.

New Jersey.

STORE to let on the main thoroughfare; a splendid location for automobile accessories or any other business; rent $40 per month. For further particulars call or address M. H. Burke & Co., Somerville, N. J.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

LOFT 5,000 feet or more; must have sprinkler, steam heat and good light, elevator; below Grand St.; will take possession immediately, with 5-year lease. Best references furnished. The Davidson Press, Inc., 27 New Chambers St., New York.

DESK ROOM—Statistician desires desk room, Wall St. district, preferably with lawyers or accountants. A 636 Times Downtown.

WANTED—A site suitable for a boys' camp; one with buildings and equipment preferred. W 943 Times Downtown.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE

New Jersey—For Sale or To Let.

NEW STUCCO HOUSES at Bergenfield, N. J., 12 miles out, $9,000 to $11,000, terms arranged; exceptional value. Murray & Hill Co., 1,138 St. Nicholas Av., N. Y. C.

FOR RENT, furnished, six months or longer, beautiful home; $350 per month. Telephone Orange 2393 or write 62 Walker Rd., West Orange, New Jersey.

FURNISHED seven-room home in nearby suburb for rent to March 15; references required. K 927 Times Downtown.

Connecticut—For Sale or To Let.

WATERFRONT residence at Sound Beach, Conn.; 50 minutes out; large house, broad verandas 3 sides overlooking many miles Sound and Greenwich Cove; two-car garage with chauffeur's room; trees, gardens, bathing beach, &c.; 5 minutes' motor ride station; for sale, furnished or unfurnished. S. O. Edmonds, 32 Liberty St., New York. Tel. John 3569 or Stamford Tel. 1157-12.

REAL ESTATE WANTED

OUR clients want dwellings in Greenwich Village and Washington Square sections. WILLIAMS-DEXTER CO., INC., Chelsea 2389.

72 Greenwich Av.

OWNERS can dispose of Westchester properties advantageously through Allen & Mould, Real Estate, 512 5th Av., N. Y.

FARMS.

Miscellaneous—For Sale or To Let.

HOMESEEKERS—Send for Virginia Farm List. Dept. 94, Emporia, Va.

FACTORIES.

FACTORY for sale, 5,000 sq. ft., with R. R. siding and 3 acres of land, near Newark labor; wood trim mill, suitable for other uses. William Ryan, 29 Broadway, N. Y.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

4TH AV., Near 29th St. (4th Av. Hotel)—2 sunny rooms and bath; furnished; parquet floors; hotel service; $21 weekly.

5TH AV., 741, AT 57TH ST.—ARTISTICALLY FURNISHED APARTMENT. LIVING ROOM, BEDROOM, DEN AND BATH; MAID SERVICE, TELEPHONE.

5TH, 18 EAST—Studio apartment, spacious living room, bedroom, foyer, bath, southern and northern exposure; fireplace, overlooking garden. Seen 3 to 6. Tough.

307TH (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Apartment hotel, exclusively for women; corner suite, two rooms, bath; beautifully furnished; $30 weekly up. Hotel Rutledge.

318T, 22 EAST (near 5th Av.)—2 rooms, bath, light and clean; well furnished; good service. Hampton.

34TH, 148 EAST—Parlor floor, 2 large, well-furnished and clean; bath and kitchenette; year's lease. Mrs. Lybeck.

34TH, 143 EAST—One large room; well furnished; bath, kitchenette; lease.

35TH, 13 EAST—Very large living room, fireplace, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath, attractive furniture, telephone; top floor, 6 months; $150 a month; call Saturday or Sunday. Telephone Fitzroy 2412.

447TH, 9 EAST—Housekeeping, two beautiful rooms; complete kitchen, bath; $175 month.

48TH, 20 EAST—Two apartments, each foyer, large living room, bedroom and bath; either may be had furnished or unfurnished, extremely reasonable prices; immediate occupancy; leases, one year or two. See Superintendent or phone Murray Hill 1303 or Vanderbilt 7035.

48TH, 62 WEST—2 rooms, furnished, bath, electric grill, private telephone; exclusive apartment. Lieson. Call between 10 and 5.

49TH, 19 EAST—Apartment, 2 rooms and bath; furnished. Babcock.

51ST, 159 EAST.

Two rooms, neat kitchen and bath, nicely furnished, $125. Call or phone Plaza 645.

40 EAST 51ST ST.
One and two rooms with bath.

60TH, 147 EAST.

Two rooms, bath, kitchenette; $165. Bryant 2032.

63D ST. (corner Madison Av.)—Apartments, beautifully furnished corner suite; 2 rooms, bath; $60 per room, bath, up. Hotel Ashton.

93D, 172 EAST—Light, two rooms, kitchenette, bath, newly decorated; maid service. A high class furnished floor, 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette; $150. Murray Hill section. 244 Lexington Avenue.

APARTMENTS AT HOTEL ASHTON.

Madison Av., southwest corner 53d St.—Newly decorated apartment, 1 room and bath, $60 up; 2 rooms, bath, $100 up; hotel service; extraordinary value; block from Park; restaurant. Telephone Lenox 272.

FURNISHED apartment to let, 736 Madison Av., near corner of 64th St., two rooms and bath; $175 per month. See Superintendent on premises.

GENTLEWOMAN will share her modern apartment of comfort and charm with young woman professionally employed; references, highest type, given, requested. Telephone L., Madison Square 2900, Apt. 7.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Furnished—East Side.

LEXINGTON AV., 740—Modern

APARTMENTS TO LET.

Unfurnished—West Side.

302 CENTRAL PARK WEST, 2 and 3 rooms, including maid service; $1,400 to $2,000. Sharp & Co., 2,480 Broadway.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 431-439—4-room apartments, real kitchen; entire block; remodeled into best type of modern dwelling; $90-$120; lease only.

CENTRAL PARK WEST—Attractive two rooms, kitchenette, bath; references. 15 West 96th.

DOMESTIC PROBLEM SOLVED at 1 West 67th St. Every apartment is connected with a central kitchen, by means of electric dumbwaiter, and your own food is cooked without care or charge by professional chef. We also have a competent maid service, relieving tenants of the necessity of maintaining servants. Swimming pool in basement; restaurant and grill room. Rents no higher than any other first-class apartment hotel. One large and one small apartment available. Telephone Columbus 4204.

EXCEPTIONAL APARTMENTS.
150 West 85th St., 2 and 4 rooms and kitchenette; modern; reasonable rents; immediate possession.

GREENWICH VILLAGE—Grove Chambers, 84-86 Grove St.; two and three, large, light bath and kitchenette apartments; new elevator building; $1,200 to $2,000. Meltzer & Riley, 6 Sheridan Sq. Spring 772.

MANHATTAN AV., 312 (cor. 113th St.)—4-room front apartment, ground floor; facing park; rent $90; immediate possession.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 51 (corner 78th)—Modern elevator apartments, 2, 3 or 4 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $1,200 to $2,000. Inspect on premises. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 528, opposite Grant's Tomb—Six rooms, elevator; every modern improvement. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 312 (103d)—Sublet to October next; $150 monthly; parlor floor; three rooms, bath, kitchen. Boyer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 312 (near 94th)—Eight light rooms; elevator; immediate. Ernest Tribelhorn.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 706 (Cor. 148th)—Four rooms, $140; possession; 7th-8th floor; fireproof building. Cortlandt 3661. Audubon 6804.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 900—High class, eight light, outside room apartment, two baths; immediate possession. Apply Superintendent.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 200 (corner 98th)—Seven, eight rooms, two baths. Apply Supt.

WEST END AV., 411 (corner 80th)—Nine, ten rooms. Apply Supt.

$500 SECURES ownership in property and a 5, 4 or 5 room apartment, all outside rooms, in modern new law corner, overlooking beautiful park and lake; rental $38 to $83, worth $70 to $100; ready for occupancy Nov. 15. Apply on premises, 4 to 6 P. M., 500 West 174th St.

4-5-6 and 7 rooms, near 137th St. station, Broadway subway; 100 per cent. cooperative plan; possession at once; rents average $10 per room; investment $250 per room. Shaw & Co., 1 West 125th St.

Unfurnished—Bronx.

NEW BUILDING—5-room apartment, moderate rental, 178th St. and Topping Av., 3 blocks east of Grand Concourse; convenient to "L" and subway.

$95—Five rooms, all outside; University Heights section. Lindsey. Phone 4576 Tremont.

Unfurnished—Brooklyn.

BEAUTIFUL OCEAN PARKWAY—8 rooms, including front enclosed porch; with garage; one block from school; good transit facilities; all improvements; must be seen to be appreciated. Apply 567 Ocean Parkway.

68 TO 72 COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 9, 5 rooms, bath and kitchenette, $1100 up; 4 minutes Wall St. C. Girard, 215 Montague St.

Unfurnished—New Jersey.

EAST ORANGE, 254 North Grove St.—40 minutes from Broadway via Lackawanna; ideal apartments in new building; 3, 4, 5, 6 rooms and bath; every modern convenience; $80 to $140 month; steam heated garage if desired, $15; possession Oct. 1. Apply Supt. on premises or FEIST & FEIST, "Management Engineers," 705 Broad St., Newark.

EAST ORANGE—High-class elevator apartment house, five and four room apartments, $125, $120; adults; references; immediate possession; lease. Petersen, 98 Sussex Av., East Orange.

APARTMENTS WANTED.

Furnished.

IMMEDIATELY or within three weeks, by married couple, in good neighborhood, two, three rooms; bath, kitchenette; modern conveniences; no lease. Write, fully particulars and monthly rental to M. Protzen, 106 West 47th St., Room 335.

DESIRE furnished apartment, two rooms, bath, kitchenette; elevator building preferred to 42d to 86th. Lexington to 7th Av.; rent in neighborhood of $175. Telephone Peyton, Rector 4058, 12 to 2.

FURNISHED apartment desired by couple; West Side preferred; opportunity for party leaving town to have place properly cared for; will pay reasonable rent; references exchanged. G 121 Times.

6-8 ROOMS, well furnished, 70-96, west side, small quite family; 6 months; responsible; references; $250-$300. L. Funcke, 288 Amsterdam Av. Columbus 2467.

IF you wish to rent your apartment, furnished, for six months or longer, send us full particulars at once. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d St. Tel. 7240 Columbus.

COMPLETELY furnished small apartment, with kitchen and bath in convenient east side location; young married couple; not over $125. Phone Astoria 8750.

BY THREE ADULTS for six months or longer, apartment two bedrooms and real kitchen; not over $90 per month. C 207 Times.

FOUR rooms, all improvements; immediate occupancy; not over $50; Bronx section; bonus paid. W 956 Times Downtown.

LIST now for Fall occupancy. E. K. Van Winkle, 152 West 72d St. Columbus 1077.

Unfurnished.

BACHELOR wishes (September, 1921) unfurnished apartment of two master bedrooms with baths, large living room, dining room and kitchen; good sized closets; servants' room for man and wife and bath on east side below 70th St. S 1078 Times Annex.

EIGHT or nine room apartment, unfurnished; four master bedrooms, two master baths, maid's room and bath; reasonable rent. S 1079 Times Annex.

FURNISHED 3 or 4 room housekeeping apartment; responsible couple; west side, between 72d and 100th St.; state price and particulars. C 211 Times.

APARTMENT, 7 or 8 rooms, 2 baths; locality 12th St. to 90th St.; elevator; telephone service; references required. C 227 Times.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

East Side.

307H (Corner Lexington Av., 163)—Exclusively for women; $11 weekly and up; room with use of bath, $14 weekly up; room with private bath, $18 weekly up; cozy, sunny, comfortable. Hotel Rutledge.

37TH ST., 125 EAST (n. e. cor. Lex. Ave)—Vanderbilt Studios, very simply furnished room; 4th floor; $34 per month; lease; refinement essential; references.

797H, 338 EAST—Private house for 2 gentlemen friends; front parlor, 3 windows; steam heat, shower bath; also a small room for 1 gentleman; references exchanged.

89TH, 154 EAST—Medium-sized room for gentleman; $9; private house.

LARGE, attractively furnished room, bath; fireplace; private house; references. Murray Hill 4421.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,264 (85th St.)—2 front, connecting, light, sunny rooms; private home; elevator, telephone, subway. Kaeslin.

LEXINGTON AV., 250 — Neatly furnished double room.

MADISON AV., 1,427—Two furnished, light, modern rooms; electricity. Lenox 6226. Apartment 6A.

MADISON AV., 785 (66th)—Suite, convenient bath; electricity; $20; one, two gentlemen.

West Side.

12TH, 43 WEST—Two rooms and bath, also single room; breakfast optional.

16TH, 31 WEST—Single, double, private bath; telephone, restaurant, desirable service, comfort.

20TH, 420 WEST — Air, sunshine, steam, electricity; next bath; clean, central. Myer.

22D, 350 WEST—Beautiful two-room suite, adjoining bath; $20, $22; reference.

35D, 171 WEST—Two corner rooms, suitable doctor or dentist (first floor).

24TH, 453 WEST—Two beautifully furnished rooms as apartment; heat, electric; telephone.

44TH, 126 WEST—Large front room, two windows; electricity; gentleman only. Greene.

47TH ST., WEST, Near 8th Av.—Large front room, furnished, $85. Bryant 6211.

[illegible] ST., 8 WEST—Two attractive, completely furnished small rooms, adjacent to bath; gentlemen only; references; high-class tea room in building.

50TH, 61 WEST—Single room, board; private bath; gentlemen.

51ST, 215 WEST (Apt. 1)—Large, choice outside room; kitchen privileges; $75.

58TH ST., 37 WEST—Attractive, large rooms; private baths; convenient location; references.

64TH ST., 10 WEST—2-room suite, adjoining bath; business couple, men. King.

65TH ST., Near Central Park — Well-furnished suite; quiet apartment; southern exposure; gentleman; $25 week. Tel. Columbus 7916.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

70TH, 125 WEST—Superior accommodations to refined parties; double, single rooms; large suites; two rooms, bath; cleanliness; electricity.

70TH, 235 WEST—Large room, twin beds, dressing room, running water; suitable two; also medium room. Columbus 4795.

70TH, 140 WEST—Large room, twin beds; electricity, steam, parquet; private bath-room; telephone; gentlemen preferred.

70TH, 40 WEST—Luxuriously furnished double room, adjoining bath; kitchenette privileges; reasonable.

70TH, 130 WEST—Parlor floor, 3 rooms, bath; improvements; physician; bachelor. Columbus 1242.

70TH, 206 WEST—Small, attractive suite; high-class house; business people preferred.

71ST ST., 342 WEST—Large, light, well-furnished rooms; twin beds; suitable for couple or two gentlemen; reasonable. Mitten.

71ST ST., 132 WEST—Comfortable room; private bath; kitchenette privileges; references.

71ST, 56 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED PARLOR; ELECTRICITY; REFERENCES.

71ST, 143 WEST—Large front room; electricity; phone; gentlemen only.

72D, 22 WEST—Delightful large front room; electricity, private bath; gentlemen preferred.

72D (Broadway)—Room, private bath, lavatory (modern); private family; $12, or large room $16. Telephone 9374 Columbus.

72D, 308 WEST—Pleasant room, $12; gentleman. F. E. Workman.

73D, 152 WEST—Exclusive bachelor suite, two large rooms, bath; high ceilings; hardwood floors; large closets; elegantly furnished; Oriental rugs, silk hangings, &c.; maid, linen service, phone, breakfast.

73D, 130 WEST—Neatly furnished, large room and bath; reference.

74TH, 159 WEST—Handsomely furnished double rooms and suites; private tile bath; kitchenette privileges, complete housekeeping; weekly or monthly; reasonable.

74TH ST., 161 WEST—Very attractive single room, bath, electric lights; all improvements; gentleman.

74TH, 145 WEST—Large front room, suitable for two, running water; references; also skylight room.

75TH, 116 WEST—Large and medium rooms; electricity; steam heat; permanent; gentlemen.

75TH, 327 WEST—Beautiful, large room; private bath; twin beds.

75TH, 127 WEST—Very desirable, well-furnished room, dressing room.

76TH, 239 WEST — Choice well furnished rooms, private bath, twin beds; gentlemen.

77TH—Bachelors; beautifully furnished parlor, bedroom, dressing room, bath; facing Park; all conveniences; refined home; references exchanged. Schuyler 9690.

77TH, 111 WEST—Desirable large room, all conveniences; gentlemen; references; reasonable.

78TH, 329 WEST—Sunny rooms; new furnishings; electricity; private baths. Mrs. Smart, formerly West 72d St.; kitchenette privilege.

79TH, 204 WEST—Attractive room, one or two persons, $8. Forde.

80TH, 100 WEST—2 large, outside rooms, with use of bath and living room, in quiet family hotel to desirable party. McCoun, Suite 91.

80TH, 124 WEST—Attractive front room; all conveniences; suitable two or three.

82D, 5 WEST (Apt. 2)—Newly furnished, decorated suite; room, with running water; piano; board optional; conveniences.

82D, 33 WEST—Beautiful large parlor floor, kitchenette, front, basement housekeeping; electricity.

83D ST., 17 WEST—BEAUTIFULLY FURNISHED ROOMS IN MODERN PRIVATE DWELLING FOR BUSINESS MEN ONLY; PRIVATE WASHROOM, LAVATORIES AND BATHS; ELECTRICITY AND TELEPHONE SERVICE; RESIDENTIAL NEIGHBORHOOD, JUST WEST OF CENTRAL PARK; REFERENCES REQUIRED.

84TH, 152 WEST—Nice furnished, light room; electricity, hot and cold running water; all improvements; gentlemen preferred. Bernhardt.

84TH ST., 320 WEST—Artistically furnished housekeeping suite to quiet couple. Schuyler 3810.

85TH, 66 WEST — Handsomely furnished rooms, near bath; electricity, telephone; references required.

86TH, 206 WEST (6 East)—Beautifully furnished front suits; elevator; shower; modern.

86TH, 139 WEST—Luxuriously furnished front parlor; southern exposure; business couple; electricity.

87TH ST., WEST (Broadway)—Well-furnished double room; kitchen privileges for breakfast; business people. Schuyler 7904.

87TH, 40 WEST—Unusually large, with connecting dressing room; also superior apartment; references.

87TH, 342 WEST—Newly renovated large room, bath, $25; single, $10; references.

87TH, 340 WEST—Newly renovated large rooms, dressing rooms, private bath, $25.

87TH, 68 WEST—Large modern room, private bath, maid service. Schuyler 3306.

88TH, 56 WEST—Large room with dressing room, comfortably furnished; suitable for gentlemen or couple; $22 weekly.

90TH, 271 WEST—Nicely furnished light front room, $50 month. Riverside 8860.

90TH, 57 WEST—Large room with alcove; reference. Owner.

92D, WEST—Two sunny rooms, running water; subway; in Christian family. Riverside 8651.

93D, 146 WEST—Top floor front; elaborately furnished double room; running water.

93D, 263 WEST—Double room; southern exposure; bath adjoining; all conveniences.

93D ST., 307 WEST—Desirable room with board.

93TH ST., 330 WEST (Apt. 43)—Attractive medium sized room, near Riverside.

96TH (Near Park) — Large, beautifully furnished room; large closets; strictly private bath; electricity; gentleman; $75 monthly. Riverside 5413.

97TH ST. and DRIVE—Living and bedroom, with private family, $30 weekly. 6780 River (Apt. 1B).

97TH—Beautiful, furnished room, private apartment, gentlemen, $16. Phone Riverside 301.

98TH, 254 WEST—Exclusive home, artistically furnished, large room, running water, private bath; references; gentlemen. Apartment 7.

98TH, 254 WEST (Apt. 5)—Very attractive room, with breakfast.

100TH, 253 WEST—Charming large room, attractively furnished as bachelor's living room; private bath; suitable for business couple, gentlemen; also single rooms; remodeled American residence.

102D, 244 WEST—Beautiful large room, running water; also room private bath.

105TH, WEST—Large, light, warm, attractive rooms; single or en suite. Academy 1120.

108TH, 256 WEST—Parlor, with piano, facing Broadway; flight. Academy 1331, Clement.

110TH, 509 WEST—Attractive rooms; bath; running water; exclusive home; gentlemen; 5 B

111TH, 503 WEST — For business woman, nicely furnished, near bath, elevator apartment; private family; references; $10. Apt. 33.

111TH, 605 WEST—Small, comfortable, light room; business woman. Apt. 2.

113TH, 517 WEST—Beautifully furnished front room; private family, board optional. Apt. 21. Telephone Cathedral 6465.

113TH, 536 WEST—Comfortable furnished room; twin beds; lavatory; gentlemen. Apt. 21.

113TH, 527 WEST—Large front room, dressing room; open fire; parquet floor; electric lighted; closets, bath. Cathedral 7234.

122D, 416 WEST (Apt. 54)—Large room, overlooking park, suitable for two.

127TH (Corner Claremont Av.)—Suite suitable two, three; telephone; bath; 3 minutes subway, bus. Inquire Restaurant, Janitor.

128TH (10 St. Nicholas Terrace)—Outside room, American family; apartment. La Force.

129TH, 257 WEST—Large room, gentleman, private family; modern; elevator apartment. Grau.

130TH, 420 WEST—Desirable room, all conveniences; gentleman preferred. Mrs. F. Heitsmer.

130TH, 615 WEST—Very desirable room, second floor; electric grill; $8; next bath; steam; buses. Apt. 10.

140TH ST. (61 Hamilton Place)—Single, pleasant, front room. Apartment 21.

147TH, 546 WEST (Broadway)—Elevator; Christian family; gentleman; references; $8 week. Reed.

148TH (3,605 Broadway)—Modern, two large, comfortably furnished; Hudson view; clean, quiet, refined; kitchen privileges; references. Apt. 33.

151ST, 601 WEST — Choice room, elevator apartment; gentleman. Apt. 29. Hipkins.

152D, 551 WEST—Exceptionally large, pleasant room, running water; also small room; electric light; private home; references.

160TH ST. (Cor. Broadway)—Large outside parlor, connecting bedroom; scrupulously clean; high-class elevator apartment, with private American family. Inquire 2,824 Broadway. Phone Audubon 704.

164TH, 548 WEST — Comfortably furnished room, adjoining bath; telephone, electricity; congenial. Strauss.

169TH, 709 WEST (Apt 1G)—Large room, modern, adjoining bath, first floor, suitable for two, with private Christian family; subway. Telephone Wadsworth 4218.

171ST, 568 WEST—Bedroom, sitting room or one large room; business couple or 2 gentlemen; private references. Steckler.

FURNISHED ROOMS.

West Side.

179TH, 651 WEST—Attractive, independent, light room adjoining bath; refined home. Austin.

BUSINESS gentleman can find light, homelike room, near 125th St.; modern; $8. Cathedral 9318.

CENTRAL PARK WEST (100th)—Large, well furnished room, overlooking park; elevator; convenient subway and "L"; $12. Academy 1804.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 320 — Beautiful large room, twin beds; references. Riverside 1951.

ELEGANT ROOM—Quiet, restful room in private apartment; just the place for business man who enjoys refined surroundings at a reasonable cost; Riverside Drive, convenient to 96th St. subway and bus; references exchanged. Phone Riverside 2984.

MANHATTAN AV., 512—Beautiful front room; also rear, single or double; newly furnished; all conveniences; gentlemen. Apartment 8.

NICELY furnished room, adjoining bath, modern apartment; private family; ideal location, near subway; $18; gentleman. Phone Riverside 6536.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE—Superior outside room, adjoining bath; magnificent fireproof apartment; all night elevator; $20 weekly, $75 monthly. Telephone Schuyler 844 from 10-4.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (near 96th)—Handsomely furnished room to let to high class business man; references exchanged; phone Riverside 2984.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 715—Beautiful newly furnished room, adjoining bath; every convenience; clean home with couple; business men. Cohn.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 202—Private family have beautiful room and bath; gentlemen. Stanhope.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (151ST)—9 rooms, use kitchen, elevator apt. Audubon 3950. Wallace.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 530 (124th)—Attractive room for girl; use kitchen mornings, $10 week, monthly. Morningside 2842. Apt. 3B.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE (312 West 107th)—Elegant, spacious room; conveniences; high-class residence.

SPECIALIZE in furnished rooms and small apts. for first class clientele. Greater New York Renting Co., 167 West 13th St., corner 7th Av. Watkins 544.

TWO front rooms to let, unfurnished, with bath; second floor, private entrance, near Central Park. D 409 Times.

WEST END AV. (lower Seventies)—Nicely furnished, sunny room with private bath, three large closets; elevator service; will lease until July 1, 1921, at $100 per month. F 436 Times.

WEST END AV., 483 (near 80th St.)—Large, sunny room with dressing room; also medium-sized room, moderate rental; near 79th subway. Telephone Schuyler 2015.

WEST END AV. (104th St.)—Large front room, adjoining bath; board optional; unusual home for party appreciating same; couple or single. Telephone 2724 Academy.

WEST END AV., 322 (75th)—Beautifully furnished, large parlor suite, piano, private bath, kitchenette privilege; all conveniences reasonable.

WEST END AV., 700 (94TH)—Large outside rooms, southern exposure, newly furnished. Phone Riverside 2062. M. M. Bell.

WEST END AV., 531 — Newly furnished rooms; refined Holland family; reference. Boesman.

Bronx.

TWO front connecting rooms in a private house; one or two gentlemen; $85 per month; one block from subway. Phone Tremont 6357.

Brooklyn.

63D ST., 422—Large front parlor, adjoining bedroom, bath, heat, service, 25 minutes from Times Square (59th St. subway express station); breakfast optional; reasonable.

SCHERMERHORN ST., 296, Brooklyn — Roomers, house completely renovated; all new furniture; heat, electric light; two blocks Nevins St. subway.

Long Island.

ELMHURST, L. I.—Five minutes from train or trolleys; a family without children in one of the handsomest homes have a large furnished bedroom to rent, without meals, to a business lady with references. X 2066 Times Annex.

LARGE bedroom and connecting room, suitable business couple; all improvements. Newtown 682J.

New Jersey.

ROOM and bath in commuter's home; every comfort; $5. Telephone 525-W.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

518T, 215 WEST (Apt. 1)—Large, choice outside room; kitchen privileges; $75.

116TH ST., 105 EAST — Unfurnished room, heat. Casabona.

Bronx.

84TH, 105 WEST—Two large front rooms; heat, electricity. A. Loram.

ROOMS WANTED.

Furnished.

REFINED English couple want light housekeeping room; must be scrupulously clean; private family preferred; select neighborhood; within easy reach Times Square. H 479 Times.

BOARD and room wanted by refined Christian business man, preferably in small private family. Write full particulars, M. E. B., 46 West 24th St.

BUSINESS WOMAN wants room, not above 96th St. J 245 Times.

JAPANESE wants room; good family; city or near country. J 228 Times.

ROOM wanted by young man; give location and particulars. F 483 Times.

BOARDERS WANTED.

East Side.

307H (corner Lexington Av., 163)—Room with meals, $18 weekly up; good home cooking, hotel service, elevator; telephone; for women exclusively. Hotel Rutledge.

LEXINGTON AV., 1,345—2 large rooms and board; conveniences; private house; telephone.

MADISON AV., 213 (Near 36th)—Attractive rooms; excellent table; references.

West Side.

54TH, 54 WEST.
Large rooms, private bath; references.

58TH, 44 WEST—Elegant back parlor suite; other rooms; table the best.

70TH, 23 WEST—Large room, top floor, bath adjoining; refined Jewish surroundings; excellent cuisine; table guests. Mrs. Newburg.

71ST, 303 WEST—Large, sunny double rooms, private bath; breakfast only.

78D ST. (corner), 279 West End Av.
THE WILLIAM HENRY.
Exclusive residential hotel, overlooking river; luxuriously appointed rooms with private baths; bountiful and excellent table.

74TH (near Riverside)—Two large separate rooms; elevator; gentlemen; attractive, exclusive neighborhood, and excellent home cooking. Telephone 2139 Columbus.

76TH, 9 WEST—Elegant front room, suitable 2-3; refined Jewish boarding house; excellent table.

76TH ST., 38 WEST—A large room in a refined Jewish home. Aronstamm.

80TH, 143 WEST—Large, comfortable room adjoining bath; table board; electricity; references.

82D, 124 WEST (Graycourt)—Attractive, modern; steam heat; references; table guests.

86TH, 257-261 WEST—West End Chambers; Rooms and suites.

154TH, 428 WEST—Large room with large private bath; private residence; select.

158TH ST., 636 WEST—Splendid rooms, excellent table; private residence; table guests.

AMERICAN family offer exceptional home, living, bedroom, lavatory; handsomely furnished; meals if desired. Phone 7980 Cathedral. Apartment 20.

BROADWAY, 3,810—Elevator, Apt. 44, 157th subway station; Jewish family; elegant room, board, bath; reasonable; couple; single. Fuerst.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 320 (Corner 104th St.)—Southern exposure every room; private bath and telephone; elevator; Hungarian chef; refined Hebrew social surroundings. Mrs. Ida Marks.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 222 (94th.)—Sunny room; adjoins bath; excellent table. Apt. 34. 9881 Riverside.

WEST END AV., 732 (95th)—Comfortable room, suitable two; dressing room and bath attached; table guests; references.

BOARD WANTED.

NICE family wants three furnished rooms in a refined and respectable American boarding house. 145 Rutland Road, Flatbush, Brooklyn. Tel. Flatbush 6063.

COUNTRY BOARD.

PAYING GUEST wanted by young couple; home surroundings; excellent table; laundry; 30 minutes Wall St., Long Island. 2 2106 Times Annex.

A FEW Fall and Winter vacancies; adults only; Chester Hill; five minutes' walk to New Haven station. Phone 2625 Mount Vernon, N. Y.

COUNTRY BOARD.

EVELYN LODGE, 25 min. from Wall St., charming all-year residence, costly furnished; excellent chef and service; parlors, porches, lawns, comforts; weekly, $20 per adult, with meals; 75 guests; 12 years one management; booklet, 71 Central Av., St. George, S. I. Block from ferry.

SCARSDALE—Large room, charmingly furnished; twin beds, private bath, shower; garage; excellent table; private family; exceptional opportunity; gentleman and wife or two men. Box 841 Scarsdale. Tel. White Plains 1042-M.

DOUGLAS MANOR HOTEL, Douglaston, L.I. —Large double rooms; private baths; 30 minutes Penn. Station; excellent train service.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Female

BOOKKEEPER—What have you to offer for a good, experienced double entry bookkeeper, capable of taking full charge of an office. Miss F., care Knickerbocker Waist Mfg. Co., 79 5th Av.

BOOKKEEPER, accountant, office manager; college woman; resourceful executive; thoroughly experienced, systems, financial statements; responsible; married. F 365 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, thoroughly experienced, typist, reliable, high school graduate. A 633 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, part time; write up books, daily or weekly; trial balances; reasonable. V 997 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER-TYPIST, 5 years' experience, trial balance; entire charge. 226 Lenox Av.

BOOKKEEPER, high school graduate, two years experience; $22. H., 1,921 3d Av.

CHAMBERMAID—Lady desires to place competent chambermaid or parlormaid with best city references. Call 16 W. 80th St.

GIRL, colored, neat, wishes part time. Write only, C. C. C., 250 West 53d.

GOVERNESS, English, speaking English, French, Spanish, seeks engagement with family going West or South. 850 Lexington Av.

GOVERNESS-TEACHER has opening in her home for backward child. Morningside 8554.

LADY with references wishes teach music and French to child during afternoon in private family. Post Office Station A, Box 33.

NURSE (graduate) at liberty mornings, desires position doctor's office. H 588 Times.

SECRETARY.

The advertiser has an exceptional acquaintance with current and modern literature, and with the history of various forms of art; this knowledge was acquired in the home rather than at college; she is 30 years old, of pleasing personality and accustomed to treating with educated people; possesses some knowledge of typewriting, stenography and office system; a position is desired as assistant to a professional man or woman where brains and a broad, general culture can be utilized; salary $1,800. C 221 Times.

SECRETARY-STENOGRAPHER, high class, absolutely expert technically; eight years varied experience; Christian; salary $35. L 44 Times.

SECRETARY—STENOGRAPHER — Expert office routine; 9 years' varied experience; reliable, capable; $35. K 597 Times.

SECRETARY, stenographer, experienced, well educated, executive ability, desires good position. Call Riverside 7291.

STENOGRAPHER, six years' experience, thorough knowledge office details; rapid, accurate, efficient to highest degree. F 422 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, desires connection with reputable firm; first class references furnished. Stenographer, 1,938 Madison Av.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, knowledge bookkeeping, also dictaphone; capable; salary $28; references. Gertrude Galner, 456 East 178th St., Bronx.

STENOGRAPHER, assistant bookkeeper, high school graduate; 1 year's experience; willing worker; references; $20. B 921 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, knowledge of bookkeeping, bright, beginner, 17, well recommended. Martha, 115 East Houston. Telephone Orchard 8277.

STENOGRAPHER, (not young), competent, dependable, seeks responsible position; knowledge Spanish; $35. F 514 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, with executive experience; take charge correspondence; also bookkeeper. L 63 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist; beginner; neat, accurate. Hanaman, 202 West 116th St. University 6950.

STENOGRAPHER—Christian, beginner; neat and willing worker. Box 120, 1,675 Lexington Av.

STENOGRAPHER and secretary, 5 years' experience engineering line; Christian, best of references. F 518 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, bright beginner, neat, competent; references. Tel. 6265 Tremont. 453 Tremont Av.

STENOGRAPHER — Bright girl, beginner, rapid, accurate, neat appearance; $18. Telephone 2723 Beekman.

TEACHER, visiting; understands children; English branches, Latin; very high references. Tel. Morningside 3963. B. 1023 Times Harlem.

TYPIST, 2½ years experience; $18-$20. C 189 Times.

WOMAN, middle-aged, light housekeeper and cook; business people or small family preferred. Box 35, 3,013 3d Av.

YOUNG LADY, neat, refined, wishes position, doctor's assistant, dental office preferred; $20-$18 to start. J 260 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

ACCOUNTANT, by the hour, day or job, a thoroughly practical man of wide experience in public accountancy; competent to audit, investigate firms and advise in all branches of accounting; charge moderate. T. E. Hobbs, Hotel Nassau, 56 E. 59th St. Phone Plaza 8100.

ACCOUNTANT, cost, constructive, production control, surveys; 25 years' varied experience; 3 years in Government service on special cost investigations; permanent connection desired as department head. B 930 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS — Certified accountant; certified financial statements, audits, systems, tax reports; arrangements firms without bookkeepers. Goldwater Co., 299 Broadway. Worth 5068.

ACCOUNTANT—University graduate, passed New York C. P. A. examination, five years' senior public accounting experience, seeks position with certified accountant. F 366 Times.

ACCOUNTANT, B. S., public accounting experience, hard worker, desires position with certified public accountant. A 620 Times Downtown.

ACCOUNTANTS, certified; audits, systems, bookkeeping arrangements, personal services; moderate charges. Wilcox, 1,604 Broadway. Bryant 8825.

ACCOUNTANT, good junior, one year's experience, desires permanent position. G 63 Times.

ADVERTISING—A young and enthusiastic advertising idea, plan, copy and detail man and sales letter writer, with a proved record, wishes to get in touch with a forward-looking business man who contemplates advertising on a small or medium scale; spare time on a moderate salary or fee basis. Write L 42 Times.

ADVERTISING young man, 22, 6 years' agency experience, classified manager newspaper, desires connection reliable concern, newspaper agency, controls accounts. Cheries, 408 Berry St., Brooklyn.

ADVERTISING man, direct mail trade papers; expert letter writer, capable general correspondence. V 286 Times.

BOOKKEEPER-STENOGRAPHER, 26, married; capable taking full charge; 12 years' experience; salary moderate. Saland, 1,637 Park Av.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, 20, high school graduate, accountancy student; take complete charge, stenographer, typist. Soroko, 96 Tompkins Av., Brooklyn.

BOOKKEEPER, correspondent, seven years' experience in office routine; $30. F 437 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, part time, write up books daily or weekly, trial balances; reasonable. V 753 Times Downtown.

BOY, 17, high school graduate, desires to learn drafting with some large engineering firm. F 444 Times.

BUTLER-VALET, Japanese, wishes position in bachelor's apartment or small family. T. K., 511 West 130th St.

CHAUFFEUR—Gentleman, going abroad indefinitely, wishes position for his colored chauffeur in private family; highest recommendations for driving, mechanical skill, honesty. Phone Lenox 7849.

CHAUFFEUR, good mechanic, wishes private position; very careful driver; drove high-class car. Frank Boehm. Tel. Lenox 8102.

CHAUFFEUR, 29, 12 years' shop and driving experience, 7 years with last employer; references. Tripp, 1,587 1st Av.

CHAUFFEUR, 33, 5 years' experience, wishes position; best of references. Tel Audubon 245. Walter Burke, 202 W. 148th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC—5 years' experience; all year around; best reference. 535 Morningside.

CHAUFFEUR, 15 years' experience; careful driver; excellent reference; salary $40. Knople, 205 West 109th. Tel. Schuyler 3900.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, married, wishes steady position; 7 years' experience; best of references. C 188 Times.

CHAUFFEUR wishes position, private or commercial; 5 years' experience. W. Golsen, 241 West 67th St.

CHAUFFEUR, with private family; can furnish best references; American. H 514 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, 27; 8 years' experience. Chandler, 227 East 72d. Rhinelander 3215.

CHAUFFEUR, 35, married, wishes private position; last place Packard twin six; reference. N. Heal, 291 East 136th St.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, American, single, 25, 7 years' experience; high grade car; 5 years last position; neat, obliging; furnish best references. Albert. Phone South 4549.

CHAUFFEUR, French, 15 years' experience; first-class references; wages $40. Maurice, 32 West 61st. Telephone Columbus 9553.

CHAUFFEUR and mechanic, 7 years' experience, best of references, wishes private position; married. Albert Odau, 450 East 148d St., Bronx.

CHAUFFEUR-USEFUL MAN, Norwegian, 25, single, trustworthy, neat, wishes private position, city or country; references. A Hansen, 295 Carroll St., Brooklyn.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, experienced, American, 32, single, reliable; reference; specialize Cadillac, twin Packard. Holloway, 261 West 112th.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, experience on Locomobiles, Packards, others, desires private position; trustworthy, reliable; references; salary $35. K 590 Times.

CHAUFFEUR-MECHANIC, experience high-grade cars; city, country. Phone Schuyler 7989 after 1 P. M. Francis J. Hickey, 148 West 85th St.

CHAUFFEUR - MECHANIC, single, wishes private position; years' experience, Chauffeur, Rhinelander 3795.

CHAUFFEUR-CHEF, Belgian, 31, 15 years' experience; best references. D 505 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, refined young man for evening and Sunday work. Audubon 2493.

CHEMIST, broad analytical research and manufacturing experience food products, dyestuffs, extracts, chemicals, thoroughly competent. 1900 67th St., Brooklyn.

CORRESPONDENT—Clean cut, sales, complaint, circular and general letter writer; advertising experience; office executive; uptown. V 287 Times.

COUPLE, cook, butler, chauffeur, open for engagement Nov. 15; go anywhere; Irish-American; reference. For interview write C 177 Times.

COUPLE, Spanish—Valet and lady's maid or butler and chambermaid; good references. Joseph Escribano, 102 West 38th St.

DRAFTSMAN, C. E., 28, technical graduate with H. S. education, desires practice; salary no object. H 550 Times.

DRAFTSMAN AND TOOL DESIGNER, first-class, desires to locate with a large tool manufacturing company. F 445 Times.

DRAFTSMAN, six years' experience; four years' schooling electrical engineering. H 552 Times.

DRAFTSMAN—Mechanical, three years' experience; tracer and detailer. B 925 Times Downtown.

FACTORY SUPT. AND MANAGER.

desires to connect with large manufacturing concern; has had several years' experience in handling labor and production. Box 26, 506 Fitzgerald Bldg.

GARDENER — Training gardener, single; would take position private estate. G 60 Times.

GENTLEMAN, literary, wishes general office work with literary syndicate or magazine. T. S. Godfrey, 1,961 West 56th St.

HOUSEMAN, position with private family. Main 3836, Nomura, 150 Gold St., Brooklyn.

HOUSEWORKER, general, Japanese, desires position in small private family. Telephone Lenox 4293.

SALESMAN covering two States for large Western automobile corporation desires to make a change; manufacturing product preferred. Z 2074 Times Annex.

SALESMAN with following city, road, seeks line; salary, commission. J 246 Times.

SECRETARY—Competent stenographer, good correspondent, knowledge bookkeeping, general office routine, initiative, tact, four years' experience, Christian, well educated; salary $35. A 694 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 25, expert, good correspondent, 7 years' experience, best references; thorough knowledge office details. B 931 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, English, Spanish, French; experienced; best references. 645 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, 22, educated; four years' experience; salary $25. A 662 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER - BOOKKEEPER, college man, executive, office management; salary $32. F 507 Times.

STEWARD, good manager; wife, head housekeeper; country; South. D 531 Times.

TRAFFIC, young efficient and experienced man desires position in industrial concern, claims, rates or tracing. Address Box A 646 Times Downtown.

TUTOR, college graduate, studying voice, wishes position as private tutor or secretarial correspondent; references exchanged. F 484 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 22, former civil service employe, experience as correspondent in credit department of glue house, desires position where intelligent, conscientious endeavor is appreciated; I LIKE A TOUGH JOB; salary $28-$30. F 527 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 29, university graduate, varied business and bank experience, foreign correspondent, speaks French, Italian, German, Russian, Hungarian, wants position anything. B 285 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, desires connection with reliable concern where satisfactory results will eventually lead to position as salesman; references. F 510 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 21, college student in evenings, desires position during day from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.; he has business experience; salary $23-$25. H. 455 Times.

YOUNG MAN, technical education, knowledge instr

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The New York Times

Count six words to an agate line. Per Agate Line.
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Employment Agencies..... 75c

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Business Opportunities (Agate Caps 20c) 15c
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HELP WANTED—Male.

SALESMEN,

To young men desirous of becoming automobile salesmen, an excellent opportunity presents itself to represent the most popular automobile made; junior salesmen paid a small salary, increasing with results; territory in New York City; only those who wish a permanent position should answer. Write, giving full particulars, which will be treated confidentially. T 624 Times Downtown.

SALESMAN, familiar with piano trade of Connecticut and Rhode Island, to sell through them the Silent Motora, an electric vacuum power unit, no bellows, for operating player pianos; can be instilled quickly without injury to any player; liberal commission; only a man who can average $5,000 per year after the first three months need apply; give full information as to age, experience and connections. Y 2130 Times Annex.

SALESMEN.

Long-established English publishing company offers exceptional opportunity to high-grade book salesmen; limited edition, biographical, selling from $175 to $600; most liberal commission and exclusive territory offered man producing maximum business; applications treated in strictest confidence. Give phone number. W 364 Times.

SALESMEN, GLOVES.

LARGE IMPORTER OF LADIES' FRENCH KID GLOVES HAS OPENING FOR EXPERIENCED SALESMEN WITH ESTABLISHED TRADE; COMMISSION BASIS; ONLY MEN WITH FIRST-CLASS ABILITY AND REFERENCES APPLY; MENTION TERRITORY NOW COVERING. Z 2085 TIMES ANNEX.

SALESMEN—Wanted three supersalesmen; prefer special edition promoters or solicitors of high class biographical writ-ups. Do not apply unless you have averaged from $4250 per week; it's a permanent connection with one of oldest and largest corporations; liberal commission, live leads. Appreciate give phone number; all correspondence confidential. T 134 Times.

SALESMEN, EXPERIENCED MEN'S NECKWEAR, FOR OHIO, PENNSYLVANIA, INDIANA AND MIDDLE WEST; ONLY THOSE WITH FOLLOWING AND ESTABLISHED TRADE NEED APPLY; COMMISSION BASIS WITH DRAWING ACCOUNT. NAT. POTAR & CO., 894-900 BROADWAY.

SALESMEN Wanted on commission basis; to excellent money-making proposition; great demand all over the country; sample weighs 2¼ pounds. New England Malt Products Co., 229 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

SALESMAN wanted, only man on road, by growing manufacturing concern; one with experience in etched lace work, &c., preferred; salary and commission. Give full particulars. 904 6th Av.

SALESMEN, jewelry, identified with department store trade, for middle west and southern territories; commission, drawing account; splendid opportunity; state experience. B 1064 Times Harlem.

SALESMEN to sell new device for tying shoelaces; open field; no competition; commission basis; permanent position; excellent opportunity. Columbia Paper Co., 533 West Broadway.

SALESMAN, experienced in selling hardwood lumber, also oak and poplar veneers; territory New York and vicinity. Reply, stating salary expected, T 680 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN, automobile, high grade, in Broadway sales room, moderately priced car, various models, immediate delivery; commission. T 135 Times.

SALESMAN—Big opportunity for man with experience and reputation; paper box line; salary or commission. American Leader, 101 Wooster St.

SALESMAN, chauffeur, for provision line; good references and security; commission. Apply 175 East Houston St., New York.

SALESMAN, experienced, for 5th Av. fruit shop; references. H. Hicks & Son, 675 5th Av.

SALESMEN, former insurance; scale specialty; earn over $100 weekly commission. Box B, 682 Newark Av., Jersey City.

SALESMEN, experienced in drapery line; commission basis. Apply at once, Peerless Drapery Corp., 19 East 17th St.

SALESMEN to sell hosiery; must have following; salary against commission. S 20 Times.

SALESMEN for side line of skirts; commission basis. Z 2104 Times Annex.

SPECIAL AGENT and adjuster wanted in the automobile department of a large American fire insurance company, field to include New York City and nearby territory; insurance experience as well as thorough knowledge of automobile construction and repairing requisite; state age, salary expected and full particulars regarding experience, all of which will be treated in confidence. Address P. O. Box 1104, N. Y. C.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced long established scientific and technical book publishing house; good opportunity for ambitious young man to rise; start $22. B 908 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER—Opening in busy shorthand reporter's office for competent young law stenographer to develop; state experience and salary. D P 96 Times.

STENOGRAPHER for real estate office; Christian firm. Call 10 to 12, J. A. Zaloon, 17 Morris St., New York.

STOCK RECORD CLERK by Brooklyn jobber of sheet metal; preferably one who has had experience in this line; apply in own handwriting, detail experience, state salary required. Address R. P., Box 873, Times Downtown.

SWITCHBOARD OPERATORS, two, for confidential day and night telephone and clerical service; give references and phone number in reply. S 5 Times.

TEACHER wanted; competent; Isaac Pitman shorthand for oldest established business school in nearby New Jersey city. Send full particulars to Isaac Pitman & Sons, 2 West 45th St., Room 1208, New York, N. Y.

UPHOLSTERER—Man wanted in upholstery shop out of town. Apply W 958 Times Downtown.

UPHOLSTERERS, high class men, steady employment, good wages. B 777 Times Downtown.

VALET, positively competent, young; good references, for bachelor's apartment. F 491 Times.

WATCHMAKER, first-class mechanic; best of references; $50 per week to start. George Nockins's Sons, 239 5th Av.

WATCHMAN in Christian bank; hours 6 to 6; must do cleaning; salary $18. X 2113 Times Annex.

WINDOW TRIMMER Wanted—Card writer and man with general knowledge of department store work in a city in Northeastern Pennsylvania; a man energetic and willing to work; to such a man we can offer a permanent position with an unlimited future. Z 2111 Times Annex.

WINDOW TRIMMER.

Experienced man to do department store trimming; permanent position; hours 9 to 6. Callan's, 30 Av. and 121st St.

YOUNG MAN,

about 21 years of age, to operate telephone switchboard from 12 midnight to 8 A. M.; salary to start, average $18 per week the first month; good opportunity for advancement. Apply by letter only, giving reason for wanting work these hours. T 701 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 17-18 years, high school graduate, knowledge of bookkeeping and some office experience, wanted as office assistant in large, progressive manufacturing corporation; substantial future for right young man; state qualifications. A 64 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN

for clerical work in purchasing department of machinery corporation in Brooklyn; must be stenographer; state age, education, experience and salary wanted. S. W., 216 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted to act as stenographer and junior clerk in an engineering office with a large corporation in the City of Mount Vernon; state age, experience and salary expected. Z 2068 Times Annex.

YOUNG MAN, about 17 years of age, to assist in the mailing department of a manufacturer. Must have a good education and be well recommended; salary $14 per week. E 872 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN wanted; must be good penman, accurate at figures and able to operate typewriter. Apply, stating age, nationality, education and salary expected. B 1243 Times Bronx.

YOUNG MAN for office; must be graduate of public school; steady position; good chance for advancement. Apply 9 A. M., Room 304, 17 West 42d St.

YOUNG MAN for office work in wholesale house; good at figures; references for honesty; wages $16; advancement soon if capable. W 859 Times.

YOUNG MAN for office duties by large corporation; one operating typewriter preferred; salary $15 to start. A 663 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, about 18, understanding stenography and Oliver machine. See Mr. Gisburnd, 15 East 22d St.

YOUNG MAN, 16 or 17 years of age, export house; Christian firm; good opportunity; $25. W 969 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, CLERICAL WORKER FOR TIME RECORDS, &c. SCHUMACHER, 353 WEST 48TH ST.

HELP WANTED—Male.

YOUNG MAN wanted as assistant to shop superintendent; age 18 to 22 years; splendid opportunity. Z 2103 Times Annex.

YOUNG MEN, ten, to detail the drug trade; no haw-haws, but live, up-to-date men who will work; commission to if you can qualify call at the Lovejoy Laboratories, 220 Adams St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Saturday morning from 8 to 10 A. M.

ADULTS wanted; age 25 to 70, to book orders for trees, shrubs, vines, roses; full or spare time; commission paid weekly, experience unnecessary. Western New York Nurseries, Rochester, N. Y.

Instruction.

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ENGLISH FOR BUSINESS.

Taught by Horatio N. Drury, A. B., author of the course; unique opportunity to study under this recognized authority; individual attention. Write for booklet 59. Brooklyn Central (Y. M. C. A.) Schools, 55 Hanson Pl.

HOTELS NEED TRAINED MEN—Big demand for high salaried executives; past experience unnecessary; we train you by mail and put you in touch with big opportunities. Write at once for particulars. Lewis Hotel Training School, Desk 118, Washington, D. C.

LEARN TO BE A CHAUFFEUR—Pleasant and profitable work; day and evening classes. Send for free booklet and visitor's pass. West Side Y. M. C. A., 302 West 57th.

ACCOUNTANCY—New Fall classes are now forming, day or early evening sessions. Write for helpful booklet, "Making Good," and Bulletin 25. Pace & Pace, 30 Church St., New York.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Malt extract in bulk or 2¼-lb. cans; guaranteed 70 extract, 42 Baum. New England Malt Products Co., 229 Main St., Worcester, Mass.

FURNITURE, works of art, jewelry, bronzes, rugs, bought for cash. Schaffer, 68 West 45th St. Telephone Vanderbilt 2524.

FOR SALE

VACUUM CLEANERS, $3.98.
Portable type, non-electric; now being sold at less than manufacturing cost to raise money quick; come and see the bargains. Room 204, 47 West 34th St.

FOR SALE—Contents of 3-room apartment, comparately new; also Sealine Dolman, cost $450, will sacrifice; lease obtainable. Call after 6 P. M., 230 West 78th St., Apartment 3 E. F.

REED, willow, wicker furniture for all homes; direct from factory; largest selection; lowest prices. Long Beach Willow Co., 186 East 41st. Phone Murray Hill 4778.

FOR SALE—One Harrett adding machine, non-lister, in perfect condition and almost new, at a bargain. Call 30 Church St.; phone Cortlandt 8084.

COLLECTION of paintings for sale; some old masters, some copies; list sent on request. Van Isacker, 2,304 7th Av., Apt. 21.

CASH register reasonable. Service Cash Register Corp., 31 West 14th. Chelsea 5387.

THREE velvet rugs and hall runner; like new. Telephone Schuyler 1080, Apt. 6A.

CHOICE Kermanshah rug, 12x10; fine condition; bargain. Telephone Academy 2844.

Furniture.

ELEGANT furnishings of high class Riverside Drive apartment must be sold at once; large and small rugs, tapestry, living room set, genuine Circassian walnut bedroom set, 11-piece dark walnut dining room set, cost $1,800, will sell for $500; Japanese chairs, console table and mirror, Chinese decorated Victrola, very rare Oriental vases and a hundred other exquisite articles in silver, bronze and fine china. Private parties only may inspect, day and night, including Sunday, until sold. Janes's apartment, 6A, 684 Riverside Drive. Audubon 9501.

DIRECTORS' TABLE, light oak, perfect condition, two-inch board, 58x105, three drawers, three chairs of light oak, stenographer's chair and hat tree; bargain. Call at once, Spanish-American Mercantile Agency, Inc., 1,263 Broadway.

EXQUISITE furnishings 9-room apartment; real Empire salon, Colonial dining room, Oriental rugs, real bronzes, valuable paintings, sterling silver, linens; price complete, $7,500; apartment may be leased. Phone Audubon 6031.

A MAHOGANY gate leg table oval top, size 33x46, $35; mahogany inlaid cake stand, 3 round trays, $12. Call 10 to 12 or 7 to 9, 501 West 111th St. Apt. 45. Cathedral 8836.

DINING room suite, guaranteed new American walnut, 10 pieces; will sacrifice to lover of beautiful furniture who appreciates exclusiveness. Supt. Jones, 8,915 Broadway.

ANTIQUE bureau, desk and sideboard. 200 Claremont Av., Apt. 47; a bargain.

Pianos and Organs.

HAMILTON (Baldwin), upright, mahogany; $250. Phone Mr. Geppert, Vanderbilt 7800, Extension 220.

FOR SALE

Pianos and Organs.

WEBER pianola piano, beautiful mahogany case; like new; can be bought on terms; big bargain; open evenings.
Piano Store, 59 West 106th St.

PIANO—The finest Steinway mahogany upright, art carved built; appraised for for $2,500, sell $600, or best offer takes it; inspection invited. H 519 Times.

KRANICH & BACH baby grand piano for sale; in perfect condition; $900; seen by appointment. S 30 Times.

Machinery.

36 POWER multigraph; automatic speed; printer's attachment; perfect condition; also No. 4 hand machine. Room 22, 335 Broadway.

Purchase and Exchange.

HIGHEST cash price paid for furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments; pianos, books, carpets, works of art. A. Jones, 161 East 125th St. Telephone Harlem 2787.

WANTED—Pay full value contents apartments, houses; pianos, books, paintings, bric-a-brac. Miller, 120 University Place. Stuyvesant 3793.

BEST CASH PRICES PAID
FOR CARPETS AND RUGS, domestic or Oriental; get our offer before selling. 620 Madison Av. Plaza 8835.

HIGHEST cash for furniture, contents houses, apartments; pianos, china, rugs, bronzes. Poisen, 157 East 47th. Murray Hill 165.

PAY highest cash prices for contents of houses, apartments, works of art, pianos, bronzes, bric-a-brac. Mr. Jack, 163 East 125th. Telephone Harlem 5696.

PAY top prices, furniture, contents of houses, hotels, apartments, pianos, works of art, &c. Telephone Harlem 1299. Meries, 155 East 125th.

I PAY 25% more than any one for your furniture, rugs, pianos, paintings. Griffin, 115 University Place. Stuyvesant 2208.

WANTED, two or three orchestra seats for opera; entire season or part of season. G 65 Times.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

N. Y. HARBOR LINE BOARD will hold public hearing 10 A. M., Nov. 8, 1920, Army Building, New York, on modification of harbor lines east shore of Staten Island from Stapleton to vicinity Great Kills; interested parties invited to attend and be heard.

Oct. 22, 1920.
I, MARTIN F. CHRISTENSEN, SERVE notice to all concerned, am no longer responsible for debts of my wife. Martin F. Christensen, per W. J. Powell, Atty.

WE, SILVERMOND & OCEAN, HAVE THIS day purchased good will and all fixtures of Louis Brownstein, 708 8th Av.

AUTOMOBILE EXCHANGE

A market for used cars. All advertisements censored. Rate, 65 cents per agate line.

APPERSON, 8 cylinder, 7 passenger; cost $4,600; will sacrifice. Jordan Used Car Dept., 1,895 Broadway. Col. 6812.

BIDDLE-KING model roadster, late 1919; like new; equipped with six Rudge-Whitworth wire wheels and cord tires; owner going abroad; no dealers; price $2,500. Cortlandt 2292.

BUICK 1920, 7 passenger; mileage 3,500; fully equipped; one new spare tire; car in fine condition; any demonstration; no dealers. Phone Lafayette 3698.

BUICK COUPE; perfect condition; newly painted and overhauled. Can be seen at the Biltmore Garage. 205 East 47th St.

BUICK, 5-passenger touring car at owner's residence, 169 Milton Road, Rye, N. Y. Telephone Rye 5-W.

BUICK COUPES, TOURING, ROADSTERS.
Flack Co., 238-240 West 54th St.

BUICK sedan, 1919; completely appointed. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

BUICK coupe, 1920; like new. Scott, 136 West 52d St. Circle 3222.

BUICK roadster, 1919, like new; sacrifice. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

CADILLAC 1918 Brougham Limousine.
CADILLAC 1917 Touring, 7-passenger.
CADILLAC 1917 4-Passenger Phaeton.
ROAMER 1919 Runabout.
STEARNS 1920 Coupe.
FRANKLIN 1917 Runabout.
Get our prices before buying elsewhere.
CADILLAC AUTO EXCHANGE,
Cor. 56th St. and 7th Avenue. Circle 5308.

CADILLAC runabout, series 55, with two extra seats in rear; excellent running and beautifully painted; nickel radiator and head lights; no reasonable offer refused. Warehouse, 132 West 90th St. Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC victoria, model 57, in first-class order, for sale at a reasonable price. Can be seen at warehouse, 152 West 90th. Phone Riverside 1773.

CADILLAC limousine, late 1916; good condition. 1,252 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Lafayette 7086.

CADILLAC VICTORIA COUPE.
Double letter, almost new; run 3,900 miles; will sacrifice. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

CADILLACS, 57s, sedans, limousines, town cars, roadsters, at reduced prices. Call; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CADILLAC, 1917 sedan; seven-passenger; excellent condition. F. C. Kennard, 42 Convent Av. Morningside 2690.

CADILLAC—Sedan bodies, new, immediate delivery. For particulars phone Broad 2780.

CADILLAC, 1918, "57," town limousine; bargain. Cook & Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CADILLAC Amesbury sedan; also touring; late models. Gotham, 1,694 Broadway.

CADILLAC 1919 coupe; excellent in every way. Cook-Macconnell, 630 5th Av.

CHALMERS, 1917, roadster; good mechanical condition; five good tires; motor overhauled in spring; new battery; sacrifice to quick buyer; real bargain. 80 Washington Square East. Spring 6340, Apt. 45.

CHALMERS 7-passenger touring car, late model, fine mechanical condition, good shoes, many extras; will sacrifice at $325. Studebaker Corporation, 1495 Bedford Av., Bklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

CHANDLER, four-passenger coupe; almost new; bargain if sold quickly. Ask for Mrs. Wolfson's car. 1,981 Broadway (67th).

CHANDLER, Model 17, 7-passenger; best $650 car in market. Mr. Blythe, 1,296 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Prospect 7900.

CHANDLER, like new, six-cylinder, seven-passenger; fully equipped; $750. Morningside 6943.

CHEVROLET, runabout, excellent condition, many extras; any demonstration. Particulars, Rector 3480, Moffatt.

COLE, 8, Imperial sedan limousine, 1920; 7 passenger; cost $4,800; will sacrifice. Jordan Used Car Dept., 1,895 Broadway. Col. 6812.

COLE sedan, 1920; practically new; must sell; no brokers. Phone between 1-4, Melrose 74.

COLE 1919 suburban sedan, perfect; make offer. Seen 123 West 64th, Meyer.

CUNNINGHAM, 1919, sub sedan; splendid condition; very reasonable. R. Underhill, 9849 Vanderbilt.

DODGE COUPE, 1918; beautiful little car, perfect running; must sell at once. At warehouse, 152 West 90th. Phone Riverside 1773.

DODGE 1919 Touring, perfect condition, $825. Phone Morningside 6854. Evenings Fordham 8641.

DODGE 1919, five-passenger; fully equipped; $800. Morningside 6943.

DODGE sedan, late model, must sell this week. Phone Richmond Hill, 5700-M.

ELECTRIC Rauch and Lange four-passenger coupe, in first-class condition; price $800. Electric Garage, 62d St. and Central Park West.

ESSEX Sedan, 1920 model, 6,000 miles; excellent condition; good tires; owner going abroad. Phone Broad 6108.

FORDS—Coupes, sedans, tourings, trucks, taxis with clocks; easy time payments; used cars, authorized Ford Agency, 404 East 108th St. Harlem 5705.

FORDS, all models; time payments; immediate delivery; reduced prices. Wadsworth 8494.

HUDSON, 4-pass. speedster, 1920 model 10-0, completely equipped, with side windshields, cord tires, 2 extra tires, many other extras. Apply 5 Columbus Circle, Room 312.

HUDSON touring car, late model, good running condition; bargain $485. Studebaker Corp., 1495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

HUDSON SUPER SIX.
Practically new touring car; any demonstration; sacrifice. 351 East 149th. Melrose 10032.

HUDSON town car, 1920, model 0; small mileage; bargain. Geo. E. Ryan, owner, Bronxville, N. Y. Telephone 1490.

HUDSON 1920 suburban sedan, practically new; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

HUPMOBILE TOURING, $650.
1917; like new. 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Tremont 4440.

HUPMOBILE town car, 1918; excellent condition. Telephone Hunters Point 1488. No dealers.

HUPMOBILE sedan, five-passenger; like new; fully equipped; $1,100. 203 West 128th.

JORDAN, 1921 model, 7-passenger touring; like new; disk wheels. Used Car Dept., Harrold's Motor Car Co., 233 West 54th St. Circle 1800.

KISSEL KAR sedan 1920, 7 passenger, leather upholstery, four months' usage; A-1 condition; extras; $3,400; demonstration any time. Kissel Kar, N 647 Times Downtown.

LOCOMOBILE limousine, 1920; lib. discount. LIMOUSINE touring, 1919, like new. Scott, 136 West 52d. Circle 3222.

LOCOMOBILE,
1920 48, 4-pass. tour.
Farnham & Nelson touring, has been run 500 miles, covered with new car guarantees. Will be sold at a sacrifice.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY,
61st St., West of Broadway.

LOCOMOBILE,
1919, 4-pass. touring.
Rebuilt and guaranteed by us. Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY,
61st St., west of Broadway.

MARMON, 1917, 5-passenger touring; over $1,000 spent in overhauling; 90 days' written guarantee; reasonable price. Marmon Long Island Co., 1,505 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

MARMON 1919 limousine; excellent condition; price, $3,750. Used Car Dept., Harrold's Motor Car Co., 233 West 54th St. Circle 1800.

MARMON coupe, 1920, 4 passenger; almost new; perfect order throughout; bargain. Call 1,872 Broadway, or phone Schuyler 2812.

MARMON, late 1918, 7-passenger touring; consigned car; open for reasonable offer. Marmon Co., 1,505 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

MAXWELL—1920 touring, in excellent condition; cheap. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 54th St.

MAXWELL COUPE, $350.
1916; electric starter and lights. 1,828 Webster Av. (176th), Bronx. Tremont 4440.

MAXWELL TOURING, $275.
1916, electric starter and lights. 1,828 Webster Av. (176th), Bronx. Tremont 4440.

MERCER, very late 1920 sport model; two extra wire wheels and two extra cord tires; ran only 2,000 miles; most beautiful car in Brooklyn. Halsey Motor Car Exchange, 1,252 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Lafayette 7086.

MERCER, four-passenger sport model, full equipment, including bumper front and rear, two extra wire wheels, cord tires; excellent condition. Phone Kost, Columbus 9210.

MERCER, 1917, raceabout, completely overhauled, newly painted; warranted throughout; six wire wheels and tires. Telephone Murray Hill 6800.

MERCER, 1920 suburban sedan, slightly used; bargain. Seen 123 West 64th. Meyer.

MITCHELL—$625 buys 1919 five pass. touring in excellent mechanical condition; will needs paint only; a genuine sacrifice. S. Dippel, 1,700 Broadway.

MOLINE-KNIGHT 1916 limousine; fully equipped; owner leaving town; excellent car for taxicab; will sacrifice, $800. Moline Motor Service Co., 548 West 53d St. Columbus 1092.

NASH, 1919, five-passenger touring, in exceptional condition; four new cord tires; extreme reduction; $1,185. Studebaker Corp., 1,700 Broadway, cor. 54th St.

NASH Sedan, 1919; perfect condition. Mr. Dunham, Hotel Berkeley. Columbus 9800.

NATIONAL five-passenger touring, with Winter top; cord tires all around; bargain; consider trade. Marmon Long Island Co., 1,505 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

OAKLAND, roadster, 1918; good mechanical condition; new rubber; two extra shoes. Schuyler 5765. Sheridan.

OLDSMOBILE, 1919, late model touring car, looks like new and is in good condition; price satisfactory to buyer. Studebaker Corp., 1495 Bedford Av., Bklyn. Prospect 8310.

OLDSMOBILE—Beautiful 1919 eight cylinder touring, just overhauled and like new throughout, $975. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., 1,700 Broadway.

OLDSMOBILE, latest six-cylinder, five-passenger; run 2,000 miles; $950. Morningside 6943.

OVERLAND 1919, small 5-passenger model 90; good running condition, recently refinished; sacrifice $385. Studebaker Corp., 1495 Bedford Av, Bklyn. Prospect 8310

OVERLANDS AND WILLYS-KNIGHTS, reconditioned; all models; reasonable. Willys-Overland, Inc., Bway and 50th.

OVERLAND TOURING, $275.
1916, electric starter and lights. 1,828 Webster Av. (176th), Bronx. Tremont 4440.

PACKARD,
1920, four-passenger touring.
Fleetwood body,
Disk wheels,
Special lights;
Car equal to new;
Reasonably priced.
G. M. Brock, Columbus 7750.
LOCOMOBILE COMPANY,
61st St., West of Broadway.

PACKARD, 2-35, limousine, newly painted, in A1 condition; no dealers. Victor Kafka, Hanover 10060, forenoon only.

PACKARD suburban, sedan body, 3-25; bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway.

PACKARD 3-5 touring; Fleetwood body; latest design; best buy. Barclay 7446.

PACKARD twin six touring, two bodies; mechanically perfect. Phone Lenox 8080.

PAIGE LIGHT 6 TOURING.
Practically new; fully equipped; need cash; must sell; $775. Tully, Hotel Cumberland.

PIERCE 1920 48 LIM. LAND.
PIERCE 1919 48 FRENCH BROUGHAM.
PIERCE 1918 38 FRENCH BROUGHAM.
CADILLAC 1917 sedan, velour upholstery.
CADILLAC 1917 chummy roadster.
CADILLAC 1919 limousine land.
CHANDLER 1920 despatch.
BUICK 1919 coupe.
HUDSON 1920 4-pass. speedster.
FRANKLIN 1918 sedan.
HERMAN N. KARP, INC., Est. 1902.
1,676 B'WAY (52D). CIRCLE 65.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1920, dual valve, double ignition, 48 H. P., vestibule suburban limousine, at big sacrifice; perfect condition; run only 3,000 miles; many extras; always operated by experienced chauffeur; must sell immediately; will consider any reasonable offer. Mr. Kilby, 170 Broadway. Tel. 1521 Cortlandt.

PIERCE-ARROW, 1920, four-passenger Chummy; driven only 1,000 miles; looks like new; 6 cord tires; will sacrifice. Mr. Baum, 415 West 55th St. Columbus 6100.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, late 1918; car is practically new; must be seen to be appreciated. Bargain. Oberwerger, 136 West 52d. Eighth floor.

PIERCE-ARROW limousine, 7-passenger, in splendid condition. Apply owner, R. H. Hoadley, 21 West 58th St. Plaza 837.

PIERCE-ARROW 1919 "48" roadster; also 1917 "48" touring; reduced prices. Call; make offer. 123 West 64th. Meyer.

PIERCE-ARROW sedan body, 1917, model 48; like new; bargain. Interstate Coach Works, 1,926 Broadway, 4th floor.

ROLLS-ROYCE limousine, Barker body; 4 speed transmission; Alpine type motor. L. R. Best, 200 West 59th St. Circle 5191.

RSO 1918 touring, A 1 condition; no reasonable cash offer refused. J. A. Jensen Auto Sales, Inc., 2,390 Grand Concourse. Fordham 8068.

STEARNS, 1920 ROADSTER.
4 cylinder; only driven 600 miles; new car guarantee; price right. Stearns Co., 415 West 56th. Columbus 6108.

STEARNS 1917 "Eight," only 11,000 miles; foradoor sedan body; beautiful car. Richmond Hill 4023.

STEARNS-KNIGHT, 4 cylinder, 5 pass. touring; good condition; $450. Smith, 121 West 52d.

STUDEBAKER, 1919 light Six, 4-passenger, Chummy roadster; reconditioned like new and factory guaranteed; an exceptional car, offering wonderful value at present low price of $1,285. Studebaker Corp., Broadway and 54th St.

STUDEBAKER, 1920, special 6, touring, good condition; mechanically perfect; many extras. Studebaker Corporation, 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1918, small six-cylinder seven-passenger touring car; bargain at $425. Studebaker Corp., 1,495 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Phone Prospect 8310.

STUDEBAKER, 1919, Big Six touring; reconditioned, like new and factory guaranteed; wonderful value, at $1,585. Studebaker Rebuilt Car Dept., Broadway and 54th St.

STUDEBAKER Coupe, 1919; cost $3,600; will sacrifice. Jordan Used Car Dept., 1,895 Broadway. Col. 6812.

STUTZ sedan; mechanically perfect, six new tires, new paint; $1,500 cash. Can be seen at any time at 507 West 50th St., ground floor.

STUTZ raceabout, late model; $1,100 to quick buyer. Marmon Long Island Co., 1,505 Bedford Av., Brooklyn.

STUTZ BEARCAT, SPEEDSTER.
Almost new; run 3,800 miles; must sell; rare opportunity. Rippeth, Hotel Cumberland.

STUTZ—At sacrifice, exceptionally good condition, six passenger, Victoria top. Rampone, 58 West 95d.

STUTZ 1920 touring. Schoonmaker & Jacod, 2,000 Broadway (68th). Columbus 2000.

STUTZ 1919, six-passenger touring, almost new. Artman Garage, 431 East 90th.

VELIE—Price $1550; Big Six 1920 touring car; cord tires all round and spare; additional equipment; excellent appearance and condition; driven only 4,000 miles; no dealers. Tel. Sterling 527. Smith-Randall Eng. Co., 113-115 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

WILLYS-KNIGHT Sedan; beautiful condition. Used Car Dept., Harrold's Motor Car Co., 233 West 54th St. Circle 1800.

WILLYS-KNIGHT limousine, thoroughly overhauled and painted; suitable for taxi. Academy 603.

WINTON six limousine; first-class condition; demonstration given. Inquire Auto Club of America, 247 West 54th St.

WINTON sedan, light six, seven-passenger; like new; $1,750. 203 West 128th.

AUTO BARGAINS.

1920 HUDSON sedan, 7-pass. $2,600
1920 DODGE, 5-pass. $1,700
1919 CADILLAC suburban sedan $4,200
1919 CADILLAC Coupe, 4-pass. $5,150
1918 CADILLAC sedan, 7-pass. $3,100
1919 FRANKLIN limousine $1,900
1919 CADILLAC, 4-pass. $1,500
1919 CADILLAC, 7-pass.; like new $2,450
1918 FRANKLIN sedan $1,600
1918 PAIGE, 7-pass. sedan $1,200

TEL. 6562 MIL.
627 EAST 150TH ST.

BARGAINS in all makes and models of used cars this week only. Call Studebaker Corp., Prospect 8310, for information on car you desire.

TAXICAB.

Stearns, 4-cyl., excellent condition, $950; payments arranged. 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th, Bronx. Tremont 4440.

Motor Trucks.

KELLY-SPRINGFIELD truck, 4 ton, A1 condition, actually used about 14 months; electric lights, starter, cab, windshield, platform body, Sewell wheels front, new Kelly caterpillar tires rear; not one penny can be spent to improve this buy. Z 2004 Times Annex.

BETHLEHEM TRUCK for sale, 2½ ton; closed body; good condition. Supreme Laundry Co., 10th and Clinton Sts., Hoboken.

FIVE-TON Pierce-Arrow dumper; 5½-ton Mack platform; my own equipment Geo. Pride, 1,828 Broadway. Fitzroy 3277.

Automobiles to Rent.

SMART limousines, liveried chauffeurs, prompt service; reasonable rates. Darrin, 6618 Murray Hill.

PACKARD twin sixes; open, closed; hour, season; sensible rates. Muldoon. Columbus 2151.

PREMIER limousine to hire by day, week or month; uniformed chauffeur. Rena, 151 West 54th St. Circle 696.

PACKARD twin six limousine, equipped Westinghouse absorbers; hour, monthly. Scanlon, Circle 1964.

HUDSON, late landaulette limousine; monthly; expert chauffeur. Milton Horn, phone 5500 Bryant.

PACKARD twin sixes for hire. Williamson Service, 204 West 43d. Tel. Bryant 3530.

PACKARD twin sixes; open, closed; hour, monthly; reasonable rates. Columbus 2908.

CADILLAC private renting service. 121 West 54th St. Circle 2809. Reasonable rates.

Automobiles Wanted.

WANTED—Used cars. Call 1,828 Webster Av., near 176th St., Bronx. Tremont 4440. Ask for Mr. Blommaert.

DODGE sedan, '18 or later; must be in excellent condition and a decided bargain. H. W. Heffman, Bernardsville, N. J.

WANTED—Cars, any make; ready cash. 1,232 Bedford Av., Brooklyn. Lafayette 7086.

HUDSON limousine wanted, 1917 or 1918, for spot cash. P 78 Times.

Automobile Bodies.

PACKARD 7-passenger touring car body for sale, fitting 3-35 chassis; perfect condition. F. Jos. Lamb Company, 206 Jefferson Av. East, Detroit, Mich.

CADILLAC sedan bodies, new; immediate delivery. Phone Broad 2780.

Automobile Instructions.

AUTOMOBILE TRAINING BY EXPERTS. Complete shop course, $60, with driving, $90; weekly payments. Ask for Catalogue L. STEWART AUTOMOBILE SCHOOL, 225 West 57th St., at Broadway. Leading School—Founded 1909.

AUTO INSTRUCTION.
4 and 8 weeks' courses for Owners, Chauffeurs, Mechanics, Salesmen.
WEST SIDE Y. M. C. A.,
305 West 57th St., New York.
Get booklet and pass. Special ladies' classes.

ATKINSON AUTO SCHOOL, 228 West 50th—Superior instructors guarantee expert knowledge; inspect equipment or write for booklet; ladies' classes.

CHURCH SERVICES TOMORROW

American Orthodox Catholic

CHURCH OF THE TRANSFIGURATION, (Holy Eastern Rite in English) 233 East 17th St.
Divine Liturgy (Mass)..... 10:45 A. M.
Vespers ..... 6 P. M.
Rt. Rev. ARCHIMANDRITE PATRICK, Rec.

Baptist

CALVARY BAPTIST CHURCH, West 57th St., between 6th and 7th Avs. Rev. JOHN ROACH STRATON, D. D.
10:30—"Will New York Mother Her Homeless Working Women and Girls?"
12—Sunday School and Adult Bible Classes.
8—"When God Was Nailed to the Cross."

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH, 8, E. corner 92d St. and Amsterdam Ave. FRANK M. GOODCHILD, D. D., Pastor.
11—"THE PROBLEM OF JONAH."
8—"WHAT'S IN A NAME?"

FIFTH AVENUE BAPTIST CHURCH, 4 to 8 West 46th Street.
Sunday School, 9:30 A. M.
Men's Class, 9:40. Women's Class, 9:45.
Young People's Service, 6:30 P. M.
DR. CORNELIUS WOELFKIN, Pastor, Will Preach at 11 A. M.

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH, Broadway and 79th St.
PASTOR I. M. HALDEMAN, D. D.
11 A. M.—"SORROW FOR THE CHRISTIAN DEAD IS NOT HOPELESS. THEY ARE WITH CHRIST. HE IS COMING TO BRING THEM BACK. ANY MOMENT HE MAY BRING THEM AND WE SHALL GREET THEM AS IN THE OLD, GLAD DAYS."

Those who sorrow at the separation from their dead should hear this sermon.

8 P. M.—"THE COMING GREAT SMASH UP OF THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS AS SET FORTH IN DANIEL'S IMAGE. GOD'S FEARFUL JUDGMENT ON THE LEAGUE OF NATIONS, A WARNING TO THIS COUNTRY TO KEEP OUT."

Those who desire to know how God is against the League of Nations should hear this sermon.

Friday Night 8 o'clock

'PEPPER BANDITS'' VICTIM INDICTED

Jeweler Who Told of $100,000 Diamond Robbery Is Accused of Perjury.

CREDITORS CHARGE FRAUD

Concealment of Assets Also Alleged After Developments in Schonfeld's Bankruptcy Proceedings.

The sensational story of how two men blinded Samuel Schonfeld, a jeweler, of 71 Nassau Street, by throwing pepper into his eyes and then ran away with $100,000 worth of diamonds, resulted yesterday in the indictment of Schonfeld by the Federal Grand Jury on charges of perjury and concealing assets.

Schonfeld filed a petition in bankruptcy on June 9, a few days after the alleged theft, and inquiries in bankruptcy proceedings before United States Commissioner Gilchrist, a search for assets made by Arthur Y. Dalziel, trustee of the assets of Schonfeld and testimony taken by Seaman Miller, referee in bankruptcy, produced conflicting statements.

Assistant United States Attorney Louis D. Schwartz laid the testimony of the various witnesses before the Grand Jury. Just what variations in the statements convinced the jury that the alleged theft was planned to conceal assets and defraud creditors and to collect $30,000 insurance was not disclosed.

The story of the alleged theft, as told by Schonfeld, began with the entrance of two men into his office on the ninth floor of the Cockroft Building at 10:30 in the morning after a telephone message that the person at the other end of the wire would call to examine some diamonds. Schonfeld said he was exhibiting the diamonds when the men suddenly threw black pepper into his eyes, struck him, seized the diamonds and fled. No one else in the building saw the strangers.

When the bankruptcy proceedings were started creditors appeared clamoring about assets, and the trustee sought to clear the matter, that he might collect the $30,000 insurance if the theft was genuine.

One feature of Schonfeld's testimony which attracted attention was his minute description of the two men, their complexion, height and weight; the sort of clothes they wore, from the hats down to their low cut shoes. Part of the indictment against Schonfeld reads:

"The said Samuel Schonfeld while a bankrupt did knowingly and fradulently conceal from the said Arthur Y. Dalziel, as trustee in bankruptcy, a large quantity of diamonds of great value, to wit, $100,000, which said diamonds were the property of and belonged to his estate in bankruptcy.

"That at the time of the said concealment Schonfeld had a large number of creditors having provable claims against the bankrupt, and there was not then or thereafter sufficient assets of property to pay the claims in full."

Concerning the perjury charge the indictment accuses Schonfeld of swearing that on June 5 two men took from him a wallet containing diamonds worth $115,000 and that this statement was not and is not true," and that the defendant knew it to be false.

Schonfeld was held by Federal Judge Foster in $5,000 bail for trial.

GAMBLERS BEFORE JURY.

Aged Culprits Testify in Hearing on Conspiracy in Nassau County.

Special to The New York Times.

MINEOLA, Oct. 22.—William H. Busteed and David Gideon, whose ages were considered by Justice Scudder last week when he suspended sentences of six months in the penitentiary and fined the old men $1,000 for running a gambling house, were witnesses today before the Grand Jury which is investigating an alleged conspiracy of county officials to protect gambling houses. John Shaughnessy of Manhattan, owner of a house at Lynnbrook, alleged to have been used for gambling, was another witness. He came up for sentence before Justice Scudder with Busteed and Gideon.

The Grand Jury also heard five employes in the Gideon-Busteed place, arrested when it was raided. Other witnesses to be heard are Carman Plant, former county detective, and Allen O. Myer, a private detective. They will be asked about a county official who is said to have warned a gambling house of an impending raid.

GENERAL BIDDLE TO RETIRE.

Commander of Our Troops in England During War Quits Dec. 1.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22.—Retirement of Brig. Gen. John Biddle, who commanded the American troops in England during the World War, at his own request on Dec. 1 was announced today at the War Department. On that date General Biddle will have completed forty-three years of active service and be eligible for retirement.

General Biddle, who is a native of Detroit, was graduated from West Point in 1881, and served during the Spanish-American War as a Lieutenant Colonel in the Engineer Corps. At the time of the entrance of the United States into the World War General Biddle was Superintendent of the Military Academy. He was assigned to command a regiment of engineers organized for special service in France, and soon afterward was made a Brigadier General of the regular army and later commissioned a Major General in the national army.

A period of service in France was followed by his return to the United States and his appointment as Assistant Chief of Staff. During the interim between the departure of Major Gen. Biles to Europe as American representative on the Supreme Military Council and the return from France of General March, General Biddle acted as Chief of Staff.

General Biddle, after winding up the affairs of the American forces in England, was assigned to Camp Travis, Texas, and is now in command of Camp Custer, Michigan.

FRANCE TO HONOR NEGROES

Will Dedicate Monument for Dead of 272d American Infantry.

MOUPHOIS, France, Oct. 22.—When the 272d United States Infantry, composed of negroes, left this place for home they gave to General Quillet of the French Army money for the erection of a monument to their comrades who had fallen in the fighting of October, 1918. General Quillet was commander of the 271st and 272d Regiments of negro infantry, which, with the 33d French Infantry, formed a division.

General Quillet, who took a personal interest in the request, has had a soberappearing but impressive stone monument erected, which will be dedicated Monday. At the ceremony General Quillet and other French officers of distinction will be present and Cardinal Coadjutor Nevu of Rheims will celebrate mass on the field.

The American Army will be represented by Colonel R. John West, Lieut. Col. T. Bentley Mott, Military Attaché to the American Embassy in Paris, and other officers.

SHOES TO BE STILL CHEAPER

Western Wholesalers Predict Continued Decline in Prices.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 22.—Continued decline in the prices of shoes were predicted by delegates attending a conference of the Western Association of Shoe Wholesalers here today. Delegates asserted that shoe prices in general had declined on an average of 35 per cent. since last May. The reductions were attributed to unstable market conditions, a lull in foreign purchases and the decline in the rate of foreign exchange.

"The shoe business has undergone a period of violent retrenchment since May 1," President Becker of the association said in an address. "Many factories have been closed for months, especially in the New England district, and it is safe to say that shoes were the first commodity to show liberal price reductions."

PACKERS TO PLEAD MONDAY.

Assistant Counsel for Armours Not Able to Say Whether They Can Appear.

J. Ogden Armour, President of Armour & Co., and the five other officers indicted on Thursday for profiteering in New Zealand lamb will plead next Monday or Tuesday, according to Lester G. Kafer, Special Assistant to the Attorney General.

Lamar Hardy, former Corporation Counsel, of counsel for the packers, conferred with Mr. Kafer yesterday, but was unable to promise definitely that his clients would be produced in court on the days indicated, pending the arrival today of Charles W. Faulkner, Jr., counsel for Armour & Co.

Women to be Court Attendants.

Morris Cukor, President of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, announced yesterday that women would be permitted hereafter to take the Civil Service examination for court attendants.

10 TO 15 YEAR TERM FOR MRS. KENYON

Stonington, Conn., Woman Convicted of Manslaughter and Sentenced.

KILLED DR. TETLOW JUNE 11

Defense Was That She Shot Him in Attempting Suicide—Prisoner Takes Verdict Calmly.

Special to The New York Times.

NORWICH, Conn., Oct. 22.—Mrs. Mabel Church Kenyon of Stonington, who has been on trial in the Criminal Superior Court on the charge of second degree murder in the killing of Dr. Herbert Tetlow last June, was found guilty of manslaughter this afternoon. The jury had the case an hour and thirty-five minutes.

When court resumed its session this afternoon Judge George E. Hinman sentenced Mrs. Kenyon to State prison for from ten to fifteen years.

The case went to the jury at 11:20 after Judge Hinman had consumed an hour in his charge to the jury. The jury immediately retired and at 12:55 brought in the verdict of manslaughter.

When the jury was asked what the verdict was Foreman Frank K. Noyes of Lebanon responded: "Guilty." Judge Hinman requested the clerk to find out in what degree, and the reply was: "Manslaughter." The first impression of the spectators at the announcement of the foreman was that the prisoner had been found guilty of murder in the first or second degree.

Mrs. Kenyon took the verdict calmly. After she and her relatives had been conducted from the court and into an anteroom, some one was heard to cry out. Who it was is not known, but it is stated that it was Alvin Kenyon, husband of the convicted woman.

The Court accepted the verdict, and Judge Hinman then excused the jurors, after thanking them for the careful attention they had given to the trial and complimenting them on their endurance of the protracted strain.

The crime of which Mrs. Kenyon was convicted was committed on June 11, when the village of Pacawtuck was stirred by the shooting of Dr. Tetlow in his apartment in Broad Street a little before noon. Mrs. Kenyon was found coming out of the Tetlow house a few minutes after the shooting and was suspected of the crime. Her arrest followed later in the day, after an investigation and inquest by Coroner Franklin H. Brown.

Mrs. Kenyon's trial has been in progress two weeks and a half, having been started on Wednesday morning, Oct. 6, and it has attracted countrywide attention.

Her defense was that she had shot Dr. Tetlow, with whom she had a liason, in an attempt to commit suicide in his apartment.

JEWELER HELD AS THIEF.

Adolph Brenner Arrested in Connection with $50,000 Gem Theft.

Magistrate Ten Eyck in the West Side Court yesterday held Adolph Brenner, a jeweler in Seventh Avenue near Fortieth Street, in $15,000 bail for a hearing Monday in connection with the theft of $50,000 worth of jewels on June 2 last from the home of Montgomery Hare, a lawyer, at 109 East Sixty-fourth Street. Brenner was arrested following alleged admissions made to Assistant District Attorney Weil by Harry Moppen, a prisoner in the Tombs, and Frank Wolfson, a drug addict, who was committed to the Tombs earlier in the day on the charge of having stolen the jewels from the lawyer's home.

Moppen told the prosecutor several days ago that he disposed of the jewels to Brenner for Wolfson and received $875 for them, $600 of which he gave to Wolfson.

Assistant District Attorney Carlino told the Magistrate that District Attorney Swann wanted time to obtain an order in the Supreme Court to search the safe in the jeweler's establishment.

Mayer Made Examiner of Accounts.

Leo Kenneth Mayer, formerly Chief Counsel to the Mayor's Committee on Rent Profiteering, was appointed Examiner of Accounts yesterday by Commissioner of Accounts David Hirschfield.

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Hart Schaffner & Marx Winter Overcoats

$50

Handsome coats—every one of them! Worth vastly more. This big saving is our treat to those good friends whose loyalty makes this such a happy Birthday.

Blue Suits
by Hart Schaffner & Marx
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The Pioneer Spirit

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The New York Central Lines strive always to maintain this tradition of service to individual communities as well as to the nation as a whole. It was for the greater convenience of the public generally that the Grand Central Terminal, where an average of 115,372 passengers are served each day, was planned and built; yet the Engineering News-Record, in an editorial on September 9th, generously gave the development larger significance:

"The term 'Grand Central' no longer designates a mere railroad station, but a large and impressive civic center. The story of its development in the last twenty years is a romance. Where there were formerly smoking stacks and four-story buildings, there are now handsome structures—office buildings, stores, hotels, apartments and clubs. The terminal area itself, because of its attractiveness, has become the heart of a still greater development, radiating from it in every direction. In fact the whole surrounding neighborhood now goes by the name of Grand Central District, and is one of the chief business centers of the metropolis. As a civic as well as a railroad development, it is unique and stands as a monument to the foresight of the New York Central Railroad."

In every locality served, the New York Central Lines necessarily must aid civic growth, not merely as an employer of labor, a carrier of commerce and an artery of trade, but by linking the surrounding farm areas to profitable markets.

Those who have invested their savings in railroad securities have the satisfaction of knowing that they have not merely aided in railroad development, but have helped, and are helping, to open the gates of national prosperity and progress.

THE NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

MICHIGAN CENTRAL — BIG FOUR — LAKE ERIE & WESTERN
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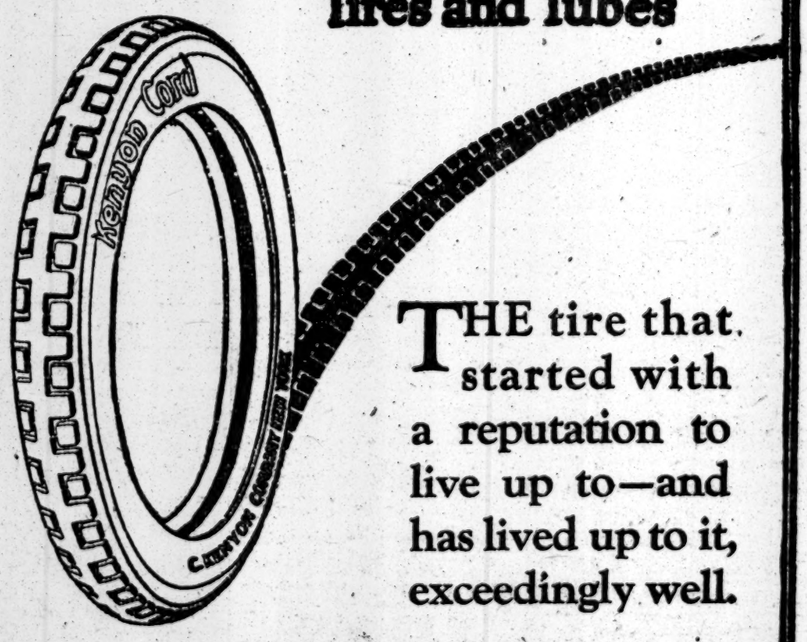

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FOR MEN AND WOMEN

YOU CAN SAVE MONEY BY WEARING W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES

BOYS SHOES $4.50 $5.00 and $5.50

THE best known shoes in the world. They are sold in 107 W.L.Douglas stores, direct from the factory to you at only one profit, which guarantees to you the best shoes that can be produced, at the lowest possible cost. W. L. Douglas name and the retail price are stamped on the bottom of all shoes before they leave the factory, which is your protection against unreasonable profits.

W.L.Douglas $9.00 and $10.00 shoes are absolutely the best shoe values for the money in this country. They are made of the best and finest leathers that money can buy. They combine quality, style, workmanship and wearing qualities equal to other makes selling at higher prices. They are the leaders in the fashion centers of America. The stamped price is W. L. Douglas personal guarantee that the shoes are always worth the price paid for them. The prices are the same everywhere; they cost no more in San Francisco than they do in New York.

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W. L. Douglas shoes are for sale by over 9000 shoe dealers besides our own stores. If your local dealer cannot supply you, take no other make. Order direct from the factory. Send for booklet telling how to order shoes by mail, postage free.

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★2779 Third Av., bet. 148th & 149th Sts.
347 Eighth Avenue.
★ 250 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
★ 706 Broadway, near Thornton St.
★1367 Broadway, cor. Gates Ave.
★ 478 Fifth Ave., cor. 11th St.
★ 859 Manhattan Ave. (Greenpoint)
★ 449 Fulton Street.
JERSEY CITY—18 Newark Avenue.
★HOBOKEN—120 Washington Street.
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